"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; warmer and unsettled tomorrow; light winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 67, min. 60.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,931. ***** NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

BALDWIN MAY YIELD TO POINCARE'S WISH FOR MORE DISCUSSION

Commons and Lords to Get Statement Today on the Reparation Situation.

NOTES NOT TO BE DIVULGED

Consent of France and Belgium to Publication of Documents Is Still Withheld.

TALK OF SEPARATE REPLY

Some London Papers Suggest Italy May Join With Britain in Independent Action.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The British Cabinet met today to consider the French and Belgian replies to the British note suggesting the outline of a joint reply from the Allies to the German proposals of June 7.

Nothing in the shape of an official statement as to the result of the meeting was issued, but it was announced that Prime Minister Baldwin in the House of Commons and Lord Curzon, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Lords would make a brief identic statement tomorrow—the last day of the session. If necessary Mr. Baldwin, it was further said, would reply to any points that might be raised in the House of Commons debate prior to adjournment.

The Prime Minister in the Commons today announced that none of the documents exchanged between Great Britain and France and Belgium could be published in time for tomorrow's meeting of Parliament, as it was impossible to make the French and Belgian replies to the British note public without consent of the French and Belgian Governments.

May Announce Separate Reply.

In some London papers it is suggested that Premier Baldwin will announce that Great Britain, having failed to obtain France's acquiescence to her proposals in regard to German reparations, has decided to make a separate reply to Germany's note. Possibly Italy may associate herself with Great Britain, it is asserted in some quarters.

The Daily Telegraph is very plain spoken. It refers to reports that some members of the Cabinet are in favor of continuing negotiations with France despite the fact that France has refused to budge an inch and has flatly turned down British proposals designed to make it possible to restore the common allied front, which was broken Jan. 11 when France entered the Ruhr.

France, it says, holds on her course, resolved to see her policy through to the end, be that end what it may. The situation is a complete impasse, and it remains for the British Government to send its own response to Germany's June proposals.

"That response," says The Telegraph, "will not be lacking in consideration for the Allies who decline to join us or in regard for the moral and economic recovery of Europe, which from first to last in these negotiations has been put forward as the supreme British interest."

It is suggested that in its reply to Germany the British Government may propose an international conference to which other powers than those who took part in the war might be invited, or may propose examination by some commission of experts of the reparations problem as it affects Great Britain and Germany, since France will have nothing to do with it.

The Westminster Gazette says that negotiations with France will still be continued but that Premier Baldwin will fix a time limit and when that limit is reached the British Government will send a separate reply to Germany, accepting the German offer to submit her capacity for the payment of reparations to an international commission. The Daily Express thinks that before Great Britain sends a reply to Germany efforts will be made to obtain full endorsement by certain of the allies of this answer and to enlist the co-operation of other powers, notably America.

Several papers call for the publication of all the diplomatic documents as a demonstration to the world.

According to other information, however it is by no means certain that the British Government has decided to take a line of action which would clearly demonstrate that the policy of this country and the policy of France in the matter of reparations are irreconcilable.

In regard to the Ruhr occupation Mr. Baldwin is expected in these quarters to reiterate, as far as may be necessary without causing offense, the objections which are felt in this country to the policy of militaristic coercion which it is held here has so far proved ineffective as a method of collecting reparations and threatens the upheaval of what remains of the social and economic structure of Continental Europe.

Impatience Over Secrecy.

As already stated in these dispatches, there has been growing impatience over the secrecy maintained in regard to the recent diplomatic exchanges. It was authoritatively said in British official quarters today, apart from Premier Baldwin's statement in the Commons, that secrecy was observed at the express wish of France. It was added that the British Government had desired to make public every step in the negotiations in so far as the actual documents exchanged were concerned.

The British authorities were stated to

Continued on Page Three.

Your enjoyment of outdoor life is enhanced if you wear Knicker Boston Garters. They are securely comfortable. 50c a pair.—Advt.

Cancer Cases Nearly Tripled In French District in 4 Years

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—Almost a tripling of the number of persons suffering from cancer has been reported in the District of Toulouse during the last four years, according to a communication read to the Academy of Science by Professor Remond of the Toulouse Faculty of Medicine.

The statistics cover 694 localities in eight departments. They show that the number of sufferers from the disease in 1919 was 300, and that the number increased to 362 in 1920, 585 in 1921 and 846 in 1922. For the City of Toulouse the increase in the four years was from 22 to 126 cases.

It has been observed that with the increase in the number of cases there has been a decrease in the average age at which the disease appeared.

SAYS NEGRO BAITING WON'T GO IN FRANCE

Temps Comments on Government Warning of Punishment for Offending Americans.

SCORES OUR "PREJUDICES"

And Advises All Visitors There to Take a Lesson From French Tolerance.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—It is learned that the Quai d'Orsay's somewhat startling communiqué last night saying that if foreign tourists did not quit baiting colored Frenchman, the Government would inflict punishment, had its immediate origin in an incident of several days ago, during a visit of some Americans to the battlefields.

A French surgeon, who is a negro, occupied one of the seats in the big tourists' automobile as it started on the trip to the region of Rheims. Practically all the other twenty occupants were from the United States.

They objected to the presence of the negro among them, but nevertheless the car got under way. A few miles out of Paris the Americans renewed their protests, which led to a heated argument, in which the Americans said they wouldn't ride with a "nigger," and the negro replied:

"I fought four and a half years, during most of which you Americans were not fighting. It seems to me I have as much right as you to go to see the battle fields."

The end of it was that the Americans threw the negro out of the car and left him by the roadside. The result was a protest to the Foreign Office.

Deputies Candace and Bousse, both negroes, have served notice on Premier Poincaré that they will interpelate the Government on this issue when Parliament reopens.

The Temps tonight devotes an editorial headed "Prejudice" to the actions of American tourists toward black Frenchmen. After expressing pleasure that France sees so many American tourists, the Temps asks: "But why must a certain number of them forget that they are not in their own country and that all the usages of their country are not necessarily our usages? Their question of whites and blacks is one for our American friends, and the solution they have found shows that a country can at the same time be democratic and also yield to prejudices.

"We have nothing to do with the attitude which prevails in America among her citizens. That is not our business. But this is France, and with us the color line is totally unknown. Our forefathers didn't write the Declaration les Droits de l'Homme (declaration of the rights of man) for us to forget its letter and its spirit.

"Besides, our lack of all discrimination against colored men is not inspired alone by doctrine. We are sincere about it. The blacks, with whom we come in contact, come from the French colonies. Whatever their status—citizens, subjects or proteges—they are our compatriots, and we treat them as such. How could it be otherwise when so many of them fought by our side to save France?

"That small number of our American visitors who forget that the French Republic makes no differentiation among the inhabitants of its immense Empire, whatever their race or color of their skin, will, we hope, regard our black citizens as good as the rest of us. They will not forget that their country also accepted the services of black men in time of need.

"We promise in return that when we are in the United States we will obey the dry law which American legislation has imposed on every one. And we expect our visitors to obey our rule, which proceeds not from law but from our character and customs, in virtue of which all Frenchmen form one grand family, from which none of them is disinherited."

Florida—Three Sleepers Daily 2:40 P. M. Miami and St. Petersburg Limited—tab W. 42d St. Tel. Bryant 8000.—Advt.

15,000 ALIENS ARRIVE ON 16 LINERS; PIERS JAMMED BY FRIENDS

First Lot Lands on Ellis Island at Noon, After Narrow Escape From Collision.

TO EXAMINE 2,000 A DAY

Eight Quotas Believed to Have Been Exhausted With the First Rush.

1,082 DIVERTED TO BOSTON

Majestic Will Take Steerage Passengers There Tomorrow—64 Portuguese Too Late.

Sixteen liners arrived in this port yesterday, with 18,558 passengers in all three classes. It was estimated that of this number 3,500 were American citizens and that at least 15,000 were aliens seeking admission to this country.

Eleven hundred and seventy-five first-class and 5,939 second-class passengers were landed at the piers, and the task of questioning them on board the ships and examining their baggage ashore kept the forces of the immigration and customs departments working at top speed. For hours the passengers stood in long lines along the piers, waiting their turn to get inspectors, and the crush in the second-class dining saloons, where the passengers had to wait for inspection, was so great that many women fainted.

It was estimated that at least 25,000 persons were assembled at the various steamship piers in New York, Brooklyn and Hoboken to meet relatives and friends arriving from abroad. Owing to the congestion at the Quarantine station, steamship officials could not state definitely when the vessels would be released from Quarantine.

The big White Star liner Majestic, which had 2,428 passengers from Southampton and Cherbourg, did not reach her pier at the foot of West Eighteenth Street until after 4 o'clock. The vessel is going to be dry-docked in Boston and will take her 1,062 steerage passengers to that port tomorrow.

Exciting Race at Midnight.

The America of the Italian General Navigation Company, with 1,238 passengers, had been ordered to proceed to Philadelphia to relieve the congestion here, but the Italian immigration officials at Ellis Island refused to confirm the instructions given by the agents of the company. They said the passengers wanted to be landed in New York, so instructions were sent to the liner to continue to this port.

According to the accounts of the captains of the ten steamships that were waiting at midnight to rush across the imaginary line between Fort Wadsworth and Fort Hamilton into Quarantine to land their passengers for the August quota, there was a great deal of excitement. Some of them said it was a wonder there were no collisions.

The captain of the United States liner America, which was first to reach Quarantine, said that it was the most exciting time he ever had at sea, and that he hoped he would not have to go through another such experience. The captain of the Consulich liner Argentina, from Trieste, said that he narrowly escaped a collision with the Ward liner Orizaba, from Havana.

The claim of the America that it was the first ship to reach Quarantine yesterday morning was disputed by the captain of the Orisaba, who says he won the race. The figures of the immigration officials at Quarantine, however, award it to the America as having passed in at 1:02 A. M.

The first batch of immigrants reached Ellis Island at noon from the Orizaba. There were 225, and they were followed a few minutes later by 1,663 immigrants from the United States liner America, and a third batch of 389 from the Anchor liner Columbia. That was all that Ellis Island could take care of for the day, Commissioner Curran said, explaining that he expects to be able to handle 2,000 a day.

The Commissioner said he believed eight of the quotas had been exhausted yesterday, but no official notice had been received from the Immigration Department in Washington. The Com-

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Film Smiles of Two Johnsons Leave Kansas City Cold

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 1.—Senator Johnson of Minnesota and Senator Johnson of California are not striking responsive notes in their film appearance in Kansas City.

Both are on the same news reel at a large vaudeville theatre. "Magnavox" Johnson of Minnesota, fresh from the clover fields, is shown seated at a farm dinner table with "Ma" Johnson and the boys. If any one applauds, it is not audible.

Hiram Johnson of California is just stepping off the gangplank after his trip abroad, where he tried to find just how many things were wrong with the World Court idea. No salvos of cheering greet him, though he waves and smiles.

Apparently the Johnson delegation in the Senate is not a box office attraction in Kansas City.

TAMMANY MAN JOINS DRIVE FOR SUBWAYS

Charles Thorley, on Wigwam's "War Council," Says Hylan Lacks Class.

THINKS HE NEEDS ADVICE

Connolly of Queens Ready to Deal With the 'Octopus' to Get Tubes.

Charles Thorley, lifelong member of Tammany Hall, who participated in many of the "war board" councils of Charles F. Murphy in the days of Delmonico's, yesterday criticized Mayor Hylan's stand on subways and buses. Mr. Thorley is a member of the Committee of One Thousand, organized under the auspices of the Merchants' Association to obtain transit relief by the immediate construction of additional lines.

Mr. Thorley, who said that he had been a member of what he called the "war board" of Tammany Hall for thirty years and still remained a stanch but "independent" Tammanyite, gave an interview in his florist shop at 604 Fifth Avenue.

"My impression of Mayor Hylan," he said in response to a question, "during the first four years was that he was absolutely honest and not big enough to fill the job. If he had drawn around him an organization of really clever people I think he would have been as good a Mayor as we have ever had."

"Do you see a great deal of Mayor Hylan?"

"I meet him about now and then. He doesn't seem to have the class that a city of 7,000,000 population should have representing it as its head executive. I think he is 100 per cent. honest."

"What do you think, Mr. Thorley, is the reason for the present transit condition?"

"Well, as I say, it is due to his 'cabinet.' He has only four men in his cabinet who are really qualified. One of these is Police Commissioner Enright, who could give him some practical advice if he asked him for it. The trouble with the Mayor, as I see it, is that he doesn't mix up enough; he doesn't go about enough; he doesn't see enough, as the Mayor should. New York is about twenty-five years behind the times and if the Mayor would go about more I think he would discover it and make changes. He thinks he is close to the people, but that's one of his mistakes. If he heard what I hear he would change his plans."

"What course should the Mayor take in the existing transit situation?"

Thinks Mayor Is Game.

"I think transit affairs have reached the stage that is alarming and that some practical men should be brought into the situation immediately. My honest opinion of the Mayor is that he is a man game enough, if it is put to him right, to adjust the transit situation, for a game man will admit when he is wrong. I never heard of this Committee of One Thousand until last Friday, and I am satisfied that if something had not been started in a short time there would have been a vigilance committee. We've got to have buses, but we've got to have subways first. That's what is driving people out of the city. You can get to Long Island in twenty minutes, and it takes an hour to get to the Bronx. I joined the Committee of One Thousand because I thought it was a grand idea."

One of the Mayor's "cabinet," Maurice Connelly, Borough President of Queens, last night called a meeting of twenty-five representative citizens of the borough to map out a campaign to see that Queens got its share of transportation facilities. At one point, Mr. Connelly said:

"The Mayor is committed to municipal operation. I am not in opposition to the Mayor's plan—if we can get municipal operation. My idea is subways. If we cannot get them with municipal operation, let's deal with the 'octopus' and its friends."

Borough President Connelly was cheered by the twenty-five bankers, lawyers, manufacturers and real estate operators at the conference in the Borough Hall, and he continued:

"We don't want to get mixed up in the controversy now on in Manhattan between buses and subways. It is a good thing for us to keep out of."

He advised the business men to organize a committee, to pick a chairman and to map out a plan of campaign to put forward the transit claims of Queens. Mr. Connelly said that the committee should be strictly non-partisan and added that he would withdraw from all connection with it, so that its operation might not be hampered by any charges that it was motivated by political reasons. The conference elected a committee to choose a chairman. The

Continued on Page Three.

Philadelphia's Newest Hotel, The Robert Morris, Elegant, Moderate.—Advt.

TROLLEY CAR TIE-UP COMPLETE IN JERSEY; BUSES SAVE THE DAY

Every Line North of Camden Quits Operation When 6,000 Workers Strike.

COMPANY TO MARK TIME

Threat of Newark Official to Tear Up Idle Tracks Not Taken Seriously.

PUBLIC IN AMIABLE MOOD

Inconveniences Borne Patiently by Rush-Hour Crowds—Few Accidents and No Disorder.

Six thousand trolleymen tied up the Public Service Railway Company's facilities, affecting 145 municipalities throughout New Jersey yesterday. The strike inconvenienced the hundreds of thousands of persons served by the affected lines only slightly, due to the elaborate preparations for the emergencies, which had been in progress at various centres for ten days. The public on the whole fared rather well. Hundreds reached their work late in makeshift conveyances, but they got there.

Jitney buses swarmed to replace the 1,800 trolley cars which were laid up in the company's barns. Coney Island sightseeing buses and privately owned buses of the Department of Plant and Structures went over to Newark, New Brunswick and Elizabeth before the morning rush hour. The bus service of each town, which under ordinary conditions parallels the lines of the Public Service Railway, was increased from 20 to 50 per cent, and in some cases was more than doubled.

There was no attempt on the part of the company to operate cars, and as a result no violence worth mentioning was reported. There were many minor accidents due to rush-hour congestion between 5:30 and 7:30 last night. A bus caught fire and was burned between Metuchen and New Brunswick, the passengers escaping without injury, and in the great jam at the ferry houses and tube stations, buses and automobiles lost fenders and tail-lights now and then.

The strike, it appeared, found the public mind prepared. It was a good-natured crowd last night which got home anywhere from one hour to three hours late for dinner. Its spirit might be summed up in the remark of one package-laden man as he climbed aboard a bus at Weehawken, where it took half an hour for a bus to "make the grade" to Hudson Boulevard. "Well I hope they get things straightened out tomorrow," he said.

Private Autos May Aid.

Already accustomed to the use of buses, Jerseyites found more of those conveyances at their disposal yesterday than was anticipated, and still more will be in operation with improved regulation today. In Newark public officials ruled that privately owned touring cars would not be licensed as jitneys, but no objection would be offered if private owners wished to carry passengers free of charge.

One of the outstanding features of the day was the exchange of letters between Thomas L. Raymond, Director of Streets and Public Improvements of Newark, and Thomas N. McCarter, President of the Public Service Railways Corporation. With strike headquarters and the headquarters of the company at Newark, the strike centre yesterday was in that city, although the strike leaders announced last night, had extended south as far as Camden.

Mr. Raymond's letter to Mr. McCarter was as follows:

"It is reported to me this morning that no trolley cars are being operated by your company in this city and I understand that you publicly stated in your official capacity as President of the Public Service Railway Company that, in the event of a strike of your operatives, you would not make any attempt to operate cars and provide the public with the service for which your company has the exclusive franchise.

"It is generally believed that your company has taken its position in order to force a situation which would result in your being permitted to charge a 10-cent fare.

"I am writing this letter to inform you that if you do not make a sincere effort at once to provide the public with the service for which your company has the exclusive franchise I shall proceed upon the theory that you have abandoned those franchises and shall take such steps as I may deem necessary, such as removal of rails and otherwise, to make the streets more suitable for

Continued on Page Two.

HARDING GAINS, WANTS TO RETURN SOON; HE RALLIES FROM A SLIGHT INDIGESTION; JESTS WITH DOCTOR, READS NEWSPAPERS

Bulletins on the President's Condition Issued by the Physicians Attending Him

PRESIDENTIAL HEADQUARTERS, Palace Hotel, San Francisco, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—This official bulletin on the condition of President Harding was issued at 4:50 P. M. today (8:50 P. M., New York time):

The President is now resting comfortably after a restless day.

The temperature reached normal during the day and the pulse has varied from 110 to 120 and the respiration from 36 to 40.

There is evidence of slight improvement in the lung condition. Otherwise there is no marked change.

(Signed) C. E. SAWYER, M. D.
RAY LYMAN WILBUR, M. D.
C. M. COOPER, M. D.
J. T. BOONE, M. D.
HUBERT WORK, M. D.

The morning bulletin, issued at 10:10 A. M. (2:10 P. M., New York time) read:

The President is fairly comfortable this morning after a few hours of sleep.

His breathing is less labored and there is but little cough. The lung condition is about the same as yesterday.

He is still much exhausted but maintains his normal buoyancy of spirit.

Small amounts of food are being taken regularly and there is regular and satisfactory elimination.

The temperature is 99 degrees, pulse 114, respiration 30.

While progress is being made, every care is necessary to assure freedom from further complications.

(Signed) C. E. SAWYER, M. D.
RAY LYMAN WILBUR, M. D.
C. M. COOPER, M. D.
J. T. BOONE, M. D.
HUBERT WORK, M. D.

FACES A SLOW RECOVERY

President's Temperature Back to Normal for a Time--Pulse Lower.

CALM AFTER RESTLESS DAY

Exhaustion Is His Worst Trouble —Pneumonia Symptoms Show Improvement.

BREATHING LESS LABORED

Mrs. Harding Remains at the Bedside, Refusing to Relax Her Exertions.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 1.—President Harding's improvement continues. At the same time it cannot be too strongly emphasized that the President is not out of danger. There are many complications. Oldtime ailments of a major character have asserted themselves. While under ordinary circumstances these would have little effect on the President's condition, they are important at the present time in adding to the multiplicity of physical burdens he is forced to bear. The more numerous the burdens the greater the danger.

Every little set-back has a detrimental effect upon the President's already overworked heart. His system is standing up well against them. There is every indication that he ultimately will recover health and strength. It may as well be understood by the country, however, that Mr. Harding will be an invalid for a considerable period, during which he will be unable to attend actively to important public business. It would not be surprising if he were obliged to spend most of his time in the lassitude of convalescence until Congress assembles in December.

The President felt so much better today that he suggested that he leave San Francisco for Washington on Sunday. The suggestion was vetoed, but it was indicative of the President's belief that he is on the road to recovery.

When THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent saw General Sawyer just before 11 o'clock tonight, he said:

"The President's pulse has averaged eight beats to the minute less than yesterday. His breathing for the last hour has been quietly restful. He has had as good a rest as at any time. He has been asleep for an hour. The elimination is very good.

"Everything indicates he is doing well."

General Sawyer told of a conversation with the President a short time before he talked with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent.

Said the physician to the President:

"We have reason to be very happy over the way you are coming out."

Said the President to the physician:

"Indeed, we have."

At 10 o'clock tonight General Sawyer said of Mr. Harding's condition:

"The President's temperature continues normal as it has all day, which leads us to believe that the fire is out, so far as the febrile conditions are concerned. But we cannot tell if they will stay out.

"The President's breathing is less labored than during any evening since the acute stage of the attack."

General Sawyer repeated his warning of last night against any positive declaration that the President was out of danger.

"We can never tell what side-shows may develop," he said. "By that I mean that unexpected complications may turn up, such as indigestion or nervousness, which are always probable in such a case as this.

"You may be assured that I will tell you of everything in his condition, alarming or otherwise."

In an earlier talk with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent General Sawyer said:

"I think I may say that he is out of danger, barring complications."

But General Sawyer stressed that President Harding was still a sick man and would not recover from his illness for a considerable time. He indicated that the period of convalescence would be fairly long. There was no truth, he said, in reports that the President was transacting public business with the Cabinet officers now in San Francisco. There would be a reasonably long lapse of time before the President could resume his official activities, General Sawyer made clear.

"This is not going to be a quick return to health," the President's physician declared. "The symptom of exhaustion is something that cannot be overcome quickly. The recuperative period must be slow."

Eggs Cause Digestive Trouble.

Reason for General Sawyer's caution in making predictions as to the restoration of the President's health was afforded by the fact that Mr. Harding had a slight setback today. It was an attack of indigestion produced by the consumption of two boiled eggs.

Since his unruly stomach has been able to retain food, the President's allowance has been one egg. Today he had a marked return of appetite and

SLAYERS IN CANADA WITH OHIO GOVERNOR

Two Convicts in His Camping Party Are Acting as Servants.

OTTAWA IS INDIGNANT

Had Ordered Them Barred—Governor Declares Attack on Him Is for Political Effect.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Canada, Aug. 1.—Orders were issued here today by the Immigration Department for inspectors at border points to bar the entry into Canada of two convicts said to be accompanying Governor Donahey of Ohio, who was reported coming to Ontario for a fishing trip.

At that time it was not known that the Governor already had crossed the border with his party, and when it was learned that he had actually brought two men convicted of murder into the country considerable indignation was expressed here.

No person convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude is permitted to enter Canada.

It was called to the attention of the immigration officials that Governor Donahey said he had come into Ontario on the invitation of the Hon. E. C. Drury, who vacated office as Premier of Ontario on July 16. The officials said that neither Mr. Drury nor any other person, either in provincial or Federal Governments, had authority to grant immunity from the immigration laws and regulations, and that such an excuse could not be accepted.

An official of the Immigration Department will visit Coboconk, where Governor Donahey is camping, and make a thorough inquiry. There appears no doubt that the immediate return of the convicts to Ohio will be demanded.

It was pointed out that once the criminals crossed the border they were no longer amenable to the discipline of the penal institution in which they were serving time, nor were they under the laws of the United States. Under these circumstances they could fight extradiction if they felt inclined.

Governor Sees Political Attack.

Special to The New York Times.

COBOCONK, Ontario, Aug. 1.—"This is all political bunk," said Governor Donahey of Ohio concerning two convicted murderers brought by him in his party on a fishing trip to Coboconk.

"This news was published to hurt me. I have a signed pardon in my desk at the Executive Mansion for Earl Jennings, one of the murderers, and C. Zipriani is employed as a cook."

Governor Donahey was very indignant

Continued on Page Eight.

WET SHIP PRECEDENT ALLEGED BY BRITISH

Our Note to Spain in 1852 on Barring Vessel From Cuba Is Quoted in Commons.

CONTENTION IS DENIED HERE

Text Shows Right to Exclude Man Was Upheld—Officials Say Dry Law Changes Situation.

LONDON, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Great Britain has discovered what is said to be a precedent established by America herself, which, it is asserted here, supports the contention that British ships should be permitted to enter United States ports with liquor under seal.

This cropped up in the House of Commons today in the questions and answers concerning American prohibition. Sir William Davison asked Ronald McNeill, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs:

"Whether in connection with the refusal of the Government of the United States to allow liquor to remain under seal in British ships in American ports, the attention of that Government has been called to a dispatch, forwarded by the American Government several years ago to the Spanish Government, which, while admitting the legal right of every nation to prescribe the conditions under which foreign vessels should be admitted to their ports, laid it down that these conditions must not conflict with well-known and long-established usages regulating commercial intercourse between civilized nations, which could not be violated without giving just cause of complaint to nations whose interest would be affected by their violation."

Sir William said this dispatch was quoted in international law, and the Under-Secretary replied that it certainly seemed to afford a precedent that might be followed, adding that the advisability of calling the attention of the American Government to the matter was receiving consideration.

Members also interested themselves in the disposition of the liquor seized, whether it was destroyed or is being held until the matter is settled.

"I have not myself," replied the Under-Secretary, "taken sufficient interest in the fate of the liquor to ascertain."

This evoked cheers and laughter.

The Government was asked what it was going to do about the business circular being distributed in the name of Sir Brodrick Hartwell, seeking investors in a project for shipping whisky abroad, and Under-Secretary MacNeill answered guardedly that the whole subject to which the circular belongs was engaging the attention of the Government.

Dr. William Allen Chapple, member for Dumfriesshire, who asked the question, referred to the backers of the liquor scheme as "these people who are endeavoring to set at defiance the laws of a friendly nation." Dr. Chapple wanted to know whether "it is not more important to preserve friendly relations with America than that these people should make money out of this traffic."

"Certainly," replied Mr. MacNeill, "but I'm not in a position at the present moment to say what steps we could take, as it is a very difficult matter to decide."

The circulars describe a plan of making 20 per cent. profit every sixty days by shipping liquor to what obviously is Rum Row off the Jersey coast.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The correspondence between the State Department and the British Foreign Office relative to the American Government's proposals for the extension of the right of search at sea to twelve miles will not be made

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Frenchman Claims World's Height Record, Soaring Nearly Six and Four-fifth Miles

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—The world's altitude record, which was held for the past two years by the American army officer, Lieutenant Macready, was captured today by the French airman, Sadi Lecointe, who attained a height of not less than 10,800 meters, equivalent to 35,433 feet, or a shade under six and four-fifths miles.

This betters the American record by more than 1,000 feet.

Lecointe said when he reached the ground that he would better his new record next week. Today's flight was interrupted by one of his two oxygen tanks breaking down, he said.

His engine was working excellently and he felt in good condition when the accident occurred, and but for it he feels certain he would have ascended another thousand meters.

Lecointe took off at Villacoublay in a Nieuport-Delace plane with Hispano motor 454, and remained in the air one hour and fifty-five minutes. One hour and twenty minutes were required for the ascent. Had he been willing to push the machine, the aviator declared, he could have made the ascent in forty-five minutes. Last week he mounted to a height of 8,000 meters in the same machine in thirty-five minutes.

His fuel system was arranged so that benzol was used during the first 6,000 feet, and gasoline after that. Lecointe, who was clothed in heavy furs containing electric wiring for heating purposes, donned a mask before the start and commenced using oxygen at 5,000 meters. The thermometer broke at 40 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit.

Lecointe's machine weighs 948 kilograms, and has a spread of 34 square meters.

He carried two barometers, one of which registered 10,800 metres, while the other touched the 11,000 meter mark. The instruments are being verified by officers of the French Air Service and officials of the Aero Club of France tonight.

Lecointe aspires to attain a height of twelve kilometers (seven and a half miles), which he believes will be an unbeatable record.

The previous world's altitude record was made by Lieutenant Macready on Sept. 28, 1921, when he attained a height officially recorded as 34,509.5 feet.

News dispatches at that time credited Macready with a height of 40,800 feet, but official tests of the air instruments showed it to be 34,509.5, a little over six and a half miles.

RELIEVES BELIEVING INDIGESTION and Distress After Eating.—Advt.

Many American Women Hurt as Floor Falls In Near East Relief Constantinople Office

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CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 1.—Several Americans were injured this afternoon, one of them, Mrs. Perry of Philadelphia, seriously, while a number of others had miraculous escapes when the floor of the Near East Relief office, where 120 tourists had crowded to see the industrial exhibit, gave way, throwing them to the floor below.

Mrs. Perry suffered a double fracture of the leg. Another woman had her shoulder fractured. Outside of this the doctors report the injuries to be slight.

The Near East Relief offices were recently built in an old palace by the Bosphorus. Instead of breaking suddenly, the floor began sagging in the centre, finally bursting in the middle. Standing room was hardly available, and the crowd slid rather than fell toward the centre, the tables around the room also sliding.

The first floor is eight feet below. The timbers caught a table below forming a projection for many of those underneath. A remarkable feature was that the crowd remained calm and not a single scream was heard. Every one remained quiet until extricated or able to get out through the space under the table.

Two doctors from the steamer Tuscania, as well as Dr. Barton, were among those who fell but were uninjured. They administered first aid while British ambulances were rushed to the scene.

American destroyers anchored in the Bosphorus sent wrecking crews and medical assistance. The injured were taken aboard the Tuscania, which is due to sail tonight to continue its cruise of the Mediterranean.

When You Think of Writing, Think of Whiting.—Advt.

called for an increased ration. He suffered some pain but it passed quickly.

Indigestion is a rather serious thing for a man in the President's condition for several reasons, one of which is that it is likely to affect the patient's overstrained heart.

The President's temperature got back to normal for a short time today. The passing of his fever was a most encouraging sign. The normal for Mr. Harding is 98.6, and the thermometer showed just that.

The rapid pulse beats also subsided. The President's normal pulse runs from seventy to seventy-five beats to the minute. This afternoon it was 110 and, while this was high, it was a radical reduction from the 125 beats that showed in the critical portion of the President's illness.

Labored Breathing Declines.

Better still, the labored, rapid breathing which has proved so physically distressing to the President and mentally depressing to those who watched by his bedside, decreased. There were times when he was breathing at the rate of 44 exhalations to the minute. The normal breathing is at the rate of only 16 exhalations to the minute.

Today the number of breaths each minute taken by the President ranged between 30 and 36. The quick, heavy breathing showed that he was suffering from extreme exhaustion. This condition continues but is by no means as marked as it was on Monday and Tuesday. Frequent periods of refreshing slumber are gradually overcoming it.

During last night the President slept for intervals that were encouragingly long. At one time he slumbered without interruption for two and a half hours. While it is essential for him to take nourishment at frequent intervals his physicians regard sleep as more necessary in the process of bringing back health and strength, and he was not awakened at any time to take food.

Mrs. Harding Rises to Emergency.

In spite of the strain upon her due to anxiety and lack of sleep, Mrs. Harding continues well. There has been no recurrence of the prostration which threatened serious results during the days of strenuous activities of the Presidential party in the interior of Alaska. She seems to thrive on responsibility.

Efforts to persuade her to take a little recreation have been futile. She has not left the Palace Hotel since she arrived there on Sunday morning with her afflicted husband, and has been constantly at his bedside.

"I am going to remain here," she said to a caller today. "I know this husband of mine better than anybody in the world and he needs me."

Her calmness and common sense have been a great help to the President. She gave him confidence in the dark period of his illness earlier in the week when he was greatly discouraged and inclined to fear the worst.

The President fully realizes how ill he has been. But the knowledge of his near approach to the valley of the shadow has not served to depress him in his recuperation.

Knowing his patient well, General Sawyer permitted him to read newspaper accounts of the critical portion of his illness. These accounts included the official bulletins which acknowledged that the President's condition "was grave."

There was a sick-room incident on Tuesday morning in connection with the newspaper accounts which gave encouragement to those about the President, in that it showed that his sense of humor was returning, a sign that he was better. Lieut. Commander Joel T. Boone of the Medical Corps of the Navy, one of the White House physicians, had sat with the President all night. When Mr. Harding awoke at 6:30 o'clock he expressed a desire to see what the newspapers were saying about his illness. Dr. Boone hesitated to let him see them. The headlines, streaming clear across the front pages, told of the gravity of the President's illness.

Mr. Harding was insistent. To humor him Dr. Boone sent out for all the San Francisco morning papers. Under the pretense that the President was too weak to do so, he proceeded to read the accounts for the benefit of the patient. He did not wish the President to see those heavy headlines with their indication of a possible worse turn in Mr. Harding's illness.

Told Doctor He Was "Cheating."

Dr. Boone was careful to avoid reading these parts of the newspaper accounts which told of the gravity of the President's case. He had not proceeded far when the President interrupted.

"Boone, you're cheating," he said with a twinkle in his eye.

He had detected that the accounts showed that the night before he had been extremely ill.

It was not Dr. Boone's office to determine whether the President should have his way. That was for General Sawyer, as the physician in charge, to decide. When General Sawyer was summoned and saw the situation he handed the newspapers to the President. Their reading had no ill effect upon him. On the contrary he seemed to enjoy knowing just how serious his condition had been the night before. He felt so much better that he had no worries over what had passed.

Pneumonia Under Control.

An examination of the President by his five physicians this afternoon showed that there appeared to be a slight improvement in the condition of his right lung. There was no evidence that the pneumonia had increased.

A bulletin timed at 4:30 P. M. gave the result of this examination. It said that the President's pulse during the day had ranged from 116 to 120. Subsequent to the examination General Sawyer said that the pulse beats had gone as low as 110. In an official bulletin issued at 9:30 o'clock this morning the pulse was 114.

The later bulletin stated that the President's respiration during the day had varied from 30 to 40, but General Sawyer said that the respiration had ranged as low as 26. This low figure was noted in the 9:30 bulletin.

The restlessness of the President noted in the bulletin is a phase of his nervous condition. Early last evening he had slept for a comparatively long period with almost entire freedom from restlessness. This helped him gain strength. There appears to be nothing specially significant, however, in the return of restlessness in the light of continued improvement in other directions.

The 9:30 bulletin of today the President had passed the night. It said that he was fairly comfortable this morning after a few hours' sleep that his breathing was less labored and there was little cough, in the absence of which a sign that the lung congestion was not extending and was not active. It was noted that the President "is still exhausted but maintains normal buoyancy of spirit."

California Homes Offered.

General Sawyer would not say this evening whether the President would be in condition to be moved from San Francisco within a short time. He declined to fix even an approximate date. General Sawyer said that it was not now possible to make any estimate.

Mrs. Harding, Secretary Christian and General Sawyer have received offers of the facilities of hotels and private residences in California for the President during the period of his convalescence. All these have been declined. When the President is well enough to be moved he will be taken to Washington.

By the middle of August General Sawyer said this afternoon, nights in Washington will be cool and the danger of subjecting the patient to oppressive heat there will be minimized.

"There is no occasion for taking the President away from his present quarters," said the Palace Hotel physician. "He is very comfortable here. The weather is delightful and he could not be better off in any other place."

Among those who have offered their residences for the use of the President are former Senator James D. Phelan, who was a close friend of Mr. and Mrs. Harding when Mr. Harding was in the Senate. Mr. Phelan wore in the Senate a William Wrigley, the chewing gum manufacturer, who owns Catalina Island, off the California coast, and Charles Clark, son of the late Senator William A. Clark of Montana.

Mr. Phelan called on Mrs. Harding today and sought to induce her to take the use of his country place, about fifty miles from San Francisco. She indicated that it might be possible for her to go there later, but that for the present she would not leave her husband.

Daugherty Sees Mrs. Harding.

Attorney General Daugherty was one of the callers at the presidential suite at the Palace Hotel today. He arrived in San Francisco this morning. Mr. Daugherty came here to investigate charges of labor unions against building trades organizations.

The Attorney General was to have been a member of the President's party on the voyage, now canceled, from San Diego to New York by way of Panama Canal, Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands. He looked well and said he had fully recovered from the effects of his recent illness. Mr. Daugherty called on Mrs. Harding, but did not seek to see the President.

President Harding's sister, Mrs. E. E. Remsberg, came to San Francisco today from her home in Santa Ana, Cal. She had a long talk with Mrs. Harding and was permitted to see her brother for a short time.

Prayer services for the recovery of President Harding were held this afternoon at Grace Episcopal Cathedral. George B. Christian Jr., Secretary to the President and Captain Adolphus Andrews, U. S. N., Commander of the Mayflower and aide to the President, attended. During the services Rabbi R. I. Coffee offered resolutions calling for the formation of a non-political, non-sectarian organization to work for world peace.

Harding's Recovery Will Be Slow.

PRESIDENTIAL HEADQUARTERS, PALACE HOTEL, SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Brig. Gen. Charles E. Sawyer, personal physician to President Harding, after "taking stock" as he said, of the condition of his patient, stated just before 10 o'clock tonight that the Chief Executive's temperature was normal and had been so all day; that his breathing was less labored than any evening since he became ill; that his respiration was less frequent and his pulse between 116 and 120.

In stating that "indications look favorable," General Sawyer warned that the task of the President in regaining his health would be a tedious one, for he was still a "sick man." The physician also said that there would probably be "ups and downs."

General Sawyer presented his report to newspaper men. He said that he had had a nap this afternoon and felt better, which was taken as an indication of his own confidence in the continued progress of his patient toward recovery.

"The President's condition is just this," he went on, "as I find it on taking stock, as it were, for the night:

"The patient's temperature is 98½ in round numbers. I do not want to be too technical. In other words, it is normal. This we may take as an indication that the febrile condition we have been combatting is checked.

"The fire is out; we can't say it will stay out. Nobody can say that.

"The President's breathing is less labored than any time since his illness began. His respirations are a little less frequent. His pulse as in the bulletin this afternoon (between 116 and 120). Now you'd all, as laymen—interpret such things as we have been saying as favorable, wouldn't you? Yes. Well, that's my judgment, too."

Dr. Sawyer took to task certain newspaper men who, he said, had been printing unwarranted stories of what went on in the sick room, especially accounts of business conferences between the President and his advisers.

"There is no basis in fact for such statements," he declared. "This man has been a sick man. He is not capable of transacting any business. His convalescence is going to take time.

"You cannot set a time to get well; you never elect a time to be ill. We have got to feel our way along.

"As I told the President this morning: 'Mr. President, while there seems a great misfortune, it is not so great as it might have been. As far as I can see, no organ has been so impaired as to be unable to continue its natural function, and this I consider an important thing.'"

President Harding was understood to have made inquiry today as to "the play" his prepared address on foreign relations received in the newspapers, to which it was released for publication at Washington. In the form in which he had prepared it. He spent considerable time in writing it, and naturally was anxious to learn what sort of reception it met.

The quantity of nourishment taken by the President during the day was small, but as one of the physicians said, "Quite sufficient." It continued to consist of milk, soft-boiled eggs, a little toast and fruit juices.

Plans for the future following the restoration of the President's strength continued to be discussed by members of the party, and the plan seemingly most favored at this stage is for a return to Washington by what is commonly known as the overland route as soon as the President is able to travel. In such an event the train would make no attempt at speed, would run on a schedule that would take it through heated valleys and across the desert during the cool hours of the night so far as possible, and at other times would stop for the night so that the rest of the President might not be disturbed.

All the baggage and effects of the Presidential party have been removed from the transport Henderson, now in the harbor here, pending receipt of orders. The baggage had been left aboard when the party left the Henderson at Seattle, after the Alaskan trip, with the intention at that time of returning to the Atlantic Coast on the transport by way of the Panama Canal. There is little or no possibility of a return by that route now, for although it is recognized that a sea trip might do the President good, high temperatures prevail and rather violent storms are probable in August over a part of the course which the Henderson would take.

General Pershing, who arrived in San Francisco tonight, said on leaving the President's apartments after a formal call to pay his respects that his impression of the President's condition was distinctly encouraging. The General did not go into the President's bedroom, but saw Mrs. Harding and Brig. Gen. Sawyer.

He was reluctant to comment on what he had learned, but admitted that General Sawyer had reiterated to him early expressions to others that the President was making progress. Then he added, jokingly, "Mrs. Harding thinks so, too."

Christian Goes to Los Angeles.

George B. Christian Jr., secretary to President Harding, left San Francisco for Los Angeles to act for the President in the presentation tomorrow of the Knights Templar traveling beausant to the commandery at Hollywood. Christian, who is a Knight Templar, with the Marion, Ohio commandery, had planned to make the presentation as one of the features of his visit to Los Angeles and vicinity. When he became ill and realized that he could not go to Los Angeles he directed Mr. Christian to act for him. During the return trip from Alaska the President wrote the address which he planned to make in presenting the beausennt, and Secretary Christian, who also is a Knight Templar, will read this address at the ceremonies in the Hollywood Bowl.

Mr. Christian today carried a personal message from the President to clergymen of San Francisco who gathered in Grace Cathedral to pray for his speedy recovery. The meeting was held at the hour when the President's original schedule called for him to receive the San Francisco ministers. The President somehow yesterday learned that such a tribute for the canceled reception, the clergymen planned to meet to pray for his recovery. Last night he called to Secretary Christian and asked that proper recognition be given the meeting.

Today Mr. Harding reminded Mr. Christian of the meeting, and when the secretary told him he was planning to attend it said: "That's fine, Mr. Christian; make a brief address to the clergymen, telling them of the President's desire to be represented and of his appreciation of their solicitude.

A sense of quiet was established today around the Palace Hotel, where President Harding lies ill. Police patrolmen on all traffic to proceed as quietly as possible. The usual bustle on the streets around the hotel was as evident as ever, but for less noise.

OFFER SYMPATHY AND PRAYER

Governor Groesbeck Sends a Message—Salvation Army Petitions.

LANSING, Mich., Aug. 1.—Governor Groesbeck today sent this telegram to President Harding:

"In common with all the people of Michigan, I have learned of your illness with keen regret. I sincerely trust, however, that it may prove itself to be but temporary. Please accept for yourself and Mr. Harding my deepest sympathy and earnest wish for your speedy recovery."

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Special prayers for the recovery of President Harding were said today in Salvation Army missions and institutions and at open air meetings throughout the Central and West-ern States, a general order to that effect was sent out by Commissioner William Peart, territorial commander of the organization.

COOLIDGE RELIEVED, HELPS TO TOSS HAY

Vice President Learns Through Washington That Harding Is Much Better.

DOUBTS LESSENING BURDEN

He Thinks That the President Could Not Shift Part of His Responsibilities.

Special to The New York Times.

PLYMOUTH, Vt., Aug. 1.—Vice President Coolidge again expressed pleasure today over the improvement in the condition of President Harding.

"I rejoice that my opinion of confidence that the President would have sufficient strength to make a speedy recovery has been confirmed," he said. "I have never had any doubt of his ultimate recovery."

Mr. Coolidge's conviction that the President had passed the crisis of his illness was confirmed by this telegram received from his secretary at Washington, based upon information furnished through the White House:

"The President is much better, but exhausted. Pulse, temperature and respiration improved."

Mr. Coolidge, who was helping a neighbor, D. P. Brown, finish his haying by operating a horse rake, when visited by newspaper reporters arriving from Ludlow, seemed more than ordinarily pleased by the reports of improvement in the President's condition. After tossing a few forkfuls of hay on the rack the Vice President returned with the reporters to the veranda of his father's farm house, where he and Mrs. Coolidge talked with them for more than half an hour.

Refuses Comment on Ford.

Henry Ford's statement that he would not be a candidate for President was brought up and a reporter said:

"Henry Ford is quoted as saying that Mr. Harding is the best man for 'the job' [the presidency] because he can be depended upon not to do anything. He is further quoted as saying: 'Not until we can get out of the political era can we expect big changes. While we are in it, let us by all means have such men as Warren G. Harding.'"

Mr. Coolidge considered the matter for a moment and said:

"I prefer to make no comment on anything that Mr. Ford may say."

Mr. Ford is also quoted as characterizing the tariff as a joke," the Vice President was informed.

"As I understand the purposes of the tariff," Mr. Coolidge replied, "it was to bring in revenue and restore prosperity. It has accomplished both purposes. The latest reports before me indicate that the total revenues from the tariff this year will exceed $550,000,000, which he had prepared it. He spent considerable time in writing it, and naturally was anxious to learn what sort of reception it met.

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HARDING IS CALLED A FRIEND OF FRANCE

Felicitations Are Expressed in Paris Over the Improvement in His Condition.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—It has been with real satisfaction that both the French Government and the French people have learned of the improvement in the condition of President Harding.

Ever since the first announcement of his illness President Millerand and Premier Poincaré have been kept constantly informed of his condition, special bulletins being sent from the French Embassy in Washington. In the newspapers the President's illness is followed with close attention and the latest news of his improvement is prominently displayed.

Several articles, such as one by the well-known writer, St. Brice, which appears in today's Journal under the title "Friend of France," have paid tribute to President as sagacious in the direction of the destinies of his country, according to its wishes, and all have expressed the hope that at this difficult time in history America and the whole world will be spared the additional burden of having so great a change as even a temporary disablement of Mr. Harding would be.

St. Brice, recalling that it was in the course of a similar journey to that of Mr. Harding that President Wilson was struck down, says:

"Thus Mr. Harding, too, has paid tribute to the tradition of ambulatory eloquence, which is the heaviest burden of the American Chief Executive.

"Whether Mr. Harding will have the strength after his illness to undertake another Presidential campaign, now that he appears to be out of danger, is a question interesting the French. With his continuance in office they foresee another four years of American aloofness from active participation in European affairs, but with a change in the personality of its Chief Executive, even should the party in power remain the same, they feel that there is a chance that their friendship for France which they praise in Mr. Harding may not remain so passive."

PARIS, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Dr. Abram Simon of Washington, President of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, today cabled to the White House an expression of the profound regret of the members of the conference at President Harding's illness. The message added that prayers were being offered for his recovery.

DENVER SOCIETY WOMAN FINED IN LIQUOR CASE

Mrs. O'Connor Was Indicted by the Same Jury Which Accused Father Grece.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 1.—Mrs. Katherine O'Conner, prominent in Denver society, pleaded guilty in the United States District Court here today to the charge of the illegal possession of liquor and was fined $400, which was paid. No evidence was taken at the hearing.

Earlier in the day John R. Walsh had entered a plea of guilty to charges of illegal possession and illegal transportation of liquor and was fined $500.

Last week the Rev. Walter A. Dreas, a Catholic priest, was found guilty in the Federal Court of forging an application for a liquor permit and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Father Grece, Mrs. O'Conner and Walsh were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury at Pueblo in June in connection with the shipment of liquor into Colorado.

Secretary Davis Visits Commons.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—James J. Davis, American Secretary of Labor, listened to the debate in the House of Commons tonight. Afterwards he met many of the members on the terrace and was shown about Parliament building by David Lloyd-George.

5 TRAINING CAMPS BEGIN ANNUAL DRILL

Plattsburg, Camp Dix, Madison Barracks, Fort Hancock and Camp Vail Ready.

ROOM FOR 3,425 STUDENTS

Stations Here Crowded With Cadets Starting for Month's Hard Work.

Five Citizens' Military Training Camps, conducted under direction of Major General Robert Lee Bullard, commanding the Second Corps area, opened yesterday for one month with capacity for 3,425 students. The camps are Plattsburg, for 2,200 in basic military instruction; Camp Dix, Burlington, N. J., for 700, infantry, cavalry and engineers; Madison Barracks, 300, field artillery; Fort Hancock, 150, coast artillery; and Camp Alfred Vail, Long Branch, N. J., 75, signal corps.

The War Department has increased the quota to be assigned camps in this area as a result of the greater demand for training this year. Applications will be received until Aug. 6, it was announced at Governor's Island yesterday.

The Grand Central, Pennsylvania and West Shore stations presented spirited scenes as hundreds of youths from New York, New Jersey and Delaware entrained for the various camp sites. The heaviest movement being toward Plattsburg, railroad officials say, for in that special cars were attached to northbound through trains. Several special trains were ordered made up at Albany to accommodate the converging influx.

Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx alone sent fully 1,000 candidates to the five camps. The complete quota for the area was swelled by 400 young Porto Ricans, already trained at San Juan under General Bullard's direction. General Bullard received word yesterday from Colonel N. D. Roberts, Commandant at Plattsburg, that the cantonment there was ready for the approaching cadets. Tents had been pitched and the garrison had been organized to speed their reception without confusion or delay. General Bullard said that "late" last night would find each arrival trigged out in "issue" olive drab from field hat to marching shoes. "Drills" and "setting up" exercises would begin in earnest this morning, the General added.

Camp Dix reported to headquarters at Governors Island that its 700 men had arrived punctually, and the personnel bureau had virtually completed the "red, white and blue" classification. "Blues" were those who had been through three previous camps; "whites," two, and "reds," one.

Bootleggers who had planned a wholesale business in the camp zone prior to the opening of the recent officers' training camp had been driven from the district, along with other undesirable camp followers, according to Brig. Gen. William E. Graves, commandant. State and Federal officials had co-operated with the military police and the Burlington, N. J., city officials in the clean-up.

Forty of the students arrived at Camp Alfred Vail, which is four miles out of Long Branch, the remainder being expected today. Major John Van Duesen, commandant, found half of the men veterans of last year's camp, and the physical examinations and assignment to quarters was completed briskly. Cheers greeted his announcement to the men that daily excursions would be made to the Long Branch surf.

2,000 AT PLATTSBURG.

Students From New York, New Jersey and Delaware There.

PLATTSBURG BARRACKS, N. Y., Aug. 1.—This old Army town tonight resembles Plattsburg's crowded, stirring days of '17 with the camp and streets alive with uniforms. The 1923 Citizens Military Training Camp opened today with more than 2,000 young men between the ages of 17 and 24 on hand who will spend four weeks here under canvas in the pine grove south of the regular army garrison and learn the rudiments of soldiering, take part in athletic and study American citizenship. Colonel C. D. Roberts, Twenty-sixth Infantry, one of the two regular army colonels who wear the Medal of Honor, is camp commander.

The majority of the students arrived on a special train which left Grand Central Station early this morning and reached here about 3 o'clock this afternoon. Others in automobile parties all day long kept a large staff of personnel officials busy checking and directing them to various companies and another large force issued uniforms and equipment.

Plattsburg is primarily the camp this Summer for the "basic red" students, those who have had no previous military instruction of any kind. Other camps in the Second Corps Area are for specialized branches of the service, and for men in the "advanced red," "white" and "blue" courses who have passed through the recruit stage. Two thousand basic students have been ordered to Plattsburg for infantry training and in addition twenty-five "blue" course men and fifty "white" course to act as cadet officers. The camp has been divided into twelve companies, each officered by four or more regular army captains and lieutenants and two or more army sergeants. The younger men of 17 years of age have been assigned to Company A and older men correspondingly. Company M is composed largely of the 24-year old students.

The honor of being first to report went to Edmond J. Ferris of Company B, who arrived in an automobile from Buffalo several days in advance. Every county in the States of New York, New Jersey and Delaware has men in camp, and practically every city, town and hamlet. Chambers of Commerce, commercial clubs, Congressmen, State and municipal officials and reserve officers everywhere have aided in the enrollment. Army officers, especially, who know the value and spirit of the C. M. T. camps from close study have found them an ideal place for sons and relatives for a month in the Summer.

Brig. Gen. Beames, O. R. C., Elmhurst, L. I., has enrolled his son, Thomas G. Beames. Brig. Gen. William Weigel of the regular army has a nephew, Louis G. Weigel, of Delmar, N. J., in Company K; Colonel Arthur Thayer, regular army, has his son, Francis M. Thayer, of Brooklyn, in the "white" course in Company A, and Colonel Hilden Olin, regular army, of Fort Wadsworth, has two sons here, John H. Olin, a blue student in Company B, and Charles L. Olin, a "basic" in Company E.

TROLLEY CAR TIE-UP COMPLETE IN JERSEY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

the transportation of the general public."

This letter, which caused considerable comment when it was published in the Newark evening newspapers, elicited a reply from Mr. McCarter, after acknowledging receipt of Mr. Raymond's letter, wrote:

"Service cannot be resumed before the men are willing to work for a reasonable wage which the company is enabled to pay."

He charged, too, that the employes of the company had caused the stoppage of the company's cars and that the responsibility should rest with them.

Later in the day after newspaper men had examined the Newark city ordinance with regard to the franchises granted trolley systems, it was discovered that Mr. Raymond had been in error when he indicated in his letter that he had the right immediately to tear up the company's track. Officials of the Public Service Corporation did not take the threat seriously, nor, apparently, did other members of the Newark City Government.

Must Be Idle Three Months.

It was said that Mr. Raymond before writing the letter had not consulted with the Corporation Counsel of Newark, and that under the ordinances, three months of idleness must elapse before any step in the direction of the removal of the company's lines could be taken by the city. Section 3 of the Ordinances of the City of Newark, provides that after three months the city may take steps to rent trolley lines to responsible persons for operation if the company holding the franchise fails to operate them. After six months of non-operation by the company the city then may proceed to the removal of the tracks and other equipment of the trolley lines, such as wires, poles, &c.

The strike began at midnight Tuesday. The unionists, the majority of whom are members of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America, met early yesterday morning in Laurel Gardens in Springfield Avenue, Newark, where they heard addresses by William Wegner, strike leader; William J. Brennan, Commissioner of Public Safety of Newark, and others.

Wegner declared that the tie-up had been a complete success and that after hearing reports from all over the State he had no misgivings regarding the spirit of the men. He explained that he had felt that some of the members of the union in Camden might fail to walk out with the rest because the company there had offered inducements for the men to remain. But Camden, too, he reported was for the strike and the men in that city had walked out at the hour appointed.

"The strike is a complete success and is general on the lines of the company," he reported. "The next move is theirs."

Commissioner Brennan, a former labor leader, was cheered when he took the platform. He addressed the assembled strikers as "fellow vacationists," adding that never in the history of the labor movement in this city had the public witnessed such an orderly walk-out, and that never, so far as he could remember, had there been a general strike which had the sympathy of the public to the extent which this one had developed.

Leaders directed the strikers to refrain from drinking during their lay-off and directed the men to keep any of the strikers found intoxicated to their homes, so that no violence would arise from this cause. During the meeting a conductor reported that one car had been seen operating on the Roseville line. This was a signal for a general exodus of conductors and motormen who had been employed on that line. One of these men called up the strike headquarters fifteen minutes later and declared that the report had been erroneous.

The strikers were told that they might be "in for a long lay-off" and that they might seek temporary employment at other than their regular duties if they wished.

It was announced at the offices of the company that no attempt would be made to operate cars. The only car found moving in Northern New Jersey was one which regularly carries mail from the terminus of the Hudson Tube in Jersey City to Coytesville. It was explained that the strikers probably would not seek to have this service halted. Mail cars which regularly are operated in Newark, making collections from sub-stations and from outlying towns not operated, thirteen mail trucks replacing them, John J. O'Toole, Vice President of the Public Service Corporation, said that the Coytesville car was the only mail car which would operate.

Mayor Frederick Breidenbach of Newark issued a statement last night in which he said that the strike had proceeded in orderly fashion, with no great inconvenience to the public.

New York Thanked for Aid.

"The bus lines are doing yeoman service," he said. "There is no trouble anywhere. I want to thank New York for the assistance it has rendered to us. No complaints have been received at the Mayor's office to indicate that the public has been greatly hampered through the cessation of street car service. Everything hinged upon the rush hour. Now that the day has passed successfully, we will be able to do still better tomorrow. I don't know how long the strike will last, but I feel sure that we will be able to handle the situation without any great difficulty.

"I am very much pleased with the co-operation of the Mayors of near-by cities and towns, who have been working in conjunction with the officials of the City of Newark."

Jerome P. Cornelius, Corporation Counsel of Newark, declined to discuss Commissioner Raymond's letter when reporters sought him at his office at the Newark City Hall.

It became known, however, that after the letter had been dictated to Mr. McCarter there had been a conference of city officials at which Commissioner Raymond's threat was discussed. Mr. Cornelius was said to have informed the officials that no drastic step could be taken under the law for three months.

Joseph Crawford, Supervisor of Transportation of Newark, said that 110 extra cars had been added to the present traffic, which yesterday proved to be light, while these had been ample to handle traffic, whatever delay had been caused would be relieved today with the addition of forty buses whose owners obtained permits from Mr. Crawford yesterday.

Workers Start Plants on Time.

A majority of the large industrial concerns in and around Newark reported that their employes arrived at the plants on time. In several instances no employe got to work late on account of the lack of street car service. Companies sent their own trucks to the bus transfer points to get employes.

In Newark the vacations of all policemen were revoked, and manned men already on vacation were recalled. Until these men return, it was said, extra policemen, some of whom had not "pounded a pavement" for five or ten years, would be called into service to aid in the relief of traffic congestion. One sergeant and two policemen were detailed to each of the eight car barns of the Public Service Corporation. They allowed strike pickets to come no nearer the barns than the opposite side of the street, strikers, too, must remain on the opposite side of the street when passing company officers and barns.

In some quarters yesterday the attitude of the company was construed as an effort to show the public that a 10-cent fare was needed for the successful operation of trolleys and that the demands of the men could not be met until the company received the financial stimulus. The Public Service Corporation's financial status was set forth in a statement by John L. O'Toole, Vice President.

Mr. O'Toole denied a report current in Newark that the company was seeking to force the appointment of a receiver. Authority for this statement was credited at the time to Newark city officials, who later denied that any of their number had made it.

It may be argued that the financial condition of the company should not determine the amount of wages to be paid," Mr. O'Toole said, "but this argument can only be advanced when the financial condition of the company is used to reduce workers' pay below a living wage, which, as has been shown, is not the case with this company. The financial condition of the company without any question controls the amount of wages which can be paid.

Points to Company's Deficit.

"In this connection it is interesting to note that the treatment accorded the owners of this property during the last few years stands out in marked contrast with the treatment of its employes. In 1917 the company earned operating expenses, fixed charges and a dividend. The amount paid to employes as wages that year was $6,515,282, while stockholders received $1,098,447. Since that time the amount expended in wages has continually increased, until in 1922 it reached a total of $11,117,179. During the intervening time from 1917 no dividends whatever have been paid on the $48,750,000 stock of the company, and in addition to that fact there has accumulated a deficit which at the end of the year 1922 amounted to $1,252,286.19."

A notice which appeared on the bulletin boards of the Public Service Corporation yesterday warned its employes against riding in jitney buses and also suggested that they use the railroads for private automobiles.

There was little, if any, confusion in Paterson, in fact it was reported from there last night, "cars are getting along nicely without trolleys." Joseph F. Bradley, Traffic Commissioner, said that thirty-two buses had been added to the regular number in order to make up the 10-cent fare, and that more would be available today. He issued an order to bus drivers to speed up the service and to take advantage of the absence of trolley cars on the streets in making better time.

With trolley situation in Patchogue, according to officials, Long Island Railroad has been added to the side of the city Government because of the congestion caused in the streets by the jewelry one-man cars which the former operate at a standstill until passengers have paid their fares upon entering.

Paterson prides itself upon its bus service and long has declared that it had the best in New Jersey. Regulation of the service is strict. All buses must be covered cars.

"If all the other towns are getting along as well as Paterson the strike can last a long time," Mr. Bradley declared.

Twice the usual number of buses were in operation at New Brunswick, in Central New Jersey, employes of the large industrial plants of that city experienced little difficulty in reaching their places of employment. The Michelin Fire Company impressed its own trucks into service, while the Raritan Arsenal employed a motor truck to take part of its employes to the arsenal. Coney Island bus, which traveled to New Brunswick during the night, accompanied several Department of Plant and Structures buses to Camden, where they made the return trip yesterday morning, carrying passengers from town to town for 50 cents a person.

Bus operators yesterday charged 50 cents for the trip from Bound Brook, N. J., to New Brunswick, for which the Public Service Corporation ordinarily gets a 15-cent fare.

Until the 6 o'clock rush hour at Elizabeth last night bus service had been ample for the transportation of workers of the Singer Sewing Machine Company, the Durant Motor Car Company and the Elizabeth plant of the Standard Oil Company, released from their work. When the hour came for returning home, however, these companies, with the exception of the Singer Company, carried their employes to bus transfer points in their own trucks. The home-bound workers met the rush of commuters from Jersey City and New York and there was much confusion in and around the stations of the Pennsylvania and the Central Railroad of New Jersey for more than an hour. It was said that regulation of bus traffic would be greatly improved at Elizabeth today.

No Move Yet for Arbitration.

It was said at the Public Service Company's offices in Newark that no move toward arbitration of the strike was on foot so far as officials knew, and that none was contemplated in any quarter. The strikers will meet again at 11 o'clock this morning at the Laurel Gardens in Springfield Avenue, Newark.

Commissioner Grover A. Whalen of the Department of Plant and Structures said last night that he had no control over the bus drivers of the department, who own their own machines. He said many of them had sought permission to go over to aid the Jersey transportation situation and that since this was a slack season on bus lines permission readily had been granted in each case. No definite check upon the number of bus operators who sought this permission was kept and as a result Mr. Whalen had no idea of the number of buses which went to New Jersey. Frederick Bowers, Bus Traffic Supervisor, said that the number, however, was sufficient to impair handling of traffic here.

In Bergen County the North Jersey Rapid Transit Company's line between the Broadway Bridge at Fairview Point and Sufferns, N. Y., touching Ridgewood, Hohokus, Allendale, Ramsey and Mahwah was in operation. This is one of the few independent lines in New Jersey, but as it connects with the Hudson River line of the Public Service Corporation near Paterson it, like it as well have abandoned its service, as the traffic was next to nothing.

So far as Hackensack was concerned the strike proved a boon to the thousands persons living on the Hudson River line, who daily commute to New York by way of the Edgewater Ferry for 125th Street. A bus service was established between Hackensack and Englewood that touched most of the affected points.

Four bus routes were established throughout Bergen County. Predictions reported that the lack of trolley service had been fair, as much out of town trade reached the city on trolleys.

Several other counties are affected by the strike. The longest strike on the system was in March, 1919, and ended when the men were granted an increase of 10 per cent. in wages. At that time 9,000 men were involved, less than half the number now on strike. The men now demand a 15 per cent. increase or their present pay for 8½ hours, and also improvement in their working conditions, including one day off in eight days.

MURDERESS RECEIVES SOVIET LENIENCY

Anna Sokovikof, Who Slew Her Husband, Gets Four Years—Son Gets Two Years.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, Aug. 1.—Only four years' imprisonment for a peasant, Anna Sokovikof, who killed her husband with an axe while he slept, and two years for her 17-year-old son, Michael, who assisted in his father's murder, was the result of a trial which aroused great interest on the part of the Moscow public owing to the strange features of this domestic tragedy.

Nominally both terms of imprisonment were double, but they are reduced half by the amnesty law.

"He treated the family like a despot," was the woman's defense. "He got drunk and beat me and the children. Before the Revolution I bore it, but now this is a free country where no one is a slave to others. So we killed him, my son and I."

With this plea she moved the Judges, despite the evidence of Sokovikof's friends that he was a good husband and father.

After the mother and her eldest son had finished the killing, they put the body in a stove under the eyes of two small children, Mitya and Ilyusha, thirteen and twelve years old respectively. When the body had been sufficiently charred for the blood no longer to run, they cut it up and buried it in a garden.

Months later Mitya related the affair beautifully to a little friend at school who complained that his father beat him because he did his lessons badly. "My father beat me too," he said, "and mummie and my brothers. So we killed him with an axe and burnt him up and now we live happily

TRANSIT MERGER TO BE TRIED AGAIN

Commission Expects to Carry Through Miller Plan Previously Blocked.

TO SURVEY PROPERTIES

State, City and Roads to Be Represented on Joint Boards of Engineers.

The system of unified control of the city's transit facilities, evolved by the Transit Commission shortly after it was created, is to be presented again by the commission, and it was indicated yesterday the B. M. T. and the I. R. T. may be willing to accept it.

The Transit Commissioners will resubmit their comprehensive plan to solve the city's traction problem in the Fall. Hearings will be held with a view to arriving at a reasonable estimate of the value of the two systems. It was a divergence of opinion between the commission's experts and the engineers of the companies that blocked progress when the plan was first offered.

"That plan," declared Transit Commissioner LeRoy Harkness yesterday, "has never been dead. It is the only real solution for New York City's transit problem and when it is put in final shape it will prove exceedingly popular. The staff of the commission has been at work upon it and it will eventually go through."

Grayson M.-P. Murphy, Chairman of the Directors of the Interborough, was approached yesterday relative to the merger of his company with the B. M. T. Mr. Murphy said that his position on the matter was the same as a year ago, when he testified before the Transit Commission.

Murphy Saw Defects in Plan.

At that time Mr. Murphy told the Commissioners that in his opinion their plan was a good one, but that it had some defects. For example, he said, the plan did not provide for a definite appraisal of the property of the companies. It was pointed out yesterday that a series of hearings by the commission, as contemplated for the Fall, probably would iron out this difficulty, without, however, yielding to the company's idea of the value of their systems nor arbitrarily insisting on the preliminary valuation arrived at by the Transit appraisers. Since that conditions, it was explained, may have altered the viewpoints of both sides in the light of the admitted necessity for subordinating everything to public service.

Gerhard M. Dahl, Chairman of the B. M. T. Directors, said that he preferred not to comment on the plan without further time to consider it. Mr. Dahl, however, did say that his company was glad at any time to consider sympathetically any plan that might improve the general transit situation of the community.

General Survey Arranged.

Whether or not the survey eventually would enter into the consideration of the unified system could not be ascertained, but announcement was made yesterday by the Transit Commission that an agreement had been reached for the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, in conjunction with the General Electric Company, to undertake a complete survey of the B. M. T. and I. R. T. equipment.

"Some weeks ago," said the announcement, "at the suggestion of the Transit Commission, the Interborough and the B. M. T., made arrangements with the General Electric Company and the Westinghouse Electric Company for a survey of their equipment.

"In the course of the subway conferences, Commissioner John H. Delaney asked the Transit Commission if it could be arranged to have Dr. George F. Swain, Chief Consultant of the Committee on Transportation of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, take part in such examination. The Commissioners suggested to Commissioner Delaney that it might be better to let the present survey continue and to have a broader survey to cover not only the equipment but also the structures, and to make such examination a joint one to be participated in by representatives of the Board of Estimate Committee, the Transit Commission, the Interborough and the B. M. T. Commissioner Delaney accepted this suggestion and the matter was then taken up by the Transit Commission with Colonel Grayson, M. P. Murphy and Gerhard M. Dahl, who evidenced a fine spirit of co-operation.

"Arrangements have, therefore, been completed for the joint board, one to survey the Interborough properties and the other the B. M. T. properties. The Transit Commission's representative will be Robert H. Ridgway, chief engineer, with whom will be associated on equipment matters the Commissioner's regular consultant, George Gibbs. The Board of Estimate's committee has designated Dr. George F. Swain; the Interborough has designated its chief engineer, George H. Pegram, and the B. M. T. has designated Eugene Klapp of the firm of Parsons, Klapp, Brinckerhoff & Douglas on matters relating to structures, and its Superintendent of Equipment, H. D. Gove, on matters relating to equipment.

"The Commission has asked Mr. Ridgway to call these joint boards together at the earliest practical time to lay out the scope and method of the examination, which all concerned desire to have most thorough and complete."

When the plan was first offered the companies were distheclined to accept it, but it was explained yesterday, men with different ideas have been taken into the directorates of both companies and the idea of participation in a solution of the transit problems of the people has been put to the fore.

Mayor to Name Three Members.

The consolidated systems, under the plan, would be controlled by a board of seven members, to direct financial supervision and constitute the directorate of the principal holding company. Three of the seven members are to be selected by the various operating companies; three are to be chosen by the Mayor and the seventh is to be elected by the vote of the six.

When the Transit Commission put forward its plan, the Mayor opposed it bitterly. It was said yesterday that a reiteration of his previous stand was expected, but it was pointed out that if the commission and the companies come to an agreement and the Mayor delays or refuses to designate three members to the controlling board, the members can be selected by the Transit Commission. The law forming the Transit Commission provided that in such an eventuality, the commission could serve notice on the Mayor that failure to act within a specified period would force the commission to make the appointments.

The unified control plan of the Transit Commission is similar in many respects to that advocated by Commissioner Delaney when he was Commissioner of Transit Construction in the first administration of Governor Smith. Mr. Delaney, now head of the Municipal Transit Bureau, is regarded as Mayor Hylan's chief source of transit information.

One of the outstanding features of the commission's plan, from the public viewpoint, is that it provides for the exchange of transfers between all types of transit. The system will be privately operated, with the city's three representatives having a voice in the operation, and eventually will be municipally owned. One provision of the plan is that the fare shall remain at 5 cents for a ride, or a token, and is to be always regulated by a barometric fund, formed to see that the fare and expenses of operation keep reasonable pace. Advocates of the plan of unification contend that the economies of operation which will be obtained will make a higher fare unnecessary at any time.

It was admitted yesterday that the corporations and the Transit Commissioner were far apart on values of the property involved. When the plan was broached, the Bureau of Valuation of the Transit Commission declared that the value of the properties involved was, roundly, $485,000,000. The companies, including items which the Transit Commission appraisers had not included, estimated the value of their holdings figured a total between $700,000,000 and $800,000,000. Although the Transit Commissioners did not say that their preliminary estimate was a final one, the progress of the plan was checked. Negotiations, it was said yesterday, were under way to arrive at a compromise figure.

THE FARMER IS KING IN MONEYLESS GERMANY

Their Barn Lofts Are Their Best Banks, They Tell Cuno When He Offers "Gold Loan."

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BERLIN, Aug. 1.—The German farmer is king of the day in Germany. He it is who dictates the prices, and, even if he is paid in marks for his grain, the prices are higher than those obtainable by the Illinois farmer in the Chicago Corn Exchange, as a careful study of quotations shows.

During the last week, in fact, the German farmer has had at the least an advantage of 25 per cent. over the Chicagoan, but today the advantage is fluctuating between 5 and 10 per cent. A bushel of maize is quoted in Berlin at 108 cents and in Chicago at 89. A bushel of wheat brings more than a dollar in Berlin and less than a dollar in Chicago, while a bushel of rye brings 68 cents in Berlin prices, thus keeping ahead of the drop in the value of the mark. The only point of disadvantage to the Germain grain grower is the smaller size of his estates and consequently of the amount of grain he can produce.

"The corn loft and the pigsty are our savings bank," representative agriculturists truculently replied to Chancellor Cuno's eulogy of the Government's new financial plans for a gold loan. Finally, however, they gave approval to the gold loan plan in the name of the farmers, at the same time informing the Chancellor that the farmers were not in the least worried about the future.

But the population that is forced to pay the prices dictated by the farmers is very much worried. The price to those underneath, despite Government subsidies, has been increased three times in seven days, Government subsidies failing to improve conditions, as they must be paid through taxes or printing presses. The price of a loaf of bread, which is a soggy combination of potatoes and dark and mysterious flours, with only a small percentage of real rye or wheat flour, is today 64,000 marks, or the equivalent of four hours' work for the full paid, trained average worker.

The breach between Berlin City and the country population is widening. The disproportionate profits made by the farmers and the taxes they are paying are arousing strong resentment in the country. Big groups are accusing the farmers of exploiting the situation and weakening German power of resistance in the Ruhr since, as the Vorwaerts, which remains one of the strongest supporters of passive resistance in the Ruhr, puts it: "Hunger sows dissatisfaction and breeds uprisings."

TAMMANY MAN JOINS DRIVE FOR SUBWAYS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

committee was elected as follows: Alrick Man, George Meyer, Dr. Abbott C. Combs, Walter I. Willis, Joseph A. Burton, George H. Willcockson and John N. Booth.

14,637 New Signers.

Frank D. Waterman, Chairman of the Committee of 1,000, said that yesterday's mail brought in 14,637 new names on petitions asking the Mayor and the Board of Estimate to "dig, and dig at once." This brought the total of volunteer signers up to 56,409. Active solicitation is to start in a few days and then, in the opinion of the officials, the signatures will roll in numbers greatly increased.

While the committee was busy, Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Piant and Structures, continued preparations to round up 1,000,000 names in behalf of the Mayor's plan. For like with this, Chief Inspector William J. Lahey summoned all police commanders to headquarters and then told the Inspectors, Deputy Inspectors and Captains that Commissioner Enright wished to address them in the trial room. The Commissioner told the police executives that the 12,000 members of the force, starting out on duty this morning, should carry with them three copies of the Mayor's bus petition. The policemen, including detectives and members of the Traffic Squad, are to canvass signatures.

In the course of the day the Mayor and Chairman Waterman issued communications on the transit problem. The Mayor's statement was in the form of a letter to Arthur S. Tuttle, Chief Examiner of the Board of Estimate, and in it the Mayor charged that a girl had been threatened with discharge by a New York firm because she refused to sign one of the petitions issued by the Committee of 1,000. The Mayor suppressed the name of the girl and her employer "for obvious reasons." Chairman Waterman challenged him to make the names public, promising a job to the girl and denunciation to the employer. The Mayor's letter said in part:

Mayor Thanks Tuttle.

"As you say, there is no warrant for the agitation of the Merchants' Association and the public press in an effort to accelerate the construction of the Brooklyn crosstown and Washington Heights subways. Both these routes were agreed upon, for the most part, by the members of your committee and the Transit Commission a considerable time before the belated clamor of the Merchants' Association.

"Though the people of this city know that both these routes are included in the city's comprehensive plan and were approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment two months ago with the understanding that they should provide connections only with such existing lines as are recapturable by the city, it is well that you have pointed out this fact in your official communication. All of the traction newspapers have made no mention or have soft-pedaled this undeniable fact about the status of the proposed construction of the two subways being agitated by the 'Merchants' Association.' The New York American, The Evening Journal and THE NEW YORK TIMES are the only newspapers in this city which have tried to present the issues in the present transit controversy fairly and squarely.

"The New York Herald this morning devotes much space to a story regarding the placards which have been placed in the subways by the Committee of One Thousand. These placards are a call to the subway riders to sign the Fountain-Pen Petition. They are placed on city subway property without leave of the city and without compensation to the people of this city who own that property.

"These placards might very well read: 'We, the private operators of your subways, are out for lots of easy money. We know you good people put $300,000,000 into the subways and have to dig down for $10,000,000 a year in addition. But we have large financial appetites. We need the wealth of Golconda to appease our appetites. We are going to get what we are after.

Gibes at Posters.

"Did you see our request to the Transit Commission to take off more trains? How do you like that? Not so good, eh? The Transit Commission has been pretty good to us and we hope to get away with it. You know the Transit Commission permitted the stopping of sufficient service on the street cars and has driven into the subways a lot more company for you good people. When we take off a few more subway trains you will be slammed and jammed into the cars worse than you ever were before. You had better carry identification cards with you so that your people at home will know you and the dog won't bite you when you get over a trip in our sweat boxes. That will make you hot, won't it?

"Our tip to you is to agree to the suggestion of the Merchants' Association for building only such subways as will not hike up with the cars which the city can take over. That is good stuff. We private operators of your subway all vote "aye" on that. Did you see Waterman's smile when he suggested it? If you agree to this suggestion, you will know what that smile means. You will dance a few more steps when we crack the traction whip.

"'You know that we stopped your emergency buses that gave you needed transportation at a 5-cent fare. If you want any kind of bus service you had better give the $50,000,000 bus franchises to ourselves or our friends, and at the same time give up hope of riding in the buses at a 5-cent fare.

"'Our words may seem a little rough but it has the approval of the Merchants' Association, the newspapers which we control, and some eminently respectable gentlemen who are in our hands as clay in the hands of the potter.

"'Come, good people, sign the fountain pen petition. We need the money. We are out at the elbows.

"'P. S.—If you believe our bunk, you will believe that the moon is made of green cheese.'"

Reply to the Mayor.

The reply of the committee came promptly from Mr. Waterman.

"In his letter to Engineer Tuttle, Mayor Hylan stated yesterday that 'there is no warrant for the agitation to accelerate the construction of the Brooklyn Crosstown and Washington Heights subway,'" said Mr. Waterman. "He intimates that the public should have been satisfied with the fact that conferences have been held about these two lines for over a year. But that is precisely the reason why the Committee of One Thousand is urging the Mayor to stop the conferences and start digging.

"If Mayor Hylan wants to know what warrant the people of this city have for asking him to dig subways, here are ten reasons why the people in this town are getting up on their hind legs and yelling for action:

"1. The people of New York have been waiting for these two subways for eighteen years—since 1905, in fact, when they were first suggested. And digging has not yet started.

"2. A year ago last May Mayor Hylan put out a general plan for $1,000,000,000 worth of new subways. And, to date, the Mayor hasn't authorized 10 cents for actual digging. And digging has not yet started.

"3. The proposed new Washington Heights line in Manhattan was submitted to Mayor Hylan by the Transit Commission for approval in October, 1922, and was disapproved by him on Nov. 6, 1922. And, the Mayor did not start digging.

"4. The same route, amended to conform exactly to the Mayor's plan, was submitted to the Mayor by the Transit Commission on May 15, 1923. On July 6, 1923, the Mayor deferred consideration of the route for another sixty days. And, again, the Mayor did not start digging.

"5. The Brooklyn crosstown subway was approved by the old Board of Rapid Transit Commissioners in 1905 and was finally approved by the Board of Estimate on July 30, 1914. But, the matter stopped there and this did not get digging started.

"6. On Oct. 8, 1913, Mayor Hylan appeared before the Public Service Commission and stated that the people of Greenpoint and the Eastern District will be glad when this subway is built. We hope the commission will not alone put it on the map, but that as soon as possible the work will be started.' But today, ten years later, the Mayor has not yet started digging.

"7. In that same testimony Mayor Hylan said in 1913: 'We hope the commission will go right along and in the very near future the people of Greenpoint and the Eastern District section, Astoria, and those other sections so much in need of friends, will have the privilege of riding on the subway line.' Those sections have not yet had this privilege because the Mayor has not yet started digging.

"8. When they laid out the Seventh Avenue subway back in 1913 they planned to extend it uptown to Washington Heights. That was ten years ago. Mayor Hylan has been Mayor for five and a half years and he has not yet started digging.

"9. On Aug. 1, 1922, the Transit Commission submitted this route again to Mayor Hylan and it was disapproved by him on Nov. 10, 1922, and, again, the Mayor did not start digging.

"10. The route was then amended to conform exactly to the Mayor's general plan. It was resubmitted on May 15, 1923, and on July 10 the Mayor deferred consideration for another sixty days. And, again, the Mayor did not start digging.

"If this long history of discouragements and disappointments does not warrant the straphangers of New York in asking the Mayor to stop talking and start digging, what in the world would warrant it?

Says "Ad" Was Paid For.

"There are two other points in Mayor Hylan's letter to Engineer Tuttle which deserve an answer:

"He states that the advertisements in the subway put out by the Merchants' Association and the Committee of One Thousand have been placed on the city subway property without leave of the city and without compensation to the people of the city who own that property. This is absolutely, if not deliberately, false.

"The subway advertisement which is appearing in the subway this week has been paid for by the Merchants' Association and each advertisement states this fact distinctly. The advertisement was placed through a regular advertising agency and the Merchants' Association is paying for these cards at the same rate that every other subway advertiser is paying.

"In the next place the Mayor states that his attention has been called to the case of a girl who lost her position because she refused to sign the subway petition, which her employer asked her to sign. The Mayor says that for 'obvious reasons' he withholds the name of the employer and of the girl who lost her position.

"If it is true that this incident actually happened, Mayor Hylan has no right to withhold the name. In the first place, if the Mayor will give me the name of the girl whom he alleges lost her job, I will be glad to see that she gets a better position than the one she lost. In the second place, if any employer in this city is contemptible enough to use his official position to force his employes to sign anything that they do not want to sign, that man should be publicly exposed. The name of that every decent man can despise him.

"Furthermore, if Mayor Hylan will give me the name of this mysterious employer I will have the petition which he signed checked up and send it back to him with a statement from our committee doesn't want any petition which was secured in this manner.

"It is, however, a matter of common knowledge that Mayor Hylan is compelling the city employes who depend on the Mayor's favor for their positions to circulate the Mayor's own petitions.

"May I ask the Mayor whether any city employes who refuse to sign the Mayor's petition are in danger of losing their jobs?

"The Mayor's Chief Engineer, Mr. Tuttle, states in a letter to the Mayor, made public this morning, that the Mayor's Transit Committee and the Transit Commission are in agreement as to the desirability of the two new subways which the people of this city want built at once.

Quotes From Petition.

"We hoped that this was so when the subway petition was prepared and if Mr. Tuttle will examine our petition he will see that one paragraph reads as follows:

"We understand that you (the Mayor) and the Transit Commission are practically agreed that these two lines should be constructed to afford relief, but that differences of opinion as to their operation have caused you to withhold approval and funds.

"I want to give full credit to the good work of the engineers of the Transit Commission and to Commissioner Delaney and his engineers, who have been working for years to get subways started. The trouble thus far has been not with the engineers, but with the Mayor and the Board of Estimate, who have failed to approve the routes and plans prepared by the engineers.

"If Mayor Hylan will do his part, I am sure we can rely upon Commissioner Delaney and his engineers to do their part. I will make it my plan to the Mayor that his fears that this subway petition is being put out to help the traction interests are absolutely without foundation. The fact that petitions are pouring in on us faster than we can handle them should indicate to him that the petitions simply voice the underlying hopes and desires of the average hard-working subway rider.

"I can give no better proof to the Mayor that this is so than to make public a letter just received from the Central Trades and Labor Council of the City of New York, who were invited to name their representative on the Executive Committee of the Committee of One Thousand. The invitation to join in this movement was extended to the Central Trades and Labor Council by Lewis H. Pierson, when the committee was originally formed and the reply to Mr. Pierson, signed by J. F. Coughlin, member of the Executive Council of the Central Trades and Labor Council, and Acting Secretary, read as follows:

"'My dear Mr. Pierson—I have your favor of the 26th instant, and have placed the same before our Executive Committee at its meeting held last evening. In reply to your favor I am instructed by them to write you and say that Thomas J. Curtis, International President of the Tunnel and Subway Constructors' Union, whose office is at 126 Lexington Avenue, New York City, has been selected for the Executive Committee of the Committee of One Thousand. Permit me to thank you for your invitation for our organization to serve, and expressing the hope that the conditions complained of will be relieved.'

"In the light of the official action of the Central Trades and Labor Council, and the hope expressed on behalf of the workmen of the city that present subway crowding will be relieved, does Mayor Hylan still think that the Committee of One Thousand is working for anybody but the people?"

Join Committee of 1,000.

Additional members of the Committee of One Thousand made public yesterday were:

S. R. Benjamin, President Benjamin, Hastings & Miner, Inc., insurance, 110 William Street.

Thomas J. Watson, President and General Manager Computing-Tabulating-Recording Company, tabulating and sorting machines, time clocks, recording devices, computing scales, 50 Broad Street.

Isidor S. Schweitzer, Nathan Schweitzer Co., Inc., poultry, game and meat specialties, 407 West Fourteenth Street.

E. E. Olcott, President Hudson River Day Line, Hudson River steamers, Debrosses Street Pier.

L. L. Strauss, electrical advertising, 422 West Forty-second Street.

Jacob Sperber, Jacob Sperber, Inc., coats and suits, 20 West Thirty-third Street.

Alfred J. Rowantree, Rowantree-Schley Company, real estate, insurance, 149 Fifth Avenue.

Alfred W. Martin, 50 East Fifty-eighth Street.

R. L. Ramsdell, Vice President United Cigar Stores Company of America, cigars, 50 West Eighteenth Street.

W. L. Green, Maskins & Sells, certified public accountants, 32 West Thirty-ninth Street.

Philip Schleussner, Secretary the Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Company, manufacturing and importing chemists, 709 Sixth Avenue.

William J. McIlvaine, Andrew Alexander, shoes, 545 Fifth Avenue.

J. F. Montgomery, Deering, Milliken & Co., Inc., dry goods, commission, 79 Leonard Street.

Rudolph Braun, President New York Furniture Exchange Association, Inc., 400 Seventh Avenue.

Leo Salomon, insurance broker, 505 Fifth Avenue.

Marshall H. Duryea, President Nungesser-Dickinson Seed Company, wholesale seed merchants, P. O. Box 202, Trinity Station.

Henry A. Arthur Hoyt, H. Hoyt & Co., management engineers, 40 Rector Street.

A. Keeney Clarke, hosiery, 346 Broadway.

W. J. Berry, President and Treasurer C. H. & E. B. Goldberg, wholesale woodenware and housefurnishings, 585 Hudson Street.

J. M. Heatherton, President The Plumbers' Trade Journal, publishers, 239 West Thirtieth Street.

E. E. Bartlett, President Bartlett-Orr Press, engravers and printers, 61-sth Avenue, Thirty-third to Thirty-fourth Street.

Arthur Denison, wearing apparel, Jay Thorpe, Inc., 26 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Otto A. Samuson, law office, 358 Fifth Avenue.

Simon, Ottinger, Goetz & Ottinger, exclusive dresses for young women, 1 East Thirty-third Street.

Dean Widner, 303 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Arthur C. Wolff, 114 East Twenty-third Street.

Parker Sloane, United States Perro Alloys Corporation, 41 East Forty-second Street.

Walter W. Price, broker, 111 Broadway.

Frederick W. Barker, President F. G. Leather Color Company, Inc., manufacturers of fine colors, 15 Park Row.

D. F. DeBaun, Borden Realty Corporation, Madison Avenue at Forty-fifth Street.

Edward W. Brown, Brown & Shaw, miners and shippers of salt, 23 Broadway.

Parke E. Bell, Patriarchs & Bell, 380 Lexington Avenue.

Herman Behr, President, Herman Behr & Co., Inc., sandpaper, 31 Tiffany Place, Brooklyn.

E. C. Mirth, manager Borden Realty Corporation, Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street.

Lorenzo Daniels, Busk & Daniels, export-import, shipping, 8 Broadway.

Bernard Ris, Secretary U. T. Hungerford Brass and Copper Company, brass, copper, 76 Lafayette Street.

Andrew S. Spinner, Superintendent Plants and Structures, the Children's Aid Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

The Queensboro Chamber of Commerce yesterday notified Mr. Waterman that it endorsed the general principle of the committee's petition that additional transit facilities be constructed without further delay, but the Chamber felt that the committee's petition did not take cognizance of the transit needs of Queens.

PLANS 2 CURRENCIES NOW FOR GERMANY

Cuno Cabinet Proposes Unlimited 'Near Gold' Loan, Scrip to Be Used as Money.

OTHERS PREDICT FAILURE

One Worthless Currency Is Bad Enough, Without Adding Another, They Assert.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—With painful slowness and by devious ways the German Government is striving for all practical purposes to jettison the present paper mark and create a brand-new currency, which, it is hoped, will have a more confidence-inspiring character.

What is being sought is a new basis for currency which will restore confidence without actually adopting a gold basis. Government specialists are now wrestling with the technical points of the problem of how an unlimited "gold loan" on a nominal-dollar value basis can be issued to the credulous German public, the certificates of such a loan to be in such form as to be permissibly available as legal tender and which the holders can employ in transactions involving "gold basis" obligations.

This technical problem has not been solved yet, but sufficient progress has been made to justify informed observers of German frenzied finance reaching the conclusion that the time is not far distant when Germany will have two paper currencies, the present worthless paper and a "near-gold" currency which in the next stage of development will drive out or supersede the present paper mark.

This development is being followed with acute interest by those who were the first to sense it. As a direct result, there was an increased "urge" today to unload large bundles of paper marks by their holders in return for stocks, and this despite the fact that the mark rate stood still today at 1,100,000 to the dollar. Numerous stocks gained from 2,000,000 to 6,000,000 points.

There is grave difference of opinion, however, about the advisability of trying to "put over" a new currency at this time. In the view of one group of German experts, the experiment is much too premature, and therefore is foredoomed to failure. In their opinion, a stable basis for a new currency can only be created after the foreign political situation has clarified, meaning a solution of the Rhine, Ruhr and reparations problems.

As against this conservative reasoning is a diametrically opposed opinion of the extremist opportunist character, harbored in the first place by the Cuno Government, and also finding favor among Socialists, that any palliative is better than nothing and that the mere attempt to "put over" a new currency and call it "gold basis, gold value, or dollar loan," will result in at least a temporary breathing spell.

Food Crisis Passing.

While long queues at the banks for paper money, and at the food shops for butter, lard, potatoes and meat continued in Berlin today, speedy relief is promised for both the hungry and the moneyless.

Food shipments to the capital show signs of increasing, and the Government gives assurance that new potatoes will pour into all the big cities in quantity week after next.

The Reichsbank, too, was able to give hopeful assurance today that beginning on Saturday there will be paper money enough for all comers, but it was still an almost hopeless task to get change for $10 worth of paper marks around Berlin today. By lucky chance, or as a special favor, or against a handsome premium to "bootleggers" one might obtain a few dollars' worth of paper.

The Reichsbank is now issuing one trillion, three hundred and thirty-three billions of paper marks daily, which is more than the grand total of Germany's paper circulation at the beginning of the French Rhur occupation, less than seven months ago. The Reichsbank statement issued today covers the week ending July 25, and it shows that during that week the paper circulation increased by six trillion, three hundred and thirty-three billion marks, making the total thirty-one trillion, eight hundred and twenty-four billion marks now in circulation.

During the same week 40,560,000 gold marks of the Reichsbank's dwindling gold hoard in Berlin was sold, reducing the gold holdings in the official bank in Berlin to 506,819,000, and on deposit abroad 110,032,000 gold marks.

Notes and bills discounted during the week increased by the staggering sum of twelve trillion, fifty-nine billion marks, to a total of fifty-three trillion, two hundred and ninety-three billions. More than nine trillions of the week's increase was represented by discounted treasury notes.

Food Pinch Hits the Ruhr.

DUESSELDORF, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The effects of last week's fall of the mark are beginning to show themselves in a pronounced food shortage throughout the Ruhr. The farmers are refusing to exchange good potatoes for badly depreciated money, and in consequence, potatoes, meat and other staples are almost unobtainable at any price. The farmers simply will not bring to town anything that will keep. This is true not only in the Ruhr, but elsewhere in Germany.

Yesterday, for example, 485 carloads of foodstuffs entered the occupied territory, but not a single carload of potatoes was among the shipments. Both the French and the German authorities are seeking to reassure the growers so that potatoes may be procured, but it is recognized that there is no way of forcing the farmers to sell.

The situation has become so acute that an aggravation of the present shortage, it is felt, would make food riots not improbable.

Printers Strike in Cologne.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLOGNE, Aug. 1.—The lightning strike of printers which occurred in Berlin yesterday was repeated in Cologne this afternoon and no evening newspapers appeared.

The printers, who are badly paid in consequence of the difficulty which newspapers here have found for some time in making both ends meet, are demanding a wage of 3,000,000 marks (less than $3) per week.

REVEAL ALLEGED PLAN FOR RHINELAND STATE

Swiss Papers Give Details of Separatists' Plot for Independent Republic.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

LAUSANNE, Aug. 1.—A secret plan for the establishment of a republic in the Rhineland is published by the most reliable newspapers in Switzerland today.

The plan has just been issued by the staff of Dr. Dortens, Separatist leader, at Bonn, to all Separatist organizations in the Rhine Province, and details step by step the process for setting up this new buffer State between France and Germany. Experienced Swiss observers expect this coup d'état to take place when conditions in Germany become worse.

The Swiss Government is deeply concerned about the future Government of the Rhineland because its traffic along the Rhine becomes of more importance each year and the more Rhine States there are the more difficult it will be.

As a first step Dr. Dortens plans to hand over the office of the Reichs Commissar, or Governor of the Rhineland, to four consuls appointed from among the Separatist leaders. These four consuls will ask recognition from the German Government and from the Allied Rhineland High Commission, but they only expect to receive recognition later.

As soon as they are recognized by the Rhineland Commission they will elect a President of a new republic. The French and Belgian military authority will, it is expected, proclaim a state of siege to avert disorders and prohibit newspapers, public gatherings or chroniculation by the populace at night. Under the protection of these forces the President will proclaim the establishment of a republic and ask for the recognition of all the important nations.

The President will also appoint a commission of twenty members to draw up a constitution which will be promulgated by public posting.

The second step will be to issue letters patent to all citizens who have shown themselves loyal to the republic by their previous acts and to limit the suffrage to this list, which will be gradually extended. The third step will be the appointment of local decemvirates, to govern all the cities and towns.

The secret plan also provides for the creation of a militia, the establishment of a new currency and the expulsion of all Prussian officials. All State offices will be filled by Rhinelanders.

STINNES IS HERO IN A PLAY.

German Author Introduces the Coal King in a Sensational Piece.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—Two months after Kaiser Wilhelm was brought on the Berlin stage by an ambitious young author, it is announced that Germany's coal king, Herr Stinnes, also will be impersonated at a popular theatre in a modern play.

While the Kaiser, however, was the hero of a historical drama, Herr Stinnes is the main character of a sensational, grotesquely written piece by a young author from Hamburg named Bubbenef.

J. F. DULLES ARRIVES ON THE MAJESTIC

Reparations Commissioner Is Pessimistic of France Being Able to Pay Debts.

LINER IS DELAYED BY FOG

Brings $3,000,000 in Gold—Richard B. Mellon of Pittsburgh on Board.

The White Star liner Majestic arrived late yesterday from Southampton and Cherbourg with 653 first, 693 second and 1,062 steerage passengers, 7,400 sacks of mail and $3,000,000 in gold specie for New York banks. Captain Sir Bertram Hayes, D. S. O., R. N. R., the master, said the liner had averaged nearly twenty-four knots on the voyage in spite of the delay caused by the dense fog off Nantucket Tuesday.

Among the passengers was John Foster Dulles, a member of the Reparation Commission who had a pessimistic view as to the ability of France to pay her war debts to the Allies.

"France wants 26,000,000,000 gold marks as reparations from Germany, before she is willing to pay England," he said. "Under these circumstances it is not likely that France will pay as Germany cannot pay, and if France asks for priority payments on reparations then Belgium and England will suffer. The situation in Europe is serious and there is great peril in the case of any break between France and England."

Richard B. Mellon, President of the Mellon National Bank of Pittsburgh, and brother of the Secretary of the Treasury, also returned on the Majestic and said there seemed plenty of employment in France and good crops.

"In France," he added, "they keep unemployment down by turning their surplus laborers into soldiers. In England they pay their surplus labor a dole, so that I can't say there is any particular hardship in either country."

The banker said that England would pay every dollar she owed and France might pay, but that she would drive a hard bargain before doing so.

"See my brother when he returns. He will tell you all about it," Mr. Mellon said.

Thomas Clarke Jr., a member of the Harriman Bank, who was recently divorced from Elsie Ferguson, the actress, returned on the Majestic.

Other passengers on the Majestic were Morris Weinburg, publisher of the New York Day; the Hon. Frederick Guest, former Secretary of Aviation at the British Embassy in Washington; Mrs. A. B. Spreckels, and J. B. Barron, head of the commission appointed by the Government of Palestine to administer the affairs of the Patriarchate of Jerusalem.

East Penn Electric Gains.

The East Penn Electric Company reports gross operating revenue of $228,936 for June, against $166,929 for June, 1922, an increase of 37.1 per cent. After expenses and taxes and reserves for replacements and renewals, the company reports gross income of $62,006, compared with $38,106, a gain of 62.8 per cent. Net income was $35,344, compared with $11,346.

BALDWIN MAY YIELD TO POINCARE'S WISH

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

be entirely in accord with the assertions made in London newspapers that this country's position would be improved in the eyes of the world by fuller publicity. It was agreed that secrecy had to some extent deprived Great Britain of the moral support she might have expected from America and the neutral countries.

Some Sentiment Against a Break.

LONDON, Aug. 1 (Associated Press). Hopeless as the prospect of an agreement with France seems, the probabilities point to another attempt on the part of the Government to achieve such agreement by further negotiations.

How carefully the Government has to proceed before risking an open breach with France was illustrated in the House of Commons tonight. Though Mr. Baldwin's policy has the support of a large section of the country, there is a considerable body of opinion well represented in the Government against any break with France. The House was tonight discussing the grave unemployment problem, and in the course of his remarks, Sir Clement Montague Barlow, Minister of Labor, outlining the various Government plans for relief works, expressed appreciation that the coming winter would be no better than the last in the industrial field, despite the promise of an abundant harvest, and that the ultimate hope depended on the economic and industrial peace of Europe.

Thereupon the former Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Robert S. Horne, exhorted the Government to keep clearly in view the ultimate effect on unemployment of the particular policy it adopted. He proceeded to argue that both Germany and France were likely to be Britain's greatest trade competitors; they were both largely in Britain's debt and were making no efforts to pay those debts.

He contended that if Germany escaped paying reparations she would become the most powerful country in Europe; Germany had not been idle, but had reconstructed the whole of her great industrial organisation. It would be unwise to give her too long a moratorium, which would assist her to become Great Britain's competitor.

Turning to France Sir Robert pointed out her failure to tax herself adequately; in fact, her capital debt was £1,400,000,000 less than the British debt, and her taxation one-half per head of the British, while she had not only reestablished her trade, but had a greater volume of exports and imports than before the war. On the other hand Great Britain was struggling along on about 70 per cent. of her pre-war trade.

Sir Robert S. Horne belongs to the Lloyd George party, whose business it is to call attention to matters of this kind in relation to the Government. But his views reflect those largely held here, especially his warning not to allow Germany to escape her obligations.

Paris Awaits British Move Calmly.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—Paris awaits calmly tomorrow's expected announcement of the British reparation policy. There is not the slightest sign of Premier Poincaré's receding from his position that Germany must cease resistance in the Ruhr before any further steps can be taken, and since Parliament is in vacation he has practically a free hand.

The general expectation here is that Prime Minister Baldwin will seek to continue negotiations with France rather than enter into direct negotiations with Germany after the French refusal to subscribe to his proposed joint allied note to Germany. But whatever London does, Paris feels that the only thing for France to do is to continue the Poincaré policy until the Germans surrender, which the French capital argues may be delayed by the British siding with Germany, but is inevitable nevertheless.

The French are playing for the fall of the Cuno Government and cessation of passive resistance, and many Frenchmen think Berlin is really a more interesting place to watch than London. They argue that England cannot gain much by making up with Berlin because whatever paper arrangement Herr Cuno and Mr. Baldwin might sign would still leave the French in the Ruhr and, they add, oblige them to take severe measures to counteract the effect of the possible British action.

It is the cause they cannot see any direct gain for England that the French do not believe England will try separate negotiations with Germany. It would immensely please the French to have Mr. Baldwin offer to continue the negotiations, for while they have no intention of receding from their position, they believe time works for them and that the weeks spent in talking between London and Paris would benefit their cause in the Ruhr.

Urges Germany Not to Yield.

BERLIN, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—There is no inducement for Germany to surrender in the Ruhr, says Vorwaerts, for capitulation under the terms demanded by France would not yield a single loaf of bread or a potato, but, on the contrary, would cost the Ruhr, the Rhine and Germany dear.

The German Socialist organ expresses the opinion that yielding now would only barricade the way to an understanding with France and destroy all hope of a future peace in Europe.

It demands that France alter her policy toward Germany if she wants to prevent 70,000,000 Germans from putting their last hope on England or the possibility of Anglo-French differences.

Jail Germans for "Listening In."

DUESSELDORF, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Prison sentences ranging up to life imprisonment were imposed upon four Germans by the French court-martial at Werden yesterday for listening in on French military telephone lines by means of secret taps at Dortmund.

Two of the prisoners, Koch and Brauer, were sentenced to hard labor for life; the Governments Commissar Agent Nichus was sent to prison for five years and fined 100,000,000 marks; Captain Studendorf of the Security Police received three years and a similar fine.

Major Zornpoch and Lieutenants Knyton and Kuelle, who fled to unoccupied territory, were sentenced to death by default.

SPEED UP B. M. T. SPUR.

14th Street Line Under East River Expected to Be Ready in 6 Months.

The Brooklyn Manhattan Transit Corporation plans to put the Fourteenth Street spur under the East River into operation within six months, it was said yesterday, in an effort to do what it can toward relieving congestion at the Canal Street station. The new line, not yet fully completed by the city, extends from the B. R. T. Broadway line Union Square station along Fourteenth Street to the river. It comes out in Brooklyn at North Seventh Street.

The branch line has not been completed beyond the Brooklyn riverfront, but the company officials said yesterday that they had decided not to delay longer, pending the completion of the city's contract. Equipment has been ordered, and will be delivered in time for the service to begin within six months. The present plans call for a shuttle service only, and for the du

MEETING PROMISES AT MATURITY

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WHEN MADAM CHOOSES A PARIS DESIGNED, — RUSSEK - DEVELOPED FROCK SHE CHOOSES WISELY, FOR IT IS OBVIOUSLY SMART, CORRECT AND PRACTICAL, — MADE ALL THE MORE WORTHY BY SUBTLE TOUCHES OF RUSSEK INDIVIDUALITY.

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Aristocratic distinction, finest quality, and extraordinary endurance have been characteristic of Crouch & Fitzgerald luggage for over 84 years.

Unexpected Values!

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586 Fifth Avenue above 47th Street 177 Broadway at Cortlandt St.

Liberal! 25% Off Suits and Fall Overcoats

Here are the Spring and Summer Suits and the Fall Overcoats carried from the Spring, all at 25% off regular prices:

[illegible] Suits and Overcoats ..... $[illegible]
[illegible] " " " ..... $[illegible]
[illegible] " " " ..... $[illegible]
[illegible] " " " ..... $[illegible]
[illegible] " " " ..... $[illegible]

C. N. VINCENT, 524-526 Sixth Ave., Bet. 31st and 32d Sts. Closed at 1 P. M. Saturday.

Water Coolers and Filters

Leader Filtration Systems Protect Health. Copper Construction Guarantees Lifelong Service. Quick Installation Saves Ice.

HENRY G. LOEBER CO.
151 East 126th St. New York
Phone Harlem 6000

CUVILLIER CHARGES ENRIGHT WITH LIBEL

Says He Will Sue for $100,000 for Statement That 'I Was Cause' of Policemen's Murder.

ASKS FOR CRIMINAL ACTION

Mayor in New Attacks in Letter to Commissioner—Find Clue to Death Taxi.

Another libel suit is threatened as a result of the feud between Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier and Police Commissioner Enright. Enright attacked the Assemblyman last Tuesday in a letter to Mayor Hylan in connection with Cuvillier's offer of a reward of $1,000 for the capture and conviction of the murderer of Policemen Charles J. Reynolds and Frank A. Romanello last Thursday night from a taxicab at Second Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street.

Cuvillier issued a statement yesterday in which he said that he had directed Martin Conboy, his attorney, to sue Enright for $100,000 "for civil libel for making a statement to the press of New York City that I was the cause of the murder of the two policemen; that the reward of $1,000 I offered was not made in good faith and that it was only cheap advertising on my part."

"I will put up the $1,000 cash right now with any responsible bank or trust company," the statement continued, with a reiteration of previous charges made by the Assemblyman that under Enright's administration the force was disorganized, that there was no discipline, and that if the Police Commissioner "was efficient and knew his duty he would have formulated a standing positive order to have all persons arrested by the police immediately searched for concealed weapons."

Cuvillier also announced that if he gets a verdict against Enright, who already has instituted libel proceedings against the Assemblyman and Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan, he would turn the money over to the police pension fund. He said that he had written to District Attorney Banton to entertain a criminal libel complaint against Enright, and added:

"I shall insist with all my energy that Enright be prosecuted criminally to the fullest extent of the law, as an object lesson that the Hylan contingent cannot go around this town and criminally libel State officers with impunity and get away with it."

Papers Not Yet Prepared.

Cuvillier's attorney said that his client had called him on the telephone in connection with the Enright letter, but that no papers had been prepared for a suit and that he did not know whether he would appear as counsel in the matter.

Mayor Hylan, in a letter to the Commissioner yesterday, said that in complaining of the newspapers, the underworld interests and "Calamity-crier Cuvillier," he had put his finger on "one of the undeniable contributing causes to the death of police officers in this city." The Mayor's letter follows:

CITY OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR,
Aug. 1, 1923.

Richard E. Enright, Esq.,
Police Commissioner, City of New York.

Dear Commissioner: I have your letter of July 31 with regard to the harassing attitude of many of the newspapers, the underworld interests and Calamity-crier Cuvillier. You have put your finger on one of the undeniable contributing causes to the death of police officers in this city.

It is difficult to maintain the morale of a large body of peace officers if such men are constantly subjected to attack by the scum of the earth and those with an axe to grind. Charges of using unnecessary force, or even brutality, in making arrests are gobbled up by the newspaper allies of the vicious interests and circulated with banner headlines, regardless of the truth or falsity of such charges.

This creates a twofold danger. Police officers become more timid about using lawfully vigorous measures in apprehending notorious lawbreakers, while a sense of unwarranted security may be engendered in such lawbreakers. The unfortunate consequences of such a situation are revealed in the recent deliberate murders of two young police officers in this city.

Expects New Attacks.

About a month ago this person Cuvillier, the underworld interests and the mutual friends of both on some of the newspapers started a vicious bombardment of the police. Since that time the traction interests and their newspaper friends, who seem to be fearful that the people will secure buses at a five-cent fare, have been firing broadsides at the municipal administration. Within the next ten days or two weeks the underworld interests and their newspaper friends, as well as some public officials, will, no doubt, renew the attacks upon the Police Department.

This is a very discouraging state of affairs, but what cannot be cured must be endured. Keep up your good work and continue to encourage the rank and file of the police as much as possible. The confidence the men have in you should more than offset the sinister attempts of underworld interests to break down your policy of having the Police Department operated in a manner to afford the best possible protection to all decent people.

The right-thinking people of this city are unquestionably behind you in the progressive policy you have initiated. I am sure that the women of this city sincerely appreciate your successful efforts to stamp out commercialized vice and gambling. Of course, opposed to these will be the gamblers and their ilk who, finding themselves frustrated from pursuing their former avenues of easy money, will leave no stone unturned to hamper your administration.

When we recall the many seamy sides of the social life of this city which existed until a thorough moral cleansing was administered during your incumbency of the police commissionership, it would seem sufficient to warrant the heartiest co-operation for your endeavors from every worth-while element in the community. I regret, however, that this is not so. It is with much reluctance that I say that some of our judges appear to entertain an overmastering dread of newspapers and newspapermen. This may account for their catering to venal representatives of the press almost at every turn and too often against the best interest of the public welfare. When we consider that many of these newspapermen fairly delight to wallow in eddies of slime, to fish out noisome bits of scandal and inevitably carry some contamination away with them, it is plain that such individuals are not worthy counsellors or confidants of those on the bench or in any other public sphere.

Very truly yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

Get Clue in Murder Mystery.

Inspector Coughlin, head of the Detective Division, announced yesterday that a new witness in the investigation of the murders had furnished him with the first three numbers on the license plate of the yellow and black taxicab from which the two policemen were shot and killed by a man who was seated inside the vehicle with a woman. He refused to reveal the identity of the new witness or the conditions under which the numbers were obtained.

He said the license plate on the taxicab began with "064" and that detectives had been searching the records of the Motor Vehicle Bureau of the State Tax Department with a view to tracing the cab. He said also that additional information obtained from the witness revealed that the taxicab was a sedan of the 1921 or 1922 model and had a left-hand drive. The identity of the chauffeur has not been learned.

A silent tribute was paid to the memory of Policeman Reynolds in the Ridgewood Court in the morning when Magistrate Thomas F. Doyle, after he and Assistant District Attorney Nicolas M. Petit had delivered eulogies, directed everybody in the courtroom to stand with head bowed for one minute.

Mr. Petit opened the ceremony with a request to the Magistrate that he be permitted to have his expressions of regrets in the loss of the slain policeman placed in the records. "We court attendants and officers of the law learned to love Reynolds for his fairness to all with whom he came in contact," said the prosecutor.

"This locality has lost a very efficient police officer in the death of Policeman Reynolds," Magistrate Doyle said. "He was beloved by every one connected with this court."

DECLARED LEGALLY DEAD.

Contest Over Estate of Carpenter Who Disappeared Ended by Court.

Surrogate George M. S. Schulz of the Bronx decided yesterday that William J. Devlin of 360 East 165th Street, the Bronx, is legally dead, thus ending a contest over Devlin's $15,000 estate. Margaret C. Murphy, a sister, of 279 West 150th Street, supported by three other sisters, opposed the probation of the will on the ground that the man who was buried in St. John's Cemetery on Long Island as Devlin was someone else.

Devlin, a carpenter, disappeared on April 11, 1922. He was living at the home of the mother of Mrs. Mary A. Ludwig, to whom he expected to be married when the ninety days required before her divorce became absolute had expired. When he left his home he put his watch, wallet and keys on the refrigerator, and his will, life insurance policy and some bank notes in his dresser, although he had a safe deposit box.

On Sept. 17 a body was found in the Harlem River which was identified as that of Devlin by the clothing and a scar on the stomach. The body was buried, but an investigation by the New York Life Insurance Company resulted in it being exhumed on Nov. 1. Medical experts then asserted that measurements showed that the body could not be Devlin's. It was this that led Margaret Murphy to oppose the probation of the will.

Devlin's estate consisted of a life insurance policy for $2,000, a farm in the Adirondacks, and $1,000 in cash. Apparently in view of his approaching marriage to Mrs. Ludwig he made her the sole legatee and executrix of his will, dated Nov. 20, 1920.

MORSE CASE NEARS END.

Defense Closes, and Prosecution Will Conclude Arguments Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—It now appears that the Morse conspiracy case, which has been on trial in Criminal Court No. 1 for fifteen weeks, may possibly go to the jury tomorrow. The defense finished its closing arguments today and the prosecution will conclude tomorrow afternoon. It is probable, however, that Justice Stafford will defer his charge to the jury until Friday.

Judge Nash Rockwood of Rockwood & Lark, New York City, completed the closing arguments for the defense. He spoke four and a half hours. His denunciation of the prosecution and its alleged motives in bringing Charles W. Morse, his three sons and associates to trial was bitter. He used the words "lie," "preposterous," "absurd," "false," "vicious," "surmise" and "suspicion" many times in referring to the indictments and the alleged offenses upon which they are based.

"If Morse and his associates honestly believed that they were financially equipped to do what they undertook to do, they should be acquitted even though they failed after honest efforts," he argued.

15,000 ALIENS HERE ON SIXTEEN LINERS

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

missioner said that the thirty-four Finns who arrived on the Swedish-American liner Drottningholm had been transferred to that ship in mid-ocean from a liner that was taking them to Finland after failing to enter here under the July quota.

Thirty-five Nations Represented.

The liners which arrived yesterday were the Majestic and Adriatic of the White Star; Franconia, Cunard; Columbia, Anchor Line; Rochambeau, French Line; Madonna, Fabre Line; Conte Verde, Lloyd Sabaudo Line; America, United States Line; America, Italian General Navigation Line; Argentina, Consulich Line; Lituania, Baltic-American Line; Bremen, North German Lloyd; Vestris, Lamport and Holt; Orianda, Ward Line; Bergensfjord, Norwegian - American; Drottningholm, Swedish-American Line.

Of the 1,052 steerage passengers on the Majestic who will go to Boston on the liner today 1,000 are Russian Poles.

Sixty-four Portuguese immigrants who arrived from South America on the Lamport and Holt Liner Vestris, were refused admission because the quota for Portugal had been filled by the immigrants who had reached Quarantine earlier yesterday on the Fabre liner Madonna, and the Consulich liner Argentina. Appeals will be made to Washington, it was said, to permit them to land.

There were more than thirty-five nationalities represented by the immigrants who landed yesterday, and some of them spoke such strange tongues that no one so far has been found who can understand them.

Lines Favor Quota Rate Cut.

P. A. S. Franklin, President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, gave out a statement yesterday at his office, 1 Broadway, in which he replied to criticisms made by Commissioner of Immigration Henry H. Curran of the action of steamship companies in bringing more immigrants to New York than Ellis Island could take care of. Mr. Franklin said that the Commissioner's suggestion that Congress reduce the monthly quota from 20 per cent. to 10 per cent., was in line with one he had made in December, 1918.

"There is no difference of opinion between Mr. Curran and the steamship companies," Mr. Franklin said. "We desire to co-operate with him in urging that 10 per cent. be admitted each month instead of twenty per cent.

"The steamship companies are making every effort not to exceed the quotas of immigrants allowed monthly under the law. We have no idea of assuming to direct the policy of the United States regarding immigration. All we can do is our best to regulate the movement of traffic as the law provides. The steamship companies have a registration system by which they control the number of immigrants coming from important countries, but it is impossible to exercise exact control over the quotas of certain smaller countries.

"We suggest that for the next immigration year the quotas be admitted at the rate of 10 per cent. a month, instead of 20 per cent., as at present. This probably would not be as good for the steamship companies as the present system, in certain respects, but it would be the proper way to handle the business. It would avoid much jamming as we have at New York today, when about 15,000 people, mostly aliens, are waiting to land."

ADVERTISEMENT.

How to have Your Ice And save it too—

First be sure that your refrigerator is an *ice-saver* and not an *ice-eater*. Then treat it "kindly." Don't keep bottles of water "in on the ice." The constant opening of the ice-chamber door interferes with the proper circulation of air, lets warm air in, and the ice goes twice as quickly. Don't blanket ice. Then you save ice but not your food. For perfect refrigeration the air must pass over the uncovered ice.

Pure, clean Knickerbocker Ice costs only 3-5 of a cent a pound in Manhattan, Brooklyn and Bronx.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

"G. H. Q." For Loans

BORROWERS on Mortgage on improved real estate in the Greater City recognize us as General Headquarters for Loans.

We lend at the lowest rates, charge the lowest fees and treat applications with promptness and courtesy.

You are cordially invited to consult

100 Broadway ..... New York
26 West 57th Street ..... New York
368 East 149th Street ..... New York
160 Montague Street ..... Brooklyn, N. Y.
161-11 Jamaica Ave. ..... Jamaica, N. Y.

Lawyers Title and Trust Company

"Three Removes are as Bad as a Fire"

Have you ever had to move or rearrange your office? Then you know Ben Franklin was right when he said about furniture—"Three Removes Are As Bad As A Fire."
With ordinary wood and glass office partition, one move is as bad as a fire.
It is nailed together and usually ruined when taken apart.
Telesco Partition is built to be moved.
It has interchangeable units, erected entirely with screws, and because of its extension top it can be made to fit any height ceiling without change or alteration.
Phone for full particulars.

IMPROVED OFFICE PARTITION COMPANY
28 GRAND ST. ELMHURST NEW YORK N.Y.
TELEPHONE NEWTOWN 3400

"Have You Seen the New Buick?"

Price Reduction

THE SEMI-ANNUAL REDUCTION
Includes
ALL BROGUE AND LIGHT WEIGHT PATTERNS
Lasts and patterns exclusively our own design
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Fit any width or height

Milanese Silk Gauntlet Gloves Strap Wrist

$1.95

Fingers with brown inserts

The World's Greatest Leather Stores
626 Fifth Ave.—New York—620 B'way
Boston—145 Tremont Street
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Last Two Days!

Semi-Annual Clothing Event

Choice of Entire Stock

Men's and Young Men's

Suits and Topcoats

$32.50

Suits regularly $35 to $65
Topcoats " $37 to $60

Size range is complete: regulars, longs, stouts and shorts

Due to this exceedingly low price there will be a slight charge for alterations.

FIFTH AVENUE James McCreery & Co. 35TH STREET

Use Fifth Avenue Arcade Entrance

Best & Co.

Fifth Avenue at 35th St.—N. Y.

TODAY *and* FRIDAY

FINAL CLEARANCE of Men's Suits

Smart weaves and patterns, carefully tailored and conservatively styled—reduced because of broken sizes. An opportunity here for an excellent suit, at far below regular prices.

27.50 Originally 36.00 to 42.00	Mixtures Blue Suits English Suits	33.50 Originally 47.00
Broken Sizes	43.50 Originally 52.00 to 67.00	All Sales Final

English Golf Suits, 4-pcs.

37.50 Originally 47.00 to 52.00 - 47.50 Originally 57.00 to 62.00 - 52.50 Originally 67.00 to 72.00

MEN'S SHOP - - - FIFTH FLOOR

MISS GROODY BACK; WONDERS AT 'FUSS'

No Attempt Made to Serve Any Papers in Fuller Case on Her.

READY FOR STAGE WORK

Laughs at Report That Husband, W. F. McGee Sent Her $1,500,000 While Abroad.

Louise Groody, actress and third wife of W. F. McGee, partner in the E. M. Fuller bankrupt brokerage house, arrived home from Europe late yesterday afternoon with her mother, Irene Groody, with whom she will live at 830 Seventh Avenue, during her rehearsals for the Dillingham production "Ta Bouche" in September.

It had been stated that the actress would have a bundle of papers in her possession relating to affairs of the E. M. Fuller firm and that her husband, W. F. McGee had sent her $1,500,000 while she was abroad. When reporters and photographers boarded the White Star liner Majestic at Quarantine, Miss Groody declined to give an interview or to pose for the photographers.

No papers were served upon her by agents of the United States Department of Justice as had been reported would be done after the Majestic arrived at her pier.

The actress said that she and her mother were waiting in the cabin for her young sister Helen and not because they were afraid of any papers being served.

Before leaving the ship, however, Miss Groody posed for the photographers and spoke briefly with the reporters. She said:

"I have nothing to tell you and cannot understand why all this fuss and mystery is being made over my return home to play in Mr. Dillingham's company. I have been stopping chiefly in Paris with my mother, studying singing and music."

"What about the million and a half dollars your husband is said to have given you for spending money?" she was asked.

The actress laughed and replied:

"What money are you talking about? I have never heard of this million and a half."

"Have you any papers connected with the E. M. Fuller concern in your possession that are likely to be seized?"

"I have no papers of any kind except those that relate to my theatrical business. I have nothing to conceal and am quite willing that the Department of Justice agents or any officials look through my baggage."

The actress, a brunette and attractive, wore a blue twill suit with blue coat to match, trimmed with red, and patent leather pumps. Her blue hat fits closely down on the head.

SUPER-CHAUFFEUR HONORED

Flaherty, Who Never Had a Mishap or Broke a Rule, Gets Watch.

Because he never had an accident or violated a traffic rule, William P. Flaherty, a chauffeur, received a platinum watch yesterday from Police Commissioner Enright. The watch was the gift of the owners of the Pennant Taxicab Company by whom Flaherty has been employed for seven years. In presenting the gift, Commissioner Enright told Flaherty he was a "credit to the city."

Flaherty started as a hackman twenty years ago. He lives with his wife and five children at 409 Amsterdam Avenue. One son, Eugene Dewey Flaherty, is secretary to William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury.

WET SHIP PRECEDENT ALLEGED BY BRITISH

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

public in London until after the documents are laid before the members of Parliament, it was announced at the Foreign Office today.

The American Government, as suggested in the note from Secretary Hughes, desires the extension so it can better cope with the illegal traffic in liquor which the present three-mile limit now favors.

On Monday Premier Baldwin stated in Parliament, in answer to a question, that the reason the correspondence was not yet published was that the American Government up to that time objected to the publication. The Foreign Office stated today that the American Government's consent to publish had since been received, but the necessity to lay the documents before the members of Parliament prevented immediate publication.

It was suggested that Secretary Hughes himself might properly disclose the texts.

Say Amendment Changed Situation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Officials of the State Department today exhibited no concern over the so-called "American precedent" for British ships carrying sealed liquor stores cited in the British House of Commons today. The precedent is declared to have been contained in an American note to Spain on American ships' rights in Spanish ports, dealing with the case of the Crescent City, an American steamer which was barred from Havana in 1852.

This case is not regarded as analogous in any way to the sealed liquor store cases, and, furthermore, it is pointed out by officials, that whatever may have happened in 1852, the situation has been greatly changed since by the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution, on the basis of which the Volstead act was framed.

The Supreme Court having held that it is a violation of the Volstead act to bring sealed liquor stores into the United States when intended for beverage uses, the executive branch of the Government, it is contended by officials, has no authority to admit such liquor, in the absence of action by Congress in modification of the Volstead act.

The Crescent City case is well known to students of international law. In September, 1852, the Spanish authorities at Havana, on the arrival at that port of the American mail steamer Crescent City, ordered the Captain to keep William Smith, the purser, on board, and not to permit him to come on shore, on the ground that he had written calumnies against the Captain General of the island.

The Political Secretary of the island subsequently stated that no vessel belonging to the company which owned the Crescent City would be permitted to enter the port of Havana with Smith on board, or with any other person who made use of his position in the line to write abusive articles against the Captain General. The Captain denied that Smith had written or composed any such articles as he was charged with having produced.

The Crescent City returned to Havana in October again having Smith on board as purser and was at once ordered to sea in the teeth of a severe storm. Neither mails nor passengers were permitted to land and the ship was obliged to leave in a gale.

Right to Exclude Purser Unquestioned.

The United States Government, Edward Everett, then being Secretary of State, sent a note to Barringer, the American Minister to Madrid, complaining of the action of the Cuban authorities. The instructions were as follows:

"The President directs that you lose no time in communicating these facts to her Majesty's Government and in expressing his surprise and regret that they should have occurred.

"You will state that this Government does not question the right of every nation to prescribe the conditions on which the vessels of other nations may be admitted into her ports, that, nevertheless, those conditions ought not to conflict with the received usages which regulate the commercial intercourse between civilized nations; that those usages are well known and long established, and no nation can disregard them without just cause of complaint to all other nations whose interests would be affected by their violation."

The right of the Captain General to prohibit the entrance into the island of any person whose presence might be dangerous was not questioned by the American Governor, but it was maintained "that under these circumstances this Government had a right to expect that if the Captain General of the island should see fit to impose new and unusual conditions upon the continuance of these mails, due notice of these conditions would be given to this Government before proceeding to enforce the penalties attached to their non-observance."

French Question Dry Law's Value.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—"Is it worth it," is the comment of the French press on the troubles attending the enforcement of prohibition as revealed by Commissioner Roy A. Haynes in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

"Is it worth while creating diplomatic incidents and provoking an internal political crisis for the sake of prohibition, which has made 4,000,000 drug users and more than doubled the number of deaths from alcoholic poisoning? In making an attempt to kill use alcohol," says Bertrand de Mun in today's Figaro, "the United States seems only to have substituted the Bootleggers' League for the saloons as a factor in national destruction.

"We don't want to interfere in the domestic affairs of the United States," he says, "but we are quite at liberty to regard the results of their efforts with unprejudiced eyes, and again we ask—'Is it worth it?'"

RETURNS SHIP LIQUOR SEIZED IN PACIFIC PORT

Public Health Surgeon Rules French Liner's Stores Medicinal in San Pedro (Cal.) Dispute.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 1.—The first local test of the law prohibiting foreign ships from bringing any liquor into American waters mas made today and resulted in a victory for foreign ship lines.

The French freighter Alaska, en route from Havre to Seattle, put in at San Pedro with 110 bottles of good wines and brandies and twenty-two casks of ordinary white and red wine—bottles for the officers and casks for the crew as prescribed by French law.

Acting on instructions from Washington, C. A. Parker and F. C. Neal, representing the customs and prohibition authorities, attempted to seize the vessel on the ground that i had violated the law by bringing liquor into the port. The captain immediately communicated with Louis Sentos, the French consul.

Mr. Sentos telegraphed the French Ambassador. The latter replied that the matter had been turned over to the Public Health Service. Later, Dr. R. Hetrick, surgeon in charge of the Public Health Service at San Pedro, was empowered by Washingtotn to settle the dispute.

Dr. Hetrick ruled that the liquor was needed for medicinal purposes, and therefore could not be seized. However, it had been seized, and the Collector of Customs, Mr. Schwaebe, declared it would be held, pending a decision over similar seizures in New York.

Dr. Hetrick issued instructions to the port authorities and the liquor was taken back to the ship—amid the cheers of the sailors.

The action is interpreted here to mean that foreign vessels need only comply with the laws of their own country concerning liquor to keep out of trouble with Uncle Sam. The Alaska is the second foreign ship to come into Los Angeles since the dry ship ruling went into effect. The first vessel, a British liner, landed her liquor at the Panama Canal and picket it up there outward bound.

INDICTS 3 EX-DRY OFFICIALS.

Philadelphia Grand Jury Charges Conspiracy and Malfeasance.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—William C. McConnell, former Federal Prohibition Director for Pennsylvania; Albert F. Slater, his former secretary, and Hiram W. Benner, Chief of the Permit Division under McConnell, were today indicted by the Grand Jury on charges of conspiracy and malfeasance in office.

Nine counts were specified in the indictment which charges the defendants with the illegal withdrawal of liquor and the issuance of fraudulent permits. It was the second indictment against the three former officials and the third attempt to prove conspiracy charges against them.

Samuel Singer was also indicted, charged with conspiring with unknown persons to transport liquor illegally.

Henry B. Friedman, Assistant United States District Attorney in charge of the prosecution, said that bench warrants for the defendants would be issued immediately and that further indictments would follow later this month.

Among the fourteen witnesses to testify before the Grand Jury was Edmund Budnitz, former Prohibition Director for Maryland.

The Government offered to the Grand Jury for the new indictments practically the same evidence it presented at the trial at which McConnell and twenty-eight others were acquitted in May on charges of being involved in a gigantic conspiracy for the withdrawal of whisky on alleged fraudulent permits.

ANTI-BAR MOVE SPREADS.

Another Connecticut City Is Ordered to Dismantle Saloon Fixtures.

WATERBURY, Conn., Aug. 1.—State's Attorney Terence F. Carmody served a public warning tonight to all saloon or club proprietors to dismantle their places before Saturday by inserting a paid advertisement in the local papers. The notice ready in part:

"Notice is hereby given that all premises equipped and maintained as saloons wherein intoxicating liquors have been or are being sold, in violation of law, must be dismantled by removal of all bar equipment, screens, partitions, swinging doors and other saloon paraphernalia before Aug. 4."

Failure to heed and obey the notice will be followed by applications for injunctions against the owners of the property.

This action follows a similar course taken in New Haven and Hartford.

The Donchian Oriental Rug Sale almost swept us off our feet

Try as we would to keep the stocks in order, the Rug Gallery soon looked like a battleground—rugs thrown here, there and everywhere, as the great crowd of buyers made an onslaught on the piles. But it was a good-humored crowd, finding prizes at every turn—and they were saying: "Isn't it wonderful!" and "I wouldn't have missed this for the world!" and "I haven't seen such bargains for years!" Today we have the rugs reassorted and we can give better service. It is the entire Donchian wholesale stocks from 878 Broadway, offered at a third to a half under the market—small rugs at $19 to $89; room-size rugs from $156 to $575; hall strips from $35 to $125.

John Wanamaker

Astor Place at Ninth Street *Formerly A. T. Stewart*
Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 *Store Hours: 9 to 5*

From the Founder's Writings

Take in Your Sail and Slow Up Your Speed

and use a long pole to take soundings when your boat signals from the bottom that you are scraping the rocks under the shallow waters.

What madness it is to be pressing your way to arrive in a hurry when danger and stoppage and injury to your property are imminent!

Do not quarrel when the clock strikes the hour of carefulness.

(*Signed*)

John Wanamaker

One Group in the August Furniture Sale Offers

100 Smart Skirts for Women

In a Clearaway Sale

Now $5.95—were $7.95

At the first of the season these skirts sold for as high as $15.

Pleated skirts, straightline skirts, and wrap-around skirts.

Crepe de chine, Canton crepes, sports silks in striped and plaid patterns, wool crepes, flannels and light-weight tweeds—these are the fabrics, and all are excellent qualities.

In white, grays, tans, beiges, navy blue and black.

Sizes: 28 to 36 inch waistbands; 34 to 37 inches in length.

Women's Fashion Salons, Second Floor, Old Building

TONIGHT AT 8 P. M.

Seventh Evening Radio Organ Recital

on the

New Wanamaker Auditorium Organ

Tune in to W.J.Z. at 455 meters

Organ Recital by J. Thurston Noe

PROGRAM

1. Choral et Menuet from Suite Gothique ..... Boellmann
2. Astarte ..... Mildenburg
3. Morning, from Peer Gynt Suite ..... Grieg
4. Evensong ..... Johnston
5. Marche Funebre et Chant Serephique ..... Guilmant
6. To a Wild Rose, from Woodland Sketches ..... Mac Dowell
7. Finale in D major ..... Lemmens

Note: Public not admitted to Auditorium.

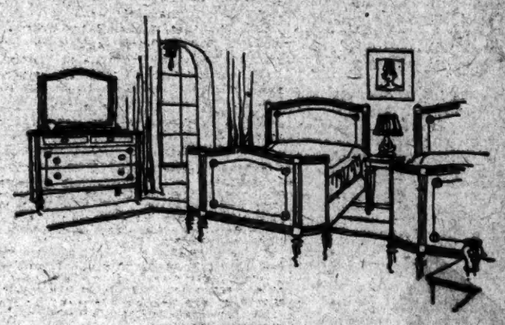
$148,774 of Matched Suites for Bedroom and Dining-room for $109,183—One-third less

This season's latest designs.

Bedroom suites in mahogany, walnut and enamels.

Dining-room suites in mahogany and walnut.

The woods, finishes and construction of this furniture show it to be of the very highest grade.



A $726 Suite for $484

8-piece combination mahogany bedroom suite, Louis XVI. type.

Each Suite One-third Less

Some of the suites are:

$388 for a $518 7-piece two-tone mahogany bedroom suite, Colonial type.

$403 for a $604 8-piece walnut bedroom suite, Italian type.

$433 for a $650 8-piece walnut bedroom suite, Louis XVI. type.

$484 for a $726 8-piece mahogany bedroom suite, Sheraton type.

$498 for a $728 8-piece walnut bedroom suite, Italian type.

$602 for a $908 7-piece walnut bedroom suite, Louis XVI. type.

$471 for a $707 10-piece walnut dining-room suite, Jacobean type.

$490 for a $735 10-piece oak dining-room suite, English type.

$776 for a $1,164 10-piece walnut dining-room suite, Jacobean type.

$885 for a $1,015 10-piece walnut dining-room suite, Italian type.

Sixth Gallery, New Building

The first sale of its magnitude

390 Knitted Sports Frocks

in this season's smartest models

$15 *Our $49.50 grade*

$19.75 *Our $75 and $89.50 grades*

The sale last week was a great success. In that there were but 60 frocks, all we could get at that time at the low price. Every frock was sold by 11 o'clock, and most of our out-of-town customers were disappointed. When we told our story to the maker he was so pleased that he immediately offered us his entire line instead of waiting for his customary clearance.

Nearly all are of fibre silk

though there are a few woolen frocks included. Many charming models for women of all sizes. Exquisite patterns woven or embroidered in a great many of the frocks, others in plain stitch. The colors, too, are beautiful!

Women's Sports Shop, First Floor, Old Building

THE DOWNSTAIRS STORE

Lower Prices for Standard Qualities

1,000 Sweaters of Imported Mohair, $3.95

Fine soft mohair forms the body of the sweater. Over it run patterns worked out in fibre silk of contrasting or harmonizing color. White, gray, green, blue, tan or black offer stunning designs.

Sleeveless sweaters; sweaters with sleeves; trim jacquettes that tie at the side. And in sizes from 36 to 44.

Downstairs Store, Old and New Building.

A Clearaway at Half!

350 Coats and Capes, $10

Earlier in the season these coats and capes have sold in our own stocks at $20 and $22.50. Now they are to go out at $10—a fine opportunity for you on Thursday morning.

Flat crepe capes and jacquard silk crepe coats are lined with fine silk. Stunning over-plaids in coats, which are of all-wool fabrics. *Women's sizes.* Downstairs Store, Old Building

2,500 pairs

Women's White Shoes $1.65

The maker made too many pairs, and had to dispose of the surplus in a hurry.

All are of white canvas—some are trimmed with patent leather, with blue kidskin, or with green kidskin. Strap pumps, every one, in a variety of models. B, C or D width, in most sizes.

Downstairs Store, New Building

BELMAISON Interior Decoration

Successful Chairs At August Sale Prices

Belmaison has long been noted for its individual chairs. Most of them are copies of fine old pieces, others have been adapted from old designs.

These are included in the Wanamaker August Sale of Furniture at, at least, ten per cent. less than the usual prices. All these listed here are great favorites. The Normandy is the only one that is not completely over-stuffed. All are beautifully proportioned.

Salem wing chair, in chints, was $180, now $160; in muslin, was $160, now $144.

Dorset chair, in chints, was $45, now $40.

Newton chair, in taupe velvet, was $55, now $45.

Normandy chair, in glazed chintz, was $90, now $83; in muslin, was $80, now $72.

Charles chair, in embroidered linen, was $250, now $200; in muslin, was $139, now $125.

Tuxedo chair, blue silk damask, was $150, now $130; in muslin, was $107, now $96.

Lynn tub chair, in chints, was $170, now $150; in muslin, was $160, now $144.

Fourth Gallery, New Building

The smartest dressmakers never tire of

Crepe-Back Satin

Paris loves it, too, and continues to use it in many of her important models.

For daytime frocks, of course, but this new quality is especially beautiful for evening frocks. The back has a dull crepey finish; the satin is softer and has more shimmer than most satins.

$4 yard

In exquisite shades of rose, pink, greens, blues, yellow, gray, tans and browns, and in black, white and navy blue. 40 inches wide.

Silk Rotunda, Street Floor, Old Building

Silk Umbrellas Re-covered, $4.35

which is 25 per cent. less than our usual charge

All you need do is fill out this blank and send it to us.

John Wanamaker,
New York,

Please send for umbrella to be covered in ..... silk. (Black, navy blue, brown, green, garnet or purple.)

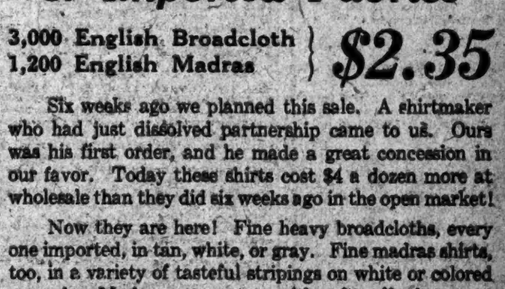
Deliver C. O. D.
Deliver Charge.

Name .....

Address .....

Street Floor, Old Building

WANAMAKER SHOPS FOR MEN



4,200 Fine Shirts of Imported Fabrics

3,000 English Broadcloth
1,200 English Madras } $2.35

Six weeks ago we planned this sale. A shirtmaker who had just dissolved partnership came to us. Ours was his first order, and he made a great concession in our favor. Today these shirts cost $4 a dozen more at wholesale than they did six weeks ago in the open market!

Now they are here! Fine heavy broadcloths, every one imported, in tan, white, or gray. Fine madras shirts, too, in a variety of tasteful stripings on white or colored grounds. Made our way, too, with soft cuffs that meet evenly; buttonholes that are a joy instead of a ravelling nuisance; center-pleated bosom, and correctly sized neckbands and sleeves.

Sizes range from 14 to 17, and sleeve lengths are 33, 34, 35.

Street Floor, New Building

* * *

Fitting the Mind as Well as the Body with a

Made-to-measure Suit

$34.50

$40, $45 and $50 grades

Yes, and one is as important as the other. In this sale of suits your mind *is* fitted. You choose a fabric that pleases you, that will make you look well, feel well, and act well.

That fits your mind. Then the suit is fitted to your body—fitted so that you never bother about it. That rests your mind, too.

Did we mention that your purse is fitted, also?

Broadway, cor. Eighth

SPECIALIZED SERVICE • STREET FLOOR

BRITAIN BACKSLID, DECLARES DIMNET

French Canon Says She Displaced Moral Issues for Economic Gain After War.

KERR TALKS ON PROHIBITION

Suggests to Politics Institute That It Takes a Place as Cause of Conflict.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 1.—Accusing Great Britain of displacing moral issues with economic purposes in her international relations since the war, Canon Ernest Dimnet of Paris, who is interpreting the French viewpoint in a series of lectures at the Institute of Politics, tonight condemned Britain for her alleged policy "to side with Germany much more frequently than she sided with France."

The reason why England has acted as she has toward France and Germany since 1920, he declared, was the belief of English public opinion that a reduction of the German reparations was the only way to enable Germany to become a profitable customer of England again and to prevent her from underselling English goods in the foreign markets.

Pointing out that one section of public opinion in Great Britain had demanded the settlement of the reparations issue without regard for French demands, and the violent ejection of France from the Ruhr, Canon Dimnet asserted that it would be suicide for France to make all the sacrifices that have been asked of her, and that she must insist upon her rights.

Instead of considering Germany the rock upon which the new Europe should be built, he said, the world should understand that the rehabilitation of Germany and the commercial future of Britain both depend upon the assurance of the financial future of France.

Prohibition as a possible cause of future wars between the United States and "wet" countries was brought up by Philip Henry Kerr of London, former secretary of David Lloyd George, at the opening conference on "The British Commonwealth of Nations and International Problems."

Mr. Kerr, who heads this conference, said that the different opinions held by different peoples about progress had been the cause of many wars throughout the history of the world. He thought that the Ten Commandments and the Sermon on the Mount had caused more wars than anything else, because of controversies as to how they should be applied. The same might be true of prohibition. This was one of the reasons, he said, why he had no sympathy with people who thought it would be an easy matter to end war.

Addressing a large audience of diplomats, educators, statesmen and others in Chapin Hall, Canon Dimnet said in part:

"I shall speak of the events which have changed the minds of men on the subject of the treaty. Where did it take place at first? In England, where there was a complete reversal of the attitude general at the time the treaty was signed.

"England did not wish for war. Even the entente cordiale would not have been enough to make her join in 1914. It took the invasion of Belgium to decide her but she had a quarrel with Germany which the celebrated article of Mr. Balfour's, published in 1912, makes clear.

"This was the tremendous increase of the German shipping and of German colonization. England refused to make peace in 1917 because her war aims had not been attained. She went on with a sturdiness which secured for her what seemed to be the everlasting hatred of Germany. But when the end came, it seemed as if the German navy and the German colonies were enough for her.

"The labor party, as usual consisting of Free Traders, had a great influence over Mr. Lloyd George. Under this influence he would feel like showing himself moderate toward Germany. This mood is clearly recorded in his often quoted note of March 26, 1912, to the Supreme Council.

"But he also felt other influences. During the electioneering campaign of 1918 he tried to outstrip the Northcliffe press in violent patriotism. 'Hang the Kaiser' and 'search the pockets of the Germans for the last farthing' were his slogans. He, or his delegates, at the peace negotiations were just as radical with respect to reparations. The highest figure to be demanded of Germany was not named by a Frenchman, but by Lord Cunliffe, President of the Bank of England. The inclusion of pensions in the reparations bill was also the work, not of a Frenchman, but of the Australian Premier, Hughes, and, strangely enough, of that same General Smuts who, when the treaty was signed, protested against what he called its injustice.

Says Britain Fixed Treaty Figures.

"The tone of the Peace Conference during the months preceding the treaty was set by the English press, and the figures finally included in the treaty were fixed by British experts.

"These facts are of enormous importance. They account for the implicit confidence of France in the future of the treaty as guaranteed by Britain. They account especially for the facility with which Clemenceau gave up his claims to substantial protection on the Rhine against the promise of a security pact.

"When M. Millerand pointed out that the treaty seemed to him to contain nothing but promises, Clemenceau admitted this and merely said: 'It is true that the treaty will be useless unless the union of the Allies perseveres.' So the treaty was signed and France began to rebuild her Northern Provinces and England began to rebuild her trade.

"Almost immediately England found herself before the unemployment problem. Nations impoverished by the war and finding themselves in the presence of an adverse exchange, could not buy from England as they used to do. The delivery to Britain of German boats diminished the chances of work in the shipping yards.

"In time a member of the British Cabinet, Mr. Amery, discovered and stated publicly that the number of unemployed, 1,400,000, coincided exactly with the number of British subjects who had been prevented by the war from emigrating.

"Far be it from me to say that England is niggardly. She showed the contrary many times during the war. But the woolsack on which the Speaker of the House of Commons is still seated recalls to the members of the House the necessity in which England finds herself to trade.

Tells of Moves for Reparations Cut.

"Very promptly England began to say: 'We, too, have our devastated regions; namely, the industrial regions in Lancashire.' Besides this vision of a dead or dying industry arose another—the restoration of Europe.

"In a few months most Englishmen, under the influence of the press, thought that it was imperative to restore Germany by rehabilitating her currency. In that way the Germans could once more buy from England and would not be in a position to undersell her in foreign markets.

"How could this be done? Only by reducing the reparations which Germany was expected to pay and by giving her the chance of enriching herself again. Hence the attitude of England in the allied conferences since 1920. Hence her attitude in the fight over Silesia. Do you realize what a complete departure this was from the line England had followed at the time of the treaty and how difficult it was for the French to understand the change? Once more it was that substitution of 'economism' for moral issues which Count Kessler in his first lecture set down as one of the great causes of war. Gradually the British point of view developed and the following reasoning became familiar: 'You cannot expect the reparations on which you had counted; make the most of a bad business and be satisfied with what you can get. Germany is peaceable and if you are reasonable all the world will be at peace.'

"Bullying succeeded this reasoning. In the June issue of The Round Table we find this threatening sequence: 'A commission of international experts ought to investigate Germany's capacity for payment. When a figure was determined upon the Allies ought to come to an agreement whether France chose to be ... that final conference or not. After the peace should be restored by every means.'

Perceives Hint of Ejection From Ruhr.

"The tone of the article leaves little doubt that what is meant here is that France should be violently ejected from the Ruhr.

"It is admitted on all sides that France's financial position will be critical, perhaps desperate, if she does not get her reparations. Now, if she were to give in to the proposals I have just mentioned she would positively commit suicide. Should she be expected to make all the sacrifices alone?

"Is England willing to give back to Germany her shipping and her colonies? Why does she insist that France should forgive Germany a large part of her debt, while Mr. Balfour insisted in his famous note that France should pay her debt to England in full? As long as these questions were not answered there would not be any chance of peace for Europe. The rehabilitation of Germany, the commercial future of British trade, both hang on the financial future of France."

In an interview at the Hotel Greylock later, Canon Dimnet replied to the interview given last Sunday by Count Harry Kessler, the German economist and diplomat, who charged France with instigating trouble in the Ruhr with the hope that a Communist revolution would give her excuse to occupy the rest of Northern Germany despite the opposition of England.

Canon Dimnet said that Count Kessler's statement that France acted as she did because of a dream of world empire was "contrary to the truth."

"France could never subjugate all of Germany and she has no wish to do so," he went on. "She went into the Ruhr to force Germany to terms and she will stay there until Germany pays. As for Count Kessler's statement that a revolution would result in a monarchy in the south of Germany and a Soviet in the north, I have this to say:

"There has been a monarch in the south for over a year, for the power there is wielded by Prince Ruprecht. But about the Soviet in the north—well, we will have to wait awhile. But the French people fear and do not want a German revolution and they do not want a world empire."

Human Complexity as War Cause.

Discussing the multifarious factors that lead to wars, Philip Henry Kerr, in the conference on "The British Commonwealth of Nations and International Problems," said in part:

"The international problems would be comparatively simple if all 1,650 millions of people in the world were exactly alike in race, language, religion and color, but they are not. It is due to this difference that most of our international problems spring.

"The white population of the world is about 560,000,000, distributed mostly through Europe and America; the brown and yellow peoples number about 850,000,000, distributed almost entirely through Asia, and the blacks, who inhabit Africa, are about 100,000,000. In race, the Mongolian is the largest with about 665,000,000 people. Next comes the Caucasians with 645,000,000 and then the negro with 100,000,000.

"Omitting minor dialects there are about 130 languages in the world: Twenty-five in Europe, forty-five in Asia, and the rest distributed through America, Africa and the islands. Of the European languages English is the most widely spoken, for it is the primary language of 160,000,000 people. After English comes Russian and German with about 100,000,000 each. There are about 320,000,000 talking some variant of Chinese.

"There are about 550,000,000 Christians, as against 1,000,000,000 non-Christians. Of the non-Christian peoples 300,000,000 are confucionist or Taoist; 220,000,000 are Mohammedans; 210,000,000 are Hindus, and 130,000,000 are Buddhists. Of the Christian denomination about 270,000,000 are Roman Catholics, 170,000,000 are Protestants, and 120,000,000 Orthodox.

Mr. Kerr estimated the present number of independent States in the world at about sixty, of which twenty-seven are in Europe, eighteen in Asia and twelve in South America and eight in North America. Of these, he said, fifty-one are in the League of Nations. He also noted the large areas under control of great powers which would eventually be self-governed and raise the total of separate nations to 100.

"These figures bring out the extraordinary complexity of the world in which we live," he said. "People sometimes talk as if the problem of world peace was just a question of getting a number of sweet-tempered and reasonably minded people around a table. I think these figures alone dispel that idea. We shall never get toward world peace by the road of sentimentality: we shall reach it only by finding the means and still more the spirit through which the continuous problems which these differences involve can be adjusted according to reason, justice and fair play.

Fears Conflict From Prohibition.

"But the most compelling cause of international collision is progress. Ideas of progress are lying at the bottom of every great era of international war from the days of Menes, the first Pharaoh of Egypt, more than 5,000 years before Christ, to the last great struggle for human freedom and democracy which broke out in 1914."

He defined the fundamentals of progress as government by law and order, opposed to the arbitrary will of a single individual; respect for the rights of the individual; humanitarianism; tolerance; democracy and the recognition of women's rights.

"Personally," he went on, "I think that the two most important points of progress in the history of the world were the discovery of the Ten Commandments by Moses and the utterance of the Sermon on the Mount. There have been more wars about the application of the Ten Commandments and the Sermon on the Mount than anything else. I don't mean religious wars, but the practical consequences of people trying to live that kind of life bring them into conflict with each other."

Among the modern progressive ideas presenting difficulties in the way of ending war, he went on, was prohibition. There was a titter in the audience when he said this, but he continued:

"I am speaking seriously. You have introduced a new problem into international relations. It is a problem not at all easy to solve. Incidents may arise on land or sea, whenever nationals of countries having different opinions and different standards of conduct about prohibition come into contact, and these contacts may develop into conflicts. Prohibition has already created a new set of international difficulties such as we have never seen before."

Calls Isolation Impossible.

Mr. Kerr said that he did not want to go into American politics, but that he regarded the idea of isolation impossible. "I don't think many people in the United States still think that complete isolation is possible," he said. "I notice that the discussion now is much more over ways and means than the essential fact."

Colonel Lawrence Martin, Professor of Geography at Clark University and geographer at the Institute of Politics, was called upon by Mr. Kerr to discuss the effects of climate on progress. He quoted Professor Ellsworth Huntington of Yale to prove that the great powers fall inside a certain climatic zone and that the backward countries lie in another zone.

Professor Martin said that the ideal climate is to be found in Southeastern England and the adjacent part of the continent, France, Northern Spain, Germany and Western Russia and that the most favorable section of the United States is east of the Rockies. He said that Japan approached "the ideal climate," and that New Zealand had the best climate in the Southern Hemisphere.

At the round table conference on "The Near East," headed by Professor William Linn Westermann, Professor Edward M. Earle of Columbia, speaking on European imperialism in the Ottoman Empire, referred to the Anglo-Turko-German convention of June 28, 1914, as a "secret treaty between England and Germany on the Berlin-Bagdad Railroad."

Sir Edward Grigg denied that it was a secret treaty, though it had been labeled secret, and was later published. Sir Edward also objected to a pamphlet used by Professor Earle which Sir Edward denounced as representing the treaty as "secret and sinister."

At the round table conference on "International Problems of the Pacific" Professor George H. Blakeslee discussed the claims of the United States to a one-fifth interest in the islands formerly owned by Germany and transferred to the Allies at the end of the war.

Professor Jesse S. Reeves in his round-table conference on "The Law of the Air" said that the war resulted in developing a more or less universal practice of giving jurisdiction over the air space above a nation to that nation.

The neutral nations, Sweden, Switzerland and Holland, insisted that they possessed jurisdiction over the air space above it, he said, and in the main had their contentions recognized. He said that Holland even prevented airplanes from flying over its marginal waters.

He pointed out that the right of innocent passage through territorial waters was given to a ship, but that the right to fly over territorial waters was denied to an airplane.

GOV. DAVIS IS WILLING.

Kansas Democrat Likes His Job, but Would Run for President.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Governor Jonathan M. Davis, whose home State, Kansas, is booming him for the Democratic Presidential nomination, let it be known in a statement issued here today that he would by no means refuse such an honor. The Governor, himself a farmer, declared he was opposed to fixing of prices for the farmers' products.

"The farmers' crisis now is due to over production of wheat and the shutting down of the European market. Over production will be remedied next year by diversifying the crops. But we cannot destroy the over production of this year. We must do something practical to tide the farmer over until next year.

"I would call an economic conference of everybody interested in the production and growing of food products. I would suggest that the Farm Loan Board, or, let us say, perhaps, Henry Ford—take over 150,000,000 bushels of wheat at $1 and hold it for a year. Whoever did that would lose nothing, for he would control prices absolutely.

"I have no political ambitions," he said. "I have gone higher than I ever anticipated, and I am thankful to the people of my State for the honors they have conferred upon me. But if my party should nominate me, is there a man living who would refuse such an honor? The Democrats of Kansas have made me their first choice and I am in their hands."

RAISIG AGAIN ARRESTED.

Court Reserves Decision on His Assault Charge Against Policeman.

LYNBROOK, L. I., Aug. 1.—The question of Long Beach's jurisdiction over the beach and boardwalk there was not discussed today at the hearing before Justice of the Peace Edward T. Neu of the assault charge brought against William J. Boyle, Long Beach policeman, by Justice of the Peace Lewis J. Raisig of Lawrence, L. I.

Justice Neu reserved decision and did not deal with Raisig's assertion that the beach and boardwalk are within the corporate limits of Hempstead and that Boyle, therefore, was without jurisdiction when he arrested Raisig July 21.

When he left the court today Raisig was arrested by Marshal O'Neil on a charge of disorderly conduct on the night he was taken into custody by Boyle. Arraigned before Justice of the Peace S. S. Whitehouse, Raisig was released in $500 bail for further hearing Aug. 13.

Raisig, it was alleged, was on the beach July 21 with an unleashed dog, a violation of an ordinance. Boyle arrested Raisig. The charge was dismissed and Raisig then charged Boyle with assault.

WANTS PRENDERGAST OUT.

Yonkers Mayor Thinks Smith Can Remove or Suspend Commissioner.

Supplementing charges laid by Mayor Walter Taussig of Yonkers against Chairman William A. Prendergast of the Public Service Commission, Corporation Counsel James T. Lewis yesterday wrote to Governor Smith that he believed the Governor can suspend or remove the commissioner.

Although a statute requires a vote by the Legislature for removal, Mr. Lewis contended that when the Legislature was out of session the Governor can remove or suspend a Public Service Commissioner.

Mr. Lewis sent out a call for gas consumers to sign a petition and support the City of Yonkers in asking a reduction in the new gas rates charged by the Westchester Lighting Company.

FRANK BROTHERS
Clearance Sale
Women's Low and High Shoes and Slippers
Prices Drastically Reduced
Season's most desirable styles.

Great variety of leathers.
224 Fifth Avenue between 26th & 27th Sts. | 974 Third Avenue between 58th & 59th Sts.

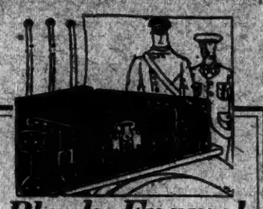
Furniture, too, subject to discounts

This muffin stand is but one of many odd pieces now presented to you in the sale.
IN addition to the lamps and shades which are offered at Ovington's at discounts of 10% to 50%, there are many charming tables, stands, tea wagons and small pieces on sale, at discounts of 10% to 50%.
The lines are as pleasant to the eye as the prices are to the checkbook!
OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
Fifth Avenue at 39th Street

PECK & PECK
Men's White Golf Stockings $4.50
THESE white woolen stockings of Merrie England have tops with a dash of design which presents the pleasing assurance of a Londoner's "Right-o!" They are to be had in two weights, a variety of top designs, and for the nominal price of $4.50.
PECK & PECK
587 Fifth Avenue 501 Fifth Avenue
Chicago Newport Southampton French Lick Palm Beach

B. Altman & Co.
For to-day (Thursday)
An Important Sale of
Women's
Ready-to-wear Silk Dresses
at $27.50
A remarkable value
These Dresses, in youthful styles, are appropriate for street and afternoon wear. The materials consist of crepe de Chine, figured chiffons and Canton crepes, in navy blue, tan, brown and other desirable shades, as well as black.
(Third Floor)
Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Destroys Odors
A TABLESPOONFUL of Dioxogen in a bowl of water, used with a sponge, destroys body odors and relieves skin irritation.
This treatment is especially refreshing in warm weather.
Dioxogen
kills germs with Oxygen


Black Enamel Suitcases
Lowest Confirmed Price $4.35
Strong, durable suitcases, reinforced with leather corners, part straps, lock and key, cretonne lined. Removable trays. Sizes 24-26-28. Main Floor.
For Today Only
Known for Our Low Prices
BloomingdaleS
58th to 60th—Lex. to 3d Ave.

For Your Vacation
NO. 1 ANSCO JUNIOR
SPECIALLY PRICED $12

Takes Pictures 2¼ x 3¼
No matter how much of a hurry you may be in to get a picture, you can't forget to focus the No. 1 Ansco Junior. Just open the camera and snap the picture; an exclusive Ansco device, the automatic fixed-focus lock, insures sharp results.
WILLOUGHBY
110 W. 32nd St. 118 W. 44th St.
Opp. Gimbels. Opp. Belasco Theatre.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.
TODAY—For Madame
GOWNS OF EMBROIDERED CREPE GEORGETTE
19.75
The Summer's most successful fashion at the season's lowest price
FASHION: Made of crêpe Georgette, embroidered with tiny Chinese characters; side jabot and French sleeves of solid color crêpe Georgette; taffeta silk girdle.
COLORS: Black or navy blue with white, all white or white with black.

Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.
Sale of Manhattan Shirts—

A most complete assortment of extremely fine Manhattan Shirts. The reduced prices make their values all the more attractive.
Sale Prices
$1.85 $2.65 $3.00 $3.65 $4.55
Regular Prices Were
$2.50 $3.00 $4.00 $4.50 $6.00
2.75 3.50 5.00 6.50
Also a Sale of McCutcheon Shirts
In addition to the Sale of Manhattan Shirts we will also have on sale a large quantity of McCutcheon Label Shirts. These shirts conform in every detail to the McCutcheon Standard for cut and superior workmanship.
At $3.25 each
English Broadcloth with colored stripes.
Imported Jacquard Madras of the quality used for custom-made garments.
About 75 dozen fine shirts of domestic and imported Madras with colored stripes, representing values from $4.00 to $6.50 each.
James McCutcheon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 33rd & 34th Streets
Men's Department Entrance on 33rd Street

BOARD CONDEMNS TRAFFIC COURT PENS

Brooklyn Facilities Unsanitary and Unfit, Says Prison Commission.

RECOMMENDS NEW BUILDING

Report Declares That Prisoners Have Been Kept All Day Without Food.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 1.—The detention pens used by the Traffic Court of Brooklyn are condemned as unsanitary and unfit, in a report of the State Commission of Prisons. It is recommended that a new Traffic Court in another section of the borough be established to care for the increasing number of traffic violations. One of the charges was that prisoners were kept in the pens all day without food, and transferred to the Raymond Street jail at night after the kitchen was closed.

The court was established in 1921 and thus far this year 23,450 cases have been handled. There is a lack of clerical help at the cort, the report indicates, and this is one of the reasons why prisonrs are not transported earlier to the Raymond Street jail. The commission requests that the prisoners be fed at noon. It is also recommended that a commitment clerk be employed at the court, whose duty it would be to make out the commitment papers after sentence, thus permitting prisoners to be sent earlier to the jail.

"With constantly increasing business in this court," the report goes on, "the quarters do not meet the situation, and it is recommended that the detention pen, as is, be condemned as inadequate and insanitary for the number of prisoners usually confined." The pen would hold ten persons, the report says, but forty were found there on the day President John S. Kennedy and Leon C. Weinstock made their inspection, July 20.

"The Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce and other civic bodies have taken up the question of a proper Traffic Court for Brooklyn. The receipts for fines at this court run into very large figures, away ahead of courts where routine cases are tried, and the city could well apply these receipts to providing a decent court building with adequate detention quarters."

TO PAY JURORS BY WARRANT

Craig Stops Old Method—Blames Chamberlain for Delay to 12,000.

Controller Charles L. Craig announced yesterday that the 12,000 jurors, who have been waiting for their fees for some time, will be paid by warrant beginning next week and not by check on the Chamberlain. Blame for the delay was attributed to Chamberlain Philip Berolzheimer by the Controller. After quoting the law regarding the payment of juror's fees the Controller said:

"It is very evident from these provisions, which cover the subject, that the proper method of paying juror's fees as well as other county charges, is by warrant. It is true that for many years these provisions of the charter were disregarded, and moneys drawn out of the city treasury have been used by the Chamberlain to make payment by his check of jurors' fees. This irregular method of transacting public business has resulted in confusion and delay that at times has amounted to a public scandal in the payment of jurors' and witnesses' fees. The practice seems to have had no other sanction than illegal usage and neglect."

The Controller explained that hereafter all jurors' and witnesses' fees must first be audited by the Finance Department and then paid by warrant to each individual.

MISSING PERSONS.

The following persons were reported missing to the police yesterday:

ISAAC GOLDBERG, 10 years old, 156 Allen Street; 8 P. M., July 31; height 3 feet 10 inches, weight 60 pounds; blue eyes, blond hair, medium complexion; white blouse, gray trousers, brown shoes and stockings, brown cap.

PATRICK CORRIGAN, 40 years old, 518 West Fiftieth Street; March, 1922; height 5 feet 8 inches, weight 140 pounds; brown eyes, brown hair, dark complexion.

EVA STEOINEOLO, 22 years old, 28 Henry Street; 7:30 A. M. July 31; height 5 feet 4 inches, weight 135 pounds; brown eyes, black hair, dark complexion; blue cape, blue dress, black shoes and stockings, blue hat.

VINCENT FERRAR, 30 years old, 224 West 149th Street; 8 A. M., July 17; height 5 feet 6 inches, weight 150 pounds; brown eyes, brown hair, dark complexion; brown suit, brown shoes, straw hat.

OHB

Over the Gates of Hell

"All hope abandon ye who enter here."

So Dante describes the inscription that greeted lost souls. Something of the same despair many men must feel when they go once more to try to find a well-fitting *Ready to Wear* suit.

If you will enter here, we promise that hope, which springs eternal in the human breast, will be renewed and justified.

Because either we will fit you properly in a *Ready to Wear* suit or we will tell you frankly that you ought to have your clothes *Made to Measure.*

Ready to Wear, $75 *Made to Measure, $125*

D'Andrea Brothers Inc.
MEN'S TAILORS
587 Fifth Avenue at Forty-seventh

IMPORTANT TRIFLES

Beauty on the Beach

A French silk bathing bandanna tied over the rubber cap makes a difference in one's appearance. Cherry, blue, jade, maize, orchid or brown bordered with brilliant Roman stripes. $5.95

Asleep or Awake

These soft glove silk pajamas are adapted to either resting or sleeping. Slip-over coat and wide trousers with tucks for trimming. Orchid, peach or flesh. $7.25

Here's a Light!

How irritating a cigarette can be if you haven't a match! But this imported electric cigar lighter will furnish you a light the moment you take it up; the current shuts off when it is set down. $16.50

At Neck and Wrist

The Parisienne adds a bit of muslin frill to her simplest costume to save it from severity. A cream batiste frill with dainty colored scallops and dots will freshen your frock too. 95c yard.

GROUND FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

INTERPRETING THE MODE FOR AUTUMN

In Misses' Coats Paris holds to the slim silhouette, so we find all of the new coats for fall built on straight lines with perhaps a flare at the bottom or with wrappy effects that follow the figure. The dress coats are made of gerona, burolaine, oriona and marvella, lavishly trimmed with natural squirrel, dyed squirrel and fox. There are also many lovely soft wool sports models in stripes and checks and plain material. With these the favorite fur is fox—red fox, kit fox and dyed fox. $59.50 to $195

In Blouses A season of suits means a season of blouses, and they are lovelier than ever, this year. Illustrated above right, we have a charming model in a two color combination in the form of an appliqued design. It comes in navy and rust, navy and grey, black and grey, cocoa and brown. $19.50

THIRD FLOOR

A Special Value in Corsets, $3.95

A clasp around model of pink silk broche with surgical elastic sections. The top is finished with elastic for comfort. It is thirteen inches long and comes in all sizes from 25 to 30. Specially priced, $3.95

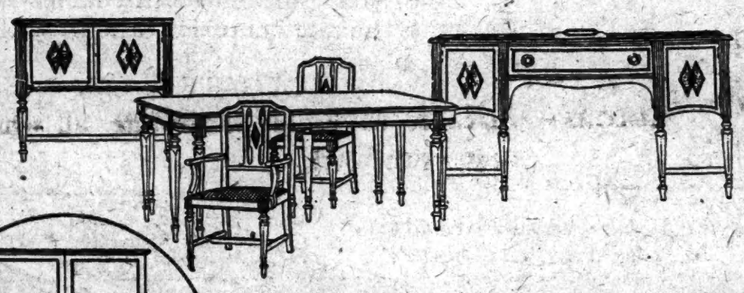
SECOND FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

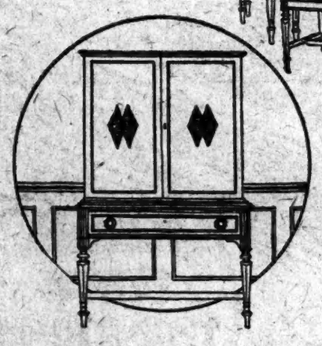
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

In the Midsummer Sale of Furniture



Heppelwhite dining room set of 10 pieces is specially priced for this sale at

$450



The beauty of design, color and workmanship is exceptional in this very charming set now so moderately priced. It is made of deep-toned walnut with figured poplar panels. All drawer interiors are of quartered white oak. This is only one of the many attractive suites you may select at the lowest prices of the season. There is also a wide choice of summer furniture and individual pieces.

SIXTH FLOOR

Ruffled Curtains
$2.15 Pair

These curtains made especially for *Lord & Taylor*, of a fine quality of marquisette in figured, dotted and striped designs, have sold until now at a higher price. They have narrow double-stitched ruffles and quaint tie backs.

FIFTH FLOOR

Electric Coffee Set
$32

A boon at the hurried breakfast table when one is rushing for the 8:15, because the coffee urn, with cold water, will percolate in 2 minutes. It is a graceful Colonial design, nickel-plated, and holds 9 cups. The sugar bowl, cream pitcher and tray complete the set.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Plaid Blankets
$7.95 Pair

A glance at the quality of these blankets will convince you that they are an excellent value. Made of pure wool, bound with soisette to match the color of the plaid—blue, pink, tan, red and black. 66x80 inches.

SECOND FLOOR

Annual August Sale of ORIENTAL RUGS

Beautiful, silky Persian and Chinese rugs representing the choicest of our regular stock are substantially reduced for this event, and many fine new rugs have been specially selected and included. Typical of the excellent values offered are:

Persian Mosouls 3¼ x 6 feet, $48

Persian Mahals 7½ x 10 feet, $170

Persian Araks 9 x 12 feet, $325

Chinese Rugs 9 x 12 feet, $245

FIFTH FLOOR

July Selling of Table Linens

Summer Linens

Scarves, tea cloths, napkins and place mats of a splendid quality of oyster linen with narrow crocheted edge.

Scarves $1.00 Tea Cloths $2
Napkins, dozen $6.75
Place Mats 50c

Luncheon Set

Hemstitched linen damask. Cloth 66 x 86 inches and a dozen napkins, 21 x 21 inches, $16.50.

"Shamrock" Linens

Cloths and napkins of pure Irish linen damask. White, lustrous quality. Circular designs in several attractive patterns.

Cloths 72 x 72 inches, $6. Napkins 22 x 22 inches, dozen $7.

Cloths and Napkins

Irish linen damask. Beautiful quality. Cloth, 2 x 2 yards, $4.95. Napkins, 22 x 22 inches, dozen, $6.75.

SECOND FLOOR

SPECIAL REAL ESTATE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Jackson Heights

For those families with living ideals

IF you have established certain standards in your living—if there is a question of the permanency of your neighborhood and the character of your home—you will find the solution at Jackson Heights.

Eleven hundred families now own their garden apartments in this finer residential section of New York City. They have surrounded themselves with the physical beauty of landscaped gardens; and parked streets; they are accessible to the diversions and activities of Manhattan; and they live in homes that are achievements in home designing and planning. You can enjoy the same living betterment the minute you are ready.

Jackson Heights residents are now enjoying Golf, Tennis, Children's Playgrounds, etc.

New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes
5, 6 and 7 Rooms—2 and 3 Baths

QUEENSBORO CORPORATION

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Broadway B. R. T. Subway from any Manhattan Station direct to Jackson Heights. Take Corona train at Queensboro Bridge Plaza

Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

By Motor, 59th St., via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave., (Northern Boulevard) to 25th St., Jackson Heights

APARTMENTS OPEN FOR INSPECTION UNTIL 8 P. M.

Macy's

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

MEN'S SUITS
$23.50

Originally $29.75 and $34.75

What's your preference? And what's your size? You'll find just *your* suit here without a doubt. For there are all sizes in one style or another, and there is a wide range of styles to select from. All the suits are of pure wool fabrics.

Fancy Mixed Worsteds — **Fancy Mixed Cassimeres**

Plain, Medium and Dark Effects
Stripes and Checks

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

All Straw Hats *Reduced*

94c Sennit Straws
Originally $1.88 to $4.89

$1.98 Panamas and Leghorns
Originally $4.88 to $5.94

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street.

Sailing, golfing, swimming, fishing

Whatever the fun vacation holds, you can put it all in pictures with a Kodak.

But what model? What lens equipment? What size?

These are practical questions that our salesmen who know picture-making through actual experience can help you answer to advantage.

Kodak and Graflex cameras of every style and equipment always in stock.

Eastman Kodak Co.
(Eastman Stockhouse, Inc.)
Madison Ave. at 45th St.

THE new U. S. Cushion tire has a cushioning quality which successfully bridges the gap between the pneumatic and solid, an easy riding tire for either single or dual equipment.

We can outfit you with United States Tires exactly suited to your trucking conditions.

United States Truck Tires are Good Tires

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383 South St., N. Y. City.
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Phone—Mott Haven 3316
L. Scaramuzzo
146 Canal St., Stapleton, S. I.
Phone—Tompkinsville 1691
Litsner Bros.
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Phone—Greenpoint 1322
Thomas F. Curtin
635 Communipaw Ave., Jersey City, N. J.
Phone—Bergen 2840. Night—Bergen 2062
Luhen Body Co., Inc.
Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Phone Hillcrest 2067
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Bridge Plaza & Radde St.
L. I. City, L. I., N. Y.
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CORRECTIVE LAST
Black kid Oxfords or high lace shoes.

Bunions are Not Annoying

If you wear this Dr. Reed Cushion "Corrective" Shoe. We build it wider and without a seam where the bunion comes, thus relieving the pressure that causes bunion inflammation and pain.

This "Corrective" model is neat and sensible-looking—in fact, it actually improves the appearance of bunioned feet. So cleverly does it accommodate the protruding joint, the bunion is seldom visible.

Although a special model, this shoe is top-notch in point of quality. Any shoe bearing our trademark must be that.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Women Made by
JOHN ERBERTS SHOE CO.
SOLD ONLY AT
1372 Broadway, at 37th Street
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

Important Public Auction
AT THE
HOTEL PLAZA
(Rose Room)
Fifth Avenue, 58th to 59th Sts.
Today (Thursday), Tomorrow (Friday) & Saturday, Aug. 2, 3 & 4, at 2:15 P. M. Each Day
A Magnificent Assemblage of
Oriental Rugs
THE PROPERTY OF
A WELL-KNOWN IMPORTER
Consisting of the Masterpieces of Magnificent Looms in the finest weaves and selected sizes. The art of Persia represented in unusual Kirshans, Serooks, Ferahans, Kermanshahs, Bokharas, Araks, Sarouks, etc. Also a fine variety of Chinese rugs in dressy designs.
On Public Exhibition Today (Thursday) Until Sale Time.
Sale Under the Auspices of the
Metropolitan Art and Auction Galleries
Madison Square, 370 St. Nicholas Ave.
S. G. RAINS, Auctioneer.

POLICEMAN IS SLAIN BY PARTY IN MOTOR

Methuen (Mass.) Officer Shot Down When He Questions Men in Automobile.

THEY MAKE THEIR ESCAPE

Victim Was Hit by Two Bullets—Belief That Murderers Were Whisky Runners.

METHUEN, Mass., Aug. 1.—Policeman Arthur Bower of Methuen was shot and killed early this morning by a party in an automobile whom he had stopped to question while in search of burglars. The police believe, however, that the men who killed him may have been whisky runners.

The policeman died twenty minutes after he had been taken to the Lawrence General Hospital. A man arrested in Tewksbury as a suspect was found to have no connection with the shooting. The police in Lawrence, however, have detained five men who are believed to know something of the murder.

This morning at 1 o'clock the Methuen police were notified that a club on the Lowell Road was being broken into. Policemen Bower and John McDonald were immediately dispatched to the scene. When they approached the club where the attempted robbery was reported they alighted from the police automobile and continued the rest of the way on foot.

Policeman McDonald was instructed to walk some distance to where an automobile was parked, while Bower said he would investigate another machine. According to McDonald, he had gone only a short distance when he heard shooting and turned to see an automobile speeding toward Lowell and Policeman Bower reeling to the roadside.

Dashing to the police car, McDonald gave chase, but the heavy machine of the slayers easily outstripped the police car. After telephoning to surrounding towns to apprehend the party, McDonald returned to offer aid to Bower. He rushed the wounded man to the hospital, where he died without regaining consciousness.

The policeman had fired six shots at the men, it was found when he was picked up. McDonald also emptied his revolver while pursuing the car, which had a New Hampshire registration plate.

An autopsy late today showed that Bowers was wounded in the abdomen by a .38 calibre bullet and in the leg by a .45 calibre bullet. A .45 calibre revolver was found in the road.

WOULD ATTACH CONTROLLER

Hirshfield Wants Body Writ to Make Craig Attend Hearing.

Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield said yesterday he would request Corporation Counsel George P. Nicholson to apply to the Supreme Court for a body attachment against Controller Charles L. Craig so that the latter may be compelled to appear before Commissioner Hirshfield on Aug. 8 at an investigation of the teachers' retirement system. Commissioner Hirshfield said he had written the Corporation Counsel to obtain a warrant so that the sheriff could produce the Controller at the hearing.

Up to the time the Corporation Counsel's office closed yesterday, Mr. Nicholson had not heard from Commissioner Hirshfield by letter or otherwise. Mr. Hirshfield charged that Controller Craig had failed to appear at the hearing at 10 A. M. yesterday, ignoring a subpoena served last week. Mr. Craig refused to accept service in the corridors of the Municipal Building.

When the subpoena was thrust into his pocket by a process server he said he did not intend to accept service in that manner because there was a regular method of serving him through Assistant Deputy Controller Patrick A. Whitney. Mr. Craig is served with an average of seventy-five subpoenas daily, and he said he wouldn't be able to perform his duties if he tried to see all the process servers who call at his office.

MILLER IS NO SHEIK.

Fights Youth Who Called Him One and Now Wears Jaw in Cage.

Benjamin S. Miller, 18, of 1,284 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, appeared before Magistrate Bernard J. Douras in the Tombs Court yesterday with his right jaw in a wire support. He blamed Robert Bard, whom he charged with assault last Friday. Bard, who is 20, and lives at 726 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn, is a messenger in the financial district.

Bard was arrested by Detective Fitzpatrick of the Old Slip Station for punching Miller in the jaw in Rector Street near Trinity Place. Miller told the detective that Bard, commenting on a new suit he wore, called him a sheik. "I objected to the term," Miller said, "and he knocked me out."

Bard was held in $1,000 bail for examination this morning on a charge of felonious assault.

WILL CONFER TODAY ON LONG SAULT POWER

Northern New York Delegates Going to Cornwall, Ontario, to Discuss Project.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Aug. 1.—Representatives of towns in northern New York will meet at Cornwall, Ontario, tomorrow to discuss the best method of securing power development on the Long Sault Rapids of the St. Lawrence. Most of the Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade of northern New York will send representatives. They will arrive in Cornwall at noon and be met by Mayor Snelsinger and Charles P. Craig of Duluth, Vice President of the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Tidewater Association.

The representatives will proceed at once to the Long Sault Rapids, the site of the proposed development, and the plans prepared will be explained by accompanying engineers. Mr. Craig will address the gathering on the power and navigation plans, as will A. C. Lewis, a member of the Ontario Legislature, an active supporter of the plan. F. B. Keefer of the Ontario Government is also expected to be present. The delegates will leave for home tomorrow evening.

The St. Lawrence development project contemplates three great dams—one between Ontario and New York, one between Ontario and Quebec, and one wholly in Quebec. Engineers differ greatly in their estimates of the cost, these ranging from $300,000,000 to $1,200,000,000. There can be developed, it is said, nearly 4,000,000 electrical horsepower.

At present the Province of Quebec is opposed to the navigation development, holding that it is impracticable and too costly. The large power interests of Montreal are also opposed. In Ontario the public-owned Hydro-Electric Development Company favors the project.

If complete development is carried out it would be international in character, and also inter-provincial. The Great Lakes cities from Kingston to Duluth, on both sides of the border, with the exception of Buffalo, are urging the canalage of the river to thirty feet, to commensurate with the new Welland Canal. So far the Dominion Government has not shown any great activity regarding the development, the national financial burden being onerous.

Tomorrow's deputation will discuss power development mostly but as the power and canalage developments are considered inseparable, no definite action can be taken on the first proposal, that of damming the Long Sault.

FEDERAL OFFICE TO MOVE.

Chanin Building in Brooklyn to House Internal Revenue Staff.

Officials of the United States Internal Revenue Office, now located in the Post Office Building on Washington Street, Brooklyn, have completed negotiations with the Chanin Construction Company, Inc., for two floors, consisting of 16,000 square feet, in the new Chanin Construction Building on the corner of Court and Schermerhorn Streets, Brooklyn.

Recent appointment of Federal Judge Inch necessitated more space in the internal revenue quarters for the Judge's chambers.

According to Irwin S. Chanin, President of the Chanin Construction Company, the third floor will be occupied by Collector Rafferty and Chief Office Deputy Cooper and the income tax department. Special arrangements on this floor have been made for the cashier's department.

The fourth floor has been designed to meet the approval of Chief Field Deputy Ellpern. On this floor will be his private office, including his staff, sales, miscellaneous and special conference and storage rooms.

The lease was negotiated by A. George Golden for the Chanin Construction Company.

MARINES TO BOOM DENBY.

Veterans Will Organize Tuesday to Support Him for President.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—A Denby-for-President club is to be organized here by former members of the Marine Corps, according to Charles G. V. Blake, in charge of the movement. An organization meeting will be held Aug. 7, at which plans will be discussed for putting the Denby boom on a national basis.

The campaign is to be waged through ex-members of the Marine Corps and the Navy. The Secretary of the Navy formerly was a "buck private" in the Marines. He has not been informed of the plans being made here, according to Mr. Blake, but it is hoped that he will see fit to enter the Presidential race.

Rescued Mountain Climber Worn Out

RIPOGENUS DAM, Maine, Aug. 1.—Too exhausted to make the trip down the mountainside, Gaston Dallendsch of Lucerne, Switzerland, who, with Alfred W. Merian Jr. of New York City, was rescued yesterday at the top of Mount Katahdin, where they became lost a week ago, was under the care of physicians today at the place where he was found. His companion was resting at the Fire Warden's camp below the summit. Mr. and Mrs. Merian are anxiously awaiting the arrival of their son here.

SLAYERS IN CANADA WITH OHIO GOVERNOR

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

at the publicity the matter had received and stated that he was never so surprised in his life as when he heard of the supposed controversy over these men in his party.

"Both men are trusties," he continued, "and have been for over five years. These boys are not real murderers. They were convicted of second degree murder, not first. They started to fight in a pool room and in both cases two opponents were accidentally killed. They aren't like thieves who have stolen and who have resisted capture by force. I would trust them as I do my son. I am personally responsible for these men and I know them.

"Did you have any trouble getting across the border?" the Governor was asked.

"No, not a bit," he replied. "I had a pass from the Hon. E. C. Drury, former Premier of Ontario, and we are here on his invitation."

Blaming the system of penal servitude for the condition of many criminals, the Governor continued:

"Our system in the penitentiaries is to reclaim men, men whom we know to deserve it, and as a result we have 600 men on our honor list sleeping outside in tents with no guards. I have also two other murderers at the Executive Mansion, one a gardener and the other a housekeeper. We never have any trouble with these men. We treat them as ourselves, and in this way many such men have risen from the depths.

"I have seen some men over my desk at the executive mansion more dangerous to society than these two lifers.

"Memories of Hugo's immortal story of Jean Val Jean and the Bishop are conjured up by the freedom with which these two convicted murderers travel about this village, purchasing supplies without a suggeting surveillance. The Governor has demonstrated his trust in Jennings by arranging that his death while on vacation will automatically mean Jennings's pardon. He signed a pardon for the convict and left it at his office to become effective in case of his death.

"We know that if they wanted to walk away we might not get them back, but they won't walk away. They will come back peaceably with us," said the Governor.

"I cannot conceive of any law which would countenance the deportation of these men. If they go, I go."

Tonight at this little mill town, a few yards away from where the Governor in flannel shirt and khaki trousers is working shoulder to shoulder with the two convicts, groups of residents and Summer visitors are gathered around discussing the "international incident."

Warden Thomas of Ohio Penitentiary, who accompanied the Governor, stated that last night the party held a guessing contest for the people of Coboconk to determine the two murderers and try to pick them out of the party. "They picked the Superintendent of the machine shop, Homer Price, and my own son, Don Thomas," he said.

The party is composed of Governor Donahey and his six sons; Warden Preston Thomas and his son Don, and the two convict servants, Earl Jennings and C. Zipriani. They are traveling in three motor cars. They expect to spend three weeks in the Coboconk district, fishing and boating.

Ohio Attorney General Criticises.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 1.—Governor A. V. Donahey of Ohio and his six sons, accompanied by Warden Preston E. Thomas and the latter's son, left here a few days ago for a fishing trip in the Province of Ontario, Canada. They took with them two prisoners of the Ohio Penitentiary, Earl Jennings, the Governor's chauffeur, and Constantine Zipriani, the warden's cook, to act in the capacities in which they had been acting while here.

Jennings was convicted of manslaughter for killing a man in a fight. Zipriani's offense is of a lesser degree. Both have been "trustees" in the Ohio Penitentiary and had special liberties.

For one of them a pardon is already signed and is held in the Governor's desk. The Governor instructed his private secretary, Jacob A. Meckstroth, to give it to the man should anything happen to the Governor involving his sudden demise.

The difficulty raised about taking the convicts into Canada came as a surprise to State officials here, including those in the Governor's office. They said much was being made out of little.

The Attorney General, Charles C. Crabbe, said he considered the Governor's act ill advised. He added that there might be complications if the prisoners accept to get under freedom.

The Governor is said to have gone to Canada by invitation of the Ontario Premier. The party expected to be gone about two weeks.

ONLY AT THE **Joseph Hilton** STORES LISTED BELOW

Wonderful Sale of
Metric Shirts
$2 and $2.50 values
$1.15

America's finest shirts—equal to any Fifth Avenue custom made in every detail—sun and dye fast colors—beautiful patterns.

$3, $3.50 and $4 Metric Shirts
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Woven Madras Metric Shirts—they're "tailored"—human hands can not make better shirts.

Famous Silk Hosiery
Pure Thread Silk—75c values—nationally famous brand—promised not to advertise makers name—slight imperfections—we guarantee every pair satisfactory or money back—3 pair for $1.00.
35c

Joseph Hilton
Clothing and Furnishings
STORES OPEN ALL DAY SATURDAY
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1 EAST 42D STREET — BROADWAY AT 45TH ST.
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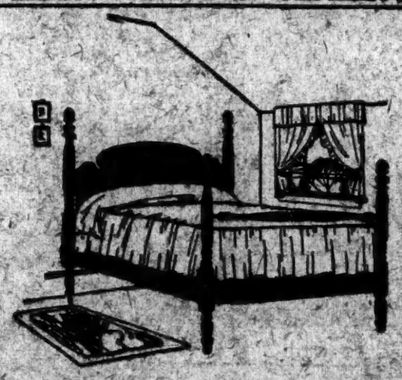
The Summer Sale of a Dependable Specialist
Flint's Fine Furniture



Colonial Four-Posters, $39.75

THE BED illustrated above carries a normal price of $53, and, at that price, it has been pronounced a worthy piece. But, during the Summer Sale, it is marked $39.75. It comes in 2 widths, 3 feet 3" and 4 feet 6". The wood is true mahogany and the trimmings authentically Colonial.

During the Sale, discounts of 10%, 20%, 30%, are usual. Some pieces and groups at 40% and 50%.

FLINT & HORNER CO., INC.
20-26 WEST 36TH STREET
A few yards from Fifth Avenue

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

—and just at bedtime

Safeguard tomorrow's smile.

Wash your teeth with Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream. It contains no grit and does not scratch or scour. Its gentle washing action brings out and preserves the beauty of your precious tooth enamel. It is the safe dentifrice to use.

COLGATE & CO.
Established 1806

If your wisdom teeth could talk, they'd say "Use Colgate's"

Large tube 25c

Truth in Advertising Implies Honesty in Manufacture

Clearance of
Women's Costume Suits
$29.50 and $39.50

Two- and three-piece costume suits of flat crepe and blistered crepe. Many of the models are embroidered or braided.

A few individual costumes reduced from much higher prices are now marked from $75 to $125

THIRD FLOOR

Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

COURT DENIES WAR EXISTS IN IRELAND

Decision Granting Habeas Corpus to Two Prisoners Affects 12,000 Others Who Are Held.

DAIL RUSHES SAFETY BILL

Government Obtains Immediate Passage of Measure to Hold Interned Three Months More.

DUBLIN, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The Dail Eireann this evening passed through all its stages a Public Safety Bill under which the Government may continue to hold for three months prisoners who are charged with having been actively opposed to the Free State Government.

The measure was presented to the Dail for urgent action owing to the fact that the Court of Appeals in a decision today in habeas corpus proceedings declared that a state of war did not exist and granted a writ returnable tomorrow.

If the bill as passed tonight receives the assent of the Governor General, it is believed it will prevent the release under habeas corpus proceedings of large numbers of men and women now in prison.

The court's decision was given today in the case of Mrs. Nora Connolly O'Brien, reversing the opinion of the Master of the Rolls of the Chancellery Division, who held that civil war did exist in Ireland on June 15.

Today's decision was looked forward to with great interest, and its announcement caused much excitement, as governing the position of 12,000 prisoners held by the Government under the plea of military necessity.

The Attorney General made strenuous efforts to convince the court that the rebellion was not over and might break out again, but the court was emphatic in its decision that a state of war does not exist and that the Government has no authority to deny its citizens the privileges of a writ of habeas corpus.

The court issued a writ of habeas corpus, sought by Mrs. O'Brien's attorney, returnable tomorrow. She has been in prison for some time.

The decision that the rebellion is over affects several other extra-legal activities of the administration, which up to this time have been pursued on the basis of military necessity.

The republicans talk of organizing a plebiscite on the bill, under a provision of the Constitution.

Speaking in the Senate before the Court of Appeals pronounced its judgment, Kevin O'Higgins, Minister of Home Affairs, said that if the decision were unfavorable to the Government it would mean the release of 12,000 persons held in military custody.

And that, he added, raised the question of great urgency, and it might be necessary for the Executive to have legal authority by tomorrow morning for the retention of these prisoners.

At this evening's session of the Dail Mr. O'Higgins asked suspension of the standing order so that the Public Safety bill, which would enable the Government to continue the imprisonment and which he declared was particularly urgent, in view of the decision of the Court of Appeals, might be taken up.

He added that immediate and indiscriminate release of prisoners would be a great public disaster, reacting on the liberty and security of the country. His motion for immediate consideration of the bill carried.

Reprisals Are Likely.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

DUBLIN, Aug. 1.—The Dublin Court of Appeals has granted a writ of habeas corpus for the release of two prisoners interned as being dangerous to the State. These are Mrs. Connolly O'Brien and Eamon Donnelly.

It is possible that the Government may make a concession to popular clamor for releases by setting free a number of the less dangerous persons who are willing to promise to refrain from attacks upon the Government or upon public or private property.

OPERATES ON HIMSELF TO SAVE SURGEON'S FEE

Paris Rubber Worker Seeks Relief From Dropsy and Dies of Peritonitis.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—In an effort to perform upon himself an operation prescribed by doctors, and thereby save the surgeon's fee, Jacques Letouel, a rubber worker, last night injured himself so seriously that he died today in a hospital despite all medical intervention.

Letouel was suffering from dropsy and gained weight alarmingly. For some months past he had been unable to enter the doors of railroad coaches and was forced to travel in baggage cars. Street cars and autobuses regularly refused him entrance, and taxi drivers would not even stop their cars at his signal.

Alarmed at his condition, he went to a hospital yesterday, where his trouble was diagnosed and an operation prescribed. To ease his fears the surgeons described in detail the simplicity of the operation and made an appointment for him to return today.

Arriving home, the rubber worker decided, however, that if the operation was so simple he could perform it himself. Taking a penknife and a hammer, Letouel drove the instrument into his abdomen with a stiff blow. He considered the operation a success until he began to suffer so severely that neighbors had him removed to the hospital, where the doctors found him suffering from peritonitis and beyond help.

FRENCH NORTH AFRICA HAS BIG WHEAT CROP

Production There, Plus the Home-Grown Grain, Will Supply the Nation's Needs.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—Further bad news for American wheat growers, but good news for France and the franc, is contained today in reports of the French North African wheat harvest. The crop is expected to total nearly 20,000,000 quintals, or double last year's production, which was 9,871,920 quintals.

This production, added to the 65,000,000 quintals harvest estimated for continental France, brings the nation's crops safely within its needs, estimated at 85,000,000 quintals.

The North African production is divided as follows: Algeria, 10,446,200 quintals; Tunis, 3,560,000, and Morocco, 6,000,000.

ANGORA TO TRY ANEW ACQUITTED BOLSHEVIKI

Demands Seventeen Be Sent There From Constantinople—At Odds With Soviet.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 1.—The Supreme Court of Turkey has revised the exoneration of seventeen Bolsheviki by the Constantinople Court and demands that they be sent to Angora to be tried with thirty other Communists charged there with conspiring to bring off a coup d'état.

The Communists are charged with receiving money from Moscow and are said to be a big factor in the estrangement of relations between Turkey and Russia, which are now more strained than at any time since the original accord which gave Mustapha Kemal Pasha the assistance necessary to defeat the Greek attempt to penetrate into the interior.

The Turks are continuing to refuse to allow the Bolshevist boats to enter the harbors as well as to land goods here. Angora has refused to recognize the Bolshevist trade delegation here which has been attempting to obtain official status in order that gunboats might be permitted to land in Russian Black Sea ports without its visa. The Turks ignored the order sent to the steamer Guldjemel Batum which was prohibited from entering.

Bulgaria reports that the Bolshevist propaganda there is growing in intensity. It is being countered with drastic Government measures and the warning that, unless it is stopped, there will be trouble in the interior.

ITALY NOTIFIES ZITA NOT TO SELL DIAMOND

Jewels She Took in Flight Are Claimed by Italy Under the Versailles Treaty.

ROME, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The Italian Government has warned the former Empress Zita of Austria that if she sells the famous Florentino Diamond, as she threatens to do in view of the financial difficulties in which she finds herself, the transaction will not be valid, inasmuch as the stone is Italian property.

It is recalled that the gem, which weighs 133½ carats, was claimed from the Hapsburgs by Italy under the Versailles Treaty. The late ex-Emperor Charles and his wife took it with them when they fled from Austria and during their stay in Switzerland the diamond was pawned.

The Government has also notified Zita that it is desirous of preserving in their entirety its rights to manuscripts in the Modena Library and to other objects belonging to the Crown of Tuscany, which were sent to Vienna in the eighteenth century.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The Italian Embassy here today issued the following:

"The Italian Government warns the public against purchasing any jewelry belonging to ex-Empress Zita, as the Italian Government has a prior claim thereto."

CHANG TO TAKE BACK LANDS CEDED RUSSIA

Also Abolishes Land Department of Chinese Eastern Railway—Fighting at Amoy.

HARBIN, China, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—General Chang Tso-Lin, dictator of the three Manchurian provinces, has ordered the Chinese authorities to abolish the Land Department of the Chinese Eastern Railway and to take over all lands ceded to Russia under old treaties. These measures became effective today.

PEKING, Aug. 1. (Associated Press).—The Chinese Government since it partly recovered political rights in the railway administration by agreement in 1920, has resented control by the railway of territory ceded to it and which includes a considerable portion of New Harbin with docks and factories besides large tracts of grazing lands.

The railway exercised the taxing right over this property, and the proceeds were to have been used for the upkeep of the railway property since the revenues formerly drawn by the railway from the Imperial Treasury have been stopped.

It is the Government's contention that the railway's administration of affairs is outside the legitimate sphere of railroad enterprise and an infringement of the Government's sovereign rights.

Inquiry at the Foreign Office failed to reveal information regarding General Chang Tso-Lin's intentions in ordering abolished the land department of the Chinese Eastern Railway. It was indicated he made the move on his own initiative.

AMOY, China, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Firing between invading Northern forces and defending Southern troops continued all night. Quiet was restored early today but later the gunfire was resumed.

Two Japanese destroyers have arrived to protect their nationals. The Chinese gunboats sent by the Peking Government have been attacked by land forces under Chang Tso-Ping. Sun Yat-Sen's ally, who was in command of Amoy, but fled to Shanghai. The gunboats returned a heavy fire. Admiral Yang is commanding the Peking flotilla under orders of General Wu Pei-Fu, the military sponsor of the Government. There is an unconfirmed report that other land forces, favorable to Peking, are advancing on Amoy.

The attack on Amoy appears to be a calculated attempt to bring China under a central government.

It is rumored that Sun Yat-Sen's southern navy is proceeding to Amoy to attack Admiral Yang.

HONGKONG, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Because of the fighting between rival Chinese factions at Amoy, the British gunboats Diomede and Foxglove, have been sent to that port. Looting is feared. The British and Japanese consuls asked for gunboats to protect foreign lives and property.

SOVIET DICTATES ON TRADE.

Russia Will Accept Goods Only If Financial Blockade Ends.

MOSCOW, Aug. 1.—Commenting on the suggestion made by Premier Baldwin of Great Britain in his recent Glasgow speech that Russia form a market for German exports, the newspaper Isvestia today declares that Russia is disposed to accept foreign goods only on condition that the foreign powers possessing capital withdraw the financial blockade of Russia.

It calls attention to what it describes as the double-edged policies of Lord Curzon, the British Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and Premier Baldwin of Great Britain, saying the former is trying to weaken Russia, isolate Turkey and support France and then create an anti-French line from London to Berlin and Moscow.

KRASSIN MAKES DENIAL.

Says He Did Not Propose That Soviet Acknowledge Czarist Debts.

MOSCOW, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Denial that he proposed to acknowledge the Czarist debts as a means to obtain foreign recognition was made today by Leonid Krassin, Bolshevist Commissar of Foreign Trade and Commerce, in an official statement.

He said he adhered to the Russian attitude expressed at the Genoa Conference and that since Russia's position was much better now than then it was useless to attempt to buy recognition by such an acknowledgement.

Golfing High and Low

Apologies to K. C. B.

OUR CLUB put on
A GOLFING match
FOR ODD-SIZED folk—
FOLK who were
SIX FEET by two
OR FIVE by four
OR MAYBE more.
YOU SHOULD have seen
THE scores!
YET BILL and I
CAME THROUGH in par.
AND SO Old Bill
SPILLED THEM the dope
ON HOW we did it.
"NOW, TOM and I
IN YEARS before
HAD MADE high scores
BECAUSE OUR underwear
WOULD BIND our arms
OR TIE our legs
SO THIS time
WE SET forth
TO SHOP for
UNDERWEAR THAT fit.
WE TRIED 'most all
THE STORES around.
BUT ONLY at Macy's
WE found
THIS underwear
JUST BUILT for
MEN LIKE us.

OUR ARMS were free
TO FOLLOW through,
OUR BODY muscles
HAD FULL easy swing.
AND THAT'S how
WE WENT around
IN PAR to-day."
MACY HAS the right
IDEA IN selling
UNDERWEAR
FOR US poor blokes
THAT GREW too fast
IN ONE direction.
AND MACY'S has
A GOOD assortment
FROM BROADCLOTH, linen
DOWN TO nainsook
OR SOME such
STUFF that's
LIGHT AND cool
AND COSTS not much.
AND SO I hope
THAT OTHER men
WHO FIND themselves
ALL OUT of shape
WILL GO to Macy's
AND GET a suit
OR MAYBE two
OF THIS underwear.
AND WE thank you

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

Macy's Macy's Macy's Macy's

-with luscious tomatoes and crisp lettuce

The world's best soda cracker
Delightfully crisp and delicious

"Have You Seen the New Buick?"

SHIRTS : IN THE NEW YORK MANNER

Half-Yearly Sale of Manhattan Shirts

Our entire stock of Manhattan Shirts, excepting only white shirts, is now on sale at the following reductions:

$2.50 and $2.75	Now	$1.85
$3.00 to $3.50	"	$2.65
$4.00 and $4.25	"	$3.00
$4.50 and $5.00	"	$3.65
$6.00 and $6.50	"	$4.55
$7.50 and $8.00	"	$5.65
$8.50	"	$6.25
$10.00	"	$7.45
$11.00 and $12.50	"	$9.45

AS America's largest distributors of Manhattan Shirts, we have the most complete and most varied assortment.

The fabrics include madras, oxfords, broadcloths, silk-and-madras, pure silks—all colors guaranteed fast. Collar attached, collar-to-match and neckband styles, also some with stiff cuffs.

Manhattan Pajamas are also on sale at substantial reductions

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28th and Broadway
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*44th and Broadway
Broadway at 37th
*34th and Broadway
*Clothing at these stores

150 Nassau
20 Cortlandt
*30 Broad
*Nassau and John
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Brilliant with color.
Spicy with the flavor of Hungarian life.
READ
SWEET PEPPER
TO-NIGHT
Tenth Edition in Press
It is certain to prove one of the biggest selling books of the year.
By GEOFFREY MOSS
$2.00 at any bookstore.
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 Fifth Av., N. Y.

Mr. Salesmanager, Don't You Need Me?
Can sell and handle other salesmen successfully.
—write sales literature that produces.
—alert, industrious, trustworthy, pleasing personality.
—highest references including present employer's.
Christian. Age 24.
Desirous of changing, as opportunity for advancement is limited.
—initial salary secondary. Opportunity is what I want.
—reliable firm only. 36 New York Times, Brooklyn Branch.

Preparation for College

This school offers exceptional facilities for the education and development of the boy who is preparing to enter any of America's great universities—it is primarily a boarding school, but Five-Day Boarders and Day Scholars are accepted from Philadelphia and nearby cities.

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CHESTNUT HILL, PHILA.

Director of Publicity

and executive in organization, national and international experience, seeks permanent connection or as consultant in public relations.

G 681 Times Downtown.

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Page 23.

BOARD TO MANAGE WILLIAMS HOME

Will Provides Six Shall Be Chosen by Lambs and Six by Actors' Fund.

SURROGATE GETS DOCUMENT

Producer Left Trust Funds for Brother, Sister-in-Law and Cousin.

The will of Percy G. Williams, theatre owner, who left the bulk of his $5,000,000 estate to establish an actors' home, was filed yesterday in the office of the Surrogate of Suffolk County at Riverhead, L. I. Under the terms of the will Mr. Williams, who died on July 21 at his home, Pine Acres, East Islip, L. I., the management of the home will be in the hands of a board of twelve directors, six to be chosen by the Lambs' and six by the Actors' Fund of America.

In the event of failure of these organizations to name directors within three months, the executors, Frederick A. Rosebush, Secretary of the late Mr. Williams; William Grossman and the Kings County Trust Company of Brooklyn, will select the board. The will was drawn by House, Grossman & Vorhaus on June 6, 1917.

To the Actors' Fund of America Mr. Williams left $10,000 on condition that up to the time of his death the Actors' Fund should not limit its charities or benefits to its membership. To each resident of the Actors' Fund Home at New Brighton, S. I., he left $50.

The East Islip estate of Mr. Williams ultimately will be converted into the Percy Williams Home for Aged and Indigent Actors, but it is given to his widow and relatives for use during her lifetime.

The will specifies that the home shall be maintained for the comfort of superannuated and invalid members of the "dramatic and vaudeville branches of the theatrical profession." The guests at the home must comply with the rules formulated by the managers, who shall have the power to discharge from the home, at their discretion, guests who do not live up to the conditions of the foundation. Until the death of Mrs. Williams, the home is to be conducted at some "suitable place" to be selected by the directors and managers. When the Percy Williams Home eventually takes possession of Pine Acres, the will of Mr. Williams specifies that:

"There shall be provided and maintained at the home a suitable library and divers means of recreation for its guests; there shall also be furnished from time to time lectures, readings and entertainments to which the guests of the home shall have free access, and to which others may be admitted upon such terms and under such regulations as the directors and managers may prescribe.

"The gardens and grounds are so to be used as to be productive of profit as well as being maintained for the health and pleasure of the guests and so far as may be capable, such guests as are not otherwise profitably occupied may be permitted to assist in farming, horticulture and the cultivation of flowers."

In a codicil the executors are directed as soon as possible to go about the incorporation of the Percy Williams Home. If the Lambs or the Actors' Fund of America fail or neglect to name the six directors of the home allotted to each within three months, the other organization may name the entire board of twelve, and in case both the Lambs and the Actors' Fund of America do not select a board within three months, the executors are authorized to name the board.

"In such event," says the codicil, "it is my wish that, so far as possible, provisions be made that not less than one-third of the number of directors shall always be persons then or formerly actively associated with or members of that branch of the theatrical profession known as the 'dramatic,' and not less than one-third shall always be persons then or formerly actively associated with or members of that branch of the theatrical profession known as 'vaudeville.'"

The codicil further provides that, in the event the home shall not have been established in the lifetime of the widow and son, and if for any reason it shall be found impossible to hold or acquire any of the gifts left by Mr. Williams, the executors shall have the power to form a corporation, to be known as the Percy Williams Home, and assign or convey to that corporation all the property under the supervision of the executors.

Mr. Williams left, $25,000, his yacht and other boats to his son, Harold G. Williams; $5,000 to his brother, Reginald R. Williams; $10,000 to his secretary, Frederick A. Rosebush; $5,000 to his sister-in-law, Alwilda Richard; $2,000 to his sister-in-law, Capitola Masaud; $1,000 to his cousin, Major Winton Seton of Bedford, England, and a month's wages multiplied by each full year of service to each servant.

In addition to sums left to relatives, Mr. Williams stipulated that trust funds of $60,000 should be created for Alwilda Richard, $35,000 for Capitola Masaud and $45,000 for Reginald R. Williams. Because of the death of the brother the last-named trust fund and the $5,000 gift in money were revoked and a $25,000 trust fund established for Mrs. Reginald B. Williams until her remarriage. A codicil revoked the $60,000 trust fund to Alwilda Richard and created for her a $100,000 trust fund.

FILE FIRST WRECK SUITS.

Two Hurt in Elevated Accident Ask $75,630—Man Seeks $25,000.

The first suits arising out of the elevated railroad accident in Brooklyn, June 25, when a train of the Fifth Avenue-Bay Ridge line left the tracks and fell from the structure, were filed yesterday in the Supreme Court of New York County in behalf of the family of Charles Greenberg. Mrs. Greenberg and her 12-year-old daughter Bella were cut and bruised, and allege they were permanently injured.

The suits aggregate $160,630. Mrs. Greenberg sued for $50,630, of which the $630 represents $180 in cash and diamond ring and lavalliere which she says were lost or taken from her while she lay in the street injured. Her husband asks for $10,000 for the loss of his wife's services, and $15,000 for the injury to his daughter, and the daughter sues for $25,000. The suits are brought against the New York Rapid Transit Corporation.

ASKS $50,000 FOR BURNS.

Woman Says Combs Exploded, Disfiguring Her Permanently.

A suit for $50,000 on the ground that her combs exploded and caused burns which disfigured her permanently, was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by Sara B. Murry against C. Nestle & Co.

The plaintiff said that she bought a set of comb hair waves at St. Petersburg, Fla., made by the defendant, and that the latter guaranteed that they would be safe to use. She alleges that when she was lying near a low burning gas stove at 6,220 Howe Street, Pittsburgh, the combs exploded and caused lacerations.

REPORT SURGEON'S ART GIVES BARD A NEW NOSE

Fanny Brice Reported to Be Anxious to Get New Lineaments for Coming Play.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 1.—It is now declared possible to change one's face to suit the season or to suit the latest rôle, if one is in the theatrical profession.

Ben Bard, a star of "The Dancing Girl," has had his nose "taken up" perceptibly through "facial sculpture." The operation was performed yesterday with the patient sitting in a chair and reporters looking on. It lasted about forty-five minutes. When all was over Mr. Bard returned to his hotel with the straight nose he wants for the fulfilment of some movie ambitions.

Next week, it is said, the Chicago surgeon goes to New York to work on the face of Miss Fanny Brice. It is said she feels she has got all she can out of her nose and mouth and she wants new ones to fit her for the comedy rôles to which she aspires. It is hinted that she may wear new lineaments in next season's play, in which she has a sort of feminine David Warfield rôle.

FASCISTI CLAIM SUCCESSES.

National Council Says That Italian Strife Is Ended.

ROME, Aug. 1.—The National Council of Fascismo has adopted resolutions summarizing the results of its recent session held at the Vatican Palace. It states that the many problems of Fascismo as a political organization, and its dealing with labor and other branches of public activity, domestic and foreign, were carefully examined.

The organization which developed from disorganized conditions, it is declared, has now demonstrated its administrative ability. Hundreds of thousands of blackshirts constitute a formidable army ready to uphold the constituted government. After many months of arduous service the Fascista program has been maintained, it is asserted, in full faith and vigor, civil strife has been calmed and the nation faces the future with confidence.

The resolutions close with a stirring tribute to Premier Mussolini as "the Chief who has proved a sure and inflexible guide, and to whom Fascismo pledges its unwavering loyalty."

COURT EXPERT IN TROUBLE.

Faces Penalty for Contempt for Failure to Pay Alimony.

Seth B. MacClinton, a shorthand expert and member of the firm which takes the criminal trials in the Federal Court, was directed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Bijur to show cause on Aug. 15 why he should not be punished for contempt of court in failing to pay $20 a week alimony under a separation decree obtained by Mrs. Amy MacClinton in 1915.

She alleges MacClinton, who is Lieutenant Colonel of the Fifteenth Infantry, New York National Guard, earned $10,000 last year and got $500 salary as National Guard officer, and his living quarters in the armory. He owes her $3,500, she says.

Mrs. MacClinton alleges she has suffered a nervous breakdown because of her husband's failure to pay the alimony, and that she is dependent on her daughter, a private secretary. She said she had pawned all her jewels.

CITY CLERKS SUE FOR PAY.

Victims of Controller's Sabotage, LaGuardia Charges.

Supreme Court Justice Burr reserved decision yesterday on the application of James Matthews, acting secretary of the Sinking Fund Commission and Edward F. O'Connor, reading clerk of the Board of Estimate, to compel Controller Craig to pay them four salary checks aggregating $864 and $633 respectively, which the Controller has held up. Congressman LaGuardia, representing the petitioners, said that they were being made "the victims of the sabotage and personal animus of the Controller," and that "the Mayor out of the goodness of his heart had advanced money to these two men in order that they could support their families."

The Controller contends that the payrolls bearing the names of the two clerks were "incorrect and falsified." James F. Egan, of the Controller's legal bureau, said that the question was solely one of law, and that Matthews could not draw pay as clerk if he is acting as secretary of the Sinking Fund Commission, as he says he is. Mayor Hylan caused the appointment of Matthews as secretary of the commission to replace a clerk in the Controller's office.

CITY LOSES LAND FIGHT.

Must Execute Deed for Coney Island Property Owner.

Mrs. Rosie J. Richards of 147 Barbey Street, Brooklyn, wife of former Municipal Court Justice Edward A. Richards, obtained an order from Supreme Court Justice Lewis yesterday requiring Mayor Hylan, the City Clerk and other officials to execute a deed in her favor for property at Coney Island. The motion on which the order was issued is the sequel to actions brought by Mrs. Richards to enforce her claim to the property.

The Board of Estimate adopted a resolution on April 14, 1921, granting title to owners of property at Coney Island, exacting in return payment of $200 on each lot and back taxes. Mrs. Richards said she had complied with both conditions, the taxes she paid amounting to $8,493. The resolution authorizing passing of titles by the city was rescinded on June 16, 1921.

The Corporation Counsel's office contended her claim had been voided on the ground that the sale price and taxes had not been paid within ten days, as required.

SAY "AMERICA" IS BRITISH.

Chicago Irish Are Glad It Was Left Out of School Song Book.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—"America" is "not a patriotic song," and its air is the same as that of the British national anthem, "God Save the King," the United Irish Societies declared at a meeting tonight.

The society commended the reported action of the Music Committee of the Board of Education in omitting the anthem from the public school songbook recently published.

Freed of Attack on I. W. W.

Thomas Dunn, boss loader at the United States Shipping Board piers, Hoboken, was freed by Recorder Adolph Carsten at Hoboken yesterday of charges of malicious mischief and technical assault, preferred by John Gunlach, Secretary of the Hoboken branch of the Marine Transport Workers of the I. W. W. Gunlach testified that Dunn led a gang of longshoremen into the headquarters of the Marine Transport Workers at 316 River Street, Hoboken, and tore down the I. W. W. red banner and told him to leave town. Dunn denied tearing down the I. W. W. banner and said that he told Gunlach only that he "ought" to leave town.

THE SCREEN

LITTLE OLD NEW YORK, with Marion Davies, Steve Carr, J. M. Kerrigan, Harrison Ford, Courtenay Foote, Mahlon Hamilton, Norval Keedwell, George Barraud, Sam Hardy, Andrew Dillon, Riley Hatch, Charles Kennedy, Spencer Charters, Harry Watson, Louis Wolheim, Charles Judels, Gypsy O'Brien, Mary Kennedy, Elisabeth Murray, Thomas Findlay, Marie R. Burke and others; adapted by Luther Reed; directed by Sidney Olcott. Special music by Victor Herbert's orchestra. At the Cosmopolitan.

The Pretty Impostor.

A brilliant gathering last night attended the presentation of Marion Davies in the picturized version of "Little Old New York" at the remodeled and redecorated Cosmopolitan Theatre, formerly the Park Theatre, now owned by William R. Hearst. It was possibly the most auspicious first night of a photoplay, the affair being further enhanced by Victor Herbert and his orchestra.

In the audience were people in society, city officials, stage and motion picture celebrities. Some of those in the seats witnessed a vivid portrayal of their own ancestors, living in a peaceful village on the lower end of Manhattan. They saw John Jacob Astor, stern and full of business ideas; Robert Fulton, thoughtful and eager; Washington Irving, Henry Brevoort, and Delmonico presiding over a lunch wagon.

Free of all the clatter and banging of trolley cars, elevated railroads, the congestion of tall buildings, the notoriously noisy subway, the greatest city of the world was depicted a little more than a century ago as a sort of Arcadia-like haven, which was aristocratic yet talked with Hoboken about sports, whose citizens loved their wine—a village that had just inherited a fire department partly manned by the young swells, and where for the offenders against law and order there were the stocks.

All this was in the day when Robert Fulton introduced to the ultra-conservative element in Clermont, when Cornelius Vanderbilt skippered the ferryboat to Staten Island and John Jacob Astor had a nice little piano and fur shop.

For costumes and settings and photography "Little Old New York" is one of the most exquisite productions ever thrown upon a screen. In spite of the moderate thrill of the narrative one envies the days of long ago even with the lack of speed and electric light. The story is sweet and appealing and runs along without a single hurtful halt, and Sidney Olcott, the director, has shown excellent taste in refraining from any of the usual motion picture gymnastics. The acting is quiet and natural and the characterization is good, although Marion Davies is far too feminine ever to be mistaken for a boy. But as the picture rolls along the illusion gains headway and one lives with the picture. In those days they were unwilling to recognize Fulton's invention and perhaps they were just as blind to a lad's characteristics.

The photoplay first introduces the young and old bloods of the Battery and from there one is taken to Ireland. Marion Davies as the girl, Patricia O'Day, is a vivacious, fearless colleen bawn, ready for the fray and to protect her old father.

Later in New York Patricia is shown impersonating her brother Pat, who died in mid-ocean, so that she and her father inherit the great fortune of a relative. She wears tight trousers and boots, and is nervous about the ordeal of posing as a boy.

"Keep a bold front," adjures her father. "It's the back of me that's trembling," confesses Patricia.

Harrison Ford plays Larry Delavan, the young aristocrat who expected to come in for the money. His costumes as well as those of the other players are faultlessly made, every little detail, even to oblong eyeglasses, having received attention.

An alluring sequence in this photoplay is the depicting of Fulton and other notables aboard the Clermont in the Hudson. Pat, as she is then known, is also on the vessel, which is tried out that day. Fulton is nervous and Astor is skeptical. The steamboat starts and then stops. Futon peers down through steam clouds at the engine room, and Pat becomes so frightened that she confides to Larry Delevan that she has a confession to make before she dies. The wonderful little craft gets going again, and amazement is shown on the faces of the doubting Thomases as the steamboat surges through the river waters. The replica of the Clermont is wonderfully well constructed.

One sees the people aboard, their countenances reassured, and from the mast breaks the Stars and Stripes in colors. By that time men are only too anxious to invest their money in Fulton's folly, but it is too late.

When Patricia, as Pat, of course, is offered Ariana de Puyster's hand to kiss, she pushes it away, which action elicits the remark:

"What an impossible little boy."

Pat becomes a social incorrigible. Miss de Puyster consents to sing, and Pat so dislikes it that "he" fishes out his harp and tries to drown the sounds of the magnificent lady's voice with his own efforts. Pat is left with the men and their smokes, and finally the pale-faced Patricia picks up a churchwarden clay pipe and puffs on it, with the result that she becomes very ill. But ills on the film are quickly forgotten.

The Hoboken Terror and Bully Boy Brewster are matched to fight each other in the fire-house. At scramble in, eager to see how the match is going and anxious for the New York fighter to win, as Larry has his house up on a wager on the outcome of the encounter. There is a scrambling and much jostling, but Pat eventually hides up in the little bell tower. This old-fashioned bare-knuckle fighting, when the second's knee serves as a stool, is interestingly sketched. But Pat knows enough to see that the Hoboken Terror is getting the best of the fight, and therefore "he" pulls the fire bell. The throng is infuriated at the discovery of the trick and Patricia is tied by her hands to a post while the Hoboken Terror uses a horsewhip upon her. Then Patricia can't stand it any longer and screams that she is a girl.

From the beating Pat received one would have imagined that it would have sent her to bed for a week, but next morning Patricia, in dainty laces and ribbons, issues forth in the house, a picture of the rose in full bloom.

Sam Hardy is good as Cornelius Vanderbilt. George Barraud, as Henry Brevoort, wears his clothes remarkably well and in the brief appearance he made he was always perfectly at home. C. M. Kerrigan is an indoubitable John O'Day. Courtenay Foote is splendid as Robert Fulton, Ford is rather heavy as Larry Delevan, Andrew Dillon is capital as John Jacob Astor.

A. HAMMERSTEIN'S PLAYS.

"Gypsy Jim" and "Plain Jane" to Be His First Productions.

Arthur Hammerstein announced yesterday that he would make three or four productions during the coming season. The first will be "Gypsy Jim," by Oscar Hammerstein and Milton Gropper, which will soon be acted in Oakland, Cal. "Gypsy Jim" is a comedy and will have Robert Warwick in its leading rôle. Mr. Hammerstein will produce it here in October.

"Plain Jane," a musical comedy, with Mary Hay and Hal Skelly, will go into rehearsal late in September. It is the work of William Cary Duncan and Oscar Hammerstein, with music by Herbert Stothart and Vincent Youmans. Later a musical comedy by the same authors, entitled "Lily of the Valley," will be presented.

As already announced, Mr. Hammerstein will offer "Hammerstein's Nine o'Clock Revue" on the Century Roof Nov. 1.

'TRAVIATA' SUNG IN HEBREW

Brilliant Performance of Verdi's Work Given in Jerusalem.

JERUSALEM, Aug. 1. (Jewish Telegraph Agency.)—A brilliant performance of "Traviata," Verdi's famous opera, was given a Hebrew presentation here last night. There was a gala attendance and the many Englishmen, Americans, consuls and high Government officials who were part of the audience proclaimed it a great success.

This opera, translated for the first time into the ancient Hebrew, was presented first at Tel Aviv, under the direction of M. Galinker of Odessa. The cast included Mme. Must of Moscow, and Messrs. Kund and Harmelach.

WALTER DAMROSCH BACK.

Conductor Brings Some New Works for New York Symphony.

Walter Damrosch, conductor of the New York Symphony Orchestra, returned on the White Star liner Majestic yesterday with Mrs. Damrosch and their daughters from a three months' vacation in Italy and France. He said that he brought back some new French, Italian and Spanish works for the coming season, but did not wish to name them now.

Emilio de Gorgoza, the baritone, returned on the liner with his wife, Mme. Emma Eames, and will make a concert tour in November.

MISS HARRIS TO WED AGAIN.

Former Mrs. Charlie Chaplin Will Marry an Eastern Capitalist.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 1.—Mildred Harris, motion picture actress and former wife of Charlie Chaplin, is to be married to an Eastern capitalist, according to The Los Angeles Times.

"Yes, I am going to marry again," the paper quotes Miss Harris. "My future husband is an Eastern capitalist. He will be here in September and then we shall announce our engagement. I do not wish to tell his name now. Mother and I are going to buy a home somewhere in Hollywood Hills. I have a couple of offers for pictures and expect to go back to work in a few weeks."

J. J. SHUBERT RETURNS.

Brings a Number of European Plays and Musical Pieces.

J. J. Shubert returned to New York on the Majestic yesterday, following a brief trip abroad in search of plays. He obtained the American rights to a number of plays and musical pieces current in Paris and London, and also contracted for the appearance here of several prominent English and French players. He was accompanied by E. Romayne Simmons of the Shubert executive staff.

Lotus Robb Operated On.

Lotus Robb, the actress, is convalescing from a serious operation in Polyclinic Hospital. While appearing in "Why Not?" last season Miss Robb was struck by a motor truck, but continued to act. Recently she appeared for a few performances in "The Devil's Disciple" during the illness of Margalo Gillmore.

F. Graham Wed to Nannie Le Tout.

Franklin Graham, assistant booking manager of the Keith Vaudeville Exchange, was married on Saturday, July 21, to Miss Nannie Le Tout, a singer. The ceremony was performed in Amityville, L. I.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The postponed opening of Will Morrissey's "Newcomers," a revue, will take place at the 39th St. Theatre next Monday night.

Rehearsals of "Bernard and Collier's Nifties of 1923," will begin next Monday.

Grace La Rue is retiring from "The Music Box Revue" with the end of the New York run, and will be seen here in a play next season with Hale Hamilton, her husband.

"The Fool" will end its run at the Times Square Theatre on Sept. 1. During the final week the play will be acted by touring companies, and the original organization will open in Chicago on Aug. 20.

Martha Bryan Allen will continue in "The Devil's Disciple" until "Magnolia" opens at the Liberty on Aug. 27.

Patricia Salmon, who comes from a tent show that was seen recently in Shelby, Mont., will join the Ziegfeld "Follies" on Aug. 13.

MUSIC NOTES.

Sousa's Band on Saturday will give two concerts at Ocean Grove, N. J., the band's nearest approach to New York for some months to come.

Tonight's program of the Philharmonic at the Stadium includes the prize composition, "Two Interludes," by Max Kidder of Illinois.

In the Goldman Band's list at its free concert in Central Park this evening are Saenger's "Scotch Pastorale" and "Southern Rose."

MOTION PICTURES.

MARION DAVIES
in Little Old New York
2:30 — EVERY DAY — 8:30
POP. PRICES—SEATS RESERVED
Cosmopolitan Theatre
COLUMBUS CIRCLE
Victor Herbert and His Orchestra

MARK STRAND BROADWAY at 47th St.
DU MAURIER'S Immortal Novel TRILBY
with ANDREE LAFAYETTE, Frank Star
STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
BEGINNING SUNDAY
Jackie Coogan
in "CIRCUS DAYS"
MARK STRAND THEATRE B'way at 47 St.

CAMEO B'way & 42d St. Elaine Hammerstein in "Broadway Gold" with ELLIOT DEXTER A Truart Picture.

RIVOLI—BROADWAY at 49TH ST.
A JAMES CRUZE PRODUCTION
HOLLYWOOD
30 Real Stars—50 Screen Celebrities
Paramount Picture
THOMAS MEIGHAN
in "HOMEWARD BOUND"
RIESENFELD'S CLASSICAL JAZZ
IALTO—BROADWAY at 42ND ST.
272nd and 273rd SHOWINGS
"The Covered Wagon"
A Paramount Picture
CRITERION B'way & 44 St. Twice Daily 2:30-8:30 Evs. 8:30 Mats. Sat. & Sun. 2:30-8:30 All Seats Reserved $1.10 to $1.65
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MISS WILLS BEATEN IN SEABRIGHT PLAY

Coast Tennis Star Falls Before Brilliant Attack of Miss Goss, 5-7, 6-3, 6,2.

WASHBURN AND HUNTER OUT

Norton Eliminates Former and Snodgrass Defeats New Rochelle Player.

MRS. MALLORY ADVANCES

Easily Triumphs Over Mrs. Morris and Reaches Semi-Finals—British Women in Practice Session.

Special to The New York Times.

SEABRIGHT, N. J., Aug. 1.—The much-awaited match between Mrs. Molla B. Mallory, the national women's champion, and Miss Helen Wills of Berkeley, Cal., has been deferred again. This afternoon in the round before the semi-finals of the annual invitation tournament of the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club, Miss Wills met with her first defeat of the season. Miss Eleanor Goss of the West Side Tennis Club, who was placed within the first five last year but who was unrated this year because of insufficient data, furnished the biggest surprise of the play here by defeating the California girl in two sets out of three at 5—7, 6—3, 6—2.

Mrs. Mallory was the only other player to gain a place in the semi-finals. She easily defeated Miss Lewis G. Morris of New York at 6—1, 6—0, winning as she pleased.

The rest of the field in the women's singles is two rounds behind owing to the late arrival of the members of the English women's team, whose matches were held up until they reached this country. They arrived at the club late this afternoon today, coming directly to Seabright from the pier in New York. They were welcomed by Bernon S. Prentice, President of the club; James C. Auchincloss and Holcombe Ward, members of the Tennis Committee, and Mrs. Mallory, Miss Goss, Miss Edith Sigourney and Miss Eleanora Sears, all of whom played abroad this Summer.

Hold First Practices.

The four English players are Miss Kathleen McKane, Mrs. Geraldine Beamish, Mrs. Nancy Covell and Mrs. R. C. Clayton. After tea and a short rest they dressed in their tennis clothes and came out on the courts for practice. A large gallery gathered around the two courts, on one of which Miss McKane practiced with Mrs. Covell, and on the other Mrs. Beamish played with Mrs. Clayton. Much comment was occasioned by Mrs. Beamish's underhand service, while similarity was noted between Miss McKane and Mlle. Susanne Lenglen, both in dress and style of play.

Miss McKane wore a one-piece dress, fashioned after the one Mlle. Lenglen has made so popular for women's play, and about her head was a sapphire blue band without which the French star is never seen on court. Both Miss McKane and Mrs. Covell showed well-developed ground strokes. Miss McKane's backhand is almost as much of a forcing shot as is her forehand. She drives the ball low over the net, making her stroke on the run, and following in behind it naturally to the net where she vollies and smashes overhead with steadiness and power.

The English players will make their first appearance in the tournament tomorrow afternoon, when they will play in the singles and later in the afternoon in the doubles. The feature match will bring together Miss McKane and Mrs. Helen Gill Saudeau Lockhorn of Mamaroneck, seventh ranking player in the country. Mrs. Beamish will face Mrs. Benjamin E. Cole of Boston; Mrs. Clayton will play Miss Ceres Baker of Orange, N. J., and Mrs. Covell will be opposed to Miss Helen Hooker.

Two Californians, B. C. Norton of Alameda, and one Philadelphian reached the semi-final round of the men's singles. Harvey Snodgrass of California furnished the second surprise of the day when he put out Francis T. Hunter of New Rochelle, semi-finalist at Wilmington last year, 6—4, 6—3, 6—2. William M. Johnston of San Francisco, the defending title-holder in this tournament, eliminated Howard Kinsey, also of California, 6—3, 12—10. Robert Kinsey bowed to Richard Norris Williams 3d of Philadelphia at 6—2, 6—3, and Norton eliminated Watson Washburn of New York, 3—6, 6—2, 6—4.

Williams to Play Norton.

In the semi-finals, Williams will face Norton and Johnston plays Snodgrass, who defeated him on the coast last Spring. Vincent Richards defaulted in the second round to Robert Kinsey as his injured hand was not sufficiently healed to permit him to play.

One team reached the semi-finals of the men's singles. The Kinsey brothers defeated Norton and Dr. George King of New York, 0—4, 6—2, after the losing pair had taken the first game of the opening set. Mrs. Mallory and Miss Phyllis Walsh gained a place in the semi-final of the women's doubles, defeating Mrs. Lockhorn and Mrs. Morris, 6—1, 6—1.

The match between Miss Goss and Miss Wills was witnessed by the largest gallery of the week. It was a stirring back-court duel, in which Miss Goss's greater stamina and steadiness pulled her through to victory. Miss Wills made a stout-hearted fight, but she could not match her opponent's powerful service and booming forehand drives, which were going across the net with as much speed and length at the close as in the beginning set.

So cleverly did Miss Goss shorten the length that the Western girl failed to get to the ball time after time. Not only did Miss Goss mix her pace and length, but she played to the alternate sides of the court, giving a splendid exhibition of courtmanship.

Miss Goss in Lead.

In the first set Miss Goss ran into a lead of 3—0, breaking through Miss Wills's service in the second. The California girl was on the defensive in these three games, finding it extremely difficult to keep within close proximity of the ball, as her opponent trapped her with short shots just over the net. Instead of wilting, however, Miss Wills showed her grit by taking the next three games in succession, four of them by love. After winning the fourth on service she captured the fifth and sixth without the loss of a point.

Miss Goss came back strong in the seventh and eighth and went to the front at 5—3, with the impressive exhibition of driving. She needed but one more game to take the set, but she did not get it. Miss Wills once more met the test and ran set four straight games for the set at 7—5. She broke through in the ninth when Miss Goss double faulted on the net point. She impressive up to 5—all on service and then went into the lead at 6—5 on another break through service. The California girl made big capital of her own delivery in the twelfth and brought the set to an end with the service ace. The second set was followed service for seven games, Miss Goss leading at 4—3, broke through in the eighth and then took the set on service at 6—3. Following the rest period Miss Wills started the serving. Miss Goss broke through for a love game on three errors and a placement. Miss Wills sought to make her way to the net, but the other forced her into error making by the cleverness with which she placed her returns.

Returns the Favor.

The California girl returned the favor in the second, when she took four points in succession, the first two on outs and the last two on beautiful placement aces. Miss Goss made the third straight break in the set by taking the third at 4—2, and then increased her lead to 3—1 on service. Miss Wills won the fourth game at 4—2, and this was her last. Miss Goss ran out three games in a row, hitting the ball with all her power off the forehand and worrying her opponent out of position in masterly fashion. The California girl played boldly for the points, but she was staging a losing fight. In the last three games she got but a total of 2 points.

The match between Snodgrass and Hunter was the most bitterly fought in the men's singles. Hunter hit with all his customary savagery off the forehand and his control was good.

Ordinarily Hunter would win under these circumstances, but Snodgrass was so steady in covering court, and he placed his returns so cleverly, that he managed to keep on even terms with his opponent and came through with the deciding set after two critical stages. The Californian was particularly effective in breaking up Hunter's net attack. Almost every time the New Rochelle man closed in, the other passed him wide or overhead. His strokes were not so speedy that Hunter did not have time to reach his objective. It was the angle and the height he got on his returns, which Hunter could not reach. Hunter made a big effort to take the second set when he pulled up to 5 all from 3—5, but Snodgrass won three out of the next four games and brought the play to a close.

Williams was in his finest form against Robert Kinsey. It was the same form that enabled him to completely baffle Carl Fischer on Tuesday. His strokes were going across the net with all their characteristic speed and depth, and so perfect was his control that almost every point his opponent won was earned on aces.

Williams Hits Hard.

Kinsey's chop strokes, which have been so difficult for other players to handle, failed to disturb the Philadelphian. Williams hit so hard and placed so cleverly that Kinsey was always on the run to make his strokes. Williams ran out six games in a row without ever giving Kinsey a chance to take the offensive.

In the second set Williams suffered a lapse from form and for a while seemed to have lost the range of the line and net. He was continually making errors off simple shots and his net attack, which he called upon when his ground strokes failed him, was stopped by Kinsey's side returns down the side line. The Californian ran into a lead of 4—0, and it seemed certain that the match would go to three sets.

At this point, however, Williams found himself, and from then until the end of the match played the same form that he had shown at the outset. He took six out of the next seven games, smothering Kinsey's crop strokes with his streaking fore and backhand drives and putting away everything at the net when he followed in behind his forcing shots.

Washburn played such flawless tennis in the first set of his match with Norton that it looked as though the last of the foreign stars would be eliminated. The New York man outplayed his opponent in rally after rally and in the driving duels from back court. Norton was doing all the running while Washburn was playing easy, shooting the ball first to one side of the court and then to the other. He captured the set, 6—3.

Washburn Slows Down.

Norton changed the situation in the second set. His fast ground strokes began to find the openings in Washburn's court, and so fleet was he in covering his own territory that the American could get very little past him. Washburn slowed down considerably and his drives fell off in steam, giving his opponent more time to get to the ball and make his strokes. Norton ran into a lead of 3-0 and captured the set at 6—2.

The third set was the most evenly matched of the three. Both men fought keenly for every point, and so brilliant was the play that applause followed almost every rally. Washburn gained a lead of 3—0, but could not make it good. Despite his hard efforts and clever position play, Norton captured six out of the next seven games for the set and match. The British star's backhand played a big part in the victory. Left and right, he shot the ball back like a streak for placement when Washburn made the mistake of playing the ball to the left of him.

Johnston had Howard Kinsey all at sea in the first set of their match, breaking up every attack he launched at the net with crossing shots and neatly laid lobs. Kinsey found his back court untenable, as his opponent found opening after opening with his famous forehand drives. Johnston slowed down in the second set and Kinsey, always quick to make the most of his opportunities, carried him along for twenty-two games before submitting at 12—10.

The loser covered all sorts of territory, making sets of the most difficult character, especially off the backhand. Johnston led at 6—8 and had the service in the eighteenth game, but could not bring the match to a close until he had broken through again in the twenty-first and then made his delivery effective in the twenty-second.

The summaries:

Men's Singles—Third Round—Robert Kinsey won from Vincent Richards by default; Howard Kinsey defeated Nathaniel W. Niles, 6—3, 6—1.

Fourth Round—William M. Johnston defeated Howard Kinsey, 6—3, 12—10; Harvey Snodgrass defeated Francis T. Hunter, 6—7, 6—4; Brian I. C. Norton defeated Watson J. Washburn, 6—3, 6—2; R. Norris Williams 3d defeated Robert Kinsey, 6—0, 7—5.

Men's Doubles—First Round—Dean Mathey and Burnham Dell defeated Samuel Hardy and R. H. Davis, 6—3, 6—3; Francis T. Hunter and Holcombe Ward won from Vincent Richards and partner by default.

Second Round—Lewis N. White and Henry Gould defeated Leonard Beach and Starr W. Pearson, 4—6, 6—3, 6—4; Wallace Bates and Harvey Snodgrass defeated Dean Mathey and Burnham Dell, 8—6, 1—6, 6—2; Holcombe Ward and Francis T. Hunter defeated Watson J. Washburn and C. H. Hughes, 6—4, 6—4; R. Norris Williams and Watson M. Washburn defeated Carl Fischer and Frank T. Anderson, 6—4, 6—4.

Third Round—Robert and Howard Kinsey defeated B. I. C. Norton and Dr. George King, 0—4, 6—2, 6—4; Watson M. Washburn and R. Norris Williams, 3d, defeated Wallace James Davies, 6—3, 6—3; Holcombe Ward and Francis T. Hunter defeated Lewis N. White and Henry Gould, 6—4, 6—4.

Women's Singles, Third Round—Molla Mallory defeated Mrs. Lois G. Morris, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Eleanor Goss defeated Miss Helen Wills, 5—7, 6—3, 6—2.

Women's Doubles—First Round—Mrs. R. C. Lockhorn and Mrs. L. G. Morris defeated Mrs. Mallory and Miss Phyllis Walsh, default; Mrs. Lockhorn and Mrs. Morris, 6—1, 6—1.

Lack of Funds May Keep Swiss Out of Olympics

GENEVA, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Financial difficulties are expected to prevent Switzerland taking part in next year's Olympic Games. The Swiss Olympic Committee has appealed to the Government for a loan of 108,725 francs as a minimum subsidy, the committee undertaking to cover training expenses by public subscription. The Government, however, is manifesting disinclination to grant the subsidy and has referred the matter to a committee. The question of finance also was the determining factor in preventing the Swiss marksmen from taking part in the international shooting contests at Camp Perry, Ohio, in September. The decision against the riflemen making the trip is generally regretted here, as the Swiss were champions of Europe for twelve years and were only beaten by the Americans the last two years.

BRITISH NET STARS LAND FOR MATCHES

Miss McKane, Mrs. Beamish, Mrs. Clayton and Mrs. Covell Go to Seabright.

IN EXCELLENT CONDITION

Training on Board S. S. Franconia Keeps Them in Readiness for Month's Play Here.

The British expeditionary force of women tennis players made its first invasion of the United States yesterday, four of England's leading players landing shortly after noon from the Franconia and immediately departing for Seabright, N. J., to compete in the tournament in progress on the courts of the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club. In the party were the four contestants, Miss Kathleen McKane, Mrs. Geraldine Beamish, Mrs. R. C. Clayton and Mrs. B. C. Covell, H. Anthony Sabelli, Secretary of the English Lawn Tennis Association, who is in charge of the party, and his wife.

Like a quartet of modern Amazons come to lift at least three titles from the American women stars, the players were rushed ashore and hurried to the scene of battle at Seabright. The invaders will stay in this country for at least a month, it was announced, competing first in the Seabright tournament and then taking up their headquarters at Forest Hills, L. I., where they meet the American women representatives in the first international women's team matches, beginning on Aug. 10 and ending the next day. Following the international competition, the Englishwomen will compete in the National singles and doubles championships, which will be played on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills, from Aug. 13 to Aug. 20. The English stars also will probably compete in the women's metropolitan championship tournament at the Nassau Club to be contested next week.

The invading forces voiced their regret at not arriving on time for the start of play at Seabright, being held up because of the immigration laws, which delayed several ships from docking before Aug. 1. The foreigners also expressed their appreciation of the action of the Seabright committee in delaying their matches in order to allow them to compete.

Practice on Ship.

All the English players are in excellent condition, and, as was remarked at the time of their arrival on board ship, have been made to feel at home by being greeted with true London weather. The ten-day trip across the Atlantic was spent in strenuous exercise in long walks around the decks and in a daily set on the squash courts of the ship. Although unable to get in any real tennis on board the Franconia, the players found ample space in which to try out their strokes every day of the journey and kept fit in this manner.

All the foreign stars who landed yesterday are large, active-looking women, with the exception of Miss McKane, the ace of the outfit. The tennis marvel, who would rank second only to Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen of France if a women's world ranking list were drawn up from the play so far this season, is slight of build and not so powerful in appearance as her team mates. However, she impresses one at first sight as a person of great activity, and her long, tapering fingers indicate a strong grip on her racquet.

Miss McKane expressed hearty approval of the inauguration of the international women's matches on her arrival and said that she hoped that they might continue as a permanent event in the coming tennis season. When told that the United States was counting quite as much on the playing of little Miss Helen Wills, the California schoolgirl star, as on the work of Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, national women's champion, in the coming matches, Miss McKane smiled confidently.

"I have heard a great deal of Miss Wills's ability," she said, "and am anxious to meet her. As she has never played in England and as this is my first trip to America, I have never had the opportunity of playing against her. She must be quite wonderful from the reports I have heard."

The Leading Player.

Miss McKane's record is an impressive one. She is, without a doubt, the leading woman player in the British Isles. This year she has already captured the women's covered court championship of the world, both in singles and in doubles, and in the turf court championship tournament at Wimbledon she won her way through to the final rounds and was defeated only by the superb Susanne Lenglen. Mrs. Beamish, who was Miss McKane's partner when she took the covered court title, is the next ranking player among the invaders. During the present season Mrs. Beamish has won her way to the finals in nearly every tournament in England.

Mrs. Clayton and Mrs. Covell, the remaining members of the English team, also have excellent records. Mrs. Clayton is the holder of the English covered court championship and, paired with Mrs. E. D. Holmes, won the London Country Club doubles. In the Middlesex championship, Mrs. Covell shared with Mrs. Beamish the doubles title. Mrs. Covell will probably be used only in the doubles matches during the international competition, as her record at that style of play is more impressive than her work in the singles. However, she is fully capable of substituting for any of the three other players in singles, should any of them be incapacitated.

Miss Austin and Miss Colyer, the young players who created quite a bit of attention and enthusiasm by their performance as a doubles combination in the tournament at Wimbledon, did not accompany the British team, as was at first expected. Mr. Sabelli stated that it was not probable that the pair would come over for the national championships and that they were never named as members of the women's international team by those in authority abroad.

EINSMANN VICTOR IN JUNIOR TENNIS

Wins New York Final and Qualifies for National Championship Tourney.

William Einsmann, former national indoor boys' tennis champion, won the New York junior championship singles final at the West Side Lawn Tennis Club, Forest Hills, L. I., yesterday and qualified to play for the national junior championship in the tournament to be conducted at the Longwood Cricket Club, Boston. Einsmann's victory in the final was accomplished against John F. Millen, and gives the winner his second sectional title as, paired with Robert Raymond, he captured the junior doubles championship on Tuesday.

Yesterday Einsmann, who is nearing the junior age limit, ran through his younger opponent in straight sets gaining the victory at 6—3, 6—2, 6—2. The new champion was strong on his overhead work, constantly rushing the net and driving Millen to the back court, where he was forced to play a defensive game. Einsmann exhibited a veteran's judgment by his splendid acting shots down the sidelines and to the far corners of the court. He was also the master of the situation on his services.

Einsmann will be New York's representative in the national junior championships in singles and will pair with Raymond as the doubles representatives. In the boys' class Stuart Gayness Jr. and Ogden Phips will be the representatives, the pair having won the doubles title on Tuesday and Gayness having captured the boys' singles event in addition.

FRANCE ELIMINATES SPAIN IN CUP PLAY

Blanchy Beats Flaquer in Deciding Match, but Will Be Unable to Play in U. S.

BUSINESS KEEPS HIM HOME

Lacoste, Borotra and Brugnon Will Sail Saturday to Meet Winner of Australia-Japan Tie.

DEAUVILLE, France, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The French tennis players by completing their defeat of Spain in the finals of the European zone of the Davis Cup tournament have earned the right to travel to the United States to meet the winner of the Australia-Japan final of the American zone to determine what nation is to oppose the United States in the challenge round.

René Lacoste, who will be one of France's representatives in the United States, was the mainstay of the French team, his defeat of Count de Gomar being the only reverse the Spanish nobleman suffered in the Davis Cup singles in Europe this year. Their match was the turning point in the series.

The schoolboy also will be France's best bet in America, and with Henri Cochet, who played there last year, and André Gobert practically out of it, it will be up to Jean Borotra and Jacques Brugnon to carry the rest of the French Davis Cup ambition. Business affairs make it impossible for Francois Blanchy, the French champion, to make the trip.

It was by superior steadiness that Blanchy put the finishing touch on France's victory over Spain in his match with Flaquer this afternoon by the scores, 6—1, 6—2, 3—6, 6—1, giving France three matches to two. The Spaniard played erratically and really defeated himself by netting the ball and hitting it out.

Makes Poor Showing.

Flaquer, apparently impressed by the responsibility of carrying the entire burden of the Spanish Davis Cup hopes, made a poor showing in the first set, scoring only 12 points to Blanchy's 27. The Spaniard's proposed trip to the United States faded further away when the Frenchman raced through the second set, 31 points to 21 for Flaquer.

With the count at two sets to none against his colleague, Count de Gomar, was sitting on the sidelines wearing a dejected look, told his neighbors: "My, I wish that Manuel Alonso was here."

In the third set Flaquer attacked desperately at the net and won, 6—3, and 32 points to 27. He beat the Frenchman time and again by placements close to the net, Blanchy giving the impression that he was taking a breathing spell, and allowed the set to go to the Spaniard.

Tired by his exertions in the third set Flaquer was easy for the French champion in the last set. After the score was one game all Blanchy ran out five games, taking the set and match with 97 points to 22 for Flaquer. The total points for the set were 122 for Blanchy and 87 for Flaquer.

For the first time in the five days of the long drawn-out finals the weather was pleasant and society was out in force. Julien H. Muhr will captain the French team in the United States and will sail with it aboard the Paris Saturday.

Thirteen Nations Play.

The victory of the French Davis Cup team over Spain in the final round matches of the European zone play, finishing today at Deauville, ended one of the greatest tennis tournaments held abroad. Thirteen nations were represented by teams in the European zone play. These included Czechoslovakia, Switzerland, Indian, Ireland, Argentina, France, Denmark, Spain, Rumania, Britain Isles, Belgium, Italy and Holland. France was in the upper half of the draw, Spain in the lower.

The Frenchmen, Jean Samaseuilh, Henry Cochet, Rene Lacoste, the schoolboy wonder, Jean Borotra and Francois Blanchy had a stiff fight on their hands from the very beginning. Their first round matches were with Denmark at Bordeaux. They lost only one of the five matches, but were hard pressed in the others.

The upper half Switzerland defeated Czechoslovakia, three matches to two, and won from the Argentine players in the second round, four matches to one. Ireland defeated India but was defeated by France, four matches to one, at Dublin. The Frenchmen then met the Swiss team at Lyons and after a sharp battle won, three matches to two.

Spain won from Rumania in the first round by default and played the British Isles team, which had won from Belgium, three to two. The Spaniards defeated the British at Withington in June three to two, and met Holland, whose players defeated Italy in the second round. Both Italy and Holland had drawn byes from the first round. Spain took all five matches from Holland at Eastbourne, England.

W. SPENCER VICTOR; GAINS IN BIKE RACE

Trails Brother Arthur by Only 3 Points in National Contest by Winning at Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 1.—Willie Spencer is only three points behind his brother, Arthur Spencer, in the race for the bicycle championship of America as a result of defeating Arthur in the one-third mile national championship race, the fourteenth of a series of eighteen races to decide the American title at the Newark Velodrome tonight. Willie Spencer rode three high on the last lap in sprinting around Walker and Arthur and winning the event.

The standing in the championship now reads: A. Spencer 43, W. Spencer 40, Walker 27, Eaton 10, Van Kempen 10, Goullet 9, Pianl 7, Mori 2, Grenda 2, Keller 1.

Notwithstanding the trolley strike 12,000 fans attended the races.

The summaries:

One Mile Open (Amateur)—Won by Willie Fean, Bayview Wheelmen; Chester Fischer, East Orange, second; Edward Bendl, Unione Sportiva Italiana, fifth. Time—2:05.

Two-Mile Point Lap (Professional)—Won by Baggie McNamara (19 points); Jacob Magin, Irvington (12 points), second; Fred Hill, Boston (9 points), third; Lucien Loust, France; Michael Ulrich, Newark, and Martin de Clerk, Chicago, tied for fourth place (5 points). Time—3:07 1-5.

Third-Mile National Championship (Professional)—Won by Willie Spencer, Newark; Arthur Spencer, Newark, second; Cecil Walker, Australia, third; Alfred Grenda, Tasmania, fourth. Time—0:39 1-5, last sixth mile 0:13 1-5. Time for last half mile to decide fourth place 0:26 4-5, last eighth mile 0:12 2-5.

Two-Mile Handicap, Amateur—Won by John Otto, Bayview Wheelmen (70 yards); Clifton Moffat, Unione Sportiva Italiana (100 yards), second; George Lucademo, Bayview Wheelmen (170 yards), third; Al Leach, Orange (110 yards), fourth; Albert Berthard, Irvington (105 yards), fifth. Time—3:55 3-5.

Two-Mile Handicap, Professional—Won by Alfred Goullet, Newark (scratch); Alfred Grenda, Tasmania (100 yards), second; Jacob Magin, Irvington (60 yards), third; Anthony Young, Newark (80 yards), fourth; Frank Bartell, Newark (140 yards), fifth; Maurice Declerck, Chicago (120 yards), sixth; Fred Spencer, Plainfield (55 yards), seventh. Time—3:52 4-5.

One-Hour Motor Paced Race (Professional)—Won by Alfred Goullet, Newark; second, Oscar Egg, Philadelphia; third, Cecil Walker, Australia; fourth, Jacob Magin, Irvington; fifth, Willie Spencer, Newark; sixth, Eddie Root, Boston; seventh, Papworth, Australia; paced by Jean Villeponteaux, France. Won by Madonna. Second, Corman; third, Gaither; fourth, Papworth, fifth. Distance, 43 miles 8 laps.

Diamond Sculls Winner Cannot Row Hoover Here

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 1.—M. K. Morris of London, winner of the Diamond Sculls Trophy at the recent English Henley, in a cablegram to the Duluth Boat Club today declined an invitation to meet Walter Hoover, former world's singles sculling champion, in a race here Labor Day. Morris defeated Gollan in the Henley finals, after the latter had eliminated Hoover. Morris cabled he had broken training and that the race here was too late in the season for him to enter. Hoover and Morris probably will race in the English Henley in 1924 as Hoover expects to row in the Diamond Sculls event for the third successive time.

KAHN WINS TITLES ON PUBLIC COURTS

Will Represent New York in National Tourney in Singles and Doubles.

Sid Kahn of the Borough of Manhattan added two more tennis titles to his list yesterday, and with Harry Schurtzman will represent the municipal tennis players of Greater New York in the first national public courts championships, which are to be conducted at Forest Park, St. Louis, during the week of Aug. 8. Kahn won the singles championship from Leo Janoff, former captain of the Stuyvesant High School team, and paired with Schurtzman, captured the doubles title from E. K. Jones and J. S. Norman, the colored champions of Queens, in the final elimination rounds among the Interborough champions on the courts of Central Park.

Kahn has held the Manhattan public courts championship for the last two years and won his third successive title by his victory this season against a field of 128 entries. Yesterday the champions of the different boroughs met to determine the Greater New York representative in the national tournament. In the singles Kahn first defeated Ray Sloman of Brooklyn at 6—0, 6—4, while Janoff, representing the Bronx, gained a place in the final at the expense of F. B. McLoughlan, champion of Queens, whom he defeated at 6—3, 3—6, 6—2. Kahn won the final at 6—4, 6—2.

In his match against Sloman, Kahn played entirely a defensive game, standing in the back court and content with returning with safe strokes everything that his opponent sent over the net. By this method he forced Sloman to finally hit into the net or over the lines. After taking the first set at 6—0, however, Kahn found himself against a changed player, for Sloman found his shots and began passing his opponent with frequency. Kahn took a substantial lead before Sleman started his drive, and when the latter finally brought the count to 5—all by making four straight placement aces in the eighth game of the frame, Kahn was able to pull through in the next two games and take the match.

Wins First Set.

Janoff was extended to his limit in his preliminary match against McLoughlan. He ran out the first set at 6—3, but was forced to relinquish his advantage in the second, which McLoughlan captured by the same score. McLoughlan settled down to a safe game in this frame, and was able to win on his opponent's errors, but Janoff became more accurate with strong forehand drives and was at his best stroke throughout the afternoon, and captured the deciding set at 6—2, thereby earning a place in the final.

The Kahn-Janoff meeting developed into a conservative back-court affair, each player determined on the same tactics, standing on the back line and driving to the centre of the opposite court in the hope that the other would err. Janoff employed his forehand drive, but it was useless against Kahn's steady returns, and after rallies which lasted through six or seven strokes on each side of the net it was generally Janoff who made the error.

Janoff took his service steadily in the first set, although Kahn was able to return it with consistency. The scores went to 4—all, but then Kahn's steady returns finally wore down his opponent from the Bronx, and he took the first set at 6—4. The second frame was a duplicate of the first, each player using conservative tactics, but Janoff's errors became more numerous, and Kahn was able to take the first three games.

Kahn Takes Match.

A charley horse at this point developed in Kahn's right leg, and he was forced to rest. When he returned to the court Janoff took the next two games, but finally, deciding in desperation to try his ability at the net, showed weak in his overhead game, and Kahn ran out the set and the match.

In the doubles Jones and Norman eliminated Dr. Royal Cummings and Milton Werner, the Brooklyn champions, in the preliminary round, at 6—4, 6—4, staging a great rally in the second and third sets after they had been greatly outclassed in the first. Werner led the attack for the losers, but Dr. Cummings's errors offset any aces that Werner scored. Schurtzman and Kahn and Schurtzman played a steady game from back court, and through their opponents' errors were able to win at 6—3, 6—3.

All of the players who reached the elimination rounds were presented with Dayton steel racquets by Mr. William H. Larned, former holder of the national championship, while Schurtzman and Kahn, the pair to represent New York in the St. Louis tournament, also were the recipients of racquets presented by Alexander Taylor. The New York team will leave for the scene of the national matches on Aug. 6.

TENNIS STARS TRIUMPH.

Hennessey, Wesbrook and Others Advance in Western Play.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Three brilliant net stars advanced to the semi-finals of the men's singles in the thirty-seventh annual Western tennis championship tournament here today by displaying superior brand of racquet wielding. Wray Brown of St. Louis, whose national ranking is 20, was eliminated by Walter Wesbrook of Detroit, Michigan titleholder, by the score of 6—4, 6—2. John Hennessey of Indianapolis, who is defending his singles title, found his going difficult against Art Hubbell of Chicago, but his steady play enabled him to win at 4—6, 6—3, 6—2, 6—3.

Walter Hayes, Chicago, defeated Axel Graven, former Oxford University star, 6—1, 6—1, 6—0. The other fifth-round match will be played tomorrow. In the women's singles Mrs. A. F. Riese, Saginaw, Mich., Wolverine singles champion, entered the fourth round by defeating Mrs. E. Michel, Chicago, 6—1, 6—3, and Miss Marian Leighton, Chicago, who is defending her Western title, won from Miss E. Wall, Chicago, 6—1, 6—1.

CHAPMAN ENTERS RACE.

Champion in Motor-Paced Event at N. Y. Velodrome Tomorrow.

George Chapman, American motor-paced champion, is scheduled to start from scratch in the forty-mile handicap motor-paced race which will be one of the features tomorrow night at the orchestra carnival to be held at the New York Velodrome. Chapman will concede a handicap of two laps to Carl Saldow, Germany cyclist; three laps to Emile Aerts of Belgium; four laps to Clifford Papworth of Australia; five laps to Franz Krupkat and six laps, or one mile, to Percy Lawrence.

Willie Spencer, American sprint champion and Orlando Piani, Italian star, will clash in a one mile match race to be decided best two in three heats. Alf Goullet and Pete Van Kempen are scheduled for a two-mile paced match race, best two in three heats.

A two-thirds of a mile match race, best two in three heats, will be conducted between Eddie Madden and Harry Keiser.

BUTTERFLY RETAINS YACHT CUP IN RACE

Finishes First in 280-Mile Event for Deep-Sea Challenge Trophy.

AZOR FINISHES SECOND

Hookah and Malabar II., Other Contestants, Not Reported in Official Announcement.

After a long thrash to windward of 180 miles and a run before the wind of 120 miles, the sloop yacht Butterfly, owned by Stuyvesant Wainwright of the American Yacht Club, won the ocean race for the Brooklyn Yacht Club Deep-Sea Challenge Cup, finishing at Scotch Caps, off Milton Point, in Long Island Sound, at 10:50:45 on Tuesday night, it was announced yesterday. The second boat to finish was former Commodore Charles A. Maraland's sloop Azor of the New Rochelle Yacht Club, the challenger for the cup, which was timed at Scotch Caps at 11:47:30 o'clock on Tuesday night.

There were two other entries in the race, the schooner Hookah and the schooner Malabar II. These schooners had not been reported at a late hour last night. The Hookah represented the South Side Yacht Club and Malabar II., owned by J. H. Curtis, was the second entry of the American Yacht Club in the race.

The ocean contest of 280 nautical miles was sailed over the whole course in a fresh breeze that blew steadily about 15 knots, according to Mr. Wainwright, who sailed the winner during most of the long windward leg to Vineyard Sound Lightship, where the contesting yachts turned westward. The race was started off Seagate on Sunday at 1:50 P. M., and the course was eastward on the Atlantic, 160 miles to Vineyard Sound light vessel, and then westward through Block Island Sound and Long Island Sound to the finish off Rye.

Describes Race.

On board the Butterfly with Mr. Wainwright were his brother, R. T. Wainwright; Walter S. Sullivan and Lieut. Commander Robert Phillips, U. S. N. The Azor was sailed by Robert Bavier, owner of the yawl Memory, which won the Bermuda race, and other guests of Commodore Marsland's were Fred B. Thurber, Alfred Masury and F. W. Jacobus, all members of the New Rochelle Yacht Club. Butterfly was the defender of the cup, which she captured last year from thirteen other starters.

"The wind was dead on and from the time we left Sea Gate we were rounded the Vineyard Sound lightship," said Mr. Wainwright yesterday. "It was strong at times and the sea was rough, so that both yachts shortened sail. It was a pretty hard, uncomfortable thrash to windward, and all hands were pretty tired when we turned the lightship and squared away before the wind.

"Coming westward before the wind, we set all sail and carried spinnakers. My boat was racing under a new sail plan, that of a compromise Marconi rig, and I think this helped her very much in the windward work, otherwise we might not have been able to shake off Azor. It was quite close as it was, with Butterfly leading by only fifty minutes when we rounded the lightship at 3 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

"Later in the day we had an amusing experience with a Gloucester schooner which also was bound west and sailing close hauled. She came on us, evidently with the idea of having a race. The schooner came so close in fact that she blanketed us, and I had to bear away for fear of being dismasted. The crew on the fisherman lined the rail and, waving their arms, shouted to us to 'Come on!' as we bore away to the southward."

The race was on time allowance and Butterfly allowed Azor 5 minutes and 15 seconds. Butterfly gained 12 minutes on the run of 120 miles down the wind. The sloops sailed away from the schooners in the long windward thrash. The winner is thirty-four feet long on the waterline and rates in Class P.

To Go on Cruise.

Butterfly will now prepare for the New York Yacht Club annual cruise, which begins at New London on Tuesday. Mr. Wainwright has taken part in every annual cruise since 1904.

Many yachts are making ready at the City Island yards for the cruise. Sonnica, Horatio S. Shonnard's black schooner, was hauled out yesterday at Jacob's yard for a final polishing. Sonnica will race against Vagrant, Wildfire, Enchantress, Irolita and other schooners on the squadron runs. It is said there will be at least a dozen racing schooners with the fleet.

Irolita, which is owned by Captain E. Walter Clark of Philadelphia, also is at Jacob's yard, where permanent repairs were made to the bulkheads destroyed recently by fire. Irolita was launched yesterday. Princess, H. G. S. Noble's racing schooner, also was launched.

Virginia, the New York Yacht Club fifty-footer, owned by Mrs. Crofoot of Omaha, which sprung her mast in Friday's heavy blow off Larchmont, is having a new mast stepped at Nevins's yard. She will be ready to race on the cruise and for the Astor and King's Cups off Newport. Sally Ann, the forty-footer owned by Vice Commodore Spencer Borden of the Eastern Yacht Club of Marblehead, has been at Nevins's. A new suit of racing sails has been made for this yacht by Ratsey.

Both Sally Ann and Squaw, owned by former Commodore John S. Lawrence of the Eastern Yacht Club, will race against the New York forties on the cruise.

EMERSON LOSES AT TENNIS.

Beaten by Baggs in Connecticut Play—Kynaston Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Aug. 1.—Gerald Emerson, Captain of the Columbia University tennis team, was eliminated by Ralph Baggs in the second round of the State tournament for possession of the Bridgeman Cup on the Country Club courts at Norfolk today. The scores were 7—5, 6—2.

Percy Kynaston advanced to the third round by beating Warren Osgood, 8—2, 7—5, while Dr. William Rosenbaum reached the fourth round by winning two matches.

The summaries:

First Round—Jacques Verstraten won from C. G. Hubbell by default; A. W. Merrian won from Dean Pagram by default; Ralph Baggs won from Major Armstrong by default.

Second Round—K. Fisher defeated H. Clark, 6—0, 6—2; Cyrus Clark defeated Jacques Verstraten, 6—2, 6—4; Jerome Lang defeated A. W. Merrian, 6—4, 6—3; C. A. Major won from Samuel Schoonmaker by default; E. Bache defeated Paul McHugh, 6—3, 11—13, 6—3; Percy Kynaston defeated Warren Osgood 8—2, 7—5; Ralph Baggs defeated Gerald Emerson, 6—3, 6—2; Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated Kingsley Mabon, 6—2, 6—4.

Third Round—Harry Brunsau defeated Frank Ferguson, 6—2, 6—0; Major defeated Robert Gilmore, 6—3, 6—3; Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated H. D. Hemmingway, 6—4, 6—3.

TITLE SWIM TONIGHT.

Men's 150-Yard Back-Stroke Race in Garden Pool—Other Events.

A charge affecting the Metropolitan A. A. U. championship swimming races scheduled for tonight in the Madison Square Garden pool was announced yesterday. The women's senior 220-yard breast-stroke champion ship, which was one of the features, was called off. In its place was substituted a 220-yard scratch breast-stroke race. Another event added to the program is a high-diving competition, in which Tom Hirschfield of the City A. C. has been invited to compete. The event of importance will be the men's Metropolitan A. A. U. 150-yard senior back-stroke championship race.

Dyer Sets Course Record Of 70 at Winged Foot Club

Frank W. Dyer, metropolitan champion, yesterday added new honors to his already large list by breaking the course record at the Winged Foot Club, Mamaroneck. Dyer rounded the course with a 70, taking 34 for his outward journey against a par of 36 and equaling par coming home. Dyer had four birdies on the outward side, starting out with a 3 at the first hole. After losing two strokes to par on the next three, he registered a birdie 4 at the fifth and finished with a 3 and a 4 on the eighth and ninth. He slipped a stroke to par at the tenth, then had two more birdies in succession. He lost another stroke at the short thirteenth

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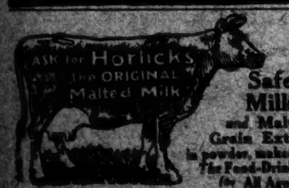

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BENTLEY FALTERS AND GIANTS LOSE

Allows Only 4 Hits, but Pirates Bunch 2 With a Pass in Sixth and Win, 2-1.

COOPER HOLDS CHAMPIONS

Keeps Safeties Scattered After First Inning and Pittsburgh Cuts Lead to Three Games.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 1.—A momentary weakening on the part of Jack Bentley in the sixth inning of his stirring pitching tussle with Wilbur Cooper today proved costly, for the Pirates used it to win the game by a score of 2 to 1, thereby pulling up to an even footing with the Giants in the series and slicing the champions' lead to three games. A pass, a single and a triple—these were the agencies of Bentley's defeat. Cooper, pitching steadily after the first inning, when the Giants got to him in a hurry, held that slender lead established by his mates in the sixth inning. At the finish the Giants were as helpless before him as they were in every inning save the first. Bentley allowed only four hits during the game.

It was an almost perfect game, with only one error being charged during the afternoon. This fell to Pie Traynor of the Pirates, in the eighth inning, but no damage resulted from it. The teams hustled from first to last and completed the game in one hour and seventeen minutes.

Johnny Rawlings, shunted out of the ranks of the Giants this Spring, undoubtedly derived a great deal of satisfaction from the defeat of his former team mates, for he did much to bring it about. The first of the two hits made by the Pirates in the sixth inning was a single by Rawlings. This sent Schmidt over the plate with the run that tied the score and provided the setting for the run that won the game. Rawlings has been a very bothersome individual for the Giants throughout the series, for he tossed a damaging hit into the rally that won the first game for the Pirates and helped to bring about the scoring of four runs by them in the sixth inning of yesterday's game.

Cooper's unsteadiness did not extend beyond the first inning. Cooper caught Young's line drive, but Groh hit to centre for a base, went to second while Frisch was being retired and scored when Meusel shot a single to right. Barnhart's throw, made in an attempt to head off Groh at the plate, sent Meusel down to third. Cunningham walked, but he and Meusel were left on bases when Cooper tossed out Kelly.

Bentley Tight for Four Frames.

Then the Pirates went to bat and Bentley got to work on them. He worked on them exceedingly well for four innings, for in that time not a single enemy player got to first base. In the third inning the Giants' left-hander retired the side on three pitched balls, Grimm grounding to Kelly. Schmidt going out on a fly to Cunningham and Cooper being turned back by Frisch and Kelly. In the fifth inning Traynor singled to left for the Pirates' first hit, but was doubled up speedily when Groh grabbed Maranville's liner with a hit-and-run play on and Traynor already at second base when the ball was caught.

Meanwhile Cooper had been as effective against the Giants, sending them back to the bench as rapidly as they strode up to the plate. In the sixth inning he was nicked for a single by Young, and after Groh had lined to Traynor he walked Frisch, but Meusel hit into a double play.

Grimm sent a twisting grounder to Groh to start the Pirates' half of the sixth inning, but Heinie, coming in fast, scooped the ball off the turf with his gloved hand and got it across the diamond to Kelly in time to retire the batter. Then, with incredible swiftness, came the breaking up of the game. Schmidt walked and Cooper went out on a rap to Jackson. Schmidt reaching second. Rawlings singled to centre and Schmidt scored. Carey tripled to left and Rawlings scored. That was all, for Frisch threw out Bigbee, but that was enough. It constituted a blow from which the Giants could not recover.

Maranville's Hit Wasted.

In the seventh inning Maranville singled to right centre, but the demise of two of his mates had preceded the hit, and his own demise, in a force play at second base, followed it, for Grimm hit to Frisch, who flipped the ball to Jackson.

An error by Traynor gave the Giants a chance in the eighth inning, but they ignored it. Gowdy struck out at the start of the inning, but Frank Snyder, who was ordered to bat for Bentley, singled to left. The slow-footed Pancho was taken off and the faster Jimmy O'Connell was put on to run for him. The switch didn't help, however, for O'Connell was forced by Young. Then Groh hit sharply to Traynor, who fumbled. Young, representing the tying run, was on second base, and Groh, the winning run, was on first base, but Frisch swung on a high ball and lifted it into the air over right centre, where it was caught by Barnhart.

Still another chance came to the Giants in the ninth. Meusel, who was the first man Jack Cooper in the final frame, singled to centre, but Cunningham filed to Carey, Kelly perished on strikes and Jackson filed to Carey.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rawlings,ss	4	1	1	2	2	Young,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Carey,cf	3	0	1	4	0	Groh,3b	3	1	1	1	3
Bigbee,lf	3	0	0	0	0	Frisch,2b	3	0	0	1	3
Barnhart,rf	3	0	0	4	0	Meusel,lf	3	0	1	2	0
Traynor,3b	3	0	1	2	1	Cunnham,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Maranville,ss	3	0	0	1	3	Kelly,1b	3	0	0	9	0
Grimm,1b	3	0	0	8	0	Jackson,ss	3	0	0	4	5
Schmidt,c	2	1	0	4	0	Clowdy,c	2	0	0	1	1
Cooper,p	2	0	0	1	3	Bentley,p	1	0	0	0	0
						aSnyder	1	0	0	0	0
						bO'Connell	1	0	0	0	0
						Jennard,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	26	2	3	27	9	Total	32	1	3	24	11

a Batted for Bentley in eighth.
b Ran for Snyder in eighth.
Errors—Pittsburgh 1 (Traynor); New York 0.

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Three-base hit—Carey. Double plays—Frisch and Groh; Maranville and Grimm. Left on bases—New York 6, Pittsburgh 9. Bases on balls—Off Bentley 1, Jennard 1, Cooper 2. Struck out—By Bentley 1, Cooper 2. Hits—Off Bentley 4 in 7 innings, Jennard 0 in 1. Losing pitcher—Bentley. Umpires—Moran, Hart and Westervelt. Time of game—1:17.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Hartford 4, Springfield 3.
(First game.)
Springfield 10, Hartford 3.
(Second game.)
Waterbury 6, Albany 5.
Worcester 7, Pittsfield 2.
New Haven 13, Bridgeport 5.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Hartford	60	34	.638
New Haven	59	37	.623
Springfield	56	45	.554
Worcester	44	49	.473
Albany	44	50	.468
Bridgeport	41	52	.441
Waterbury	42	54	.438
Pittsfield	37	58	.390

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

St. Paul 12, Columbus 4.
Louisville 3, Kansas City 2.
Minneapolis 6, Toledo 4.
(First game).
Toledo 14, Minneapolis 3.
(Second game).
Milwaukee 5, Indianapolis 4.
(Twelve innings).

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
St. Paul	70	34	.673
Kansas City	59	36	.621
Louisville	58	40	.591
Columbus	49	47	.510
Indianapolis	46	49	.484
Milwaukee	46	52	.469
Minneapolis	41	54	.432
Toledo	34	64	.347

New York-Pennsylvania League.

Wilkes-Barre 10, Trenton 6.
(Ten innings).
Scranton 4, York 1.
(First game).
York 1, Scranton 0.
(Seven innings, second game).
Elmira 8, Williamsport 2.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland 5, New York 2.
St. Louis 2, Philadelphia 0.
(First game).
St. Louis 5, Philadelphia 3.
(Second game).
Chicago 4, Boston 2.
(Eleven innings; first game).
Boston 7, Chicago 3.
(Second game).
Detroit at Washington.
(Wet grounds).

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh 3, New York 1.
St. Louis 11, Brooklyn 10.
(First game).
St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 6.
(14 innings, second game).
Cincinnati 5, Philadelphia 3.
Chicago 5, Boston 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	65	31	.677
Cleveland	54	46	.540
St. Louis	51	44	.537
Detroit	45	46	.495
Chicago	46	49	.484
Philadelphia	42	53	.442
Washington	41	52	.441
Boston	35	59	.372

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	62	35	.639
Pittsburgh	59	37	.615
Cincinnati	60	38	.612
Chicago	51	47	.520
Brooklyn	49	48	.505
St. Louis	51	50	.505
Philadelphia	31	66	.320
Boston	27	70	.278

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Chicago at Boston.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.

LUQUE TO RESCUE AND REDS WIN, 5-3

Relieves Benton in Eighth Inning and Stops Attack of the Phillies.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 1.—Cincinnati bunched hits on Ralph Head in two innings today, and defeated Philadelphia, 5 to 3. Benton was hit hard, and was relieved by Luque in the eighth inning, but fast fielding by the Reds kept down the score of the Phillies.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,rf	5	0	0	3	0	Sand,ss	5	0	1	0	4
Daubert,1b	4	1	2	10	1	Williams,cf	3	0	0	2	0
Rousch,cf	4	2	2	1	0	Wright's,3b	4	1	1	1	2
Duncan,lf	2	1	1	0	0	Tierney,p	0	0	0	0	1
Hargrave,c	4	0	1	2	1	Walker,rf	4	2	3	3	0
Pinelli,3b	3	1	2	1	2	Lee,1b	3	0	1	11	1
Bohne,2b	2	0	0	3	2	Henline,lf	4	0	2	2	0
Caveney,ss	3	0	0	3	4	Wilson,c	4	0	0	4	0
Benton,p	3	0	1	1	2	Head,p	3	0	0	0	5
Luque,p	1	0	0	0	0	aLeach	1	0	1	0	0
Total	33	5	10	27	12	Total	35	3	11	24	14

a Batted for Head in ninth.
Errors—Cincinnati 0, Philadelphia 2 (Sand, Wilson).

Cincinnati	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	5
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3

Two-base hits—Daubert 2, Pinelli 2, Walker, Lee. Three-base hits—Hargrave. Sacrifices—Duncan, Bohne, Lee. Double plays—Caveney and Daubert; Pinelli, Bohne and Daubert; Sand, Lee and Wrightstone. Left on bases—Philadelphia 7, Cincinnati 6. Bases on balls—Off Benton 1, Head 1. Struck out—By Benton 1, Luque 1. Hits—Off Benton, 9 in 7 1-3 innings; Luque, 2, in 1 1-3. Passed ball—Wilson. Winning pitcher—Benton. Umpires—Finneran and Pfirman. Time of game—1:41.

ALEXANDER'S HOMER HELPS CUBS TO WIN

Circuit Drive With Two on the Bases and Fine Pitching Beat Braves, 8-2.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Great pitching and hitting by Grover Alexander enabled the Chicago Cubs to defeat the Braves today by a score of 8 to 2. Alexander's home run, his first in two years, scored two runners in front of him in the fourth inning and put the Cubs in front.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Statz,cf	4	0	1	2	0	Felix,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Adams,ss	3	0	0	1	2	Powell,cf	4	0	0	4	0
Grantham,2b	4	1	2	1	7	Southworth,rf	4	1	1	1	0
O'Farrell,c	4	0	1	3	0	McInnis,1b	4	0	1	9	0
Barnett,c	0	0	0	1	0	Rockel,3b	4	0	0	1	3
Friberg,3b	3	1	2	1	3	E. Smith,c	4	0	1	6	0
Miller,lf	4	1	1	2	0	Ford,2b	4	0	1	1	4
Callaghan,rf	4	1	1	1	0	N. Smith,ss	4	0	2	0	0
Elliott,1b	3	0	0	9	0	Genewich,p	2	0	0	0	2
Alexander,p	3	2	2	0	3	aGibson	1	0	0	0	0
						Fillingim,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bBagwell	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	5	10	27	15	Total	36	2	8	24	10

a Batted for Genewich in seventh.
b Batted for Fillingim in ninth.
Errors—Chicago 1 (Adams); Boston 0.

Chicago	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	2	0	8
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2

Two-base hits—Rockel, Grantham, R. Smith. Home runs—Alexander, Miller, Statz. Stolen bases—Adams 2. Sacrifice—Grantham. Left on bases—Boston 8, Chicago 6. Bases on balls—Off Alexander 1, Genewich 2. Struck out—By Alexander 2. Hits—Off Genewich, 12 in 6 innings; Fillingim, 3 in 2. Losing pitcher—Genewich. Umpires—Klem and Wilson. Time of game—1:20.

RED SOX TRANSFERRED.

Boston Club is Formally Turned Over to New Owners.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—President Harry H. Frazee of the Boston American League Club announced tonight that formal transfer of the club franchise to J. A. Robert Quinn and his Columbus (Ohio) associates was made today. He said that Quinn would be the new President of the club, as previously had been indicated, and expressed the opinion that he was a good man for the place and would bring success to the Red Sox.

An agreement for the sale of the club was made some time ago, and only the final details remained uncompleted until today. Associated with Quinn in the new ownership are R. M. Rosenborn, Dr. Robert B. Drury and Palmer E. Winslow. No announcement was made as to the price paid.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.

Nashville 4, New Orleans 0.
Mobile 3, Chattanooga 2.
Memphis 3, Birmingham 1.
Atlanta 12, Little Rock 0.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New Orleans	61	34	.642
Mobile	60	37	.619
Nashville	54	39	.581
Atlanta	51	43	.511
Memphis	48	45	.516
Birmingham	46	51	.460
Chattanooga	43	53	.448
Little Rock	35	61	.372

BASEBALL Today. Yankee Stadium, Yankees vs. Cleveland. Game starts 3:30.—Ads.

RUTH HITS HIS 26TH, BUT YANKS LOSE, 5-3

Circuit Drive in Ninth, Scoring Two Runs, Fails to Defeat Indians.

SMITH BAFFLES HUGMEN

Allows Ten Safeties, but Pitches Effectively—Pennock Driven From Box in First.

The ball game which the Yankees lost to the Indians by 5 to 3 at Colonial Rupert's towering stadium yesterday was not a total loss. Babe Ruth salvaged something from the wreckage in the ninth and turned the dirge of 12,000 fans into a paean of joy when he hoisted his twenty-fifth home run of the season into the far away reaches of the right field bleachers.

Whitey Witt was on base when Babe came to bat in the ninth and there was one out. The Indians were leading by five runs to one and the fans were wondering if they hadn't just as well give it up and go home. Only the fact that Ruth was to have one more chance at the fast breaking, left-hand curve of the venerable Sherry Smith kept the crowd from already belated dinners.

In his four previous trips to the plate Babe had not done so well. A strike-out, a high fly and two bases on balls were already set off against his name for the afternoon, but the fans still clung to the belief that he would do better, and so he did.

To begin with, he crossed the Indians by starting in to bat right handed. He took one strike on this side of the plate and then jumped across to change both his position and his luck. This necessitated an entire rearrangement of the Cleveland defense. Hardly was the shift completed when Smith pitched and Ruth swung. There was that well-known crack which comes when Babe hits one on the nose and the triumphant procession of the bases was under way. By the time Babe had reached second the ball had come to rest far up in the bleachers and the crowd was at liberty to turn its undivided attention to Ruth and welcome him in a fitting manner. This it did and from a New York standpoint that was about all there was to the ball game.

Except for Ruth's homer the Hugmen were practically helpless against Smith when hits would have meant runs. They got ten safeties, but only in one other inning, the fourth, were they able to bunch enough of them to count a run.

Meusel Starts Rally.

Bob Meusel began this inning with a single to left field, and after Ward and Scott had filed out, Hofmann shot a double into right which scored him. That summed up the home team's run making until Babe came along with his specialty drive.

Herb Pennock started the game in the box for the Huggins forces, but failed to last through the opening inning. He was relieved by Bullet Joe Bush, who pitched winning ball and was scored on but once.

The Cleveland defense behind Smith was a feature of the day's play, both Lutzke and Speaker turning in scintillating bits of fielding. In one instance Speaker pulled Smith out of a dangerous situation when he loped over to the cinder track in right centre and snatched a drive from Bush's bat out of the air. Two runners were on the bases waiting to score at the time, and had Speke allowed that one to get by the entire complexion of the game would have been changed. But few of them get by the Texan at any time and practically none when the need of his team is critical.

In addition to this inning, which was the eighth, Smith got into trouble in the fourth, but pulled himself out by fanning Witt after the Yanks had counted once.

The Indians won the ball game in the opening inning. Jamieson was easy for McNally and Pipp, but Connolly coaxed a pass from Pennock and Speaker came through with a single to right. That is, a single was all the hit was legitimately, but when Bob Meusel allowed the ball to get through him Connolly came all the way home and Speaker reached third base.

It was a bad break for the Yanks and Pennock, but it was only a foretaste of what was to come. Sewell singled to left and Speaker scored. Riggs Stephenson slapped a triple to right, scoring Sewell, but was thrown out at the plate when he attempted to stretch it into a homer, Witt to Ward to Hofmann.

Lutzke Gets Homer.

Stephenson couldn't go clear around on his hit, so Walter Lutzke hit one just a little further and scampered over the full distance before the Yankees could get the ball back to the plate. Brower followed with a double and Huggins finally decided that Pennock had suffered enough. He jerked Herbie out of there, inserted Bush and the Cleveland batting spree came to an abrupt close. O'Neill grounding to Scott and ending the inning.

The winners added their final run in the eighth. Speaker reaching first on Bush's error and completing the circuit on Sewell's sacrifice and Brower's single to right.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	5	0	1	4	0	Witt,cf	4	1	2	1	1
Connolly,rf	5	0	1	3	0	McNally,3b	3	1	0	2	1
Summa,rf	0	0	0	0	0	Ruth,rf	3	1	1	1	0
Speaker,cf	4	2	1	2	0	Pipp,1b	4	0	1	11	0
J. Sewell,ss	4	2	1	2	3	Meusel,lf	3	1	2	2	0
Stph'son,2b	4	0	1	4	4	Ward,2b	4	0	0	2	4
Lutzke,3b	4	1	2	1	2	Scott,ss	4	0	0	3	3
Brower,1b	4	0	2	9	0	Hofmann,c	4	0	1	4	0
O'Neill,c	4	0	0	4	0	Pennock,p	0	0	0	0	0
Smith,p	4	0	1	0	0	Bush,p	4	0	1	1	0
Total	38	5	9	27	9	Total	37	3	8	27	13

Errors—Cleveland 1 (Witt); New York 1 (Meusel).

Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

Two-base hits—Hofmann, Brower. Three-base hit—Stephenson. Home runs—Lutzke, Ruth. Sacrifice—Summa. Sewell. Double play—Lutzke, Stephenson and Brower. Left on bases—New York 11, Cleveland 6. Bases on balls—Off Pennock 1, Bush 2, Smith 2. Struck out—By Smith 2, Bush 2. Hits—Off Pennock 5 in 3-3 innings, Bush 3 in 6 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Smith (Hofmann). Passed ball—O'Neill. Losing pitcher—Pennock. Umpires—Dinneen and Owens. Time of game—1:56.

GEHRIG SENT TO HARTFORD.

Yanks Release Former Columbia Star Under Option.

Lou Gehrig, former Columbia University star and known as the Babe Ruth of the Eastern college circuit, was sent to Hartford of the Eastern League by the Yankees yesterday under option. Gehrig jumped from South Field right into the big show and will probably be benefitted by some seasoning in the minors.

Caught at the Plate.

Smith passed Ruth twice during the afternoon, and the second time he did it Babe threw his bat clear into the Yankee dugout. Such displays of temper were common last year, but this season the Barabino has been on his good behavior, so that the act created a ripple of comment in the stands.

Huggins must have given up sooner than fans. Miller usually occupies the third base coaching line, but apparently in the eighth inning he didn't think it worth while to come out and there was no coach on third base until Meusel, who had gotten as far as second on his own hit and Ward's, woke up and demanded one. Then Ruth took the post of honor.

Luzke played a corking game of third for Cleveland. Besides a nice play on Hofmann's smash at a critical juncture, he knocked down a red hot drive off McNally's bat in the seventh and threw Minocks Mine out at first by a step.

This same Lutzke was the gentleman who hit that homer for the Indians in the opening inning. He reminds one of Pie Traynor of the Pirates on the field, and that is by way of saying that he looks like a real third baseman.

It was by no means Pennock's day, and still that fumble by Meusel is the first was a bad break and it must have taken some of the heart out of Herb.

The Indians are here again today. Speaker's team hopes to cut the Yanks' long lead by four games during its visit. The Cleveland outfit apparently doesn't know the pace is over, and only that sort of spirit keeps it from being

Major Leaguers Have Hit 672 Home Runs This Season

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Major League baseball players have made 672 home runs this season, including games of July 31, 863 fewer than the total of 1,054 for the entire season last year. The season still has just a little more than two months to go. The National has gathered 377, which is the work of 93 players, while 80 players in the American have made 295, giving the National League a lead of 82 to date. Last season the National led by six at the close of the season.

BROWNS AGAIN TAKE 2 FROM ATHLETICS

Win 2-Q and 8-3 as Philadelphia Loses Tenth in Row—Mack Protests First Game.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—The St. Louis Browns took another double-header from Philadelphia today, winning the first game by a score of 2 to 0 and the second 8 to 3. The Athletics now have lost ten games in a row.

The first game was protested by Manager Mack after the banishment of Pitcher Danforth of St. Louis, who was alleged to have been discoloring the ball. Danforth held the locals to two hits up to the ninth when he was removed.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	4	0	0	2	0	Matthews,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Rssell,3b	4	0	0	0	0	Hale,3b	4	0	1	0	3
Foster,3b	2	0	0	1	2	Hauser,1b	3	0	0	10	0
aCollins	1	0	0	0	0	Miller,lf	3	0	0	5	0
Williams,lf	4	1	2	2	0	Perkins,c	3	0	1	6	2
Jacobson,cf	4	0	2	6	0	Galloway,ss	3	0	0	2	3
McManus,2b	4	0	0	1	1	Dykes,2b	3	0	0	3	3
Gerber,ss	4	1	2	2	3	Welch,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Severeid,c	4	0	1	3	1	Harris,p	1	0	0	0	2
Schlieb'r,1b	3	0	2	9	0	bWalker	1	0	0	0	0
Danforth,p	4	0	0	0	2						
Shocker,p	0	0	0	0	0						
Total	34	2	10	27	9	Total	28	0	2	27	13

a Batted for Foster in ninth.
b Batted for Harris in ninth.
Errors—St. Louis 1 (Williams); Philadelphia 0.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Two-base hits—Severeid, Schlieber. Sacrifices—McManus, Double plays—Hale, Dykes and Hauser. Left on bases—St. Louis 9, Philadelphia 2. Bases on balls—Off Harris 2, Danforth 1. Struck out—By Harris 4, Danforth 1. Hits—Off Danforth 2 in 8 1-3 innings, Shocker none in 2-3. Winning pitcher—Danforth. Umpires—Moriarty and Nallin. Time of game—1:55.

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (A)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	4	2	1	0	0	Matthews,cf	5	0	0	2	0
Rssell,3b	4	1	1	2	6	Hale,3b	4	1	1	0	4
Williams,cf	5	0	3	6	0	Hauser,1b	4	0	2	11	0
Jacobson,lf	4	1	1	2	0	Miller,lf	3	1	1	2	0
McManus,3b	5	1	2	3	4	Perkins,c	4	0	1	5	0
Gerber,ss	5	0	1	1	2	Galloway,ss	3	0	0	7	2
Severeid,c	4	1	1	5	2	Dykes,2b	4	1	2	5	5
Schl'ber,1b	4	3	1	11	1	McGowan,rf	4	0	3	4	0
Kolp,p	2	0	0	0	0	Fleimach,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Rommel,p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	38	8	12	27	15	Total	37	3	10	27	13

Errors—St. Louis 1 (Jacobson); Philadelphia 3 (Hale, Hauser).

St. Louis	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	3	0	8
Philadelphia	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3

Two-base hits—Perkins, McGowan. Sacrifices—Kolp 2; Hauser. Left on bases—St. Louis 7, Philadelphia 10. Bases on balls—Off Kolp 2, Heimach 1, Rommel 1. Struck out—By Kolp 2, Heimach 1. Hits—Off Heimach, 6 in 5 innings; Rommel, 6 in 4. Wild pitch—Heimach. Passed ball—Perkins. Losing pitcher—Heimach. Umpires—Nallin and Moriarty. Time of game—1:55.

WHITE SOX DIVIDE TWO WITH RED SOX

Win First Game, 4-2, in Eleven Innings, but Lose Second by 7-3 Score.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—The Chicago White Sox defeated Boston by a score of 4 to 2 in eleven innings and then the Red Sox won the second game of the double-header today, 7 to 3.

Robertson held Boston to six hits in the first game and Chicago scored two runs in the eleventh inning without the help of a hit.

Blankenship was hit hard in the first inning of the second game, Joe Harris's triple accounting for three of Boston's four runs in that inning.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper,rf	4	0	2	2	0	Pittenger,2b	5	0	0	0	2
Happeny,ss	4	0	1	2	3	Severeid,c	5	0	1	4	1
Collins,2b	5	0	0	1	1	Flagstead,rf	4	1	2	1	0
Mostil,cf	3	1	0	3	0	Burns,1b	4	0	1	11	0
Strunk,cf	0	1	0	2	0	Reichle,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Sheely,1b	4	1	1	9	0	Harris,lf	3	1	1	1	0
Falk,lf	4	0	1	2	0	Shanks,2b	3	0	1	2	4
Kamm,3b	5	0	2	1	2	McMillan,ss	4	0	0	3	4
Schalk,c	4	0	0	3	1	Piercy,p	3	0	0	0	1
Robertson,p	3	1	1	0	5						
Total	39	4	9	33	12	Total	37	2	6	33	11

Errors—Chicago 0, Boston 1 (Burns).

Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	4
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Two-base hits—Flagstead, Falk. Stolen bases—Mostil, Kamm.

NEPTUNE WINS RACE; SUNAYR POOR THIRD

Favorite in Consolation Stakes at Saratoga Receives Sound Beating in Field of Five.

CASTOFF TAKES OKLAHOMA

Glentilt, at 50 to 1, Beats Valador by a Head—Singapore, at 20 to 1, Also a Victor.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Willis Sharpe Kilmer's Sunayr, the 4 to 5 favorite, received a sound beating in the first half of the Consolation Stakes, the feature of the second day of the Summer meeting of the Saratoga Association, the chestnut daughter of Sun Briar and Misty Law finishing third in a field of five. The race was won by J. S. Cosden's Neptune, a gelded son of Sea King and Harvest Queen, quoted at 16 to 5, and it was an easy victory, as he finished two lengths in front of R. T. Wilson Jr.'s Ormesvale, the latter being a length and a half in front of Sunayr. The juveniles traveled the five-and-a-half furlong route, the time being 1:08 over a slow track. The race was worth $3,400 to the owner of the winner.

While the card was not nearly as attractive as on the opening day, the crowd was almost as large and perfect racing weather accounted for the big attendance. Clear skies and a gentle breeze attracted visitors from all the country-side and they found the race course looking its best. The track had dried out under the sun and breeze, but it was still slow. Another day of good weather will put it in perfect condition and fast times may be expected.

While the visitors feasted their eyes on wide stretches of greenery, long beds of flowering plants at their best, glistening fountains and swans in the lagoon, the enjoyment might have been keener if the horses had performed up to expectations. Not a first choice came home in front during the afternoon, although four favorites finished in the money.

Sunayr Backed Down.

It was the third running of the Consolation Stakes for two-year-olds which have been entered in the United States Hotel, Grand Union Hotel, Spinaway or Hopeful Stakes, and is run in two sections. Sunayr was the outstanding favorite in the small field, being backed down from even money to 4 to 5 at post time.

They were away to a good start, with Neptune showing in front at once. The gelding was never headed, opening up as much as a length and a half in the first two furlongs. Sunayr chased the leader, but never could get up enough speed to endanger his chances. Lang sent Neptune wide coming around the turn into the home stretch to get his play of the going and won easily.

There was a battle between Sunayr and Ormesvale for the place, the filly tiring in the later stages and giving way to the son of Ormondale. Sunayr was a length in front of Mrs. John D. Hertz's Passport, to take the small end of the purse. Neptune raveled in the going, like all the Sea Kings.

A 50 to 1 shot beat the 6 to 5 favorite in the Oklahoma when Samuel Louis' Glentilt, a castoff of the Sanford Stable recently claimed out of a race for the Riviera Stable, won by a neck from William Martin's Valador. The latter was probably the best in the field of five, but the son of Short Grass was compelled to go wide at the top of the stretch. Callahan made a hard ride when straightened out for home, but could not catch Glentilt, which gained the verdict.

The race was for three-year-olds and upward over the mile route. Corcoran started Glentilt to the inside from the rise of the barrier, he made all the running and while he was never more than a length in front of Valador he had enough left to take the big share of the purse. Valador was two and a half lengths in front of the Ulsana Stable's Sunsini, which was eight lengths ahead of the Idle Hour Stock Farm's Body Guard. Glentilt opened at 20 to 1, but quickly went back to 50 to 1, remaining at that figure until post time, with very few giving him the slightest consideration. Sunsini was greatly fancied, closing at 3 to 2.

Upset in the Horse Haven.

The Horse Haven, a six furlong dash, saw the downfall of another favorite, although it was a short-priced horse that won. The J. S. Cosden entry of Good Times and Golden Rule went to the post at 7 to 10, but the race proved a gallop for the Greentree Stable's Skyscraper, which led all the way and finished easily four lengths in front of Good Times. J. E. Widener's Batterseak was third. Skyscraper closed at 11 to 5, while the Widener entry was not fancied at 10 to 1. They ran the race in 1:12 2-5.

The afternoon opened with a long shot coming home in front, J. H. Rosseter's Singapore, at 20 to 1, beating five others over the mile journey. G. C. Winfrey's Mom showed the way to the stretch, where Singapore came around the others to finish with a burst of speed that gave him a length advantage of Mom at the post. The latter, at 18 to 5 in the wagering, was a length in front of Sebilong's Lady Inez, the favorite, with Samuel Ross's Insulate fourth, the lowest quotation on both being 2 to 1. Lady Inez was off slowly and made a great effort in the stretch run, while Insulate, after following the pace, weakened in the later stages.

Nineteen maiden two-year-old fillies faced the barrier in the last race, which resulted in an easy victory for G. D. Widener's Salacia, a daughter of Ultimus and Queen of the Water. The filly had all kinds of speed and romped off in front from an outside position. She spreadeagled her field, coming home six lengths in front of H. P. Whitney's Miss Whisk. The latter made a game fight with the Belair Stud's Priscilla Ruley and beat the daughter of Ambassador IV. by a head. The latter took the short end by half a length from Bilsaful. Salacia was backed down from a high of 6 to 1 to 18 to 5, while Miss Whisk was the favorite at 7 to 5.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Singapore	111	Ralls	20-1	1st
Mom	116	Sande	18-5	2d
Lady Inez	106	Matthews	11-5	3d
Insulate	93	Lee	2-1	4th
All American	103	Milner	8-1	5th
Fat Casey	110	Legere	10-1	6

Place and show—Singapore, 7 to 1, 3 to 1; Mom, 4 to 5, 1 to 3; Lady Inez, 4 to 5, 1 to 3.

Time—1:42⅘.

Start straggling; won ridden out; place driving. Singapore, ch. g., 4, by Briar Rocks—Dancerean; owned by J. H. Rosseter and trained by C. Kirschbaum.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; maidens; purse $1,000; steeplechase; about two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
*Pattisiere	144	Barrett	3-1	1st
Rosaf	148	Kelly	15-1	2½
Jesse John	140	Akers	8-1	3½
Vicarre	139	Hanton	9-11	4th
Highheart	139	Mergler	11-5	5
Trumpour	145	Borgan	18-5	6
*Draft	154	Campbell	2-1	7

*General J. A. Buchanan—J. J. Moran entry. †J. S. Cosden entry. ‡Ran out.

Pulled up.

Place and show—Pattisiere, even, 1 to 3; Rosaf, 8 to 1, 5 to 2; Jesse John, even, 1 to 3.

Time—4:32 2-5.

Start good for all except Draft; won easily; place driving. Pattisiere, b. m., 5, by Broker—Pastry Cook; owned by General J. A. Buchanan and trained by M. Stuart.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Horse Haven; purse $1,000. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Skyscraper	112	McAtee	11-5	1st
Good Times	115	Sande	7-10	2d
Reflorate	105	Turner	16-1	3d
Mr. Minutes	92	Callahan	10-1	4th
Batterseak	107	Lang	20-1	5th
Golden Rule	105½	Lang	7-10	6

*J. S. Cosden entry.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Skyscraper, ch. g., 5, by Ultimus—Ollie Fitzpatrick; owned by the Greentree Stable and trained by V. Powers.

FOURTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; the Consolation Selling Stakes; guarantees cash value, $8,180. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Neptune	119	Lang	16-5	1st
Ormesvale	108	Bell	15-1	2½
Sunayr	114	Johnson	4-5	3d
Passport	109	Foree	50-1	4th
Miss Whisk	113	McAtee	5-1	5

Time—1:08.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Neptune, ch. c., 2, by Sea King—Harvest Queen; owned by J. S. Cosden and trained by W. Garth.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; conditions; the Oklahoma Purse; $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Glentilt	102	Corcoran	50-1	1st
Valador	112	Callahan	6-5	2½
Sunsini	112	McAtee	3-2	3d
Body Guard	103	Wilson	8-1	4th
Edward Gray	105	Marinelli	30-1	5

Place and show—Glentilt, 16 to 1, 5 to 1; Valador, 1 to 2, out; Sunsini, 1 to 3, out.

Time—1:39 3-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Glentilt, b. c. 3, by Ennui—Glorita; owned by Samuel Louis and trained by M. J. Murphy.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-old fillies; maidens; purse $1,000. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Salacia	114	Sande	18-5	1st
Miss Whisk	114	McAtee	7-5	2d
Priscilla Ruley	114	Lang	20-1	3½
Bilsaful	114	L. Fator	10-1	4th
Baldine	114	M. Garner	15-1	5th
Defiant	114	R. Fator	30-1	6th
Hourt	114	Turner	10-1	7th
Sun Lady	114	Johnson	10-1	8th
Haughty Lady	114	Barnes	50-1	9
Rinkey	114	Mitchell	20-1	10
Devil Girl	114	Rowan	30-1	11
Flirtation	114	Marinelli	30-1	12
Kutiya	114	Fairbrother	30-1	13
Polyxena	114	Brunner	30-1	14½
Mistra	114	Carter	30-1	15th
Jassamine	114	Simon	30-1	16½
Royal Purple	114	Post	30-1	17th
Reparter	114	Robinson	30-1	18th
Rasey Davis	114	Bell	30-1	19

Place and show—Salacia, 7 to 5, 7 to 10; Miss Whisk, 4 to 5, 2 to 5; Priscilla Ruley, 8 to 1, 4 to 1.

Time—0:59 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Salacia, br. f., 2, by Ultimus—Queen of the Water; owned by G. D. Widener and trained by A. J. Joyner.

Weather clear; track slow.

RUMSON FOUR VICTOR OVER ARMY, 11 TO 10

Wins Semi-Final Match for Rhode Island Cups at Narragansett Pier.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 1.—The Army polo team went down to defeat, 11 goals to 10, before the Rumson players in the semi-final match for the Rhode Island cups at the Point Judith Country Club this afternoon. With both teams fighting hard for the honors the match developed into a furious and spirited battle. The Rumson four seemed to be the better mounted.

The first goal was credited to Wister Randolph, who received the ball near his own goal and carried it the length of the field for a tally. Two minutes later in the first period Major Herr scored a point for the Army team.

In the second chukker W. S. Jones Jr., from an almost impossible angle and by a back-handed stroke, scored for Rumson. Then followed another of the great exhibitions in the game when Lieutenant Donalson took the ball almost the full distance of the field, scoring for the Army.

Trailing at the end of the fifth the Army rallied in the early minutes of the sixth and tied the count, only to lose it again in the next chukker on goals by R. Albright and by W. S. Jones. The score then was 10-8.

Army scored twice in the eighth, tying the score again and making an overtime game. In the ninth Johnson scored the winning goal for Rumson after two minutes of play.

The summary:

RUMSON (11).			ARMY (10).		
Pos.	Player.	H'cap.	Pos.	Player.	H'cap.
1—W. S. Jones Jr.		2	1—Lt. T. Q. Donaldson		2
2—R. Albright		3	2—Lt. C. Sedwin		3
3—Wister Randolph		3	3—Maj. J. K. Kerr		3
Back—J. F. Johnson		2	Back—Maj. R. Hoyle		3
Total		7	Total		9

Goals Earned—By U. S. Army 10, by handicap, 0. Total—10. Goals Earned—By Rumson 9, by handicap 2. Total—11.

Referee—Captain S. S. Fish. Timer—Captain H. B. Kane.

GIBBONS SETS BOUT DATE.

Says Next May Is Earliest He Can Hope to Box Dempsey Again.

SPOKANE, Wash., Aug. 1.—Tommy Gibbons, who stayed fifteen rounds with Champion Jack Dempsey, is still looking for another chance at Dempsey's crown, according to statements by Gibbons and his manager, Eddie Kane, who are here. Gibbons set Decoration Day, May 30, next Spring, as the earliest date on which he could hope to meet the champion again.

HEYDLER APPOINTS CAIN.

Names Philadelphian Manager of Publicity Department.

President Heydler of the National League yesterday announced the appointment of Cullen Cain of The Philadelphia Public Ledger as the first manager of the service department of the senior league. Cain will look after the general dissemination of information and official data concerning the National League and its players, and will answer the growing number of inquiries pertaining to the national game. He will begin his duties on the 15th of this month.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Glenn Purse; claiming; two-year-olds; five furlongs. Carajo 118 pounds, Eventide 112, Bess 115, Fest 112, Henry J. 115, Phoebe Snow 112, First Pick 115, Vera Vennie 112, Mender 115, Forest Flower 112, Impossible 115, Sea Stake 112, Mitau 115, Skywards 115, Everglade 115, *Rock Court 107, Illustrator 115, Little Juliette 115, Fuzzy O. 112, Herbertus 115, Impossible and Sea Stake J. S. Cosden entry.

SECOND RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and up; to be ridden by apprentice boys who have never ridden a winner; one mile. *Valley of Dreams 98 pounds, *Silent King 101, Creus 116, *Jack Fairman 101, *Rock Salt 109, *Col. Whallen 109, *L'Etrare 121.

THIRD RACE—Pittsfield Claiming Handicap; three-year-olds and up; one mile. Chacolet 118 pounds, Reparation 116, Lunetta 109, June Grass 116, Homestretch 109, Costigan 108, Aladdin 107, Tenguvine 108, Autumn Bells 113, William Tell 107, Barracuda 106.

FOURTH RACE—Seneca Claiming Purse; $1,500 added; three-year-olds; six furlongs. Hoverwyck 108 pounds, Amor Patrae 103, Ruddy 104, Cape Clear 106, Wyndham 111, Stony Point 106, Sweepstakes 108, *Demijohn 100.

FIFTH RACE—Luserne Handicap; three-year-olds; six furlongs. Hopeless 121 pounds, Avionok 116, Donges 107, Indian Trail 110, Shamrock 104, Gesbawk 108, *Rock Pocket 97, Triumph 113.

Donges and Indian Trail J. S. Ward entry.

SIXTH RACE—Maiden; two-year-olds; five furlongs. Bede Grass 115 pounds, Jessie Benton 112, Gold Mawr 115, Miss 115, Fauna 115, Wild Aster 115, Hedge 115, Courser 115, Golden Armor 115, Fly By 112, Warrenton 115, Tent Maker 115, Stawrit 115, H. T. Waters 115, Aga Khan 115, Bonnie Omar 115, Little Jeff 115, Comic Artist 115, Mayor Griffin 115, Peter Maloney 115, Big Blaze 115, Husky 115, Tidar 112, Manflier 115.

Miss and Fauna Oakridge Stable entry. Sledge and Courser W. R. Coe entry. Warrenton and Tent Maker R. T. Wilson entry. Aga Khan and Bonnie Omar Belair Stud entry. Little Jeff and Comic Artist H. C. Fisher entry.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track slow.

SHADE EASY VICTOR OVER PAUL DOYLE

Outpoints Rival in Ten-Round Bout at Velodrome—Bogash Defeats Gans.

Dave Shade, California welterweight, easily gained a victory over Paul Doyle of the east side last night in the principal ten-round bout at the New York Velodrome. Forcing the fighting from the first to the last round, Shade gained the decision of Judges Charles F. Mathison and E. G. Becker and that of Referee Patsy Haley, after an ordinary encounter. A crowd of 8,361 persons paid a gross sum of $21,248 to witness this and four other bouts in the Kingsbridge arena.

Compared to some of the battles that have been furnished at local clubs lately, last night's principal bout was a listless affair indeed. It lacked spectacular features and held few exciting moments. Doyle fought in a disappointing manner. He was on the defensive almost continually. In the second session, however, Doyle loosened up a bit and outboxed his rival; and in the fifth round the east sider decided to discard his careful defense for a few spirited exchanges in which he held Shade even.

For the remainder of the bout, however, Shade pressed the attack without variation or without danger of having the lead taken from him as he forced Doyle about the ring under a shower of left hooks and left jabs to the face and rights to the body and head.

Shade's speed and rapid attack had his rival in a quandary, so that Doyle, in the few instances in which he essayed offensive action was woefully inaccurate with his punches. Shade weighed 146½ pounds and Doyle 141¾.

Lou Bogash, Bridgeport middleweight, gained the decision over Panama Joe Gans in the semi-final bout of ten rounds. This was a tiresome affair, in which the principals stood flatfooted most of the time and ripped home body blows in head-to-head exchanges, which became so frequent that they grew monotonous. Bogash landed the cleaner and heavier blows and he landed more often than did Gans. The latter was made to miss most of his punches. Bogash weighed 161 pounds and Gans 162¾.

Johnny Clinton, East Side lightweight, carried off the decision over Johnny Mendelsohn of Milwaukee, in the first of the ten-round battles. The battle was spirited and provided plenty of excitement for the small crowd. Clinton floored Mendelsohn in the first round with a right to the jaw, but went down himself under the force of Mendelsohn's right to the jaw in the second. In the third the pair hammered each other lustfully from start to finish. Just a minute and 28 seconds after the start of the sixth round crumpled Burnbrook on the canvas. Burnbrook appeared a sure winner in the early rounds. He floored Norton three times in the first round and once in the third, but Norton was game and returned to the milling with unfailing courage each time he regained his feet.

In the four-round preliminary Tommy Golson and Johnny Mastraino, bantamweights, boxed a draw.

BEARS LOSE TWO GAMES.

Drop Twin Bill to Reading, 4-2 and 5-1—Whitman Stars at Bat.

NEWARK, Aug. 1.—Reading took both ends of today's double-header with the Bears by scores of 4 to 2 and 5 to 1.

The second game went only seven innings by agreement. Whitman starred at bat, getting four hits in seven trips to the plate.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

READING (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Connolly, cf	3	2	1	1	0	Whitman, rf	4	0	2	0	0
Bates, 1b	4	0	0	14	0	E. Miller, 1b	3	1	1	5	1
Barrett, lf	3	1	1	0	0	Sheridan, ss	4	1	1	3	6
Lightner, rf	3	0	1	2	0	Brainard, 2b	4	0	1	2	2
R. Miller, 2b	4	0	1	2	2	Zitman, cf	4	0	1	2	0
Agnew, c	3	0	1	7	0	Anderson, 3b	4	0	3	2	0
Thomas, 3b	2	1	0	3	3	W'worth, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Ward, ss	4	0	1	4	5	Greenaa, c	4	0	0	5	1
Lambke, p	4	1	1	0	2	Schessler, p	3	0	0	0	2
						Hartman, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	4	7	27	13	Mossett, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	2	9	27	10

Errors—None.

Reading	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2

Two-base hits—Anderson, Lightner, Zitman. Three-base hit—Ward. Home run—Barrett. Sacrifice—Bates. Double plays—R. Miller, Ward and Bates (2). Left on bases—Reading 4, Newark 3. Bases on balls—Off Schessler 2, Lambke 1. Struck out—By Schessler 2, Lambke 1. Hits—Off Schessler 6 in 7 1-3 innings, Nossett 1 in 1 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Schessler (Connolly). Struck out—By Schessler 2. Losing pitcher—Schessler. Umpires—McDevitt, Gaston and James.

SECOND GAME.

READING (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Connolly, cf	3	0	1	2	0	W'man, rf, cf	3	1	2	1	0
Bates, 1b	4	1	2	8	0	E. Miller, 1b	3	0	0	7	0
Barrett, lf	4	1	2	1	0	Sheridan, ss	3	0	1	0	4
Lightner, rf	4	2	0	2	0	Brainard, 2b	3	0	1	2	1
R. Miller, 2b	3	1	1	1	2	Zitman, cf, 2b	3	0	1	2	1
Clarke, c	4	0	1	4	0	Anderson, 3b	3	0	0	0	1
Thomas, 3b	4	1	1	0	2	W'worth, lf	2	0	0	2	0
Ward, ss	3	0	1	1	3	Greenaa, c	3	0	0	4	0
Martin, p	1	1	0	0	2	McGarry, p	2	0	0	0	1
						F'ahlfter, rf	1	0	0	1	0
Total	30	5	11	21	8	Total	34	1	4	21	6

Seven innings by agreement.

Errors—Reading 0; Newark 1 (E. Miller).

Reading	0	2	0	1	2	0	—	5			
Newark	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1		

Two-base hits—Whitman, Bates. Three-base hit—Barrett. Stolen bases—Zitman (3). Sacrifices—Martin, R. Miller, Clarke. Double plays—Brainard, Sheridan and Miller; R. Miller, Ward and Bates. Left on bases—Reading 9, Newark 3. Bases on balls—Off McGarry 2. Struck out—By Martin 1, McGarry 2. Passed ball—Greenaa. Umpires—Gaston, James and McDevitt.

M'TIGUE AND LYNCH BOX IN JERSEY TONIGHT

Former Meets Loughran and Latter O'Donnell in West New York Ring.

The West New York Baseball Park, West New York, N. J., will be the scene tonight of two boxing bouts in which world's champions will participate if the weather is propitious. Mike McTigue, Irish boxer who holds the world's light-heavyweight title, is scheduled to defend his honors against Tommy Loughran of Philadelphia, in a twelve-round, no-decision bout. Joe Lynch, world's bantamweight champion, is the other title-holder scheduled to box. Lynch is slated to defend his crown in a twelve-round, no-decision contest with Knockout Joe O'Donnell of Philadelphia.

Under the boxing law in New Jersey bouts are limited to twelve rounds and decisions are prohibited. As a consequence, McTigue and Lynch will retain their titles tonight if each is on his feet at the expiration of twelve rounds, regardless of the distribution of points through the bouts. McTigue and Lynch can lose their titles only by being knocked out, committing a foul which would bring about disqualification, or through sustaining an injury which would prevent either completing the full twelve rounds.

The Lynch-O'Donnell bout, too, will be in the nature of a series of return engagements. The champion and challenger have engaged in several bouts which furnished plenty of action. In one of their matches O'Donnell floored Lynch. The champion has trained hard for the bout and is ready for a hard scrap.

A ten-round bout will bring together Bob Fitzsimmons, one of the once famous fighter of that name, and Ray Newman, Jersey City heavyweight.

The scene of tonight's battles is easily accessible from this city. It may be reached by the ferries from West Forty-second Street and West Twenty-third Street to Weehawken, and the Hudson tubes to Hoboken, whence buses, trolley cars and taxis will be available. The park is said to have a seating capacity of 15,000. Prices of admission for the bouts range from $1.10 to $5.50, including war tax.

RICKARD CONFIDENT OF BOUT'S SUCCESS

Promoter Asserts Public Wants to See Dempsey Defend Title Against Firpo.

His confidence in the success of the Jack Dempsey-Luis Firpo world's heavyweight championship bout, scheduled for the Polo Grounds on Sept. 14, was reiterated yesterday by Tex Rickard, who will promote the contest. Rickard, satisfied that the match will be sanctioned when the contracts for the bout are submitted to the State Athletic Commission, now has turned his attention to arranging the necessary details for the bout and the arrangements for handling the overflow crowd he expects will be attracted to the battle.

Rickard yesterday was in conference with Charles A. Stoneham, President of the National Exhibition Company, which operates the Polo Grounds baseball park. The conference concerned arrangements for the Dempsey-Firpo bout, Rickard said. The promoter repeated his assertion that the bout would take place as scheduled, and added that the interest of the public in the match is reflected in the increasing number of applications for tickets. John Ringling, circus owner and partner of Rickard in the latter's sport enterprises, added that he had received applications for tickets from many friends and business associates who want to get in early with requests for choice seats.

"Certainly everything points to the fact that the public wants a match between Dempsey and Firpo," said Rickard. "If you could see the accumulation of requests for tickets I have received since Firpo defeated Willard you would be convinced of the interest in this bout. I was talking with Mr. Stoneham this afternoon, and in the course of his conversation he informed me that applications for tickets are pouring in on him at the offices of the Giants, too.

"I am not surprised at this reflection of interest. The match seems like a good one to me, otherwise I would not have attempted it. My reputation is at stake in any boxing match I undertake and you may be sure I proceed carefully. If I didn't think that the public would be satisfied with a match between Dempsey and Firpo I would not for a moment have considered signing the two boxers. It is my business to please the public and I think I have satisfied it in all the bouts I have conducted. I am sure, too, the public which supports boxing will be satisfied with this latest championship match I have arranged. I'll bet now the house will be sold out at least a week before Sept. 14."

Whether Paddy Mullins, manager of Harry Wills, plans to press his campaign for recognition of the negro heavyweight's challenge could not be learned. Efforts to locate Mullins yesterday were unsuccessful. It was reported that Simon Fogarty, Queensboro A. C. matchmaker, who is angling for a Dempsey-Wills bout, intended visiting the offices of the State Athletic Commission to deposit a certified check for $50,000 to be presented to Jack Kearns just as soon as he signed articles for Dempsey to box Wills. At the commission headquarters, however, it was said there were no new developments in the situation.

JERSEY CITY TAKES TWO FROM BALTIMORE

Barnhardt Captures First, 3-1, While Lucey and Zellars Win Second, 4-2.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 1.—The Jersey City Skeeters won two games from Baltimore this afternoon by scores of 3 to 1 and 4 to 2. Barnhardt held the Orioles helpless in the first, and Lucey, although wild, landed the second with the assistance of Zellars.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

JERSEY CITY (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BALTIMORE (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Wolfe, ss	5	0	1	7	4	Maisel, 2b	4	0	1	0	1
Donelson, rf	4	1	3	1	0	Lawry, lf	4	0	2	0	0
Jacobs, lf	4	1	1	1	0	Jacobson, cf	3	0	0	0	0
Holt, 3b	4	1	1	0	2	Porter, cf	4	1	2	5	0
McNam'a, rf	4	0	1	2	0	Walsh, 1b	4	0	0	11	1
Freitag, c	4	0	2	2	0	Boley, ss	4	0	2	1	3
Gets, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	Bishop, 2b	4	0	1	2	3
Ray, 2b	3	1	1	2	5	Styles, c	3	0	0	7	0
Barnhardt, p	4	0	0	1	0	Thomas, p	0	0	0	0	1
						Bender, p	2	0	0	3	4
Total	36	3	9	27	12	a Pitt	1	0	0	0	0
						Ogden, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	33	1	7	27	12

a Batted for Bender in eighth.

Errors—Jersey City 0, Baltimore 1 (Boley).

Jersey City	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
Baltimore	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	

Two-base hit—Freitag. Home runs—Holt, Porter. Double plays—Ray and Wolfe; Ray, Wolfe and Holt. Bases on balls—Off Thomas 1, Bender 2, Barnhardt 3, Ogden 1. Struck out—By Thomas 2, Bender 2, Barnhardt 1, Ogden 1. Passed ball—Freitag. Wild pitch—Bender. Losing pitcher—Thomas. Left on bases—Baltimore 7, Jersey City 10. Hits—Off Thomas 4 in 1 inning, none out in second, Bender 5 in 7, Ogden 0 in 1. Umpires—Derr and Magerkurth. Time of game—2:10.

SECOND GAME.

JERSEY CITY (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BALTIMORE (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Wolfe, ss	3	1	0	4	0	Maisel, 3b	3	0	0	1	2
Donelson, rf	4	0	2	1	0	Lawry, lf	3	0	0	2	2
Jacobs, lf	3	1	0	3	0	Jacobson, rf	3	0	1	3	0
McNam'a, lf	0	0	0	0	0	Porter, cf	3	0	0	1	0
Holt, 3b	4	0	3	1	0	Walsh, 1b	3	0	0	8	1
Wagner, cf	3	1	1	3	0	Boley, ss	3	0	1	2	3
Freitag, c	2	1	0	5	0	Bishop, 2b	2	1	0	5	3
McCrea, c	0	0	0	1	0	Cobb, c	2	1	1	3	0
Gets, 2b	0	0	0	0	0	Groves, p	2	0	1	1	0
Ray, 2b	2	0	1	2	1	a Pitt	1	0	0	0	0
Lucey, p	3	0	1	1	0	Ogden, p	0	0	0	0	0
Zellars, p	0	0	0	0	0	b Styles	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	4	6	21	1	Total	30	2	5	21	6

a Batted for Groves in sixth.
b Batted for Ogden in seventh.

Errors—Jersey City 0, Baltimore 1 (Walsh).

Jersey City	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4		
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	

Seven innings by agreement.

Two-base hits—Holt, Pitt. Stolen bases—Freitag. Sacrifice hits—Ray, Freitag. Left on bases—Baltimore 13, Jersey City 6. Bases on balls—Off Groves 3, Lucey 7, Zellars 3. Hits—Off Groves 6 in 6 innings, Ogden 0 in 1, Lucey 5 in 5 2-3, Zellars 0 in 1 1-3. Struck out—By Groves 4, Ogden 1, Lucey 4. Wild pitches—Groves 3. Winning pitcher—Lucey. Losing pitcher—Groves. Umpires—Magerkurth and Derr. Time of game—1:50.

HAGEN SETS NEW RECORD.

Lowers Mark for Saranac Inn Course to 70 From 72.

UPPER SARANAC, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Walter Hagen, in a 36-hole exhibition match here today, lowered to 70 the record for the 18-hole Saranac Inn golf course, two under the record set by Seymour Dunn, professional of the Lake Placid Club.

Jock Hutchison, paired with Dunn against Hagen and Kirkwood, made the afternoon round of 18 holes in 71. The match, for a purse of $1,000, was won by Hagen and Kirkwood, five to four.

Belyea Leaves to Meet Gilmore.

ST. CATHERINES, Ont., Aug. 1—Hilton Belyea, former champion Canadian sculler, left here last night for Baltimore, where he will row against W. E. Garrett Gilmore of Philadelphia in the National Regatta Friday.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES

At Buffalo.

FIRST GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	3
Rochester	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	6	7	0

Batteries—Werre and Vanderbeck; Moore, Beall and Lake.

SECOND GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	6	9	0
Buffalo	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	4	11	2

Called by agreement.

Batteries—Schupp and Lake; Dunkle and Vanderbeck.

Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	64	39	.621
Rochester	62	43	.564
Toronto	56	51	.523
Buffalo	55	49	.529
Reading	54	53	.505
Jersey City	46	61	.430
Syracuse	42	62	.411
Newark	42	63	.400

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Reading at Jersey City.
Newark at Baltimore.
Syracuse at Rochester.
Other clubs not scheduled.

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Heilmann, Detroit	85	312	69	122	.391
Ruth, New York	96	336	94	127	.380
Speaker, Cleveland	96	377	76	139	.369
Sewell, Cleveland	99	345	69	123	.356
Jamieson, Cleveland	96	407	79	143	.351

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| Player and Club. | G. | A.B

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1923.

THE UNDERWOOD CANDIDACY.

Senator UNDERWOOD's announcement of the terms on which he is willing to take the Democratic nomination for the Presidency, should it be offered to him, is a good blend of modesty and courage. He indulges in much less than the usual amount of vague generalities. A certain formal tribute to the doctrines of JEFFERSON and the rights of the States has to be paid by every Democratic candidate, and Mr. UNDERWOOD duly pays it. But the significant parts of his address to the Alabama Legislature are those in which he boldly states his views about foreign policy, the tariff, and the development of American agriculture, industry and commerce.

On these subjects OSCAR UNDERWOOD has a record known to all. In matters of tariff taxation his long service in both the House and the Senate has shown him to be a competent expert. If the misfit Fordney-McCumber tariff is to be, as it ought to be, a leading issue in the next Presidential campaign, no one could deal with it with more authority and force than Senator UNDERWOOD. In the long fight for the ratification of the Versailles Treaty, he was consistently in favor of living up to the obligations which the United States assumed during the war. Our entry into the League of Nations Mr. UNDERWOOD was anxious to secure on any reasonable terms; and he remains of the conviction that it is of high interest to America to take the place in the family of nations to which she is entitled. The particular merit of his address to his admiring constituents in Alabama is that it was, on all the main questions, direct, explicit and unafraid. It is something to have an aspirant for the Presidency as forthright as Senator UNDERWOOD has shown himself throughout his political career, and as he now makes it plain that he will continue to be if he is nominated for the Presidency.

Senator UNDERWOOD looks at the Democratic probabilities with a clear eye. He is under no illusion regarding the strength which he may at first be able to demonstrate in the National Convention. He frankly admits that he has neither the financial backing nor the organization to make a nation-wide campaign for delegates. But what he foresees is a convention to which no one candidate will be able to bring a majority of its members, much less two-thirds. The outlook is thus for a period of deliberate balloting, leading in the end to an agreed choice. This may not fall upon Senator UNDERWOOD, as he well knows, but it is only in the hope that the sober second thoughts of the delegates may turn in his direction that he now puts forward his name.

There will apparently be no lack of candidates. Mr. MCADOO has a strong following, though his lieutenants will doubtless see in the Underwood candidacy a movement to rally delegates from the South who otherwise might have been persuaded to join the McAdoo column. The former Ambassador to England, Mr. JOHN W. DAVIS, has many friends who hope to see him come to the front in the Democratic National Convention, and some are quietly moving in the interest of the Secretary of Agriculture and also of the Treasury during the Wilson Administration, Mr. HOUSTON. Governor SMITH will, of course, have the support of the New York delegation. Other names will doubtless be urged upon the convention. The Democratic Party, which now has reason to look forward to the next Presidential election with more hopefulness than anybody could have thought possible after the great defeat in 1920, has no lack of material for its next national ticket. The first thing is, as Senator UNDERWOOD insists, to decide upon the party policies, without a clear and definite statement of which even the strongest candidate would enter the campaign under a serious handicap.

In speaking to Alabama, Senator UNDERWOOD made one special appeal to the whole South. It was that the time had come to assert the extinction of old prejudices, and to insist upon the right of a Southern man to aspire to the Presidency. Theoretically, this is assented to by all. No one in the North would think of desiring to keep alive ancient animosities at the expense of the South. But politicians are a cautious and temporizing race. They study questions of "availability" with the most scrupulous care, and though a feeling may be so unreasonable that it cannot be publicly avowed, it will be taken into consideration by painstaking political managers anxious to avoid giving offense to a single voter. Prejudice against a Presidential candidate simply because he comes from the South is indefensible. It ought not to exist, but in fact it still does exist in some regions of the North. As Mr. UNDERWOOD is well aware, it would be used against his candidacy. He confronts the unreasoning attitude as directly and courageously as he does other political issues; and even if his candidacy does not succeed next year, he will have done much to vindicate the right of the South to press upon the nation a son whom she can demonstrate to be well fitted to become President of the whole country.

HYLAN, SUBWAY BUILDER.

Mayor HYLAN appears to be resolved on a strategic offensive against those who are organizing the demand for new subways. He seeks to show that he himself is the great source of a prompt supply of them. In the midst of his attack upon the Merchants' Association and the Citizens' Committee of One Thousand, he pulled himself up long enough to assert that the City Administration intended to act as soon as possible on the question of the additional subway to Washington Heights and the crosstown subway in Brooklyn. The general plan for both of them, he stated, with the air of one making a righteous retort to an unjustified complaint, "received official approval weeks ago." Now comes the Chief Engineer of the Board of Estimate with a similar attitude of resenting an injury. Mr. TUTTLE is somewhat more specific than the Mayor, or more indiscreet, in revealing the fact that the city authorities are in negotiation with the Transit Commission respecting the two projected subways. But he, too, points to the record of what has been done in hastening plans for new subway construction, and declares that "these facts "could have been easily verified by "interested persons."

Other facts could also have been verified even by a person not deeply interested. The position taken by the Mayor while the Legislature was in session, and afterward, is likewise a matter of public record. He would have nothing to do with the Transit Commission. His characterization of its members, and of all who have anything to do with the ownership and management of the existing subways, is too recent to be forgotten. Even when the Transit Commission, in a spirit of conciliation, approached the Board of Estimate with proposals respecting two new subway lines, Mr. HYLAN was suspicious of these Greeks bearing gifts. He was confident that there was some "catch" in their suggested plans. But it now seems that even his piercing eye has not been able to detect it. Conferences have been going on, and if the Chief Engineer of the Board of Estimate is not mistaken an agreement will soon be reached.

If the Mayor's present ambition is to have a monument erected to him as the greatest of all subway builders in New York, the citizens of the metropolis will watch his efforts to attain that distinction with becoming gravity. But in their hearts they cannot be prevented from wondering precisely what were the motives that prompted him to undertake his grand lightning-transformation scene. Yet Mr. HYLAN may rest assured that the public will not greatly care how subways are built if only they are built quickly.

FRICTION WITH CUBA.

Ambassador CROWDER was sent to Havana to keep Cuba in the middle of the road, not by coercion but by friendly counsel. The reform program adopted last year, and in part carried out, General CROWDER suggested when he was acting as President HARDING's personal representative. At the time Cuba was greatly in need of a loan of $50,000,000 to pay fixed charges, and Washington's approval had been solicited. It was given only when Cuba heeded General CROWDER's admonition to reorganize the Government departments, cut off superfluous offices and expel the grafters. Cuba made so good a beginning that approval was given to the loan. American bankers furnished the money. President ZAYAS was officially grateful.

When General CROWDER was appointed Ambassador it was supposed that President ZAYAS would remain true to the plans of reform. The Cuban Cabinet had been selected to speed the good work. It contained some of the ablest men in public life. Ambassador CROWDER was satisfied with it, but the Cuban politicians were evidently not. In April President ZAYAS asked the Cabinet to resign. All but four of the old members were reappointed. The rejected were outstanding reformers, advocates of the measures recommended by Ambassador CROWDER. Such men are not popular in Havana. President ZAYAS was not strong enough to resist the politicians.

As a friend of Cuba General CROWDER has urged heroic treatment for graft. He has deprecated the lottery as an institution that is particularly objectionable because it lends itself notoriously to grafting. The system of "colectorias" has become so profitable that the agencies which are filled by the politicians can be sublet for $200 to $300 a month. In the time of President GOMEZ there were 961 of these places. Congress recently raised the number to 2,000, and provided that the appointees should serve for life. Furthermore, authority over the institution was taken from the Secretary of the Treasury and vested in a Director. The present incumbent of that office is ALFREDO ZAYAS JR., son of the President. When the bill came before President ZAYAS he vetoed it half-heartedly. In the largest quorum in the history of the House of Representatives, the bill had been passed by a vote of 95 to 5. By a still larger vote the veto was overridden in the House; the vote in the Senate was unanimous. Scarcely was the Lottery bill disposed of when a joint resolution condemning the United States for interfering with the internal affairs of Cuba was adopted.

It is evident that the reform program is on the rocks. The politicians of all parties are banded together to defy Ambassador CROWDER. The purpose for which he was sent to Havana will fail unless he is supported by the Administration at Washington. He has been summoned to a conference with Secretary HUGHES. The morality of the lottery is not in question, and could not well be. The action of the Cuban Congress in loading the institution down with "colectorias" and making them life positions is a challenge to the supervisory authority of the United States under the Platt amendment. If there were any doubt about the matter, the flouting resolution of the Congress at Havana would be convincing.

PROVIDED.

Senator MCKINLEY of Illinois has just sailed on the thrice-happy ship that bears Mr. LA FOLLETTE away from a country unworthy of him. Before leaving Mr. MCKINLEY sent a jar of honey to his gifted colleague, Mr. MEDILL MCCORMICK, a busy and much-traveled statesman of whose fame what region of Europe is not full? Mr. MCKINLEY looks "for the re-"nomination and re-election of Sen-"ator MCCORMICK next year." There won't be any "serious" candidates against him in the Republican primaries. Indeed, there can't be half so serious a candidate in any primaries. The people appreciate him and his position in the "party organization" of the Senate, the important committees he is on, and all that. They may, but a good many Western Republican voters seem to be grossly unappreciative of their greatest men just now.

The Illinois farmers are much better off than those of Minnesota. They have been "hard hit" by selling low and buying high. Still, Mr. MCKINLEY is confident that "there will be "an amelioration of their conditions "and that a solution of their difficulties soon will be found." Will it be found before November, 1924? That is the doubt that must disturb even so hopeful a breast as that of Mr. MCKINLEY's colleague. Apart from agricultural depression, the Republican Party of Illinois has troubles. The adventures and misadventures of Governor LEN SMALL and of the Thompson-Lundin machine have left the party full of irritations and divisions. Mr. MCCORMICK represents "the better element." But what independent votes can he get, and for what reason? His course on the League of Nations? His noble eulogy on "JIM" REED, who, "when the "sovereignty and liberties of the Re-"public were imperiled, showed him-"self an indomitable American, a "man of incomparable courage"? For accusing the Democrats of delaying prosperity by obstructing, that is discussing, Mr. MCCUMBER's and Mr. FORDNEY's sure cure for bad times? For his voyages and discoveries abroad?

Senator MCKINLEY considers—or says he considers—"the outlook for "party success in Illinois next year to "be particularly bright." The Republicans can elect a Governor "pro-"vided we do not get too far apart "within our organization in the selec-"tion of our candidates"; and any one of a number of available candidates for Governor "could be elected "provided a reasonable party unity "is maintained at the primaries in "April." He forgot to add, "pro-"vided a reasonable party unity is "maintained on election day and "there aren't too many Democrats." All of us, admirers of Mr. MCCORMICK's fresh and active spirit, can unite in believing that he will be elected if he can get votes enough. Mr. MCKINLEY's rosy prophecy recalls, however, the bright dream of Chairman MCCORMICK of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee just before the elections last November: "The current of opinion "throughout the country supports "the Republican candidates." That current bore too many of them out to the salt, estranging sea.

A HOME FOR ACTORS.

"Make their residence homelike and comfortable," reads the will of the late PERCY G. WILLIAMS, providing for a home for aged actors. "The "residents of the home shall be "deemed and referred to as its guests. "* * * Provide in the home a suit-"able library and divers means of "recreation. Furnish lectures, read-"ings and entertainments to which "the guests shall have free access." Thus did Mr. WILLIAMS hope to lighten in a measure the burden of members of the dramatic profession who in their old age have no refuge. It is a fine aspiration, to which will be devoted the better part of Mr. WILLIAMS's fortune. His estate at Riverhead, on Long Island, will, after the death of his widow, be devoted to carrying out this purpose, so that those who are to be his "guests" will live in the house which during his life was his own home.

To some of the residents in the Actors' Fund Home at New Brighton, on Staten Island, Mr. WILLIAMS left personal bequests. This organization, founded twenty years ago by members of the profession and supported by them, has long been the principal place of its kind for retired actors. The Williams bequest, when finally acted upon, will therefore be a new recourse for them. In these days of vast movie salaries even the most successful actors on the legitimate stage earn what to many seems but a precarious living. In few professions are there so many ups and downs, such freaks of fortune and of public favor. Those who are highly paid too often forget that the wheel which is so pleasantly turning for them may suddenly stop or be reversed, and they fail to make adequate provision for the future. It does not fail to many persons to die before the footlights, to carry on, as did SARAH BERNHARDT, until the end.

For those who never earned star salaries and for those whose life work kept them long on the road or for many seasons away from the town which they called home not only are there not many chances to lay aside for rainy days, but also there are few opportunities to make or keep a home. Their dreams of retirement are marred by the haunting fear of dependence. For such the home bequeathed by Mr. WILLIAMS may prove a blessing. The fortunate ones who enter it will have the companionship of their own people, sharing with them memories of the "good old days." In an atmosphere like that, as "guests" of their old friend, PERCY WILLIAMS, they will be able to end their days with dignity and with comfort.

ONLY AS DICTATOR.

It appears from an "authorized" interview in Collier's Weekly that Mr. HENRY FORD will not consent to be a candidate for President save in some imperious emergency. "There might "be a war, or some crisis of the sort, "in which legalism and constitution-"alism and all that wouldn't figure, "and the nation wanted some person "who could do things and do them "quick." In that case Mr. FORD can't say what he might do.

The clear inference is that, when the war or the crisis suspends altogether legalism and constitutionalism, Mr. FORD will kindly consent to take charge. He will be a dictator. A mind like his can't consent to be hampered by fusty precedents, laws and constitutions. To be sure, he doesn't say what he would do in case of war. Presumably, he would cable the belligerent to hold the dogs in leash until the Dictator-President arrived on the peace ship. But even those who have the most curiosity to see Mr. FORD step on the national accelerator must resign themselves, for the present at least, to be deprived of that exhilarating spectacle. The most passionate Fordites can hardly desire a blessing to which calamity is a condition precedent.

Mr. FORD is neither Democrat nor Republican. He says that he hasn't "a political mind." Politics was invented before the scientific era. Some time, he thinks, the political organism may be supplanted by the industrial organism. Evidently man, as Mr. FORD views him, is not a political but a mechanical animal. It is the mechanical and non-political Mr. FORD who pays his compliments to labor unions, a somewhat important part of the existing industrial organism. To him they are a "great scheme for interrupting work" and "speeding up loafing." Though only a crisis candidate, he builds a platform. Part of it is humorous-scientific:

> All that America needs is the freest possible play of American energy. In the life process organizations are eliminated as soon as they have ceased to function, in order that better organizations may arrive and function in orderly succession. But since evolution is not under Congressional supervision we wish to assure the American people that they are getting about what's coming to them and that there won't be much improvement until it is time for it.

For Mr. BRYAN's sake this lugging in of evolution is to be regretted. If it were not a thing abhorred, no doubt Congress would cheerfully regulate it by means of a bureau, board or department; and the crisis might anticipate and hasten the work of evolution. It would wipe out legalism and constitutionalism and give the country "the freest possible play of American energy" in the hands of the most illustrious American mechanical engineer. Mr. FORD jeers at the tariff, ship subsidy, the bonus, tells the farmer to use better methods instead of borrowing money, and laments "nar-row nationalism" here and abroad. Distinctly humorous is the promise that international "wrong will be "righted just as soon as the truth be-"comes generally known that the real "interests of people in various parts "of the earth do not conflict." That isn't the relief to be expected from a man who can "do things quick." He insists on "a railroad system" to take the place "of the antiquated net-"work of financial corporations which "take toll along the nation's high-"ways." Mr. FORD has a little railroad of his own. Doubtless there are other confident spirits, at present managing some little branch, occasionally traversed by a "huckleberry train," who feel themselves capable of running as one all the railroads of the United States.

NONE BUT NATIVE VILLAINS.

Mr. WILD HAYS has undertaken a reform of the villainy of our films which, though it has its amusing side, is on the whole a useful enterprise. It promises to reduce the present needlessly large amount of international ill feeling. In a picture about to be released the villain, originally a Mexican, has been hastily naturalized as a citizen of the United States. This is done, it must be admitted, partly for commercial reasons. The Mexican Government will admit American pictures only on condition that they abandon the old habit of using Mexican villains. A Mexican used to be a cheap and easy villain, readily accepted; but rather than lose a public of fifteen million, American producers are willing to keep the meanness of their characters at home.

Mexico is not the only touchy nation. One infers from an announcement from Mr. HAYS's office that Italy and Germany have also protested against certain representations of their nationals. The war served a useful purpose in enabling every producer to select his villain from Germany and Austria, but the war is now over. A Japanese actor has gained distinction in Los Angeles by playing Japanese villains in American films, but when he went back to Japan for a visit the police had to be called out to protect him from the mob. Then he tried playing Hindu villains, with the result that Indian nationalists complained of subtle British propaganda.

It is easy to laugh at this super-sensitiveness. Yet, in the long run, Mr. HAYS's action will be a good thing, if not for the foreign nations, at least for us. The movies are seen by many people who hardly ever read. They get their idea of foreigners from what they see on the film. If characters of a particular nationality are always villainous, an unreasoning popular resentment will be created which will have evil effect in a moment of international crisis. Granted that there are villainous Mexicans, as there are villainous Americans, the soft-pedaling of Mexican villains will pay not only in the increased market for American pictures, but in the keeping down of a needless and harmful prejudice.

Villains there must be, and if all touchy foreign nationalities are to be respected we must get used to inventing our own. The editors of a magazine which specializes in stories of action, peril and conflict long ago discovered that the only safe villain is an atheist American. All other religions and all other nationalities are sensitive; but atheist Americans are apparently lacking in self-respect, or perhaps gifted with a sense of proportion.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

He Sees At Least the Needs.

There is nothing particularly "constructive" in what President GILCHRIST of the State Tax Commission has to say about the present system of licensing of automobilists and the punishment of their offenses. He makes no very clear suggestions how the present evils are to be remedied, but at least he recognizes their existence and the fact that the motor car in its several forms has created a highway problem demanding a solution, and every day demanding it more and more loudly. That is more than most people do, including some whose official positions impose on them a special obligation at least to attempt to find the solution.

What increases the difficulty of the problem is the inadequacy of most of our roads for the new kind and vastly increased amount of traffic. Only a few country highways and still fewer city streets were laid out with any thought of the changes in transportation which the automobile has brought about in the course of the past twenty years. The number of people who used to own and drive horses in the days that now seem so remote was but a small fraction of the number of those who have motor cars, and what the railways call "passenger miles" has grown certainly twenty times, and perhaps a hundred.

Naturally, "congestion" has become a menace to life and limb, for though automobiles have forced to some extent the making of road surfaces adapted to the new service demanded, the roads themselves have not changed otherwise.

Co-ordination Now Is Lacking.

President GILCHRIST declares that the first step toward road reform is to bring about better co-ordination of the various agencies that deal with the licensing of automobiles and automobilists and with the enforcement of the laws relating to them. At present, he says, too many drivers are lamentably ignorant of what the laws are. The magistrates before whom offenders are brought also lack the information as to the records of defendants that is required for the proper handling of such cases, and they do not all take the same view of the same offenses.

Of course, much difficulty in determining what a given misdemeanant deserves arises from the fact that the motor folk are such a far-wandering tribe that usually their past misdeeds are unknown, and they escape with lighter penalties than they would get if a glance at their histories were available to the Judge.

It did not occur to President GILCHRIST to say that perhaps he would have enough to do if to his other duties that of looking after automobilists had not been added. It is pretty evident that sooner or later this whole matter will be entrusted to a single department. It would be a busy one, with one-tenth of all the country's 12,000,000 automobiles already concentrated in this State, and increasing in number at the rate of 200,000 a year, and with the "saturation point" not yet in sight.

Money Can Be Used in Politics.

It is not just now that women have begun to realise that political activities, even of the most virtuous and legitimate kind—in which kind alone, of course, woman engage or ever will—may involve the spending of money in considerable amounts. It is not news to them, either, that without money not much can be done in the way of making known political demands and in making "movements" successful.

But of late these unhappy truths seemingly have been brought to feminine minds with more than usual clearness, and, as not quite all of them yet have achieved that financial and economic independence of which they so often talk, it is natural that their efforts to raise money are brought to the not always pleased attention of men.

One husband recently has proclaimed, as if it were a grievance, that his wife has spent $100,000 in furthering political ambitions, her own and those of others, and probably he is not alone in thinking that whatever a wife expends in this way is too much. Probably, however, most of the money devoted by women to politics is their own, either by inheritance or as the result of their own endeavors.

The rich ones among them have been generous in giving for the cause they had at heart, and the amount of personal work many of them are willing to do for nothing except the satisfaction of doing it has made politics appreciably less expensive for them than men have found it to be.

A Dead Man Makes His Protest.

Among the obituary notes appearing recently in a London paper, one relating to the Rev. JOHN HENRY WAGNENTREIBER attains a startling prominence because it includes some bitter lines with which his will terminated. He lived, it seems, at Oldham, and was vicar from 1910 to 1919 of Denshaw, a near-by town. He left property valued at £508 gross, with net personalty £476. That is more than many another parson has been able to accumulate, but the Rev. JOHN HENRY WAGENTREIBER, before he died in April last, wrote this at the end of his will, making sure that thus what he had to say would come to public attention:

> I commend my widow and daughter to the beneficence of the Bishop of Manchester and Mr. EDWARD CHRISTIE of the Board of Finance, reminding them of my forty years' service, starved and poverty-ridden, in the diocese. God! can these things be in the richest Church, Thy Church of England?

That is a truly bitter cry, and it cannot fail to reach the ears of those to whom it was addressed. The London paper refrains from making any comment on it.

GERMANY'S ABILITY TO PAY.

Correspondent Thinks Institute of Economics Report Unfortunate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Irving T. Bush, President of the New York State Chamber of Commerce and of the Bush-Terminal Company, is reported in The Associated Press accounts of this morning as having said yesterday in London, after a three months' study of conditions in Europe, including Russia, that "the Franco-German problem overshadows all others in Europe." He then endorses Premier Baldwin's plan to have "the sane judgment of the business world" applied to the problem, in harmony with Secretary Hughes's proposal for an "impartial commission" to determine the amount that Germany can pay.

Is it not rather awkward that, at the very time this idea is being revived, the Institute of Economics, an organization financed by the Carnegie Corporation for five years to the extent of $1,650,000 and having an Executive Committee made up of the most representative men in the United States, should publish a report, after "six months' investigation by experts" to the effect that Germany cannot pay anything now and will never be able to pay unless certain things happen "over which Germany has not the slightest control"?

France would not need any better argument against submitting her vital interests to the judgment of an "impartial commission" than to point to this very proceeding. She would doubtless declare that the authors of that report simply followed all the false and fantastic claims put forth by the "German experts" in respect to this matter and that, consciously or unconsciously, this great organization of "impartial" people was practically lending itself to the promotion of German propaganda.

R. MONTGOMERY.

New York, Aug. 1, 1923.

Warnings at Rail Crossings.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I should like to make a suggestion to overcome accidents such as you describe in this morning's TIMES. Four women and a man were killed when a Long Island Railroad train hit an automobile in which they were riding, when crossing the tracks at Rockville Centre. On rainy or foggy nights boats navigating the river are compelled to sound warnings continuously. Why can't the railroad officials compel their engineers to do the same, beginning a mile from the crossing and continuing until the crossing is passed?

LEO LONG.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 30, 1923.

FLAME.

Oh! let me go as one bright flame
Blown out by some relentless gale,
Not dying in a flicker pale,
But blazing high throughout the days—
The given days that I may spend—
Still clear and glowing to the end.

Oh! let me go as one bright flame—
A flame that lights e'er it departs
One heart of all the weary hearts
Along the road where Sorrow dwells.
And let no spark in failing mar,
But let them fall as falls a star.

NAN TERRELL REED.

5-YEAR TESTS FOR DOCTORS

Welcoming the Suggestion to Require Proof of Competence.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your excellent short editorial July 6 you called attention to a suggestion, emanting from the convention of osteopaths held in this city last week, which should receive serious attention as it relates vitally to the life and health of the community and the world.

Lest your readers should not understand what all this is about, I beg to remind them that at a recent convention of osteopaths, some 2,000 being enrolled, the suggestion was made, to quote your words, "to the effect that every doctor and surgeon should be subjected once in five years, or so, to an official examination, for the purpose of determining whether or not he has kept reasonably well up with the progress of medical science," you instancing that "army and navy officers are obliged to take periodic examinations, and failure to pass any of them stops promotion or even results in retirement. Doctors, too, are soldiers in their way—the defenders on whom we depend for protection from the deadliest of enemies—and why should it not be demanded that they maintain competency, as well as acquire it in their student days?"

In my long and active professional career I have met many medical men and surgeons of all ages, I am sorry to say, who have very few books and journals, and who do not seem to have done much of anything to advance their knowledge or fitness to practice, beyond their daily round of professional duties and social life. This is especially seen in regard to cancer, now the most threatening menace to life in the world.

The medical profession seems hopelessly to ignore the cancer patient, and the doctors turn the case over at once to the surgeons and the knife; and neither of them appear to study the literature of this dire malady, or to know the conditions of life which have been so repeatedly shown to be the basic cause of the disease; for which, however, so much can be done by wise, careful and persistent medical measures.

I am no defender of osteopaths, and have personally known very few of them, but I feel like others that this branch of practice should be recognized, and, as has been suggested, should be made one of the specialties in the regular medical profession. Especially is this true as they have gathered 2,000 enrolled members in a scientific convention during last week, in New York, and are now required by law to have official examination and recognition in order to practice their art of osteopathy and physical therapeutics.

L. DUNCAN BULKLEY, M. D.,
Senior Physician to the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital.
New York City, July 16, 1923.

DEATH RATE IN ST. LOUIS.

Infant Mortality Is Reported as 57 Per 1,000 in 1922.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of July 1 there is an article with the heading, "Infant Mortality Low in New York," and the subheading, "Death Rate is 75 Per Thousand Compared with 103 in Buffalo and 96 in Pittsburgh." The article goes on to quote the American Child Health Association of 370 Seventh Avenue, and it mentions about a dozen cities whose infant death rate is compared with New York. But it does not mention St. Louis. Further down it gives Seattle, Minneapolis and Portland as cities with over 250,000 population with the lowest rate of infant mortality.

In next to the last paragraph is probably the explanation where it says "the rates in all the groups of cities in the Birth Registration Area."

In its bulletin dated April 15, 1922, the New York Health Department makes the following statement:

"The cities of Chicago and St. Louis have not been included in these comparative statistics for the reason that their figures are not accepted by the United States Census Bureau as coming up to the standards of the registration area for births, so that their statistics must be taken solely on the expression of their own idea of their infant death rate, not as officially accepted figures."

The statement that we are not in the registration area is correct, but the assertion that our infant death rate is merely an expression of our own idea is, to say the least, ridiculous. The Government requirement for admission of a State to the birth registration area calls for evidence of 90 per cent. birth registration, which means that when this is furnished the Government will then accept the figures of any city within that State, and include same in their reports.

Our figures are official—taken from our records and are absolutely correct. There is no question but what St. Louis could meet this requirement, but the Government desires this evidence as applied to the State as a whole, so that it is useless to make an extensive survey of the birth registration in St. Louis alone until the State is prepared to take up this matter.

I can see no reason for excluding St. Louis on the ground that we are not in the registration area, as this does not discredit our figures. In fact, if we could show a larger number of births it would have a tendency still further to reduce our already unusually low infant death rate; for all deaths are recorded.

Our death rate among infants for 1921 was 61.7 per 1,000. For 1923 these dropped to less than 57.

PAUL V. BUNN,
General Secretary St. Louis Chamber of Commerce.
St. Louis, Mo., July 21, 1923.

Prohibition and Other Laws.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the articles of Commissioner Haynes on prohibition enforcement there is a dominant note which so far has escaped criticism, viz: His utter disregard for all law except the law he is given to try to enforce. The prohibition law does appear to supersede all other law, being so conspicuously placed on the Constitution. Does it supersede the security of life? Does its violation involve the death penalty without trial? Does it supersede the Ten Commandments, which are the the base of the Constitution and law of all other nations? Is Mr. Haynes justified in carrying on a civil war against those who fully believe they have a moral if not also a legal right to possess and transport certain goods?

In any case it would be interesting to know how many men are under arms. How many have been killed and wounded on both sides. And when this disgusting state of affairs may be expected to end.

HERBERT MUIRHEAD.

New York, July 21, 1923.

The Truth on Wheat and Coal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial today on "Wheat and Coal" is splendid. It should be repeated for a few weeks on the front page. In the long run there is nothing finer than the truth, and the whole country will be thankful to you for giving it the opportunity to learn it; the more so as few have the courage to tell it.

WALTER MUTELEB.

New York, July 30, 1923.

OUR POULTRY WORTH MORE THAN WHEAT

Editor Wonders Why the Chicken Growers Do Not Look for a Political Moses.

EGGS ARE ONLY A SIDE LINE

Breeder's Gazette Sees Therein a Lesson for the Hard-Hit One-Crop Man.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—"Last year the total value of poultry products in the United States was $884,000,000, which exceeds by $20,000,000 the total value of the 1922 American wheat crop. Why does not some inflated rooster, aspiring to sit in a political chair, take up the cause of our down-trodden, money-losing poultry producers?" asks The Breeders' Gazette in an editorial to be published in tomorrow's issue.

"There are more keepers of poultry than growers of wheat in this country, and their output was worth more money than last year's wheat crop," the editorial points out. "Most poultry-keepers could probably prove to some politicians that their cash returns were 'below the cost of production,' and that they must receive higher prices in order to live. They have a 'case' that, on the basis of people affected and the value of total product, is more formidable than that of wheat growers. Why shouldn't the Government save them from disaster?

"Fortunately the bulk of American poultry products originates on farms which are not devoted to poultry as a specialty. Poultry is one of the numerous 'eggs' in the market basket of most farmers. Wherever poultry is a specialty it is a hazardous enterprise; wherever it is an adjunct to diversified farming it is a dependable and never-failing source of cash income.

Discusses "Farmers and Business."

"If the poultry industry were in the hands of specialists who had no other business, we should hear a national howl now concerning their desperate plight. Since poultry, in the main, is not a specialty product, it is bolstering up and being bolstered up by other farm products during this critical period in agriculture. Singly, some farm enterprises have been disastrously affected by the depression, but farmers who do not depend on any one crop or product for their economic salvation are coming through painfully but solvent. They do not ask politicians and the Government to save them; they are saving themselves."

Discussing the question of "Farmers and Business," the Gazette presents the direct or indirect statement "we read or heard at present that 'farmers are radicals.' They are not, with a small percentage of exceptions; neither are most of their leaders. Property-owning farmers are necessarily conservative, prudential and cautious. They are 'slow to wrath' and will endure a deal of injustice and suffering before they rise up in angered protestation.

"Unrest, anxiety and fear, and the sense of injustice at the hands of other interests are more widespread and acute at present than they have ever been before in America. These are not mere states of mind engendered entirely by organization and political leaders of farmers; they are intimate feelings that have grown out of the hard facts of most men's personal experience. They have, of course, been intensified by the rhetoric of class passions.

Farmer's One Convincing Case.

"Farmers everywhere in this country are agreed, however, on at least one point, and that is that the prices which they receive for most of their products are lower than they should be in relation to the prices which they are required to pay for the bulk of the commodities that they need or must purchase. Here they have a convincing case, and a common cause for concerted action. If when they buy they could buy at prices on a parity with those of farm products, most of them would not have so much to say as they are justifiably saying now when they sell products at deflated prices."

The Breeders' Gazette also has this to say:

"We do not contend that diversified farming is a panacea for all the ills of agriculture. We insist, however, that in the long run, and over a period of years, it is the soundest and safest system of farming that has ever been developed. It is easier to be a specialist, growing one crop, than to be a successful diversified farmer. The latter must think and work harder than the average one-crop farmer. Moreover, he must be a versatile, broad-angled and competent individual.

"All farmers are not qualified by temperament, abilities and experience successfully to conduct a diversified farming business. There are many one-crop farmers, because they are the sons of one-crop farmers who have lived all their lives in specialized crop zones. It is difficult for middle-aged or elderly men to change their cropping habits. Existing conditions require the modification of old habits, and the adoption of new methods. These changes are sure to be accompanied by protests."

LEAVES GOVERNORS ISLAND

Gen. Joyes Goes to Washington—Col. Ames Succeeds Him.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 1.—Announcement was made here today of the transfer of Colonel Thales B. Ames, Commandant for the last three and a half years at the United States Armory, to the command of the post at Governors Island, New York, where he will succeed Brig. Gen. Joyes. Colonel Ames will be replaced here by Major Earl McFarland, now in charge of manufacture at the armory.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The War Department today announced that Brig. Gen. J. W. Joyes has been appointed Assistant Chief of Ordnance, succeeding to the vacancy created by the death of Brig. Gen. William S. Peirce. General Joyes has been serving as ordnance officer of the Second Corps Area at Governors Island.

During the World War General Joyes organized and was in charge of the Nitrate Division of the Ordnance Department. Under his direction construction was begun on No. 1 plant at Sheffield, Ala.; No. 2 plant at Muscle Shoals, No. 3 plant at Toledo and No. 4 plant at Cincinnati.

SWISS KEEP ANNIVERSARY.

Celebrate 632d Birthday of Freedom in Their Three Languages.

The Swiss colony of New York celebrated the 632d anniversary of Swiss independence last night at the Manhattan Casino, 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, by speeches and folksongs in their three national languages, French, Italian and German.

Louis H. Junod, Swiss Consul General, spoke in English and announced that the new home at Mount Hisle for aged Swiss would be opened shortly and that the old home on Sixty-seventh Street would be converted into a home for Swiss girls. The Rev. Paul D. Eisenring made an address in French. G. dell' Era in Italian and Emil Hirt in German. The grand march was participated in by fifty Swiss societies, and scenes from "William Tell" were presented by the Dramatic Section of the Club of Young Swiss.

T. J. RYAN WED TO MRS. G. KELEHER

Ex-New York Congressman Married to Divorcee by Special Dispensation From Rome.

TURFMAN'S FORMER WIFE

Ceremony Held in St. Bridget's R. C. Church in Glassboro, N. J., on July 18, Just Made Known.

Thomas Jefferson Ryan of this city, a former Representative in Congress, and Mrs. Gertrude Keleher, divorced wife of John B. Keleher, well-known Washington turfman, were married at Glassboro, N. J., on July 18. Mr. Ryan was reached last night at 46 West Eighty-third Street, the bride's home, where the couple are living temporarily with Mrs. Ryan's 6-year-old daughter, Anne, and acknowledged that the ceremony had been performed after a special dispensation of the Catholic Church had been received from Rome.

With two close friends, Miss Mae Sullivan and Bert Fox, the couple went by motor to Glassboro, where they got a license. The marriage was consecrated in St. Bridget's Roman Catholic Church there by Father Scully. Mrs. John D. Ryan, the bridegroom's mother, was said to have been the first to hear of it when Mr. and Mrs. Ryan motored back to New York and called at her Riverside Drive address. Mr. Ryan denied yesterday that there had been any parental opposition.

That news of the marriage was not wide-spread was indicated when friends of Mr. Ryan in New York explained yesterday that they knew nothing more of the reported ceremony than they had seen in the newspapers.

Mrs. Ryan is the daughter of Mrs. Benjamin Edward Dakin of Washington, and is socially prominent. The couple met there about a year and a half ago, soon after Mr. Ryan took his seat in Congress as the youngest member of the House. Mrs. Keleher had recently obtained her divorce at the time. From the capital yesterday came word that friends expected Mr. and Mrs. Ryan to pass through there on their way to California for an extended honeymoon.

Mr. Ryan last night refused to discuss the Catholic dispensation, but a close friend of the former Congressman explained that the couple could be married in a Catholic Church despite the fact that Mrs. Keleher was a divorcee, in the event that her first marriage had not been performed by a priest or an ordained minister; in other words, if it were a civil ceremony.

Mr. Ryan is 32 years old and is well known as a lawyer and lecturer. He represented the Fifteenth New York District in Congress. Mrs. Keleher's engagement to him was announced last November, but was promptly denied at the Ryan home, 312 West Fifty-first Street, by Mr. Ryan's sister.

Mr. Ryan was one of the most pronounced anti-dry members of Congress. With Representatives Tague and Gallivan of Massachusetts, he led an attack on the Ku Klux Klan. He introduced a resolution calling for the recall of Ambassador George Harvey and another favoring the recognition of the Obregon Government of Mexico. He served as an aviator during the World War, was wounded and cited for bravery and won the Croix de Guerre.

OTHER MARRIAGES.

Miss Ruth G. Yeagle the Bride of John Charles Walker.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Miss Ruth Constance Yeagle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Lynn Yeagle, was married last evening to John Charles Walker. The ceremony was performed in the chapel of the Church of the Transfiguration by the rector, the Rev. John J. Queally, in the presence of a small company of relatives and intimate friends.

Gilmore—Graham.

Judge Samuel J. Graham has announced the marriage of his daughter, Mary Carter, to Stuart Hagner Gilmore, Tuesday, July 31, in the home of Judge Graham, on Columbia Road, the Rev. G. H. Talbot officiating, in the presence of only members of the two families. Mr. and Mrs. Gilmore will make their home at McLean, Va., where the former has lived since the war.

Howgate—Pasha.

Miss Susan M. Pasha of Waterbury, Conn., was married to Dr. Charles W. Howgate of Greenwich, Conn., in Waterbury, yesterday morning. Immediately after the ceremony the couple left for a motor trip through Canada.

The bride is a graduate of the Training School for Nurses at the Greenwich Hospital. Dr. Howgate has been a practicing dentist in Greenwich for many years. His first wife divorced him several years ago, and later married Richard Outwater.

2,500 INVITATIONS TO BOOTH WEDDING

Daughter of Mrs. Albert E. Austin to Marry G. T. Brokaw Aug. 10 —Other Nuptial Plans.

More than 2,500 invitations were issued this week for the wedding of Miss Ann Clark Booth, daughter of Mrs. Albert E. Austin of Sound Beach, Conn., and George T. Brokaw of 1 East Seventy-ninth Street, New York, which will take place in Christ Episcopal Church, Greenwich, Conn., on Friday, Aug. 10, at 4 o'clock. The Rev. Dr. M. George Thompson, the rector, will officiate.

Miss Booth has selected as her attendants, Miss Rose Bullard of Governors Island, N. Y., as maid of honor. The Misses Dorothy C. Frewert of Philadelphia, Dorothy Burns and Marjorie H. Wolff of Chicago as bridesmaids.

Howard C. Brokaw of New York will be his brother's best man, and the ushers will be A. Trowbridge Dwight, Howard P. Homans, Fielding Jackson, and Merrill K. Waters, all of this city.

A large reception will follow the ceremony at the Pickwick Arms Hotel at Greenwich, where a wedding supper will be served. The couple will spend their honeymoon abroad.

Pell-Smith Wedding Next Monday.

The wedding of Mrs. Helen Ludlow Smith and Hamilton Pell will take place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Graham Bigelow, Old Church Road, at Greenwich, Conn., next Monday afternoon, at 5 o'clock. The ceremony will be performed on the spacious lawn of the Bigelow estate, and the Rev. William Sinclair, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Noroton, Conn., will officiate. There will be no attendants.

About forty prominent guests from Tuxedo, Long Island and New York will attend the wedding and reception. The couple will spend their honeymoon on a motor trip. Both Mrs. Smith and Mr. Pell are divorced. Mrs. Smith is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Duncan MacDougall White of New York. Mr. Pell has been staying at the St. Nicholas Club in New York.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. James H. Proctor and her daughter, Miss Esther Proctor, have come to the St. Regis from their place at Hamilton, Mass., to meet another daughter, Miss Polly Proctor, who is arriving on the Mauretania.

Mrs. Robert Lefferts and Lady Carden have joined Mr. Lefferts at the Vanderbilt. Lady Carden, who is Mr. Lefferts's sister, is sailing for Europe shortly.

Mrs. Richard Wharton gave a luncheon yesterday at Pierre's for Mrs. Frederick O. Beach.

A. J. Drexel Biddle Jr. is at the Lorraine until Saturday, when he will rejoin Mrs. Biddle at Atlantic City.

Mrs. James B. Duke entertained at luncheon yesterday in the Italian Garden of the Ambassador.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Fisk, who were at the Ritz-Carlton, have returned to Westbury, L. I.

Viscount Matsudaira, private secretary to the Emperor of Japan, and his wife, who are making a tour of the world, are at the McAlpin, and are leaving today for Washington, D. C., to continue their homeward trip.

Mrs. Eugene Van R. Thayer entertained at luncheon yesterday at Sherry's.

Mrs. Frank C. Henderson of Roslyn, L. I., reached the North Cape on July 7, on her trip to Europe by way of Iceland, and will be at Biarritz for the remainder of the season.

Mrs. Charles H. Gurney left the Plaza yesterday to spend August at the New Waumbek, Jefferson, N. H.

Mrs. George G. Frelinghuysen has come from Saranac Lake to the St. Regis for a visit.

Mrs. Edward Isaac H. Clothier Jr. and her son, Isaac H. Clothier 3d, have arrived at the Plaza from their country home at Radnor, Pa.

MILLIONAIRE TRAMP HAS 68-YEAR-OLD BRIDE

Edwin A. Brown, Student of Derelicts, Weds Miss Thompson of Lincoln, Neb.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 1.—Edwin A. Brown, millionaire and tramp, whose adventures in search of practical experience that he might aid the derelicts of his own city drew attention the country over, is married at last. The "at last" is in order because Brown's marriage marks the climax of a thirty-year romance.

The bride is Eva Thompson of Lincoln, Neb., who is 68 years old and had not been married before.

Mrs. Brown is a sister of David Eugene Thompson, formerly Ambassador to Brazil and Mexico.

Mr. Brown is a brother of William C. Brown, once President of the New York Central Railroad.

Edwin A. Brown had been known for nearly fifteen years as the "millionaire vagabond." During that period he has been a frequent visitor to New York and has used the slums of this city as a laboratory in which to study the derelicts of humanity and the manner in which more fortunate men dealt with them.

He has tramped over much of the country, leading the life of the homeless man, suffering as only the homeless can suffer and using both his voice and his pen to exhort the country in general and his home city of Denver in particular to make the lot of the down-and-outer more bearable. Though he has known some of the most unpleasant jails in the country, he has kept the characteristics of a man of the upper level, and in New York has been just as much at home in the Waldorf as on the Bowery.

Little has been heard in the East in the last few years of the philanthropic tramp's efforts at practical sociology. In 1918, he took the lead in his own town in getting a style for war economy, donning overalls as the only day dress, but permitting himself to have an extra suit of them for evening wear.

Mr. Brown's latest reported visit to New York was in the Fall of 1921, when by day he was an inconspicuous guest at the Vanderbilt Hotel and by night a straggler among stragglers, a tramp among tramps. He combed Battery Park and other gathering places of men to whom the city's open spaces are not playgrounds, but the sole beds they know, and he found refuge and for three nights he slept in the Municipal Lodging House, learning from all those who would confide in him the real reasons for their plights.

It was at the close of his researches on the occasion of that visit that he attributed most of the troubles of those whom he had studied to unemployment.

MISS MITCHELL ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence B. Mitchell to Wed J. W. Brock Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Blair Mitchell of Pennbrook House, Far Hills, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mildred Mitchell, to John W. Brock Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Brock of Philadelphia.

Miss Mitchell is a sister of Miss Caroline W. Mitchell and Mrs. James J. Ferguson. Her brother, Clarence Van S. Mitchell, married Miss Sylvia Peabody. The Mitchell town house is at 66 East 79th Street. Mr. Mitchell is a member of the law firm of Choates, Larocque & Mitchell of 40 Wall Street.

Mr. Brock was in service during the war. His mother was formerly Miss Mary L. Tyler, and their country place is at Rydal, Pa.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Wagner-Conover Nuptial Plans.

The wedding of Miss Marjorie Conover, daughter of Mrs. Sara I. Conover of Greenwich, Conn., and John Wagner, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Wagner of Schoolhouse Lane, Germantown, Philadelphia, will take place at Christ Episcopal Church at Greenwich, Saturday afternoon next, at 4 o'clock. The Rev. Dr. M. George Thompson, the rector, will officiate.

Miss Elizabeth Conover will be her sister's only attendant. The best man will be Agnew Thompson Dice Jr. of Reading, Pa. The ushers will be James Scott Conover and Max B. Berking of Greenwich; John Wagner, Samuel T. Wagner Jr. of Philadelphia, Rowan Wagner of Chicago and R. Boone Abbott of Reading, Pa.

Mr. Wagner is a member of the Philadelphia Assembly, the First City Troop of Philadelphia and the Philadelphia Club.

Their Wedding on June 4 Just Told.

Elmer Steinmetz, son of William Steinmetz of North Water Street, East Port Chester, N. Y., was married to Miss Christine Powers of Liverpool, England, on June 4 last, it became known this week, the wedding having been kept a secret.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Gibson W. Harris in Trinity Church, Castilian, Mr. and Mrs. George Terwilliger were witnesses. The couple are residing at 37 Glendale Place, Port Chester. Mr. Steinmetz is a graduate of Port Chester High School, class of '18, and is a talented violinist.

Colonel Eben to Visit Battlefields.

Colonel and Mrs. James Eben and Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Galston will sail on the Adriatic on Saturday for a two months' tour of Europe. The party will include in its itinerary a visit to the battlefields upon which the Seventy-first Infantry, Colonel Eben's command, fought during the war.

Mr. and Mrs. Straus in Catskills.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Straus of this city are spending August in the Catskills, and yesterday they entertained Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brisbane at luncheon at the Grand Hotel, Highmount, N. Y., where they are staying.

DR. MAYO HAILS BRITISH SURGERY

Noted Surgeon, Returning on Adriatic, Is Impressed by Progress in England.

WAS AT LONDON CONGRESS

East Orange Woman Reported to Have Vanished at Sea From United States Liner.

The White Star liner Adriatic arrived yesterday from Queenstown and Liverpool with 1,527 passengers and a solitary sack of mail. She had a new fire-room crew in place of the men who struck on her last sailing day from New York and were fined at the Police Court in Liverpool.

First cabin passengers were Dr. W. J. Mayo, the surgeon, of Rochester, Minn., and Mrs. Mayo. Dr. Mayo, who attended the Congress of Surgeons in London, said he was impressed by the advancement made by British surgeons. Miss C. H. Hartley, former Mayor of Southport, England, and daughter of the late Sir William P. Hartley, was also a passenger.

Arriving on the Cunarder Franconia from Queenstown and Liverpool was Miss Rita Welman, who spent the Summer in Italy writing a play. She said Americans were well treated in France and that living was cheap there and in Italy.

Others on the Franconia were Frederick V. Bowater, London paper manufacturer; Colonel George F. Hinton, theatrical manager; Mowbray Berkeley, New York stock broker, and L. Pelham Napier of the Napier Motor Car Company.

Arriving on the President Adams of the United States Lines from London and Cherbourg was Fred C. Slater, United Consul at Corunna, Spain. There were thirty-five prospective brides of Americans on the ship.

The Madonna of the Fabre line brought fifty "picture brides" from the Near East. There were 102 Russians, 138 Turks and forty-seven Greeks on the liner. The family of Zimbalist, the violinist, arrived on the Madonna and will remain in this country.

Helmer H. Bryn, Norwegian Minister to the United States, returned with his family yesterday on the Norwegian-American liner Bergensfjord.

On the United States liner America, arriving from Bremen, was Paul Knabenshue, United States Consul General at Beirut, Syria. There were nearly thirty nationalities among the 1,188 steerage passengers.

Mrs. Caton L. Decker of East Orange, N. J., who was a cabin passenger on the America, disappeared the night of July 24 after the ship left Cherbourg. She was seen in her stateroom at 10 P. M. and then went on deck for a walk. It was presumed that the ship rolled and that Mrs. Decker, who had been ill at Stockholm, had fallen over the side.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Booked to sail from New York to Hamburg today on the American liner Manchuria are Dr. Richard C. Moldenke, metallurgist, of Watchung, N. J.; the Rev. William B. Kinkaid of Trinity Church; Randolph Banner, San Francisco violinist; Mrs. Ralph H. Graves, and Captain Henry J. Donnelly, chief of the New Haven, Conn., detective force, taking his first vacation in thirty-two years.

A party of single-tax advocates from Philadelphia, bound to a convention in Europe, includes Miss Frances J. McCauley, August Willigas, Elsie Willigas, George A. Haug, Charles J. Schleaf, Charles J. Schleifer, Charles Hecht, Oliver McKnight and George Lloyd.

Others on the Manchuria are Bolton Hall, Miss Olive W. Whittridge and Chester O. Swain of New York; Dr. W. B. Fetterman and Miss Mary H. Merrick of Philadelphia; Otto Miller of Cleveland, and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Clifton.

Leaving on the French liner Suffren for Havre are Dr. Antonin Barthelmy, French Consul at Chicago; Mrs. Francis Carter, Miss Margaret M. Gibb, Maxwell D. Howell, Mrs. Yvonne Fitzpatrick, the Rev. and Mrs. G. H. Smith, Caston Block, Miss Stella Karn and Mr. and Mrs. Antoine Fournier.

Sailing on the Hamburg-American liner Thuringia for Hamburg are Fred Arnold, Miss Elsie Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Habel, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Hamburg, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Grube, Mrs. Frances R. Merriman, Louis Steger, J. C. Straub, Dr. Arthur G. Northwood, Dr. and Mrs. William R. Ward and Miss Elizabeth B. Ward.

Arriving on the Anchor liner Columbia from Glasgow were Mr. and Mrs. William J. Adams, Miss Mary E. Adams, George Angus, Adam Black, John Allen, George W. Balfour, William Callander, Robert Chalmers, Mr. and Mrs. Carol Foss, George Dye and Alfred Davidson.

Arriving from Naples on the Conte Rosso of the Lloyd Sabaudo were Stark Young, Vernon Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Carlton Stringer, Miss Mary Davis, Mrs. M. Daly, Mrs. Lillian Robinson and Miss Hannah Smith.

On the French liner Rochambeau, arriving from Havre, were J. Farber, Mrs. M. K. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. J. de Battin, A. Peter, Mrs. C. Raskin and Mr. and Mrs. R. Fees.

Arriving on the Swedish-American liner Drottningholm from Gothenburg were G. Anderson, Mrs. Helen Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. H. Nilson and Mr. and Mrs. E. Shaw.

Among the passengers leaving today for Christiania and Copenhagen on the Scandinavian-American liner Hellig Olav are Professor E. L. Anthony, wife and two children; H. Baldwin, Miss Luella Beaman, Mr. and Mrs. P. Dibble, Mr. and Mrs. Kenno B. Dahlerup, Louis Devin, Frank Ellis, S. J. Heiberg, Olen Howland, Einer Juul, Mrs. Juul, A. J. Montague, member of Congress, attending the Inter-Parliamentary Conference at Copenhagen; Lester W. Sharp and Townsend Woolsey.

SENATOR LAFOLLETTE SAILS

Accompanied to Europe by McKellar, McKinley and Others.

Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin sailed yesterday for Europe on the United States liner George Washington, accompanied by Senators Kenneth McKellar of Tennessee, William B. McKinley of Illinois, Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas and Claude A. Swanson of Virginia.

Half an hour before sailing the Senator from Wisconsin arrived on board the ship and requested the reporters to bring their pencils and paper to his stateroom. When they were seated around him he said: "Now that we are all here together, I want to tell you that I have absolutely nothing to say." He admitted that he was going to Europe with an open mind and hoped to return on Sept. 8.

MIRIAM ELIAS ARRIVES.

Young Russian Actress Is Here to Study English.

Miriam Elias, the young Russian actress who assisted Zemach, the Russian actor, to make a success of the Habima in Moscow, arrived here yesterday on the White Star liner Majestic, and was met at the pier by a number of representatives from the German and Yiddish theatres. She said her object in coming to America is to study English, so that she can play in that language as well as she does in German, Russian, French and Hebrew. She said that the Habima in Moscow is the only theatre in the world where the original Hebrew is spoken.

On the voyage across the actress spent ten hours daily in studying English.

TELLS OF CURING PRINCE BORN DEAF

Dr. Muncie Says That, Besides Paris Operation, He Treated 141 Poor Persons Abroad.

The story of how he had cured a Prince of a reigning European family of congenital deafness by a few simple manipulations with the index finger of his right hand, was told yesterday by Dr. Curtis H. Muncie of Brooklyn, upon his return from England on the Majestic.

Dr. Muncie, an Osteopath, withheld the name of his royal patient, refusing to reveal it, on ethical grounds, even when he was confronted with cable dispatches saying he had been summoned by King Alfonso of Spain to treat his son, Prince Jaime, who has been deaf since birth.

The operation was performed in a surgery he had set up in Paris, Dr. Muncie said, and in twenty minutes the young Prince's hearing was normal. He probably will come to America soon for additional treatments to complete the cure.

"The young Prince came into my surgery much as any ordinary patient would," said Dr. Muncie, "save that he was accompanied by members of the family to which he belongs. There were present at the operation six specialists who previously had treated him; three nurses and my anaesthetician.

"The Prince was placed on an operating table and subjected for about two minutes to nitrous oxide gas, the anaesthetic commonly used in this country for the extraction of teeth.

"I then propped the jaws open with an instrument and with my index finger proceeded to reconstruct the Eustachian tube, which I found in a state of complete deformity. Deformity of this tube, which leads from the nose to the ear, is the cause of much deafness.

"Tests made before the operation showed that the Prince, while not totally deaf, was able to hear only shouted conversation. Tests immediately after the operation, which took in all about twenty minutes, showed that he was able to hear normally.

"I gave him further treatments for about ten days, and I anticipate that he will come to America soon for further attention.

"Naturally I was gratified to have been able to correct the young Prince's affliction, but I was no more so than I was to have been able, while abroad, to restore the hearing of 141 poor persons whom I treated in clinics at London, Glasgow and Paris. Contrary to reports that have been circulated, my trip to Europe was not primarily for the purpose of treating the Prince, but to hold the clinics."

Dr. Muncie has been using his method in America for several years, and says he lists 4,000 successful treatments on patients here, among them the late William Rockefeller.

PLEDGED THEIR TROTH AT GAME OF MAH JONG

Marion Cochrane, Actress, and Leo Jackson, Engineer, Married by Justice of the Peace.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Aug. 1.—Cupid got in his work in a game of mah jong at the Lakeview House at Lake Pocotopaug in East Hampton last Saturday with the result that Leo Jackson of Hartford, a consulting electrical engineer, proposed to Miss Marion Cochrane, a member of the cast of "Honeymoon House," which is to be presented in New York this Fall, and was accepted.

They were married in Hartford Monday by a Justice of the Peace and left on a wedding trip over the Mohawk trail. The bride says she has appeared in the Ziegfeld "Follies" and asserts that her marriage will not interfere with her stage career.

FOR UNION LEGION POSTS.

Illinois Federation Sanctions Their Organization.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Organization of posts in the American Legion to be composed exclusively of former service men who are trade unionists of Illinois was sanctioned at an executive board meeting of the Illinois Federation of Labor, which ended a two-day conference here today. The plan was said to be the first of its kind to receive the approval of a State labor Federation.

The board also concurred in the request of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, to have all trade unionists observe the Sunday preceding Labor Day as Labor Sunday. His request said that "because of the aims and aspirations of labor it is fitting that all churches draw to their altars the soul of labor on the coming Labor Sunday and that men and women of labor everywhere make special effort to co-operate with churches and secure co-operation of churches for themselves."

A State campaign to acquaint union workers with the injunction and its uses in industrial struggles was announced.

$400,000 FOR HOSPITAL.

Drive for Addition to Nyack Institution Doubles Its Goal.

The $200,000 drive for an addition to the Nyack Hospital ended last night in a triumphal torchlight parade when announcement was made that the total asked for had been more than doubled by subscribers. Of the 50,000 persons in the district included in the campaign, 10,000 donated to the fund.

The drive was led by Judge A. S. Tompkins, executive Chairman of the campaign committee; Mortimer L. Patterson and J. H. White, President of the hospital. Mr. White was a large contributor. Six hundred volunteer workers of Nyack and Rockland County gathered donations.

The city of Nyack raised $191,000; Haverstraw, $33,000, and $142,000 came from the remainder of the county. Auxiliaries of Nyack Hospital added $12,000, and when it was learned only $21,000 was needed to double the original sum set as a goal individual subscriptions made up the remainder.

TREMAN HERE, SILENT.

Refuses to Discuss Divorce From Irene Castle.

Robert E. Treman, the hardware manufacturer of Ithaca, N. Y., who recently was divorced from his wife, Irene Castle, the dancer, in Paris, returned yesterday on the White Star liner Majestic and declined to discuss his domestic affairs. When informed that the dancer had denied she was divorced in spite of the publication of the decree awarded by the French Courts, Mr. Treman said: "I have nothing to say."

Mr. Treman said he was going to the University Club for the night and tomorrow would leave for Ithaca.

The former Mrs. Treman did not go to the pier and when spoken to in the Hotel Vanderbilt about the publication of the court order, she replied:

"I have not read it and do not intend to do so. I am sick of the whole business and do not want to hear any more about it."

Frank Edgar Thompson.

Frank Edgar Thompson, who had taught continuously in the Rogers High School in Newport, R. I., since 1873, died at his home there on Tuesday. He is believed to have held the record for high school teachers throughout the country. Mr. Thompson was born in Somersworth, N. H., in 1840, and was graduated from Dartmouth in 1871. He taught at Phillips Andover for two years before he went to Newport. His wife, two sons and a daughter survive him.

MRS. LOUIS SHERWIN EVICTED, HOMELESS

Turned Out of Old Mill, Where She Lived a Year With Her Three Children.

REFUSES OFFERS OF HELP

Wife of Ex-Dramatic Critic Sees Studio Go—Does Not Know Where She'll Sleep, She Says.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Aug. 1.—Alternately defiant and resigned, Mrs. Louis Sherwin, wife of a former New York dramatic critic, and her three children were evicted today from an old mill on the North Shore Road which she had made her home for a year. The vacation of the premises, which are owned by the Beekman estate, had been ordered by the courts.

Tonight, Mrs. Sherwin, without a roof, refused all offers of help and declared she had no idea where she would live. She would not stay at the mill, or with friends or in the woods. Her children—a boy of 11 and two girls, 13 and 14 years old—were being well cared for by a neighbor and would not name, but she declared she did not know where she would spend the night. The next minute she said she would stay at the mill. Sympathetic persons offered her money or to provide for her at the Oyster Bay Inn. All were rebuffed and to none would she confide her plans.

The furniture in the ancient structure, which Mrs. Sherwin had converted into a studio and living apartment in accordance with her ideas of artistic decoration, was removed by Constable Russell Ebbetts and his helpers to a storage warehouse in Cold Spring Harbor. Mrs. Sherwin rode on the last load, leaving her children at the mill.

On her return she found that the structure had been boarded and nailed up, with the children inside. It appeared that the constable, after the household goods had been removed, knocked to see if any one remained, and, getting no answer, had closed the place.

Climbs In to Free Children.

Mrs. Sherwin climbed in through a window to get the children and took them away. She returned to the mill, and late last night still declared her intention of starting in to clean the place. To all inquirers she said she would not tell where she would sleep even if she knew.

Earlier in the day she had said it looked as if she would go to jail or live "next to nature," but she was confident, she maintained, that she could provide for the children.

"I do not intend to expose them to any danger, even if their mother sleeps in the woods or in the jail in the Town Hall," she said.

Mrs. Sherwin moved into the remodeled grist mill in July, 1922. She paid one month's rent. After that she declared it an unhealthy place in which to live and paid no more. Last May County Judge Lewis J. Smith gave the Beekman estate possession. Mrs. Sherwin carried the case to the Appellate Division, but Judge Smith was sustained.

She told yesterday of a dream for an art centre, and said she had taught her children to play the piano and the violin as a relief from study and paint. As workmen brought out an old-fashioned square grand piano she referred to it as one of her "choice possessions" and "a relic of better days."

Poverty Holds No Terrors.

Several months ago the Children's Society tried to get possession of the three children, but failed. Mrs. Sherwin declared she had her own ideas on the upbringing of children and maintained that her methods had been vindicated by her three, who she said were in excellent health and were well behaved and self-reliant.

"We almost froze last Winter," she said. "We had only one coal stove and two kerosene oil stoves, but we managed."

According to neighbors, Mrs. Sherwin had no great desire for money and seemed content on very little. Poverty, they said, evidently had no horrors for her.

About ten years ago she instituted a divorce action against her husband, but failed to prosecute it when he moved to California as a scenarist with a motion picture company.

It was reported last December that Mr. Sherwin and Mary Miles Minter, a screen actress, were engaged, but had met an obstacle in Mr. Sherwin's failure to get a divorce.

Alex. Y. Malcolmson.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 1.—Alex Y. Malcolmson, prominent Detroit business man and one of the original investors in the Ford Motor Company, died in Ann Arbor this afternoon, following an illness of several months. He played an important rôle in the development of the Ford Company in the early days of that concern. He also ventured into other automobile concerns in Detroit around 1900 to 1905, when the industry was just commencing to get on its feet.

He was the first man to advance money to Mr. Ford at a time when Ford was finding it impossible to convince people his project was good. Later, however, he withdrew from the Ford Company. He is survived by his widow and seven children.

Charles Barnard Meyer.

Charles Barnard Meyer, for more than forty years a practicing attorney in this city, died yesterday at his home in Oyster Bay, in his 77th year. He was born in Hamburg, Germany, his parents being American citizens traveling in that country. Mr. Meyer was a graduate of Columbia Law School, a member of the Bar Association of this city and of the Church Club. For many years he was a trustee and officer of the Sheltering Arms Society of New York City. He left a widow, two sons, Blakeman Q. Meyer and Schuyler M. Meyer, and a daughter, Mrs. Percy S. Weeks.

Perry Lowenthal Dies Suddenly.

Perry Lowenthal, 60 years old, a tobacco leaf merchant in business at 128 Water Street, died suddenly yesterday. He was returning from the funeral of a friend when he became suddenly ill in front of 257 Lenox Avenue and died before the arrival of an ambulance surgeon. Mr. Lowenthal is said to have been in an automobile accident Sunday at Hudson, N. Y., and the shock brought on the stroke that killed him. Mr. Lowenthal is survived by a widow and two sons.

MRS. AL ST. JOHN GETS PRESCRIBED DIVORCE

Court Follows Doctor's Advice for Film Comedian's Wife in Los Angeles.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 1.—Mrs. A. L. St. John, wife of the film comedian, today had her physician's prescription filled in Judge Raish Clock's court.

The physician, Dr. Elmer L. Anderson, prescribed a divorce as the remedy for all Mrs. St. John's physical and mental ailments.

It was granted after she testified.

"We were married Oct. 8, 1914," she said, "and separated last March 19. He said he no longer loved me. He would stay away from home for days at a time. He would come home late. He started drinking in October, 1917, and I haven't seen him sober since that time."

Mrs. St. John also testified that her husband called her vile names, used cruel and inhuman treatment that threatened to impair her permanently in mind and body. He had made a property settlement, giving her an automobile, $40 a week for a chauffeur, the house and household belongings, the jewelry and $187.50 a week for personal expenses. He also paid her attorney's fees—$1,000.

"I don't ask any alimony," Mrs. St. John said, "but I do want him to contribute to the support of our child, Mary Jane, she's five years old."

"I think $75 a month would be about right," said Dr. Anderson, who testified for the wife.

"I don't," said the Judge. "Make it $100 a month more if you want it. I'd rather give him spend it on his daughter than on booze."

After the Judge had given Mrs. St. John an interlocutory decree he walked with her to the door.

"I hope this medicine agrees with you," he said.

"Thank you," she answered. "I feel better already."

John G. Coffin.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 1.—Said to have been the oldest locomotive engineer in Massachusetts, John G. Coffin, 91, a native of Nantucket, died at his home last night in Taunton.

He had been retired from active railroading sixteen years, and was the oldest pensioner on the list of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railway.

He was born in Nantucket on Nov. 10, 1831, a son of Captain Reuben P. Coffin, an old sailing master. He first took up railroading in Boston in 1852, and became a locomotive fireman in the days when wood was locomotive fuel. For fifty years he ran on lines of the Old Colony and the New Haven road.

Joseph R. W. Cooper.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Joseph R. W. Cooper, Assistant Corporation Counsel, Professor of Criminal Law at John Marshall Law School and an expert on prison conditions, was stricken with a heart attack as he was leaving his office this afternoon and died while being removed to St. Luke's Hospital. Mr. Cooper was born in Toledo on Jan. 16, 1873. He was a great-great-grandson of John Langdon, first President of the United States Senate. Following a newspaper career on The Toledo Blade, he was admitted to the bar in 1895 and formerly was a law partner of Brand Whitlock, Minister to Belgium at the outbreak of the World War.

Siddall Estate Left to Wife.

The will of John MacAlpine Siddall, editor of The American Magazine, who died July 27 of cancer, was filed for probate yesterday. Siddall left his estate, estimated at $35,000, to his wife, Jean Joiner Siddall, in a will made in 1905.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN M. HARE, member of the produce commission firm of Wright & Windsor, of this city, died several days ago at Fairlee, Vt., according to word received here yesterday. He was 56 years old and resided in Rutherford, N. J.

Mrs. HARRIET ROSS HILL, widow of William C. Hill, broker and member of the New York Stock Exchange, died Tuesday night at the home of her daughter in Setauket, L. I. Mrs. Hill was sixty-eight and lived at 45 West Fifty-second Street, this city.

AUGUST C. HILSDORF, for twenty years property man at the Empire Theatre, died yesterday at his home, 14 Wilson Avenue, Murray Hill, L. I., He was 66 years old.

JOSEPH A. GALLAGHER, a well-known shoe man, died Monday at his home in Rutherford, N. J. He was the head of the firm, with James S. Coward, manufacturer of shoes in this city. Mr. Gallagher was born in Jersey City in 1866. He left a widow, Charlotte S. Gallagher.

Born.

BITOWF—Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Bitowf (nee Edythe Maley) of Brooklyn, announce the arrival of a daughter, July 31, 1923, at the Brooklyn Hospital.

JACOBSON—Mr. and Mrs. George H. Jacobson (nee Irma Bar) of 314 West 114th St. announce the birth of a boy, July 31, at Lenox Hill Hospital.

Engaged.

ASKIN—SACHS—Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Sachs of 276 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter, Mabel, to Mr. Bernard Robert Askin, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Askin of 275 West End Av. Both are spending the Summer at Lake Placid. Rochester and San Francisco papers please copy.

Died.

BARR—At Bergenfield, N. J., on July 31, 1923, Major Charles Barr, in his 80th year, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. H. A. Golding. Funeral services at M. E. Church, Englewood, N. J., on Friday, Aug. 3, at 1:30 P. M.

BOUCHER—Suddenly on Tuesday, July 31, 1923, Miss Eleanor Boucher, beloved sister of Miss Emma Boucher. Services at The Homestead, Tranwood, N. J., on Friday, Aug. 3, at 2:30 P. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

BROOKS—Grace, mother of Eldridge and Miriam, passed on to life eternal in her 61st year. Funeral from the residence of her late sister, Mrs. Mary Seaman, 14 North 17th St., East Orange, N. J., 10 o'clock Friday morning.

BURRELL—On Aug. 1, 1923, James P. Burrell, at his residence, Hotel Beresford, 1 West 81st St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

COHEN—On Tuesday, July 31, Hannah, in her sixty-sixth year, beloved wife of Henry Cohen and devoted mother of Sadie Barnett, Stella Lax and Bessie Holland. Funeral services at the West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West 81th St., Thursday, Aug. 2, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Salem Fields Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

COHEN—Officers and members of Mendelssohn Benevolent Society are requested to attend the funeral services of Mrs. Hannah Cohen, wife of our member, Henry Cohen, at the West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West 81st, Thursday, Aug. 2, at 10:30.
LOUIS GOLDSMITH, President.
HENRY WALLACH, Secretary.

CRUMP—On Sunday, July 29, Albert M. Crump, a member of the Old Cranford Presbyterian Church, 216th St. and White Plains Av., New York City, on Thursday, Aug. 2, at 1:30 P. M. Interment private.

CURNEN—On July 31, 1923, Marie Josephine, beloved daughter of Catherine D. Curnen, mother of Frederick A. and Joseph L. Curnen. Funeral from her late residence, 2,372 Franklin Av., The Bronx, Requiem mass at 10 A. M. at St. Mary's Star of the Sea Church, Far Rockaway, L. I.

DECKER—Passed away suddenly at sea on July 19, 1923, Alice Decker, widow of Caton L. Decker of East Orange, N. J. Funeral Friday, Aug. 3, at 2 P. M.

EAGER—Helen, widow of the late Chas. Eager, on Aug. 1. Services Tree Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., on Friday, Aug. 3, at 2 P. M.

FAITOUTE—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Aug. 1, 1923, Mary Eugenie, widow of James B. Faitoute, in her 76th year. Funeral services will be held at the late home, 106 Stanley Avenue, Newark, on Saturday, Aug. 4, at 2:30 P. M., daylight saving time.

FENSTERER—Gabriel, in his 86th year, at Zellendorf-West, Germany, July 31.

FERRIS—At New London, Conn., Mrs. H. J. Ferris, wife of the late H. J. Ferris, formerly of 146 St. James Place, Brooklyn. Funeral services at the Church Place Chapel on Lafferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Aug. 3, at 2:30 P. M.

FRITZ—After a lingering illness, Florence G. Fritz, dearly beloved daughter of Mary Fritz and the late Joseph Fritz and sister of Agnes and Ethel. Funeral services Saturday evening, 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 1,418 Clinton Av., Bronx. Funeral Sunday, Woodlawn Cemetery.

GOLDSMITH—On Wednesday morning, Aug. 1, 1923, at 600 West 180th St., Emma (nee May), in her 68th year, widow of Simon Goldsmith and beloved mother of Stella Schatzberg, Blanche Jones, Alvin Goldsmith and Viola Weiss, sister of Jacob, May and Cha

WIFE TRICKED HIM, HIS PLEA TO COURT

Coal Man Charges She Left Him in Movie, Rifled Their Home and Fled.

CAN'T MEET A JUDGMENT

Property Worth $80,000 Missing When He Realized What Had Happened, He Asserts.

Testimony given in supplementary proceedings by George C. Lewis, who was in the coal business at 500 Fifth Avenue, was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday in which Lewis stated that the contents of his home at 710 Riverside Drive were removed by his wife while he was at a movie show to which she had induced him to go. The judgment is for $7,065 and was obtained by The Blue Ridge Coal Company, which has been unable to collect anything.

Jonah J. Goldstein, attorney for the coal company, stated that he got an attachment against Lewis last December because he had a tip that Mrs. Lewis intended to leave town with her husband's property.

"Mrs. Lewis became very indignant over my action," said the lawyer, "and filed a lengthy affidavit protesting her deep affection for her husband and declaring that he was greatly incensed at the reflection cast upon her. It appears now that my tip was right."

In his testimony Mr. Lewis said that the total value of the property was $80,000.

"If I could find her, as I have tried hard to do, and could get my property back, I could easily pay the claim of the coal company and live comfortably the rest of my life," he said.

"On the evening of April 19 last my wife took me in our automobile from our Riverside Drive home to a movie theatre. She told me the picture was a good one and that I should enjoy it while she drove the car over to the garage. I waited in the theatre from 4:30 until 6 P. M., but she did not return.

"Then I went home and found the apartment completely cleaned out. She did not even leave me a sheet to cover myself with. She took away all the silverware, furniture—everything. Here is a list of the property she took: Twenty bonds of the Sandusky and Monroeville Traction Company of Ohio, worth $10,000; $7,000 worth of liberty bonds, a savings bank book showing deposits of $3,000, and 500 shares of American Telephone and Telegraph Company, worth $50,000."

BRITISH EX-OFFICER GUILTY.

Pleased at Prospect of Being Deported to England.

When Maurice Friend, who gave his address as the Hotel Plaza and said he had been a captain in the British Army during the war, pleaded guilty yesterday in General Sessions to a grand larceny charge, Judge Koenig remarked that it might be necessary to deport him to England.

"That would please me mightily, your Lordship," replied Friend. The Court instructed Assistant District Attorney Daniel J. Sullivan to communicate with the police in England for information about the record of Friend, who was remanded to the Tombs for a month to await sentence.

Mrs. Diana Norman, who said she was a widow and lived at 105 West Seventy-second Street, appeared as complainant. She charged that he stole a diamond and platinum bracelet, worth $4,000, from her home in May last. She did not connect him with the theft, she said, until he gave her a worthless check for $300 some time later.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received to midnight. Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Black moire, money, keys, bench Riverside Drive Park entrance, near 121st, Monday evening; reward. S 514 Times.

BANK BOOK—Chatham & Phenix, 3354; please return to 530 West 142d.

BEADED BAG, green, ladies' room, Gimbels. Mrs. Wheatley. Phone Shore Road 7302.

BRIEF CASE with tools; reward. Nestor Dragelin, 473 5th Av.

CARD CASE, brown alligator skin, Grand Theatre, evening July 31, containing salesman's real estate license, memorandum, three $1 bills. Finder keep money if case and contents returned. F. S. Holmes, Homeland Co., 28 N. Broadway, Yonkers.

HANDBAG—With sum of money and 2-stone diamond ring, at Queensboro Bridge Station; reward. Call Room 808, 110 West 34th St.

HANDBAG, black, on Broadway, between 99th and 100th Streets, or at New's store; reward; return Hotel Wentworth.

LEATHER WALLET, 42d St. between Broadway and Lexington Av.; reward. Underhill 0382.

PURSE—July 30th about 8:45 P. M., in Grand Central Station, black and silver silk purse containing funds, express receipt and auto license; suitable reward. G 261 Times.

READING glasses, tortoise shell, in Ehrlich black case, 9th Av. or L.* July 31st. Phone Mr. Penfield, 0900 Beekman.

SILK BAG, black, Tuesday morning, containing keys, eyeglasses; reward. C 219 Times.

UMBRELLA, Monday morning, carved silver handle, marked N. S., cherished gift from deceased loved one; 23d St. crosstown or Broadway car to 14th St.; reward. Mrs. J. A. Stillman, 164 East Av., Norwalk, Conn.

Jewelry.

BARPIN, 18 diamonds, set in platinum, July 31st between Ritz and Momart, or on way to 137 East 71st. Finder please return to Smyth, Haggerty, King & Cocoran, 17 East 42d. Reward.

BARPIN, amethyst and pearl baroque; reward. Master & Nichols, 49 Wall St.

BRACELET, gold filigree with two black-white cameos, vicinity Wall St. station and 170 Broadway, 11:30 A. M. Wednesday; reward. Weis, 520 Crown St., Brooklyn.

BRACELET—Green bead and pearl, Saturday night; reward. Miller, Quogue, L. I.

CHARM—Masonic, bearing owner's name; reward. 256 Church St. Phone Franklin 5973.

GOLD LOCKET—With initials G. F. H. and gold chain; lost on Monday somewhere between Pennsylvania Station and Grand Central Terminal; reward. S 552 Times.

GOLD WATCH lost, initials M. K. Telephone Room 659, Prince George Hotel; reward.

NECKLACE—Lost, pearl, 24-inch string, small beads, brilliant clasp, 34th St., between Madison Av. and Broadway, or Rudolph Duke, from 33d St. to 44th St., or 6th Av. to 18th St. Return Harper, office 185 Madison Av. Phone Ashland 6791. Reward.

RINGS—Two diamond rings, one sapphire ring, one little finger ring, set in platinum, lost Plaza Hotel, 59th St., ladies' dressing room, Aug. 1, between 7:30 and 8 P. M.; suitable reward. E. Goetz, 42 Broadway, Bronx 6400.

WRIST WATCH, Tuesday afternoon, between 68th and 75th; reward. Phone Columbus 0681.

$500 REWARD

for return of lavalliere containing 2 white and 1 yellow pear-shaped diamonds; lost July 27 between 74th St., Biltmore Hotel and Earl Carroll Theatre. Black, Starr & Frost, 398 Av. and 48th St.

Wearing Apparel.

NECKPIECE, Hudson Bay sable, two skins, lost in Yellow taxi Saturday night between Jolly Friars Inn and West 49th St. Riverside 1667. Stewart. Reward.

NECKPIECE, Baum Marten, 2 skins, Cameo Theatre or 42d St., Broadway to 6th Av., Tuesday; reward. S 526 Times.

NECKPIECE—Mink, 2 skins, Flatbush station, Rockaway Beach train; reward. John 8227.

SABLES, two Hudson Bay sables, lost about Gimbels Store; reward. Call Longacre 10431.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

BOSTON BULL, male, lost, license No. 10481, on harness; reward. Lawrence, Circle 5071, or 1771 Shakespeare Av., Bronx.

DOG, German schnauzer, Airedale type dog, pepper and salt color, large teeth in lower jaw broken; close cut pointed ears and short tail; liberal reward; lost July 31. D. Bedford, East Norwich, L. I.

FOUND.

FOUND—Money and laundry check, vicinity of 96th St. S 245 Times.

CALLS HUSBAND IMPOSTOR.

Asks Annulment, Alleging Pseudo Doctor Decamped With $30,000.

Mrs. Celia A. Bigelow of 675 Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn, applied to Supreme Court Justice Cropsey yesterday for annulment of her marriage to Dr. A. Carl Bigelow, on the ground that he was an impostor, who had married her under a false name and had disappeared after he had "borrowed" the last cent of her personal wealth, amounting to $30,000.

"He got it all and left me nothing," she told the Court. Mrs. Bigelow, who was the widow of Bernard Simmons, a paper manufacturer, said she was introduced to "Dr. Bigelow" at Port Chester on Nov. 15, 1920, and their wedding followed a year later.

"He told me," Mrs. Bigelow testified, "he was an 'eminent physician,' identified with leading hospitals, and that one of them was the Long Island College Hospital. He described a system he had devised for the treatment of heart disease, and said that in no instance had he failed to get $200 a case.

"We moved to 122 Sterling Place. He had often asked me if I had any money, and I told him I had $30,000 or so. He took small amounts at intervals, and finally got it all, including a note for $150, payable to myself. He had it cashed. I could not understand how an influential physician could be continually out of money, and I became suspicious. I made a visit to his sister in Boston, Mrs. Edmund A. Fordice. Previously my husband had told me that his sister was his first patient and that his first operation had been performed on her. While in Boston I learned he was not a doctor and that his real name was Quinn. When I returned to Brooklyn he had disappeared."

Edmund A. Fordice of Boston, brother-in-law of Bigelow, testified that Bigelow's real name is Charles H. Quinn. Fordice said Quinn was not a physician. The Court reserved decision.

ONE SCHOOL A DAY FIRE TOLL IN NATION

Dr. Strayer Says One-Third of Children Are Taught in Insanitary Buildings.

FOR LONG-TERM PLANNING

Summer Students at Teachers College Told of Needs Based on Survey of Country.

A survey of school buildings from Boston to Butte indicate, that one-third of the school children in that area are housed in buildings that are insanitary, declared Dr. George Drayton Strayer, Professor of Education at Teachers College, in an address last night to students of Teachers College Summer School.

The problem of "housing the child in school and home" was discussed in the auditorium of the Horace Mann School, Broadway and 120th Street, by experts, including Mrs. Edith Elmer Wood, author of "The Housing Famine," and Lawson Purdy, President of the National Municipal League.

Dr. Strayer told the students that one million children in the United States are housed in school buildings that are inadequate. He described the deplorable features of many schools, and declared that one building burns down every day in the United States, "but fortunately most of them burn at night."

In 1921, there was spent in the United States $240,000,000 for schools, and $300,000,000 in 1922. New York City, according to Professor Strayer, requires $150,000,000 worth of school buildings.

Professor Strayer made a plea for long term planning of school buildings. He maintained it was possible to plan fifteen years ahead in a school building program. Many communities, he said, selected such inadequate sites that eventually they encroached on play space, which he said, was just as important as class rooms. He advocated large tracts for play spaces so that play might become a regular part of the school program.

Mrs. Wood said that one-third of the population of the United States was sub-normally housed, and one-tenth was housed under conditions which produce acute degenerative changes, physical, mental and moral.

America is behind England and the Continent in the clearing of slum centres, she said, while Holland leads the world in providing new family dwellings. The United States, she declared, has made fairly good progress on the preventive or restrictive side of housing, but that on the constructive side it is thirty years behind Western Europe.

REPORT AGAINST ESPERANTO

League Commission Asks Study of Living Tongues for World Unity.

GENEVA, Aug. 1.—The Esperanto, or international auxiliary language, fails to meet the approval of the Commission of International Co-operation, which had been invited to express its opinion on the question by the Assembly of the League of Nations.

The commission decided not to recommend any form of artificial language, but to invite the League's favor to the study of living languages as one of the most powerful means of bringing the different nations of the world together intellectually.

Chaumont Party Visits Managua.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 1.—Seventy-five persons from the United States transport Chaumont visited this city yesterday. The party of American Congressmen and naval officers was entertained by the Nicaraguan Government. A Presidential reception attended by 800 guests was held in the evening in honor of the visitors. Before the Chaumont sailed for San Pedro, Cal., Major Gen. Neville inspected the marine detachment here.

WHAT WE OFFER WE OWN

You Must See the Force of This!

YOU must see that there is a vast difference between buying a property *through* a real estate institution that acts in the non-committal capacity of a middleman, and buying a property *from* an institution that already owns it and HAS THEREBY COMMITTED ITSELF AS TO ITS VALUE!

Of course, if we don't happen to own the particular property you want, we'll buy it for you, but not unless the price is right FOR BOTH OF US.

Send your broker or send for our representative

MANDEL-EHRICH CORPORATION

Pershing Square Building
Park Avenue, 41st and 42nd Street
Vanderbilt 0122

WHAT WE OWN WE RECOMMEND

A Longer Car
A Larger Car
New Body Designs
Greater Beauty
Greater Comfort

Increased Power
Finer Performance
Greater Smoothness
Greater Economy
Longer Life

The New Hupmobile

We feel sure that every Hupmobile owner, or even observer, will agree with us that in order to dominate its field, the Hupmobile has only to improve upon its own past.

In this new Hupmobile, that triumph has been accomplished in every important essential—with results in performance so brilliant that they validate more strongly than ever its legitimate right to be called the best car of its class in the world.

We direct the attention of Hupmobile owners in particular to these results, which they can absolutely count upon in the new Hupmobile:—

Noted as the Hupmobile has always been for settling down instantly to smooth, steady straight-ahead going, this new Hupmobile has a coasting, skimming quality that surpasses any Hupmobile which has preceded it.

Prized as the Hupmobile has always been for smooth operation, this new Hupmobile is even more free from noticeable vibration.

Celebrated as the Hupmobile has always been for snapping away in the flash of a second, this new Hupmobile is even quicker on the trigger than any Hupmobile before it.

Easy-riding as the Hupmobile has always been, this new Hupmobile—in front and rear alike—outdoes all of its predecessors in bump-absorbent spring action and restful riding.

Comfortable as the Hupmobile has always been, this new Hupmobile is more roomy and affords greater convenience to driver and passengers alike.

These magnificently improved performance qualities are produced by the engineering and other changes detailed below

The new Series R-12 Hupmobile embodies improvements in motor, clutch, and transmission, in addition to a longer chassis; and new body models throughout.

The net results of the engineering improvements are longer life, still smoother operation, better engine operating balance, an increase of power, and pronounced increase in acceleration and economy.

Heavier crankshaft, counter-balanced, with bearing areas 20 per cent greater. Light-weight alloy pistons and connecting rods.

Maximum increase in power, about 10 per cent.

New two-plate clutch affords silent gear changes at all speeds.

Transmission gears high carbon alloy steel, oil-treated and tempered—larger, heavier, longer-lived.

Wheelbase lengthened to 115 inches. Length of front springs increased to 37⅜ inches; the rear springs are increased 5 inches, to 56½ inches.

Frame now 6 inches deep. Five heavy cross members.

Spring shackle bolts increased 50 per cent in bearing surface.

Radiator 2½ inches higher, improving both appearance and cooling efficiency.

Newest style full crown fenders.

Drum headlights on all models—nickel-plated on the special types.

Touring Car—Finish, new Hupmobile blue, striped in lighter blue. Top clear vision type, with no rear upright bow. Each storm curtain has rigid metal frame which prevents the curtain light becoming scratched or cracked, makes curtains fit even more closely, and their installation much easier and quicker.

Roadster—Body entirely new. A fast, smart, rakish runabout.

Special Touring and Roadster—Steel wheels, nickel-plated radiator, headlights and cowl lights; scuff plates.

Sedan—A graceful sweeping curve marks the line where body and cowl meet; rear body corners gently rounded; windows reduced in height, and made wider. Upholstery very durable gray cloth, body hardware bright nickel. Equipment includes rear view mirror.

Coupe—*Four Passenger*—Gracefully rounded curves instead of bevels and corners. Upholstery, body hardware and equipment same as Sedan.

Coupe—*Two Passenger*—Roof slightly lower, space under rear deck increased.

Driving the New Series R-12 or riding in it is a real revelation. See it Now

Van Alstyne Motor Corporation,

1294 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone: Prospect 9941
1876 Broadway, New York City Telephone: Columbus 8725

JOHN DAVID

MEN'S STYLE NEWS OF THE DAY OF INTEREST TO WOMEN, ALSO

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES — MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS

Exclusive, But Not Expensive

The Well-Dressed Neck

¶Some League of Laundrymen has published the proclamation that "the gentleman is always known by his starched white collar". Wrong! The collar doesn't make the gentleman. It's the other way about. The gentleman makes the collar.

¶The gentleman chooses his collar, whether starched, semi-soft or soft, to befit its rightful place and purpose—day or evening; Broadway or fairway; refinement or "roughing it".

¶In addition, comfort to the neck, and becomingness to the face, and playing up your personality, should determine the type of collar you wear.

John David

$33.50

John David Cool, Summer-Weight Genuine English

Huddersfield Flannel Silk-Trimmed Suits, $33.50

(COAT, WAISTCOAT, TROUSERS)

¶Pencil Stripes On Dark And Medium Gray And Plain Shades Of Oxford Gray Or Cambridge Gray. Astounding Value! *Compare!*

¶Select Your Preferred Pattern, Described Below, Among The 4-Garment Sport Suits Offered In The Adjoining Column. Formerly Priced Up To $60, They Are Now Down To $33.50.

$33.50—A Roughish, Close-Woven, Black-And-White Homespun For The Man Who Likes That Athletic "Just-Ran-Up-From-The-Country" Look.

$33.50—A Faint Herringbone Brown-And-White Cheviot For The Man Who Wants Something Different From The Same Old, Tame Old Thing.

$33.50—A Tan Cheviot With Large Subdued Brown Overplaid For The Man Who Favors A Pattern Bold Enough To Be Seen, But Not Loud Enough To Be Heard.

$33.50—A Smart Dark-Green Heather-Mixed Cheviot With Masked Overplaid For The Man Who Sets Green, Nature's Own Color, At The Top Of His Choice.

$33.50—A Roughish Black-And-White Pepper-And-Salt Weave For The Man Who Doesn't Patronize A Dizzy-Priced Tailor, But Doesn't Mind Conveying That Impression.

$33.50—A Diminutive Brown-And-Tan Check Of Roughish Imported Cheviot For The Man Who Thinks A Cloth Is Made Better If It's Made Abroad.

SPORT SUIT SALE

That Will Prove A Sporting Sensation

John David 4-Garment Sport Suits

Coat, Waistcoat, Knickers, Trousers

$33.50

¶They Out-Value Any Value In Town. The Woolens Used In These Splendid Suits Include Long-Wearing, Soft-Feeling British And American Tweeds, Overplaids, Herringbones, Cheviots And Homespuns.

¶The Weights Are Right To Wear Right Up To Cold Weather. Your Choice Of Either The Sportsmanlike John David Norfolk Jacket Or The Spruce Half-Belted Jacket.

¶No Suit In This Sale Was Made To Sell For Less Than $45 And Many Were Priced Up To $60. All Are Styled On Loose-And-Leisurely, Free-Draping English Lines.

COMPARE

¶White Oxford Basket-Weave John David Excello Shirts, Collarless Or Collar Attached—$2.35. Despite The Fact That We Have Cut Up Miles Of This Cloth, We Are Always Miles Behind The Demand. *Compare!*

¶Pure Irish Linen Knickers—Washable; Non-Shrinkable; Non-Transparent; Symmetrically Shaped To Waist And Leg; Tailored With The Smart Full Overhang At The Knee; $4.95.

CLEARANCE

John David All-Worsted

Bathing Suits

$7.50 And $6 Bathing Suits $3.85

$13.50 And $10 Bathing Suits $5.85

¶Colors—Black, Navy Or Gray, Plain Or Striped. Being Resist-Twist All-Worsted Cloth, These Suits Will Not Shrink Nor Lose Their Trim Fit And Style

The Easily Reached JOHN DAVID SHOPS Boroughs of New York

BROADWAY, AT 32nd STREET
125 AND 127 WEST 42nd STREET
62 BROADWAY, BELOW WALL STREET
338 MADISON AVENUE, FACING HOTEL BILTMORE
COURT STREET, AT MONTAGUE, BROOKLYN

MANY RUSES TRIED TO TAP RUM STORES

Repeated Efforts Made to Export Large Quantities for the Bootleg Trade.

ALL VARIETIES OF EXCUSES

American Liquor Evidently Possesses Marvelous Healing Powers in Nearby Countries.

EVEN NASSAU WANTED SOME

But Prohibition Officials Conduct Rigid Examination Before Granting Shipping Orders.

PROHIBITION INSIDE OUT
Nineteenth Instalment

Efforts to get liquor out of the United States for re-shipment here in illicit trade have kept the prohibition forces busy. Some of these methods are described in this article. The next one will show how mail order bootlegging is carried on.

By ROY A. HAYNES,
U. S. Prohibition Commissioner.

THE history of prohibition enforcement during the past two years abounds with international conspiracies to thwart the law and impose a fraud upon the American people. Machinations of certain American whisky sellers and foreign buyers—or sometimes it is a foreign seller and an American buyer—have been on a colossal scale, and the utmost vigilance has been necessary to prevent the wholesale flouting of our dry laws by conspirators living under different flags.

If we believed the tales of all who apply for export permits we would naturally come to the absurd conclusion that the whole world is sick and desperately in need of distilled spirits. Whisky can be exported legally from the United States only for non-beverage uses. Almost everywhere in Christendom they would have us believe the cry is for American whisky and more of it.

England, Scotland, Canada, Germany, Greece, Cuba—even Nassau of the Bahamas, Glory of the Rum Runner—are placed in the light of being in the throes of great epidemics which only American whisky can cure.

Irony of ironies—a wet world, come to dry America to beg for liquor!

The facts? Why bother with them? What matters it—to those who wish to buy or sell American liquor—that a large percentage of these applications for permission to export whisky and alcohol are attempts at barefaced fraud, and that the liquor sought ostensibly for export in reality is intended for reentry, via the rum runner and the smuggler, into the United States?

Some of the applications are bona fide. Every effort is made through impartial investigation to determine the facts, and approval or disapproval is based upon the result.

Censoring Foreign Applications.

During a recent period of nine weeks there were received, from distillers and other legal owners of whisky in the United States, applications for permits to export about 1,128,000 gallons of American whisky. In every case the foreign consignee made affidavit that the liquor was to be used only for non-beverage purposes.

These applications were subjected to careful analysis and examination. Here is what happened:

Applications to export about 70,000 gallons of whisky were approved. Applications to export 151,000 gallons were under inquiry at the time of this writing. Applications to export 907,000 gallons were denied.

Why? Because a thorough inquiry into all phases of the proposed transactions failed to convince the department that the liquor covered by the applications would be used, in fact, for non-beverage purposes. In some instances there was a strong presumption, amounting almost to conviction, that the liquor would be diverted at once to illicit channels in this country.

During the same period we received applications from importers who wanted to bring into the United States—solely, their affidavits said, for non-beverage purposes—nearly 143,000 gallons of wine and 2,750 gallons of brandy. Notwithstanding the fact that we have in the country at the present time a quantity of wine seemingly sufficient to meet every legitimate requirement, the representations were made that this wine, because of peculiar and beneficial properties not found in domestic wines, was urgently needed here.

Particular as to Church Wines.

Much of the wine was wanted for church use. In numerous cases the plea was made that for many years church members had used for sacramental purposes the particular kind of wine for which the application was made. Some of the brandy, importers represented, also was wanted for sacramental purposes.

Permission was granted, in justifiable cases, to import about 26,000 gallons of wine, or less than one-fifth of the amount sought.

Some of the applications bore on their face plain indication of ulterior intent. For instance, a certain church official had signed a supporting document in which he said that for many years the men and women under his spiritual guidance had used in their devotions wine of a certain kind made in Spain. A similar document supporting a second application testified above his signature that his flock had always used wine of an entirely different kind made in France.

Even though the Government is desirous of aiding in every way the legitimate importer and exporter, what can be done in such a case as the one in question?

The million-gallon whisky shippers were going to send their whisky, according to applications, to the following destinations:

Scotland, $35,000 gallons; England, 25,000 gallons; British Columbia, 25,000 gallons; New Brunswick, 40,000 gallons; Germany, 11,000 gallons, and Cuba, 4,000 gallons. That made up virtually the entire total of the 907,000 gallons to export which permission was denied.

Does any one acquainted with the facts seriously believe that Scotland, home of whisky exported the world over, really needs 668,000 gallons of American whisky for non-beverage purposes? Does any one imagine that the Province of British Columbia, where American whisky is virtually unknown save to the few export houses and bootleggers along the coast and border, has dire need for 92,000 gallons?

What does Cuba want with 4,500 gallons of American rye? And what would New Brunswick do with 40,000 gallons of our liquor which could legally be dispensed only to the ill?

It Would Have Come Back.

Had the applications been granted, much of this exported whisky probably would have been back in the United States, watered down, doctored and peddled by bootleggers within thirty to ninety days after its departure from our shores. We have actual proof in many cases of just this practice. American whisky, exported to British Columbia for non-beverage purposely only—upon affidavits of the Canadian importer—has been picked up by prohibition agents in the haunts of California bootleggers, seized on motor boats plying between Pacific rum-runners and the coast, and found in the City of Seattle and other points near the Canadian border where it had been illegally transported across the line by bootleggers in automobiles.

Nor are the attempts to violate the American law confined to the residents of those countries I have already mentioned. The prevalence of cholera in India has been advanced as a basis of export of American whisky, and affidavits have been presented to set forth that other whisky applied for was intended for non-beverage use in Africa.

These applications were denied where the conclusion was reached that the liquor, far from going to India or Africa, where there is only microscopic demand for American whisky, was to have been diverted to the rum-runners off the Atlantic Coast.

Devices of the Conspirators.

International conspirators against the American prohibition laws are both ingenious and persistent. Their representatives again and again have exhausted every apparent resource, and the cases have been closed against them only to be revived with the filing of entirely new applications covering virtually the same ground, and necessitating procedure almost as lengthy as in the first place.

One firm, for instance, sought not long ago to export several hundred drums containing thousands of gallons of alcohol to Nassau, headquarters of the rum-runners' Atlantic fleets. The applicant's representative was in a great hurry to obtain the necessary permit, and appeared in person.

"We've made all arrangements to have this go by steamer day after tomorrow," he said. "We've engaged the space and the consignee will be looking for the shipment when the boat gets in. If we can't get it off by that boat, we stand to lose a great deal of money."

The official looked at the application and then at the visitor.

"Do you mean to tell me," he demanded, "that Nassau, the wettest spot in the Atlantic Ocean, needs this great quantity of American alcohol and needs it now?"

"I certainly do," the shipper's representative blandly replied.

We promised to make a decision within twenty-four hours. We cabled to proper authorities in Nassau, asking them to cable back at once, the reputation for square dealing borne by the proposed receiver of the alcohol in Nassau. Within a few hours word came back that the receiver's reputation was bad and that he apparently was hand-in-glove with the rum-runners to the American coast.

The application was denied. Whereupon the would-be shipper exercised his right and appealed to higher authorities.

In the reinvestigation we were asked for the facts in the case. We explained briefly the situation and exhibited the cablegram from Nassau. The intending shippers, not expecting such evidence, immediately dropped the case.

In another instance permission was sought by a San Francisco firm to export 250 barrels of American whisky to Tia Juans, Mexico, just across the line from San Diego. Tia Juans, it might be remarked, is one of the wettest spots in Mexico.

"Do we understand you to say that these 250 barrels of whisky are urgently needed for medicinal purposes in Tia Juana?" the applicant was asked. He replied that such was the case, and was told that he must produce reliable and trustworthy evidence or not a drop of this liquor could go forward. Needless to say, such proof was not forthcoming.

TOMORROW'S INSTALMENT:
MAIL ORDER BOOTLEGGERS.

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ROYAL VISIT MOOTED.

Danish Prince May Attend Springfield, Ill., Playground Congress.

A Danish Prince may be a guest at the Tenth National Recreation Congress at Springfield, Ill., Oct. 8 to 12, it was announced yesterday by the Playground and Recreation Association of America, under whose auspices the Congress will be held.

The Prince may accompany Niels Bukh, Danish physical culturist, expected with a team of twenty-five Olympic athletes. Bukh, it was stated, is the originator of a system of primitive and rhythmic gymnastics, used successfully in training Olympic athletes and widely studied abroad.

Calls Policeman Ruth The Babe of the Force

"You are as much of a credit to the police force as Babe Ruth is to baseball," Magistrate Francis X. McQuade, Treasurer of the New York Baseball Club, told Policeman Adam Ruth in the Washington Heights Court yesterday when he congratulated him for saving a man from imprisonment on a charge of having a pistol in his possession.

The policeman obtained the dismissal of Eugene Corodori, 26, of 641 Van Nest Avenue, Westchester, last Saturday night when he arraigned him before the Magistrate in the Night Court. Ruth explained he had forced a farmer in the Bronx to pay Corodori $310 in back wages, and as the young man was leaving the farm with his suitcase the farmer demanded that Ruth search the suitcase.

"I found a pistol in the suitcase," Ruth told the Magistrate, "and, of course, I had to arrest Corodori. But I think it was 'planted' in the suitcase, and I'd like your honor to give him the benefit of the doubt."

WHITMAN DEFENDS ANDERSON IN COURT

Declares It Is Only the League's Business How the $24,700 Was Spent.

PECORA ATTACKS LEADER

Charges Larceny In His Argument Against Dismissal of Indictments.

Judge McIntyre in General Sessions reserved decision yesterday on the motion of Ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman for permission to inspect the minutes of the Grand Jury which recently returned five indictments against his client, William H. Anderson, Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of this State. The indictments charged grand larceny, forgery and extortion. The announcement of the Court followed a two-hour argument by Mr. Whitman and Chief Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora, in which the ex-Governor described the indictments as "preposterous, absurd and ridiculous." Mr. Pecora retorted that Anderson's explanations of the manner in which he obtained $24,700 for "confidential publicity promotion" for the league "bore such a stamp of incredibility and improbability that only an imbecile could believe them." Anderson was not in court.

In opening, Mr. Whitman announced that, should the motion be granted, he immediately would move for the dismissal of the indictments. He said no jury would render a verdict against Anderson on the evidence, and that, even if a jury could be found to convict, the verdict would not be sustained "in any country of law and order." He called attention to the fact that while the prosecution charged that Anderson had not spent the $24,700, in none of the evidence presented to the Grand Jury did the prosecution show that Anderson's representations regarding the expenditure of the money were untrue.

League Not Defrauded, He Says.

"Who could have testified before the Grand Jury that these representations were false?" he asked. "Those representing the Anti-Saloon League of New York who testified before the Grand Jury assured me that they had testified that the representations were not false nor that they felt that the league had been defrauded. It is a fact that the league was not defrauded of one penny.

"The Anti-Saloon League of New York is a membership organization, not a corporation, and all of the $2,000,000 taken in by the league since 1913 could have been given to Anderson without violation of the law."

He asserted that the special committee of Directors of the league, appointed at the time Anderson presented his bill for the $24,700, "was well within its rights and well within the law" when it recommended that the money be paid.

"That is not even questioned," he added. "It was their opinion that the services Anderson had represented he rendered were in fact rendered by him. The only persons who could have made a real complaint in connection with the demand and payment of this money expressed their satisfaction that the money had been spent by Anderson, and well spent."

"Anderson was not and is not under any obligation to explain to the District Attorney or anybody else how he spent the money," Mr. Whitman declared. "It is none of the District Attorney's or the public's or anybody else's business. The only question is whether there was any false representation made by him. The league is satisfied that he spent the money.

"This man, who for years has been regarded by millions as the most successful man in his line, is a member of the bar, trained in the law, and yet he is charged with forgery. He is a graduate of the University of Michigan. The charge is absurd.

"I want to say to your Honor that this forgery statute has been stretched, strained and distorted. If every single record of the league had been changed, unless it can be shown that the league itself had been defrauded, there has been no crime. Even if the books of the league were altered with intent to defraud the United States Government in the income tax, that is not a crime. Of course, if a false return was made to the Government, that is a different matter."

Assistant District Attorney Pecora declared there was no doubt that the league Superintendent made false representations to the organization when he said that he had expended the money for "confidential publicity promotion." He added that it was not necessary under the law for the league or any of its officials to make a specific complaint against Anderson, since the people of the State of New York charge that Anderson's statements on which he demanded the payment of the $24,700 were false. He said that, even if the Directors of the league still believed that Anderson's claim for the money was honest, it made no difference in the eyes of the law if the prosecution could prove that his representations were false. He said that the only way that it could be proved that Anderson did not spend the money as he represented was through a process of elimination and Anderson's own statements.

"Anderson told the Committee of Directors that he had spent this money," he said. "He admitted to me, however, that he was technically incorrect in the statement that he made to the Directors. He did not say he made a false report. He is too clever for that.

Call Directors Puppets.

"Down here in the District Attorney's office he told me he got the money from real estate investments made by a friend in Baltimore. But he would not tell the name of this friend, nor could he show a single scrap of paper, not even a bank deposit, to prove that he ever had the money or that he expended it for the league. He had told the league he raised the money by borrowing on his home, his life insurance and on personal loans."

The prosecutor accused Anderson of "deceiving a very complacent Board of Directors with little or no business ability," and added that Anderson's own statements to him showed that "Anderson was the Anti-Saloon League." He farther declared that the Directors of the league "were merely manikins, making motions in accordance with the gestures of Anderson."

In a voice that could be heard in the corridor outside the court, the prosecutor then declared: "There is no doubt that this money was stolen by Anderson, and, in law, we call this transaction thievery—we call it larceny."

Mr. Pecora denied a statement by Mr. Whitman that Phillips had falsified his income tax return. He said that, although the books of the league credited Phillips with having received $18,000 for his services in 1918, the former collector did not receive that amount.

"The $6,400 mentioned in the forgery and extortion indictments," the prosecutor went on, "was diverted directly from the treasury of the Anti-Saloon League to Anderson's pockets by checks made payable to Anderson. Subsequent alteration on the league's books was made to avoid trouble with the Federal authorities, and made by Anderson's direction."

Mr. Pecora asserted that if Anderson got the minutes, he would then come into court and offer distorted evidence, manufactured by himself in defense of the crimes he was charged with.

Judge McIntyre did not indicate when he would render a decision on the motion.

P.R.R. After Test of Automatic Train Control Calls It a Success; Will End 'Man Failure'

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—Elimination of "man failure" in the locomotive cab as a contributing cause for train wrecks and collisions seems to be a step nearer as a result of extended tests in automatic train control announced by the Pennsylvania Railroad tonight.

"Extremely encouraging results" were reported by the road's Train Control Committee following a year's trial under practical operating conditions of a new automatic control system on a fifty-mile stretch of track on the tracks between Lewiston Junction and Sunbury, Pa.

The system had been in operation throughout the entire Lewiston branch since July 11, officials said, and the movements of all trains, freight and passenger, had been subject to its control. The control system is a combination of electrical, pneumatic and mechanical devices applied both to the track and to the locomotives. These devices automatically slow down, or, when required, bring to a complete stop, any train which approaches too closely to another on the same track, whether going in the same or opposite directions, or when switches are improperly left open.

Under the new control system the track is electrified to carry alternating current, and locomotives are equipped with electrical apparatus which, without actually touching the rail, picks up the current from the track by induction. The power thus derived performs two functions—operates cab signals, electric bulbs, three in number, and air brakes when trains are coming together, when proper speed might be exceeded, or when train approaches an open switch. These functions are performed, according to the committee's report, "without any action being required on the part of the engineer or fireman."

Cab signal "A" lights when the train has two full "blocks" clear ahead and permits the engineer to open the throttle to the full permitted speed. If he exceeds it, the air brakes will be automatically applied against him under the control system.

Lighting of cab signal "B" warns the train has only one "block" clear ahead, and that there is another train or open switch somewhere in the "block" beyond. This calls for "medium speed," and the air brake release is set automatically at just above that.

Cab signal "S," the third signal, means "slow" or "stop," and it lights 1,800 feet before the train reaches a "block" occupied by another train or having an open switch. The train control system automatically applies the brakes if the engineer fails. If, however, the engineer "acknowledges" the signal by throwing a special lever, he can proceed at "slow speed" with his train under full control.

Whether more trains can be handled under the new system than with existing forms of dispatching or signalling remains to be demonstrated, according to A. H. Rudd, Chief Signal Engineer, who has been in charge of the tests. Should the train control system itself become deranged all trains in the "block" would be stopped, Mr. Rudd said.

INSIST WAGNER HEAR WARD CASE MOTION

Counsel for State Prepared to Fight Plan to Give Seeger Jurisdiction.

OFFER OF AID TO DEFENSE

Anonymous Letter Writer Says He Has Information on Private Life of Peters.

A sharp legal issue arose yesterday between opposing counsel as to whether Supreme Court Justice Arthur H. F. Seeger, sitting in an adjourned special term at Newburgh tomorrow morning will have jurisdiction over a motion in behalf of Walter S. Ward for inspection of the minutes of the Grand Jury which indicted him for murder in the first degree in the killing of Clarence M. Peters.

Allan R. Campbell, of counsel for Ward, asserted that the defense was not bound to proceed with its motion before Justice Robert F. Wagner, who presided over the Extraordinary Term during which Ward was indicted on July 26. Mr. Campbell cited the dismissal by Justice Wagner of indictments against Charles F. Murphy and others in the glucose cases, though these indictments had been found during an Extraordinary Term over which Justice Wagner did not preside.

When this contention was put before him, Special Deputy Attorney General Thomas J. O'Neill, who is to prosecute the case, said:

"In the glucose case the Appellate Division held that the regularly appointed Special Term of the Supreme Court had jurisdiction to entertain a motion to set aside the indictments presented at an Extraordinary Trial Term where the Extraordinary Term was not in session at the time the motion for dismissal was made. The decision referred to by Ward's attorney is directly against Ward's present application to the Special Term at Newburgh.

"In that case the Appellate Division commented on the fact that the Extraordinary Term appointed by the Governor was not in session and held it was therefore proper to move at the regular Special Term; whereas, in this Ward case the fact is that Justice Wagner is holding open continuously this Extraordinary Special and Trial Term and has publicly informed the Attorney General and defendant's counsel that he was ready to hear any motion at any time."

Mr. O'Neill quoted the Appellate Division opinion: "Although we deem it quite clear that the jurisdiction in such cases is not confined to the particular part or term of the court in which an indictment is found or has been transferred, we do not wish to be understood as holding that, therefore, it is optional whether to move there or elsewhere, for manifestly if the part or term of the court in which indictments have been found or to which they have been transferred were in session, it would tend to bring the administration of justice into disrepute and would seriously interfere with the orderly administration of judicial work for another part or term of the court to entertain jurisdiction in such cases."

Basing his views on that contention, O'Neill went on, "The action of defendant's counsel in bringing this motion before the Special Term in Orange County when the Extraordinary Term where this indictment was found is now in session 'tends to bring the administration of justice into disrepute' and would 'seriously interfere with the orderly administration of judicial work.'"

Charles H. Noxon, who has been spoken of as a prospective Ward attorney, said yesterday he had received an anonymous letter signed "An Ex-Sailor" in which the writer said that in response to an advertisement calling for such information he would give information about the private life of Peters. The letter said:

"Dear Mr. Noxon: I am an ex-sailor and I am sure I knew Peters. I spoke to a fellow who knew him and he said Peters used to hang around Bryant Park, N. Y. Also he was a blackmailer, getting money from men who were moral perverts by scaring them to settle. You would do better to have a couple of fellows get real information about that bum than high-priced detectives. I wish I could help, but don't want to get into any trouble. I hope you are not insulted by this, as I mean it only if it would help out Ward, as he is telling the truth and I wish him luck. I can help you. Put an ad in the male help column and I will answer. AN EX-SAILOR."

The letter was penciled on a telegraph blank and postmarked at the Grand Central 9:30 P. M., July 30.

Noxon said that if the letter-writer came forward with his information he would be protected.

DR. R. T. HERFORD HONORED.

Noted Student of Jewish Theology Praised for Lectures Here.

A luncheon in honor of Dr. R. Travers Herford of London was given yesterday noon by members of the Jewish Institute of Religion at the City Club, 55 West Forty-fifth Street. Dr. Herford, who is head of Dr. William's library in London, is a noted student of Jewish theology and the Talmud. He has been lecturing for the last month at the invitation of the society at the Jewish Institute of Religion, 30 West Sixty-eighth Street.

Among those at the luncheon were Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, who personally thanked the doctor for his services; Dr. J. Foakes Jackson of the Union Theological Seminary; Dr. Jovel Obermann, professor of theology at Hamburg University; Dr. Harry Lewis, and Dr. E. K. Frankel, Chairman of the Jewish Institute of Religion.

Announcements were made at the luncheon of plans for a $450,000 building in West Sixty-eighth Street, which will include a spacious tabernacle and also the new quarters of the Institute of Religion.

BULLETS HIT THREE AS GANGSTERS FIGHT

Two Combatants and a Woman Are Struck—East Side Feud Terrifies Crowd.

ONE GOES MILE TO HOSPITAL

Companion Drops Him There and Escape—Two Are Held on Felonious Assault Charge.

A gun-fight among three gangsters in crowded Essex Street on the lower east side last night sent two of the combatants to hospitals, badly wounded. A young woman, scampering to a doorway, was dropped with a bullet in her hip. Another bullet passed through an automobile, between its two women occupants and within an inch of a seven-weeks-old baby. Scores of men, women and children fled pell mell for shelter.

One gangster, Jacob Schapiro, 27 years old, of 52 Stagg Street, Brooklyn, known in gangdom as "Footsy" and said to be a World War veteran, bore up for half an hour, though wounded in the throat and stomach, before he sought hospital treatment. He collapsed in the Post Graduate Hospital at Twenty-third Street and Second Avenue, more than a mile from the shooting. He was driven there by the third figure in the shooting escapade. This third man departed hurriedly and still was at large late last night.

Schapiro and another man, according to the police, had been out to "get" William Weiss, 28 years old, of 40 Suffolk Street. Riding in a touring car they trailed him from his home.

In Essex Street, near Delancey Street, they sped a few yards ahead of Weiss, jammed on the brake and leaped out. Weiss was on the alert and his pistol was in his hand almost the instant his assailants sprang out and at him.

As bullets spat at him Weiss opened fire in return. A bullet hit him in the head and he dropped, still blazing away at Schapiro and the other man. As he lay on the sidewalk Weiss was wounded again, this time in the hip. He fired another shot and it struck Schapiro in the throat. His next bullet went into Schapiro's stomach.

Schapiro, leaning heavily on his companion, staggered to their automobile. His companion fired two parting shots. One of them struck down Miss Gussie Schwartz, 23 years old, of 97 Essex Street. The other penetrated the body of an automobile and passed between Mrs. Bessie Berkowitz and Mrs. Pauline Berkowitz, barely missed the latter's baby Marcus.

The screams of these two women and of the wounded girl, together with the sight of Miss Schwartz and Weiss writhing on the sidewalk, set the crowd that had trampled into stores and jammed itself in the doorways to shouting for the police. Bullets added to the din. But before the police arrived the Schapiro car had made off with Weiss's two assailants.

Weiss and Miss Schwartz were treated at Gouverneur Hospital.

Half an hour after the shooting an automobile drew up in front of the Post Graduate Hospital. A man reeled out of it. The driver sped away, leaving the other to his fate. Schapiro staggered into the hospital, gasped out his name and address, said he had been shot a block away, and collapsed.

The hospital telephoned to the police and it was established that the patient was one of the two men shot in the Essex Street feud.

Two empty pistols were found in front of 77 Essex Street. Charges of felonious assault were placed against Schapiro and Weiss.

CHALLENGES CRIME CHARGE

Blaine Demands Details of Alleged Offenses in Wisconsin Capitol.

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 1.—Governor Blaine, in a telegram today to Senator R. J. Severson, demanded that the Senator name State officials charged by him in a speech last night at Waupaca with assaulting girls in locked capitol offices.

His telegram read:

"The Milwaukee Sentinel quotes you as having said at Waupaca last night: 'It was charged that women had been locked in offices and assaulted by State officials in the capitol. The fact that women are assaulted in the capitol may not mean much to officeholders who are drawing a fat salary.'

"You charge a criminal offense punishable by imprisonment and it is your duty * * * to give such information to the district attorney of Dane County and I will direct him to prosecute criminally.

"I demand that you name the State officials, the time and place of the alleged offense."

Senator Severson in a statement in reply to Governor Blaine's telegram declared that "it is very strange that the Governor now is anxious to get information concerning alleged assaults on girls in capitol offices when he and his official family pulled every string during the Legislature to defeat a move to get a full and complete investigation of these charges."

The Senator, a La Follette supporter, said the Governor should call a special session of the Legislature. "I will then give him an opportunity to get behind a move for an investigation, not alone of this charge but of others equally serious," he asserted.

Award Street Railway Men Rise.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—An increase of 5½ cents an hour, or approximately 6 per cent., over the basic wages now in effect today was awarded to the employes of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway Company. The award was made by Henry C. Attwill, Chairman of the State Department of Public Utilities, as the neutral member and Chairman of an arbitration board. Fred A. Cummings, representing the Public Trustees of the road, concurred in the report and James H. Vahey, representing the employes, dissented. About 3,000 men employed over a wide territory in the eastern part of the State are affected. The award is retroactive to May 2, and will be in effect until May 1, 1924.

FILIPINOS ATTACK WOOD IN SPEECHES

Washington Press Bureau Makes Public Quezon's Complaints Aired on Stump.

REPORTS REACH CAPITAL

Official Versions Thought to Lay Controversy Over Cabinet to Local Politics.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Reports reaching Washington through official channels are thought to indicate that the present controversy between Governor General Wood and the Philippine leaders, which culminated in the recent resignation of his native Cabinet, was part of a careful plan worked out and executed by Quezon, Osmena, Roxas and a few active politicians.

General Wood has reported to the War Department the fact of his return to Manila after an inspection tour of the Province of Samar, where a typhoon was reported to have done great damage. The General stated in his report that the damage was much less than at first stated and that there was no loss of life. He reported all quiet in Manila.

The Philippine Press Bureau, maintained by the Philippine Independence Commission in Washington, tonight gave out a statement concerning the campaign in the Manila district to elect a successor to Senator Pedro Guevara, who departs Aug. 17 to take up his new duties as Resident Commissioner to the United States.

"Ramon Fernandez, who recently resigned as Mayor of Manila as a protest against the policies of General Wood, is the candidate of the Coalition Party, and Judge Juan Sumulong is the candidate of the Democratic Party," the statement said. "The Coalition Party is composed of the Colectivista and Nacionalista Parties. Fernandez himself is not affiliated with any party.

"Senator President Manuel L. Quezon, Speaker Manuel Roxas of the House of Representatives, Senator Sergio Osmena, Camilo Osias, President of the National University, and José P. Laurel, resigned Secretary of the Interior, are among those who are stumping the Fourth District, in which the election is being held, for Fernandez. The principal issue involved in the election is the break of the Filipino leaders with Governor Wood.

"Referring to the crisis over the break with General Wood, which was the subject that the audience especially wanted to hear about," the statement reads, "President Quezon said in his keynote speech in Manila:

"'The Governor General has repeatedly passed over the heads of departments and repeatedly submitted bills to the Philippine Legislature without consulting them. Even Colonel Johnston [one of the army officers on Governor Wood's military staff] prepares bills. I have told the Governor that his private advisers are superfluous and have no legal status in our Government and have no authority in the eyes of the Legislature.'

"Manuel Roxas, Speaker of the Philippine House of Representatives, said:

"'By unanimous resolution of the Philippine Commission of Independence, composed of the Constitutional representatives of our country, General Wood was indicted by the whole Filipino people. He has sought to embarrass the government, not of popular expression, but of suppression of the popular will.

"'In matters pertaining to the Philippine National Bank, General Wood has done that which no head of any business organization would do; he has taken the advice of the most interested in killing our Government banking institutions. That man is William T. Nolting, President and General Manager of a rival, competing bank.

"'As to the development of our vast natural resources, the Governor has sought to denationalize our national economic organization, accepting advice from those interested veterans that want to come here to exploit our resources on a large scale.'

"Senator Osmena reviewed the history of the political conquest of the Filipino people, saying:

"'Had it not been for the Filipino majority on the Board of Control of our Government enterprises, our railroad would have long ago been sold by Governor Wood to foreign companies, and the sugar centrals, financed by our National Bank, would also have been handed into foreign hands and denationalized by the Governor General.

"'The Governor General, to be sure, is an important part of our Government machinery. But he is not the entire Government. He does command here, but should be a faithful executor of all our laws here.'"

In answer to the contentions of the Filipino leaders that General Wood has attempted to interfere in "purely local affairs," Administration officials here state that all Filipino affairs are local affairs, and that it was precisely for the purpose of supervising these affairs that the law created the office of Governor General."

URGES HOME ISSUES ON DEMOCRATS IN 1924

Senator Walsh of Massachusetts Says Party Can Sweep the Country on Them.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—If the Democratic Party is to win in 1924, it must go before the country on domestic issues, Senator Walsh of Massachusetts, Chairman of the Democratic National Senatorial Committee, said today. "He takes the same position as Senators Robinson and McKellar, who are urging the party to emphasize domestic and not foreign questions in the 1924 campaign.

"If the Democratic Party fails to present ringing issues, clear, well-defined and progressive, on domestic questions," said Senator Walsh, "it will, in my opinion, miss the greatest opportunity a party ever had to sweep the country. The people of the United States are more interested and more concerned about the Government's attitude on the things that affect their happiness and prosperity than ever before, and any attempt to substitute an issue appearing to be more intent on doing something for Europe rather than doing the things the people of this country need will have unfortunate results."

Senator Walsh declined to discuss the World Court. Referring to the coal situation, he said he thought it would be a good thing if the President called a special session of Congress to deal with that problem.

RUNAWAY GIRL REMANDED.

Faints When Held Until Parents Can Call for Her.

Violet Rock, 16, of 852 Bergenline Avenue, West Hoboken, fainted yesterday in the City Court, Mount Vernon, when Acting Judge John B. Cortelyou remanded her until today so that her parents could come for her.

The girl was arrested early yesterday with James Coles, 21, a cashier, of 100 Stevens Avenue, Mount Vernon. They were in Coles's automobile arguing and Coles was trying to get her out of the car. Both were charged with disorderly conduct. Coles was released in $500 bail.

Coles told the police the girl asked him for a ride from New York City to Mount Vernon as she had no car fare. Coles said she refused to get out near Mount Vernon. The police said she ran away from home two weeks ago.

S. C. Baldwin, in 33 Words, Left Entire Estate to Widow

Stephen C. Baldwin, a Brooklyn lawyer, who died last week, left his entire estate to his widow. A will of 33 words filed for probate yesterday reads:

"After my just obligations are discharged, I give, devise and bequeath my estate, real, personal and mixed, to my dear wife, Edith F. Baldwin, who is hereby appointed my sole executrix, without bond."

The will was dated Oct. 18, 1918, and according to the petition for its probate, disposes of real property valued at more than $10,000, and personal property valued at more than $5,000.

AUTOS HERE KILLED 76 DURING JULY

231 Died in the Whole State, of Whom Nineteen Were Grade-Crossing Victims.

LAD IS MORTALLY HURT

Runs In Front of Doctor's Car at Asbury Park—Three Are Injured by Runaway Horse.

The National Highways Protective Society, in a monthly bulletin issued yesterday, announced that in July 231 persons, an increase of twenty-two over last year, were killed in automobile accidents throughout the State, of whom nineteen died at railroad crossings. In this city seventy-six persons were killed by automobiles, and a total of ninety were killed by vehicles of all kinds.

Edward Casey, 46 years old, an employe of the city, who lived at 16 Kimball Road, Brooklyn, was taken yesterday in a dying condition to the Kings County Hospital from Flatbush and Flatlands Avenues, where it is believed he was struck by an automobile, the driver of which fled.

Joseph T. Mulligan Jr., 8 years old, of 475 West 141st Street, who was at his parents' Summer home at Allenhurst, N. J., probably was injured mortally when he was knocked down by an automobile owned by Dr. Joseph Ackerman, near the physician's office in Asbury Park. The boy escaped from his father's chauffeur and ran in front of the physician's car in Mattison Avenue. Norman Reed, the doctor's chauffeur, was driving his car. The boy's father is in the real estate business at 30 Broad Street.

Mrs. Mary Denniston, 85 years old, of 400 Chilton Street, Elizabeth, N. J., died yesterday in Elizabeth General Hospital of injuries she received when an automobile, knocked her down at Madison Avenue and East Jersey Street, Elizabeth. Theodore Ayatt, who was driving the automobile, was arraigned before a police judge and sentenced to ninety days in jail for driving while intoxicated. He also was held for the Grand Jury on a manslaughter charge.

Harry Campisi of 568 Hart Street and Louis Leckowitz of 189 Pulaski Street, both Brooklyn, were taken in serious condition to Beth Moses Hospital yesterday morning after a car which Campisi was driving collided with another at Stuyvesant and De Kalb Avenues. Frederick Steckinger of 147 East Eighteenth Street, Manhattan, driver of the other car, was uninjured.

The backfire of a motor truck frightened a horse attached to a delivery wagon in Delmonico Place, Brooklyn, and before the animal was stopped by a policeman three persons had been injured. Harry Spitzer, the driver, of 854 Myrtle Avenue, was thrown out and bruised. Leopold Stern of 26 Floyd Street was knocked down and suffered cuts on the face and body. Mrs. Mollie Hankin of 204 Throop Avenue was struck by the rear of the wagon when it swerved onto the sidewalk. Her head was cut. The three were attended by a surgeon from Beth Moses Hospital, and were taken to their homes. Policeman Harold of the Clymer Street Station was dragged twenty feet in checking the flight of the horse.

Abraham Schiff, driver of a motor truck which killed four-year-old Benjamin Jacknow on July 16 at Park Avenue and 116th Street was discharged in Homicide Court yesterday. Magistrate House said that the police produced no evidence to indicate that the chauffeur was to blame.

POSSE GETS FUGITIVES ACCUSED OF MURDER

'Bad Bill' Monroe, Wanted for Crime on Countess d'Ivry's Estate, Caught.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 1.—"Bad Bill" Monroe and Edward Barrett, both sought for the murder of Andrew Barrett, who was brutally slain in his shack on the estate of the Countess d'Ivry, were captured in New Jersey tonight and are being brought back to Poughkeepsie for trial.

Details of the capture have not been learned, but it is rumored that a posse, starting in the mountains of Sullivan County, where "Bad Bill" had often flown to escape punishment for lesser crimes, followed the trail over the State line.

The crime was a particularly atrocious one, inasmuch as relatives of the dead man are supposed to be involved. Monroe is accused of having crept up on Barrett in his cabin and cut half his head away with the blow of an axe. The body was not discovered for days. The crime when first discovered was ascribed to a madman, as Barrett, though dead, had been tied with rags and ropes. Several thousand dollars was missing from the shack.

William Barrett, believed to be a brother of Andrew Barrett, was arrested at Dover Plains by State Troopers this afternoon. He is being held to give an account of his movements on the day of the murder, as it is known that there was bad feeling between his brother and himself. William knew that his brother kept large sums of money in the shack.

A hole discovered today in cobwebs which have long covered an unused well beside the shack led to the belief that something connected with the crime had been thrown into it.

Attempts were made to investigate, but the authorities were unable to reach the bottom. Further efforts will be made to drag the well for blood-stained clothing or weapons.

Navy Gets Scout Cruiser Detroit.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—After final tests yesterday in which a speed of 35 knots an hour was attained, the United States scout cruiser Detroit was delivered to the Charleston Navy Yard by the Fore River shipbuilding branch of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation. The Detroit developed 100,000 shaft horsepower in the tests and is said to be the highest powered vessel ever constructed in the United States.

Hamburg Dock Workers Strike.

HAMBURG, Aug. 1.—The dock workers at this port went on strike yesterday following a dispute over wages.

TO BOMB WARSHIPS FROM HIGH IN AIR

Plans of Army Aviators for Attack on the Virginia and New Jersey Made Public.

MANOEUVRES AT 15,000 FEET

Attempt Will Be to Sink the Battleships, Already Doomed to Be Scrapped.

WILL TEST SMOKE SCREENS

Brigadier General Mitchell to Have Charge of Two Squadrons of Twelve Bombers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Details were announced today of the plans for the destruction by the Army Air Service in bombardment practice of the old battleships Virginia and New Jersey off Cape Hatteras late this month or early in September.

Since the Ostfriesland tests in 1921 army bombing has gone ahead tremendously. The largest bomb used then weighed 1,000 pounds. Army planes now carry 2,000-pound bombs and a 4,000-pound bomb for aerial attack has been made. The navy will be prepared to turn both ships over to the Army Air Service about Aug. 20.

Martin bombers equipped with two 400 horsepower Liberty motors, similar to those used in the bombing tests in the Summer of 1921, will be used. These airplanes are capable of carrying a load of more than 2,000 pounds of bombs in addition to their regular military load and will bomb from altitudes above 8,000 feet. For bombing at higher altitudes, from 15,000 to 20,000 feet, the planes will be equipped with superchargers to enable them to reach higher altitudes with heavy loads.

Patrol Fleet Assigned.

The fifty fathom curve, fifty miles east of Cape Charles and about eighty miles east of Langley Field, was the scene of the bombardment tests against the former German battle cruisers in the Summer of 1921, but this location is so far from shore that considerable over-water flying would be necessary, increasing the hazards of pilots and bombers. This is considered unnecessary, since the fifty fathom curve is only twenty-two miles off shore east of Cape Hatteras, and it is contemplated that the battleships shall be sunk in this vicinity, where they will be placed at their final

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stronger Tone After Improvement in President's Condition—Francs Lower.

Almost all of yesterday's news developments were constructive in nature, and the markets for the most part responded to them eagerly. The improvement in President Harding's condition gave rise to an aggressive wave of buying on the Stock Exchange as the market's very start, and prices in the first hour established approximately their high points of the day, maintaining them well throughout the succeeding four hours. The industrial news, too, was constructive, and, while the cloud of uncertainty over the foreign situation has not yet been lifted, and has had the effect of depressing the exchanges, it was evident that the situation abroad had grown no worse. Possibly the irregularity in the exchanges is to be attributed to the suspense, which is getting on the nerves of those engaged in the foreign exchange market.

The run of the day's news brought an unusual number of reports of a constructive nature. First, and most important, of course, was the improvement in the President's condition. Another was the Government's report on the cotton crop as of July 25, indicating a condition of 67.2 per cent. and a yield of 11,516,000 bales. Still another was the moderately optimistic review of the journals of the iron and steel trade, a report on insolvencies in July showing them to be the smallest in number for any month since November, 1920; and, finally, a further upturn in the open market price of both wheat and corn, influenced to some extent, of course, by the strength in cotton, but more directly by adverse weather conditions reported from the agricultural districts. The gains on the Stock Exchange averaged approximately one point, with two or three points advance in the market leaders, while the upturn in cotton was of even more robust character.

In consideration of the fact that the cotton trade as a whole had "estimated the condition of the crop at approximately 70 per cent., the figure of 67.2, announced shortly before the noon hour, threw the market into a fever of excitement. It was further heightened by the report of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, placing the "carry-over" at 2,573,000 bales as compared with 4,579,000 bales one year ago. The effect of this unexpected estimate carried the active months above the 22-cent mark, despite the fact that the trade was obviously skeptical of the condition figure. On the basis of this estimate, the indicated crop is 11,516,000 bales compared with an indicated crop of 11,412,000 bales one month ago. The acreage planted this year is placed at 36,287,000 acres, the largest on record, and compares with 34,016,000 acres planted last season. The average gain recorded for the day was approximately $5 to the bale.

Reports of the iron and steel industry, made by journals of the trade, show moderately lower price levels, but with a fair degree of new buying apparent. The Iron Trade Review comments that "confidence in iron and steel conditions has shown a noticeable improvement in the last week as the broadened buying volume of the previous week has been sustained," and adds that "consumers appear more inclined to accept present prices as a stable basis for conservative trading and put less faith in expectations of reduction." The Iron Age comments that "there is a fair increase in activity in finished steel, but with little change in the policy of buying in small lots." Both of these journals point out the fact that Great Britain is making a very strong bid for the steel business of the world and that British manufacturers are consistently underselling American manufacturers in practically all foreign markets.

Possibly the heartening of all markets yesterday was a natural consequence of a turning into the new month when Fall buying must develop, if it is to develop at all. Additional price readjustments in lines in which there has been overproduction undoubtedly will come along, particularly in such lines as oil and rubber, wherein price changes are currently being made. The development of a slowly broadening inquiry in other basic lines, however, similar to that now noted in iron and steel, must be considered the first sign of a gradual change in the attitude of buyers of all kinds. It is not likely to turn overnight into a pell-mell rush for goods of all sorts, but it is likely to grow into a steady and normal seasonal inquiry. At least this would be the logical conclusion to reach in view of the fact that with the exception of one or two isolated lines there has been no overproduction this year.

MONEY.

After renewing at 5 per cent. for the second day in succession and for the fifth time this year, the rate for call money eased yesterday to the closing and low figure of 4 per cent. This performance was explained as due to the easing of demand for money owing to the near completion of month-end payments and settlements.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Latest.	Tuesday's Latest.
5	5	5	5	5

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	5½
4 months	5½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	5½
4, 5 and 6 months	5½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	5
Other names, 4 to 6 months	5@5½

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days, 4½.

Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days 4½; 60 to 90 days 4½.

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call rates against acceptances 5
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase by Federal Reserve Banks, 90 days 4½
Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4¼	4⅛
60 days	4¼	4⅛
90 days	4¼	4⅛
Four months	4¼	4⅛
Five months	4¼	4⅛
Six months	4¼	4⅛

Negotiable and private bankers' acceptances, 90-90 days 4¼@4⅛

London Market.

Money in London ¼ higher at 1½ per cent.; short bills ¼ higher at 3½ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 1 9-16@1¾ per cent.

Gold bullion 90s 1d per fine ounce. Taking the British mint standard price for gold at 84s 11½d per fine ounce as par, the gain or depreciation of gold would represent a profit of 1.89 at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for any year to date was 106⅛, on July 11, 1919, when the dollar cross rate in New York was recorded at 3.47. The lowest gold was recorded at London on September, 1919, when it was 74s. on Feb. 9, 1920, the lowest, 102⅞, on Feb. 21, highest price last year, 126, on Jan. 2.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $789,000,000; balances, $71,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balances, $66,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $818,500,000.

BANKERS DISCOUNT OIL LOAN REPORTS

Large Producers and Refiners Said to Be Seeking Funds to Buy and Store Stocks.

Overproduction in the oil industry, resulting in the storage of large amounts of crude oil and leading to price reductions to the lowest point since prewar days, has given rise to rumors in the financial district that oil companies were in the market for large loans. In this respect, the names of several large refining and producing companies have been mentioned, but inquiries failed to show indications of financing by any of the big companies named, although it was conceded that some of the smaller ones might be seeking money.

Among the companies mentioned was the Standard Oil of New Jersey, which, according to the reports, was seeking a loan of $100,000,000 through the sale of bonds, the proceeds to be used in buying and storing oil.

"The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has no intention of seeking a loan," said A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the Board. "The company does not require a loan, and it would appear that such statements are being circulated for stock market purposes."

In banking circles it was stated that several companies had been reported as potential borrowers, but bankers said they believed the reports were groundless except, possibly, in the case of a few smaller companies which are producers and not refiners. In one office it was stated that the names of three big oil companies had been mentioned and that investigation showed that no such financing was being contemplated.

The most recent piece of financing for any of the large oil companies was in June for the Standard Oil Company of California, which got $30,000,000 to refund a like amount of bonds which were called yesterday at 104. This transaction was to replace 7 per cent. Bonds with 5 per cent. bonds, and for some time, it was stated yesterday, the directors had contemplated the advisability of calling in the bonds and paying them off from cash on hand rather than through a new issue of bonds.

35-POINT DECLINE IN REFINED SUGAR

Offerings of Javanese Crop and General Lack of Demand Responsible.

Refined sugar made three further declines yesterday, the lowest being 7.90, and representing a drop of 35 points from the 8.25 quoted at the close of trading on Tuesday. Offerings of Javanese sugars and a general lack of demand for domestic supplies, coupled with purchases of Dominican and Cuban raws at new low figures, were the principal factors in the decline. Active operations were carried to around the lows touched in February.

A local refiner bought 2,000 bags of Dominican sugar for prompt shipment at 4 cents a pound, cost, insurance and freight, but with a duty of 2.20 cents. The largest purchase reported was of 12,680 bags of Cuban at the new low of 4½ cents, cost and freight, with duty of 1.7646. These purchases were considered interesting in view of the realization that characterized yesterday's trading and continued poor demand.

That further reductions are to be expected over the distribution of the domestic market will be the result, was the view expressed yesterday by one of the largest refiners of this city. A factor in the further downward tendency was said to be the consumer's failure to respond to the small crop figures to the extent that had been expected.

Effect upon domestic prices of offerings in this market of sugars from Java, it was said, would be lessened by the fact that they are full-duty sugars. Java whites pay a levy of 2.20 cents a pound and Java browns 2.20 cents a pound, while the duty on Cuban raws is only 1.7648 cents. However, it was explained that England can resell previously purchased Javas in this market, and a cargo of several thousand tons on the way is credited with having been diverted to New York. England, like the American market, is well stocked.

St. Louis Coke-Iron Dividend.

Directors of the St. Louis Coke-Iron Company resumed dividend payments on the second preferred stock yesterday by declaring a dividend of 2½ per cent. payable Aug. 20. Most of the stock of the company is owned by the National Enameling and Stamping Company.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
567,713	772,012	800,281	561,162	506,510

Year to Date.	Same Period 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
144,798,127	154,119,687	103,027,589	137,962,216¾	179,813,730

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Sales.	Stocks and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
82	66	200	Adams Express (5)	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	— ¼	69½	71
13¾	9½	100	Advance Rumley	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛		
14⅞	9¼	400	Ajax Rubber	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛	9⅝	9⅞
¾	¼	100	Alaska Gold Mines	¼	¼	¼	¼	— ⅛	¼	⅜
80	62¾	2,500	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	65	65	63¾	64	— ⅞	64½	65
51¼	37⅝	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	39¼	39⅝	38½	39⅝		39	40
36⅞	10⅛	800	Amer. Agricultural Chem.	12	12	11	12	+ ⅛	12	13½
68⅞	29	600	Amer. Agricul. Chem. pf.	30	30⅝	30	30⅝	+ 1	30⅝	31
55	50½	100	Amer. Bank Note pf. (3)	53½	53¼	53¼	53¼	+ 1½	53	54
41⅝	25	100	American Beet Sugar	29	29	29	29	+ 1	27½	29½
30	29½	800	American Bosch Magneto	31	32	31	32	+ 1	31¾	32¼
88⅜	70	100	Amer. B. Sh. & Fdry. (5)	70	70	70	70	+ 1½	70	73
106	78¾	22,800	American Can (3)	85¾	86⅝	87⅜	87¼	+ 1½	87⅜	87½
115	108½	200	American Can pf. (7)	108⅝	108	106⅞	108		106½	108
169	145⅞	400	Amer. Car & Fdry. (12)	155	156¼	155	156¼	+ 3¼	153½	156½
30⅝	9⅝	200	American Cotton Oil	5¾	6⅛	5¾	6⅛		6¼	6¾
35¾	14	100	American Cotton Oil pf.	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	— ⅛	16	17
7⅜	4¼	100	Amer. Drug'ts Syndicate	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼		4¼	4⅝
74⅜	35¾	600	Amer. Hide & Leather pf.	35¾	36¼	35¾	36	+ ⅜	36	37
111¾	87⅝	100	American Ice (7)	89¾	89¾	89½	89½	+ 1½	89½	89¾
33⅞	17⅜	1,100	American International	17⅝	18¼	17¼	18¼	+ ⅝	18⅛	18½
70⅝	64¾	20,800	American Locomotive	69¾	70¼	68	68¾	+ 2¾	69¾	69⅞
86⅝	76	100	American Radiator (4)	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	+ ¼	78	78½
6¾	4⅜	600	Amer. Safety Razor (26c)	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝		5⅝	5¼
21¾	10½	100	Amer. Ship & Commerce	11⅛	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜		11⅜	12
89	58	200	Amer. Smelt. & Refin. (5)	85½	85½	85½	85½	+ ⅜	85½	85½
102⅝	93	200	Amer. Sm. & Ref. pf. (7)	95¾	96¼	95¼	95¼		95	95½
40⅝	31¾	400	American Steel Fdries. (3)	33½	34	33¼	34	+ ⅛	33¾	34
85	57	1,000	American Sugar Refining	58	58½	57	58½	+ ½	58¾	60
106¾	100¾	100	Amer. Sugar Refin. pf. (7)	101	101	101	101	+ ¼	100¾	103
39¾	16	500	Amer. Sumatra Tobacco	17⅝	17⅝	17	17⅝	+ ⅛	17⅝	18
125½	119¾	1,200	Amer. Tel. & Tel. (9)	121¾	122¼	121¾	122¼	+ ⅜	122	122¾
151¾	140¾	500	American Tobacco (12)	141¾	142¼	141¾	142¼	+ 1¼	142	143½
159¾	140	200	American Tobacco B (12)	140¾	141¾	140¾	141¾	+ 1	141	141¾
139¾	114¾	100	Amer. Sugar Refin. pf. (7%)	117¾	118¼	117¾	118¼	+ ¼	118	120
62¾	30¾	2,600	Corn Products Ref. (7%)	31¾	32¼	31¾	32¼	+ ¼	32	32½
17,100	67¾	2,500	Coades Co. (4)	67¾	68¾	67¾	68¾	+ ¾	68¾	69¾
3,500	60¾	100	Consolidated Steel (4)	60¾	61	60¾	60¾	+ ⅛	60¾	60¾
1,100	9	100	Cuban Cane Sugar	9	9	9	9		8¾	9
2,400	37¾	200	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	37¾	38¼	37¾	38¼	+ ¼	37¾	38
4,500	23¾	200	Cuban-American Sugar	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼	+ ¼	23	23½
200	59	200	Cuyamel Fruit (1)	59	59	59	59		59	59
1,000	20¾	100	Davison Chemical	20	20¾	20	20¾	+ ⅛	20¾	21
100	22¾	100	De Beers Mines	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	— ⅛	22	22¾
2,500	85¾	100	Delaware & Hudson (8)	104¾	104¾	103¾	104¼	+ 1	103¾	104¾
100	111¾	200	Del., Lack. & West. (6)	113¾	113¾	113	113	+ ¼	111	113
400	34¾	400	Dome Mines (4)	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛	34¼	34¾
100	15¾	100	Douglas-Pectin (1)	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾		15	15¾
2,400	101	100	Du Pont de Nemours (6)	101	101	101	101	+ ¼	98	103
1,000	62¾	200	Du Pont de Nemours pf.	62¾	63	62¾	63		62	63
1,100	85¾	600	Eastman Kodak (11½)	105¾	106	105¾	106	+ ¼	105	105
		600	Elec. Stor. Battery (14%)	64¾	65	64¾	65	+ ¼	65	65¾
6,500	47¾	1,600	Electric Boat (6)	47¾	48	47	47	— ⅛	47	47¾
		100	Electric Fuel Prop.	90	90	90	90		90	95
		500	Booth Fisheries	5¼	5¼	5	5		4¾	5¼
		300	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	107½	108	107½	108		108½	109
		800	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞		⅞	1
1,000		100	Brooklyn R.T. ctfs. of dep.	9	9	9	9		8¾	9
		100	Buff., Roch. & Pitts. pf. (6)	90	90	90	90		90	95
		700	Bush Terminal (10)	110	119	117	118	+ 1½	118	118½
		400	Butte Copper & Zinc (50c)	6¼	6¼	5¾	5¾		5¾	6
		600	Butte & Superior (2)	19	19¾	19	19¾	+ ⅝	19	19¾
		500	Cada Central C. & S.	2	2	2	2		2	2¼
		100	California Packing (6)	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	+ ¾	75½	76½
5,100		100	California Petroleum (1¾)	15¾	16	15¾	15¾		15¾	15¾
		900	Callahan Zinc-Lead	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¾	6
		300	Calumet & Hecla	427½	430	427½	427½		427½	435
		800	Canadian Pacific (10)	144½	145¼	144¼	145½	+ 1	145¼	145¾
2,000		100	Central Leather Co.	19¾	20	19¾	19¾	+ ¼	19½	20
		900	Central Leather Co. pf.	51¾	52	51¾	52	+ 1¼	51½	52¼
		300	Cerro de Pasco Cop. (4)	47¾	48	47¾	48	+ ¼	47¾	48¾
1,400		100	Chandler Motor (6)	48	49	48	48		48	48
		800	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	57½	58¾	57½	58¾	+ 1¼	57¾	58¾
		200	Chicago & Alton pf.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾		3¾	4
		200	Chicago & Eastern Ill. pf.	22¾	22¾	22	22		22	22½
		200	Chicago & Eastern Ill. pf.	48	48	47	47	— 2¼	47	48
		300	Chicago Great Western	4	4¼	4	4		4	4¼
		200	Chicago Great Western pf.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+ ¼	9¼	10
2,800		200	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	16¾	17	16¾	16¾	+ ⅛	16¾	17
2,000		100	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	28	28¾	27¾	28¼	+ ¾	28¼	29½
1,900		100	Chicago & Northwn. (5)	62¾	64	62	63¾	+ 1¼	63	64½
		100	Chicago & Norwn. pf. (7)	109	109	109	109	— 1	105	110
		200	Chicago Pneu. Tool (4)	80	80½	80	80½		80½	82
3,500		100	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	21¾	22	21¾	21¾		21¾	22¾
		200	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	77	77	77	77		77	78
		600	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (6)	65¾	66¾	65¾	66¾	+ 2¼	66¾	67
		100	Chi., St. P. M. & Om. (5)	58	58	58	58		58	62
1,400			Chile Copper (2½)	25¾	26¼	25¾	26¼		26	26¼
1,000			Chino Copper	17¾	18	17¾	17¾		17¾	18
100			Cluett, Peabody (6)	62	62	62	62		62	67
1,100			Coca-Cola (7)	75¾	76¼	75¾	76¼	+ 1¼	76	77
		200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	25¾	26	25¾	26	+ ¼	25¾	26¾
		400	Columbia Gas & El. (2.00)	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ ¼	32¾	32¾
1,500			Columbia Graphophone	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	1
		100	Columbian Carbon (4)	43¾	43¾	43¼	43¾	— ¼	43¾	44
		100	Comput. Tab. Record. (6)	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾	+ 1½	70	72
		300	Consolidated Cigar	20	20	19¾	19¾		19¾	20
2,800			Consolidated Gas (5)	60¾	61¾	60¾	60¾	+ 1	60¾	61
1,700			Consolidated Textile	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾		6¾	6¾
2,900			Continental Can (4)	46¾	46¾	45¾	46¾	+ ¾	46¾	46¾
		600	Continental Motors	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	8
2,600			Corn Products Ref. (7%)	117¾	118¼	117¼	118¼	+ ¼	118	118¾
17,100			Coades Co. (4)	67¾	68¾	67¾	68¾	+ ¾	68¾	69¾
3,500			Crucible Steel (4)	60¾	61	60¾	60¾	+ ⅛	60¾	60¾
1,100			Cuban Cane Sugar	9	9	9	9		8¾	9
2,400			Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	37¾	38¼	37¾	38¼	+ ¼	37¾	38
4,500			Cuban-American Sugar	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼	+ ¼	23	23½
200			Cuyamel Fruit (1)	59	59	59	59		59	59
1,000			Davison Chemical	20	20¾	20	20¾	+ ⅛	20¾	21
100			De Beers Mines	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	— ⅛	22	22¾
2,500			Delaware & Hudson (8)	104¾	104¾	103¾	104¼	+ 1	103¾	104¾
100			Del., Lack. & West. (6)	113¾	113¾	113	113	+ ¼	111	113
400			Dome Mines (4)	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛	34¼	34¾
100			Douglas-Pectin (1)	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾		15	15¾
2,400			Du Pont de Nemours (6)	101	101	101	101	+ ¼	98	103
1,000			Du Pont de Nemours pf.	62¾	63	62¾	63		62	63
1,100			Eastman Kodak (11½)	105¾	106	105¾	106	+ ¼	105	105
		600	Elec. Stor. Battery (14%)	64¾	65	64¾	65	+ ¼	65	65¾
6,500			Electric Boat (6)	47¾	48	47	47	— ⅛	47	47¾
		100	Electric Fuel Prop.	90	90	90	90		90	95
		500	Booth Fisheries	5¼	5¼	5	5		4¾	5¼
		300	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	107½	108	107½	108		108½	109
		800	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞		⅞	1
1,000			Brooklyn R.T. ctfs. of dep.	9	9	9	9		8¾	9
		100	Buff., Roch. & Pitts. pf. (6)	90	90	90	90		90	95
		700	Bush Terminal (10)	110	119	117	118	+ 1½	118	118½
		400	Butte Copper & Zinc (50c)	6¼	6¼	5¾	5¾		5¾	6
		600	Butte & Superior (2)	19	19¾	19	19¾	+ ⅝	19	19¾
		500	Cada Central C. & S.	2	2	2	2		2	2¼
		100	California Packing (6)	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	+ ¾	75½	76½
5,100		100	California Petroleum (1¾)	15¾	16	15¾	15¾		15¾	15¾
		900	Callahan Zinc-Lead	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¾	6
		300	Calumet & Hecla	427½	430	427½	427½		427½	435
		800	Canadian Pacific (10)	144½	145¼	144¼	145½	+ 1	145¼	145¾
2,000		100	Central Leather Co.	19¾	20	19¾	19¾	+ ¼	19½	20
		900	Central Leather Co. pf.	51¾	52	51¾	52	+ 1¼	51½	52¼
		300	Cerro de Pasco Cop. (4)	47¾	48	47¾	48	+ ¼	47¾	48¾
1,400		100	Chandler Motor (6)	48	49	48	48		48	48
		800	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	57½	58¾	57½	58¾	+ 1¼	57¾	58¾
		200	Chicago & Alton pf.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾		3¾	4
		200	Chicago & Eastern Ill. pf.	22¾	22¾	22	22		22	22½
		200	Chicago & Eastern Ill. pf.	48	48	47	47	— 2¼	47	48
		300	Chicago Great Western	4	4¼	4	4		4	4¼
		200	Chicago Great Western pf.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+ ¼	9¼	10
2,800		200	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	16¾	17	16¾	16¾	+ ⅛	16¾	17
2,000		100	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	28	28¾	27¾	28¼	+ ¾	28¼	29½
1,900		100	Chicago & Northwn. (5)	62¾	64	62	63¾	+ 1¼	63	64½
		100	Chicago & Norwn. pf. (7)	109	109	109	109	— 1	105	110
		200	Chicago Pneu. Tool (4)	80	80½	80	80½		80½	82
3,500		100	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	21¾	22	21¾	21¾		21¾	22¾
		200	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	77	77	77	77		77	78
		600	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (6)	65¾	66¾	65¾	66¾	+ 2¼	66¾	67
		100	Chi., St. P. M. & Om. (5)	58	58	58	58		58	62
1,400			Chile Copper (2½)	25¾	26¼	25¾	26¼		26	26¼
1,000			Chino Copper	17¾	18	17¾	17¾		17¾	18
100			Cluett, Peabody (6)	62	62	62	62		62	67
1,100			Coca-Cola (7)	75¾	76¼	75¾	76¼	+ 1¼	76	77
		200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	25¾	26	25¾	26	+ ¼	25¾	26¾
		400	Columbia Gas & El. (2.00)	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ ¼	32¾	32¾
1,500			Columbia Graphophone	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	1
		100	Columbian Carbon (4)	43¾	43¾	43¼	43¾	— ¼	43¾	44
		100	Comput. Tab. Record. (6)	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾	+ 1½	70	72
		300	Consolidated Cigar	20	20	19¾	19¾		19¾	20
2,800			Consolidated Gas (5)	60¾	61¾	60¾	60¾	+ 1	60¾	61
1,700			Consolidated Textile	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾		6¾	6¾
2,900			Continental Can (4)	46¾	46¾	45¾	46¾	+ ¾	46¾	46¾
		600	Continental Motors	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	8
2,600			Corn Products Ref. (7%)	117¾	118¼	117¼	118¼	+ ¼	118	118¾
17,100			Coades Co. (4)	67¾	68¾	67¾	68¾	+ ¾	68¾	69¾
3,500			Crucible Steel (4)	60¾	61	60¾	60¾	+ ⅛	60¾	60¾
1,100			Cuban Cane Sugar	9	9	9	9		8¾	9
2,400			Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	37¾	38¼	37¾	38¼	+ ¼	37¾	38
4,500			Cuban-American Sugar	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼	+ ¼	23	23½
200			Cuyamel Fruit (1)	59	59	59	59		59	59
1,000			Davison Chemical	20	20¾	20	20¾	+ ⅛	20¾	21
100			De Beers Mines	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	— ⅛	22	22¾
2,500			Delaware & Hudson (8)	104¾	104¾	103¾	104¼	+ 1	103¾	104¾
100			Del., Lack. & West. (6)	113¾	113¾	113	113	+ ¼	111	113
400			Dome Mines (4)	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛	34¼	34¾
100			Douglas-Pectin (1)	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾		15	15¾
2,400			Du Pont de Nemours (6)	101	101	101	101	+ ¼	98	103
1,000			Du Pont de Nemours pf.	62¾	63	62¾	63		62	63
1,100			Eastman Kodak (11½)	105¾	106	105¾	106	+ ¼	105	105
		600	Elec. Stor. Battery (14%)	64¾	65	64¾	65	+ ¼	65	65¾
6,500			Electric Boat (6)	47¾	48	47	47	— ⅛	47	47¾
		100	Electric Fuel Prop.	90	90	90

No. 1—Investment Service

Do You Get the Greatest Value From Your Investment Money?

Those investors who cannot themselves spare the time to keep closely informed about their securities are invited to consider our service, applying it to their own requirements. For example:

1. Immediate advice to you, when our information indicates developments which may markedly affect the status of your investments.
2. Reports to you, if any of your bonds are called.

No obligation will attach to a request for complete information about our investment service. A brief description of the character of your investments will enable us better to show how our service can be of value to you.

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

Exempt from Federal Income Taxes

New Issue

$87,000

BELL COUNTY, TEXAS

5s

Due 1925 to 1940

PRICE 92½ & INTEREST YIELDING ABOUT 6%

Bell County is one of the richest agricultural sections in the State. Five railroads in the County. These warrants coupon form, principal and interest payable in New York City, and are direct obligations of the entire County.

Send for descriptive Circular T-87

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Investors' Service Department

This department of our investment business is under the direct supervision of our Bond Department, and also has available the comprehensive facilities of our Statistical Department.

Investors are thus afforded the opportunity to obtain from us, without obligation, very complete information regarding securities which they may hold or contemplate purchasing.

Investment List 969 Furnished on Request

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine Street, New York
Philadelphia Pittsburgh
Baltimore Washington
Members New York Stock Exchange

$25,000
Cleveland Short Line
1st 4½s, 1961
M & S Interest
To net about 5.00%

$25,000
Chicago, Indiana & Southern
4s, 1956
M & S Interest
To net about 5.00%

$25,000
Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis
1st Cons. 5s, 1928
M&S & Interest
To net about 5.05%

Legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State

R. W. PRESSPRICH & CO.
25 Wall St., New York. Phone John 5597, 5598
Municipal and Railroad Bonds

HOAGLAND, ALLUM & Co.
INCORPORATED
Established 1900

Safe Bonds for Investment

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List of offerings T-14
Investment Record T. R.-14

CHICAGO PLACE
112 Broadway
New York

MONROE PLACE
14 So. La Salle St.
Chicago

SNAP UP SWISS LOAN OF 20 MILLIONS HERE

J. P. Morgan & Co. Announce That the Issue Is Subscribed in One Hour.

PRICED TO YIELD 6%

National Bank of Switzerland to Serve as Depository for the Nine Guarantor Nations.

Quick subscription of the $20,000,000 Government of Switzerland 5 per cent. three-year loan was reported yesterday by J. P. Morgan & Co. as head of the offering syndicate. Books were closed in little more than an hour after the opening and wide distribution of the bonds, priced to yield 6 per cent., was indicated. A slight preference was given to small subscriptions over those tendered by institutions seeking $1,000,000 blocks or thereabout, according to reports from other quarters in the financial district, and the offering group found it impossible to satisfy requests of some large applicants.

Aside from the fact the issue marked appearance of a World War neutral European country in the American investment market, other angles to the transaction attracted attention. One was the indication afforded that the investment market was in a sounder position than had been supposed as short a time as one week ago, and investment bankers suggested that several other substantial issues would be brought out in the near future further to test the market. During the last month there has been a lull in new financing. In this period, it is reported, bonds which for a time glutted the market were absorbed.

Another point which created speculation was the fact that the Swiss offering was made through J. P. Morgan & Co. The three previous loans, two of them since the World War, were made through Lee, Higginson & Co., who have played an important part in Swiss governmental operations and who have acted for several years as that country's fiscal agent in the United States.

In this connection it was suggested that an explanation of the fact that J. P. Morgan & Co. handled the latest loan lay in negotiations for the recent Austrian loan. In preparing this piece of financing, which was undertaken by this country and eight European nations, it was provided that the National Bank of Switzerland should act as the depository of securities to be put up by countries guaranteeing the loan, and should serve in an important capacity in respect to the entire operation. Although nothing official was said, it was further suggested that designation of this bank as the depository had resulted from recommendations of Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., and that placing by Switzerland of its loan in the hands of the house of Morgan was the natural sequel.

Offsetting this view was the fact that the international group desired to have as a depository bank the institution of a solvent nation which had not participated in the World War either on the side of or against Austria, and that this plan left only two guarantor nations as eligible candidates for this business, namely, Switzerland and Sweden, in which case it might have been found desirable to have Switzerland's financial institution as the depository agency owing to its central location.

In the Austrian agreement it was state that, "before each issue forming part of the loan is made, every guarantor State will deposit with the National Bank of Switzerland, in the name of the trustees for the loan, its own bonds of like tenor and currency to cover the amounts of its guaranty in respect of such issue."

CHANGES IN FRISCO BOARD.

J. W. Kendricks Succeeded by Col. R. M. Thompson as Director.

J. W. Kendricks of Chicago has resigned as a director and member of the Executive Committee of the St. Louis-San Francisco Railway Company, it was announced after the regular meeting of the board yesterday. Colonel Robert M. Thompson of New York was elected a director, and Frank O. Wright, already a director, was appointed a member of the Executive Committee.

Mr. Kendricks's resignation was explained by the statement that he had decided to continue as chairman of the Board of Directors of the International Great Northern. He had been a director of the St. Louis-San Francisco for a number of years, and was only recently made chairman of the Board of Directors of the other road when the St. Louis-San Francisco proposed to purchase that line. The refusal of the Interstate Commerce Commission to permit the consolidation of the two roads forced him to resign from the directorate of one of the roads.

A. L. Shapleigh of St. Louis also resigned as a director yesterday, and Grant R. McCullough, of Tulsa, Okla., was elected to succeed him.

WESTERN ELECTRIC BUSY.

Company's Statement Predicts Record in Production This Year.

The Western Electric Company expects this will be a record year in production, according to a statement by the company yesterday. Based upon production figures in hand, the cable departments have broken all previous records. The statement says:

"Thus far this year 11,372,265,000 feet of copper wire, the communication conductor, have been used in the manufacture of telephone cable. It is estimated that the output for the year will be at least 22 per cent. greater than that of 1922. The year's output of telephone receivers is at the rate of 1,100,000, or about 600,000 more than the plant turned out in 1922."

FINANCIAL NOTES.

F. B. Keech & Co., 52 Broadway, announce that Charles Reed has been admitted to partnership.

Roger L. Lyon, formerly of Sloane, Pell & Co., is now connected with J. P. Cahill & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange.

Arthur Russell Jones, formerly Assistant Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, has become a partner of McClure, Jones & Reed, members of the New York Stock Exchange.

A. A. Housman & Co., announce that M. Eyer Pinckard and Frank C. Shaughnessy, formerly of the San Francisco firm of Pinckard, Shaughnessy & Anderson, and Simon J. Shlenker, member of the New York Cotton Exchange, have been admitted to partnership.

Levy Brothers, 120 Broadway, have issued a descriptive booklet on 6 per cent. tax-exempt municipal improvement bonds.

Ware & Co., announce the opening of a branch office in the Majestic Building, Detroit, with Carl M. Deakin as manager.

Otis F. Taylor, formerly with Thompson & Wertey, and Henry Varey, certified public accountant, announce the formation of a partnership under the name of Taylor & Varey, with offices at 30 Broad Street.

Read & Goodwin, Inc., announce that George E. Haskell, formerly associated with the Guaranty Company, and Peter Fox, formerly with Galloway, Fish & Co., and Oscar R. Beneke, formerly of the National City Company in Pittsburgh, have joined their sales force.

Moses & Holmes, members of the New York Stock Exchange, have issued a circular on the United States Finishing Company.

Through a typographical error in an advertisement of the General Gas & Electric Corporation, which appeared yesterday in The New York Times, it was stated that "during the first six months of 1923, surplus and depreciation reserves of the General Gas & Electric Corporation's subsidiary companies increased $1,264,681.70. These earnings were for the first six months of 1923.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1923.

Day's Sales:	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
United States Government bonds..	$1,147,400	$5,899,150	$5,727,500	$7,811,850	$7,221,000
Other domestic bonds.....	5,865,000	5,905,000	4,818,500	3,944,000	1,858,500
Foreign bonds	1,042,000	2,539,000	1,464,500	724,500	431,600
Total all bonds.....	$8,054,400	$14,081,150	$11,510,500	$11,581,350	$9,511,100
Year to date:					
United States Government bonds..	$496,277,910	$1,116,544,955	$1,121,062,738	$1,757,879,900	$1,404,526,250
Other domestic bonds.....	967,539,900	1,162,244,200	503,031,300	340,625,500	327,417,989
Foreign bonds	292,239,900	354,866,900	181,622,200	174,623,500	188,026,600
Total all bonds.....	$1,756,057,710	$2,663,654,555	$1,805,743,138	$2,273,134,900	$1,919,970,839

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Jan.	Range This Week	Date of Issue	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Net Chge.	Yield.
100.1 Oct. 15,'23	100.1	June 1,'21	3½	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.1	100.1	—.3	3.50
102.25 Oct. 15,'23	102.4	July 11,'21	101.30	Liberty 3½s, registered				
101.25 July 30,'23	102.30	May 15,'22	97.8	Lib. 1st conv. 4s, 1932-47			07.29	03.12
101.10 July 31,'23	101.20	May 19,'22	97.3	Lib. 1st conv. 4s, reg.				
100.28 July 31,'23	101.12	May 19,'22	96.18	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42			00.3	00.6
100.15 July 14,'23	101.10	May 21,'22	96.10	Lib. 2d 4s, registered				
102.00 July 30,'23	102.00	June 7,'22	100.00	Lib. 1st 4¼s, 1932-47			07.10	03.19
101.25 July 13,'23	104.00	May 21,'23	99.4	Lib. 1st conv. 4¼s, 1932-47	99.3	99.3	99.4	4.35
101.14 July 24,'23	101.30	May 30,'23	99.30	Lib. 1st conv. 4¼s, reg.	99.30	99.30	—.3	
101.00 July 24,'23	101.12	May 30,'23	99.30	Lib. 2d conv. 4¼s, 1927-42	99.3	99.3	—.4	00.5
100.25 July 30,'23	101.10	Dec. 15,'20	98.28	Lib. 2d conv. 4¼s, reg.	99.3	99.3	—.3	
101.00 July 30,'23	101.22	Dec. 20,'20	99.3	Lib. 3d conv. 4¼s, 1928	99.31	99.31	—.3	00.22
100.27 July 27,'23	101.12	May 10,'23	99.1	Liberty 3d 4¼s, reg.				
101.27 July 30,'23	102.12	May 10,'23	99.7	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	99.7	99.8	99.8	4.40
101.00 July 30,'23	101.15	May 10,'23	99.10	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.	99.10	99.10	—.3	
101.00 July 30,'23	102.75	May 10,'23	99.00	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	99.4	99.4	99.4	4.40
100.4 Oct. 19,'23	100.1	Mar. 17,'23	100.1	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.25	99.25	99.30	4.37
100.00 Feb. 14,'23	99.30	Apr. 20,'23	100.00	Treasury 4¼s, reg.			99.30	4.37

Beginning March 31, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in three and four decimals, the fractions being 32ds or 4 units, and the quotations after the decimal point representing 100ths or more than 32ds. In the above table, Quotations and figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s 1945 ... 100
1st ... 99⅝
ten 7s, 1927 ... 102⅝
8 ... 102⅝
1st ... 102
2d ... 102⅝
Aust Govt 8% 7s, 1943, int rcts ... 99⅝
1st ... 99⅝
2d ... 99⅝
1st ... 99⅝
2d ... 99⅝
1st ... 99⅝
2d ... 99⅝
10 ... 99⅝
1st ... 99⅝
2d ... 99⅝
10 ... 99⅝
1st ... 99⅝
2d ... 99⅝
1st ... 99⅝
2d ... 99⅝
1st ... 99⅝
2d

The A B C

of international banking is provided through our 62 branches and offices distributed as follows:

Argentina Brazil Chile

ENGLAND	FRANCE
SPAIN	MEXICO
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SAN FRANCISCO, U. S.

ANGLO-SOUTH AMERICAN BANK LIMITED

And its affiliations

British Bank of So. America, Ltd.
and Commercial Bank of Spanish America, Ltd.

New York Agency, 49 Broadway

N. C. STENNING, Agent
CECIL PLATT, Sub-Agent

Capital and Reserves Over $60,000,000

$890 Invested Now Returns $1730 In 12 Years

At current prices a security of one of the largest public utility organizations in the country may be purchased at 89—$890 per $1,000 par value. In 1935 this security will be paid off at par and in the meantime it will have earned $730 in interest, a total of $1,730.

Full information and details of our Monthly Investment Plan sent upon request for

Circular CJ-193

H. M. Byllesby and Co.
111 Broadway, New York
New Haven Boston Providence Chicago

EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

MUNICIPAL BONDS

SEQUOYAH COUNTY
OKLAHOMA

6% Direct Obligation Bonds
Due May 14, 1948

Price 5.00% basis

C. W. McNEAR & COMPANY
Established 1908
120 Broadway
NEW YORK

Bankers Capital Corporation

Bank and other Financial Corporation Stocks

41 East 42nd Street
New York
Telephone Vanderbilt 1153

PARSLY BROS. & Co.
BANKERS
MEMBERS PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE

Investment Securities

1421 CHESTNUT STREET
PHILADELPHIA

$25,000,000 BONDS SOLD IN 3 HOURS

$5,500,000 Park-Lexington Corporation 6½s Absorbed Before 1 P. M. Yesterday.

EXPECT BIG NEW OFFERINGS

Books Opened for $2,000,000 Philippine Irrigation Securities—Investment Market Stimulated.

Investment bankers are expected shortly to offer publicly bond issues of substantial size, owing to the successful sale yesterday of the Government of Switzerland issue, amounting to $20,000,000. This issue was absorbed bfore noon, and an issue of $5,500,000 Park-Lexington Corporation 6½ per cent. bonds, offered simultaneously, was absorbed before 1 P. M. The investment market took up more than $25,000,000 of securities in less than three hours.

Firming of prices in the open market in late dealings was laid in some quarters to quick absorption of these issues, and it was suggested that bankers holding back offerings will come out shortly to produce a further test of the market's strength. In this connection, it was said, several public utility offerings were being considered, and also financing for railroad account. In the latter group is the prospective issue of $10,000,000 of bonds for one company.

An issue of $1,000,000 State of Oregon 4½ per cent. bonds was made yesterday to a syndicate composed of Eldredge & Co., Stacy & Braun and the Anglo-London-Paris Company of San Francisco. These bonds, maturing in 1929 to 1954, will be offered publicly.

An issue of $2,000,000 Philippine Government irrigation and permanent public works 4½ per cent. bonds, maturing July 1, 1952, is offered by a syndicate including the Chase Securities Corporation, Blair & Co., Inc., Hallgarten & Co., and White, Weld & Co. The bonds are offered at 97, interest to yield more than 4.70 per cent. The issue, according to the bankers, is exempt from Federal, State and municipal taxes. The American Bond and Mortgage Company is offering an issue of $800,000 6½ per cent. mortgage real estate bonds on a fifteen-story apartment house being erected at 17 East Ninety-sixth Street.

Dillon and Co. announced that the $5,500,000 Park-Lexington Corporation first mortgage leasehold 6½ per cent. sinking fund gold bonds offered by them had been sold and the subscription books closed.

Announcement was made by J. P. Morgan & Co. yesterday that $1,245,000 of the five-year 7½ per cent. gold notes of the Anglo-American Oil Company, Ltd., have been called for redemption on Oct. 1, 1923, at 102 and interest. The firm, which is trustee under the sinking fund, said the notes so drawn for redemption will be paid off on or after Oct 1 upon presentation, with all coupons maturing subsequent to that date attached. Interest will cease on all such drawn notes on and after Oct. 1.

J. P. Morgan & Co. also gave notice that they are prepared to receive tenders for the amortization on or before Sept. 28, 1923, of $486,000 Argentine Government 5 per cent. internal loan of 1909, tenders to be placed with the firm before Aug. 11.

The Penn Seaboard Steel Corporation yesterday deposited $79,950 with the trustee for payment of the 7 per cent. Series A notes which fell due. Funds for payment of interest due on these notes, as well as interest on the $1,439,000 Series B notes, due Feb. 1, 1924, also were deposited with the trustee. M. M. Freeman & Co., of Philadelphia, through Ludwig & Bauchle of this city, are offering $221,000 Burlington County (N. J.) 5 per cent. road improvement bonds, due Aug. 1, 1924, to Aug. 1, 1933, inclusive, at prices to yield 4.30 per cent.

Majestic Brings British Gold.

The White Star liner Majestic arrived here yesterday carrying £629,000 in bar gold consigned to J. P. Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atl Coast Line	1924-35	6	5.10	5.35
Do	1924-36	6½	5.50	5.25
Balt. & Ohio	1924-38	4½-5	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-35	6	5.85	5.40
Bethlehem Steel	1924-30	7	6.75	6.10
Boston & Albany	1923-27	4½	5.50	5.25
Buff. Roch. & Pitts.	1923-38	4½-5.6	5.50	5.30
Canadian Nor.	1923-29	6	5.60	5.50
Canadian Pac.	1923-53	4½-6	5.50	5.25
Cent. R. R. N. J.	1923-39	6	5.65	5.30
Ches. & Ohio	1923-39	5.5½-6½	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-35	6	5.73	5.45
Chi., Bur. & Q.	1924-38	6	5.65	5.30
Chi, Mil & St. P.	1924-38	5.5½	6.10	5.70
Do	1924-35	6	5.85	5.45
Chi. & N. W.	1924-37	6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-58	5.6½	5.50	5.35
Chi. R. I. & P.	1923-52	4½-5	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-34	6	5.85	5.60
Chi. St. P. M. & O.	1924-31	7	5.55	5.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1924-29	5	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Colorado & Sou.	1924-35	6	5.75	5.45
Del. & Hud.	1924-35	6	5.75	5.35
Erie R. R.	1923-38	4½-5.6	6.25	5.75
Great Nor. Ry.	1924-36	6	5.65	5.25
Hocking Valley	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Illinois Central	1923-38	4½-5.5½	5.50	5.20
Do	1925-36	6½-7	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.63	5.35
Kansas City So.	1924-35	6	5.75	5.45
Long Island	1923-38	5-6	5.65	5.50
Louisv. & Nash.	1924-37	4½-6½	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-85	6	5.65	5.35
Michigan Cent.	1924-35	5,6	5.45	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Mo. P. & S.M.	1923-33	4½-5	5.75	5.40
Do	1924-35	6-6½-7	5.85	5.50
Mo., Kan. & T.	1924-35	6	5.90	5.55
Mo. Pac.	1924-38	6	5.90	5.50
Do	1924-34	6½	5.80	5.40
Nat. Steel Car L.	1923-28	6	7.75	6.75
N. Y. Central	1923-38	4½-5	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-35	7	6.55	5.50
N. Y. N. H. & H.	1923-54	4½-5-6-7	7.00	6.00
Norfolk & W.	1924-33	4½	5.35	5.00
Nor. Pacific	1924-32	5½-7	5.50	5.25
Pacific Fruit Ex.	1925-35	7	6.55	6.35
Penna R. R.	1924-38	5	5.35	5.15
Do	1924-36	6	5.60	5.35
Pere Marquette	1924-35	6	5.80	5.45
Pitts & L. E.	1923-35	6½	5.50	5.35
Reading Co.	1923-32	4½-5.6	5.35	5.10
Seaboard Air L.	1923-37	6½-5.5½-6	6.75	5.50
do. Pacific	1924-39	4½	5.25	5.10
Do	1924-36	6	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-35	6	5.80	5.25
Southern Ry.	1923-38	4½-5.5½	5.65	5.50
Do	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
St. L.-San Fran.	1923-37	5	5.80	5.45
Do	1924-36	6	5.85	5.50
St. L. So. W.	1923-37	6½-5.5½	6.75	5.45
Union Pacific	1924-36	5-7	5.40	5.20
Virginian Ry.	1924-38	5	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Wabash R. R.	1924-39	6	6.20	5.75
Western Md.	1924-37	5,6,7	6.30	5.85
Western Pacific	1924-38	5½	6.10	5.70
Wheel. & L. E.	1924-27	6	6.03	5.70
Do	1924-33	6	8.15	5.75

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Y'ld.
Alum Co., Am.	7	Nov., 1925	103½	103½	5.20
Alum. Co., Am.	7	Oct., 1933	105½	106½	6.70
Am. Dist. Oil	8	Sep. 1, 1924	91	96	8.00
Am. Sum. Tob.	7½	June, 1925	98	97	8.00
Am. T. & T.	5	Feb., 1924	100¼	100¾	4.90
Am. Thread	8	Dec., 1923	101¾	102¼	5.32
Anso. Cop. Co.	8	Jan., 1929	101¼	101½	5.60
Anglo-American Oil Co., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	102¾	103¼	5.20
B. & O. R. R.	6	Apr., 1924	101¼	100¾	5.20
Bell Tel. Pan.	7	Feb., 1925	103½	103¾	5.65
Bradley Cop. M.	8	Feb., 1931	98¾	99¾	8.25
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1924	100	100½	5.50
Can. Argentine	8	Feb., 1927	97¼	98¼	6.40
Cent. Leather 1st lien	8	Apr., 1925	97¾	98¼	5.85
Empire G. & F. (Emp. Coke)	7	May, 1925	99½	99¾	7.10
Federal Sugar	8	May, 1925	97¼	97¾	6.35
Hocking Val.	4½	Mar., 1924	100¾	100¾	4.13
Humb. O. & R.	8½	July 15, '23	97¾	97¾	5.00
K. C. Term.	4	Nov. 15, '23	100¼	100¾	4.80
Kan. Cop. Co.	8	Feb., 1930	103¾	104	6.20
Natl. Leather	8	Mar., 1925	98	100	8.00
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	100¾	100¾	4.65
Stone-S. & I.	8	Aug. 15, '23	99¾	97½	6.00
Savoy Co.	8	Oct., 1927	100¾	101	6.92
St. Paul U. A.	5½	Dec. 15, '23	100¾	100¾	4.75
Swift & Co.	5	Oct., 1925	101	101	6.15
S. O. of N. Y.	6	May, 1923	100¼	100¾	5.70
S. O. of N. Y.	6	May, 1923	100¼	101	5.70
Sup. Oil	8	Jan., 1925	98	98½	8.35
Vacuum Oil Co.	8	Apr., 1926	103¾	104¼	6.35
Westinghouse El. Mfg.	7	May, 1931	107¼	107½	5.81

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	86.19	85.32	86.01	+ .61
25 industrials	101.31	100.26	101.30	+1.46
50 stocks	78.50	77.79	78.65	+1.03

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 31	78.50	77.27	77.83	—1.00
July 30	78.94	77.54	78.71	+ .52
July 28	78.89	78.00	78.19	— .94
July 27	80.72	79.07	79.13	—1.86
July 26	81.50	80.76	80.99	+ .16
July 25	81.13	80.37	80.83	..

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

Aug.	—High.		—Low.		Last.
*1923	78.90	Aug. 1	77.79	Aug. 1	78.65
1922	88.91	Aug. 31	82.84	Aug. 2	88.56
1921	85.37	Aug. 3	58.57	Aug. 23	61.23
1920	81.14	Aug. 3	75.04	Aug. 19	79.86
1919	89.46	Aug. 1	79.62	Aug. 21	85.93

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923	92.52	Mar. 6	77.27	July 31	78.65
†1922	84.50	July 31	66.21	Jan. 10	88.45

Full Years.

1922	88.06	Oct. 18	66.21	Jan. 10	88.56
1921	73.13	May 6	56.35	June 21	66.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 8	67.20	Dec. 22	67.20
1919	98.47	Oct. 31	69.73	Jan. 31	80.62
1918	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	78.39

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.—		
		Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.27	+.21	+.25	—5.13

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

July 31	78.06	—.17	July 28	76.84	+.01
July 30	76.23	—.28	July 24	76.83	—.22
July 28	76.40	—.13	July 27	77.05	+.14
July 27	76.82	—.24	July 21	76.91	+.06
July 26	76.86	+.02	July 20	76.65	+.18

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923	79.43	Jan. 3	75.95	July 5	76.27
†1922	81.39	Aug. 2	75.01	Jan. 3	81.39

Full Years.

1922	82.54	Aug. 22	70.01	Jan. 3	70.12
1921	76.31	Nov. 29	69.56	June 20	75.37
1920	78.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	68.68
1919	79.05	June 2	71.06	Dec. 7	72.09
1918	92.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.—	
		Day.	Week.
10 Govt. issues	100.01	+.01	+.41

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

July 31	99.92	—.05	July 25	100.42	—.01
July 30	99.97	—.26	July 24	100.43	+.09
July 28	100.23	—.15	July 23	100.34	+.17
July 27	100.38	—.02	July 21	100.17	—.06
July 26	100.53	—.03	July 20	100.23	+.01

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1923	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	100.01

*To date.
†To corresponding date last year.

6 TRILLIONS MORE OF GERMAN PAPER MONEY

All Records Again Broken in Weekly Note Output—Over 9 Trillion More of Discounts.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—The weekly statement of the Bank of Germany as of July 23 shows the following changes, in marks:

Total coin and bul.	increased 2,459,442,000
Gold	decreased 40,560,000
Treasury and Loan Association Notes	increased 283,815,498,000
Notes of other bks.	increased 668,368,000
Bills of Exchange and Checks	increased 2,869,274,374,000
Dis. & Treas. bills	increased 9,186,613,101,000
Advances	increased 3,617,187,000
Investments	increased 541,564,000
Other Assets	increased 19,026,457,000
Notes in circuln.	increased 6,333,082,126,000
Deposits	increased 3,475,084,053,000
Other Liabilities	increased 2,728,967,890,000
Total gold holdings	increased 616,351,000

The total gold holdings of 616,351,000 marks compare with 536,911,000 on July 14, with 706,911,000 on July 7, with 716,912,000 on June 30, with 1,004,850,000 in the same week of 1922 and with 1,091,544,000 in 1921.

Total reserve of coin and bullion, including token money recently coined, was 24,330,549,000 marks, as compared with 22,071,107,000 on July 14, with 20,042,235,000 on July 7, with 19,902,712,000 on July 14, with 20,949,235,000 on July on June 30, and with 1,074,341,000 in the first week of March, before the inclusion of token money on a large scale had begun.

The following table gives the total of German note circulation over a period of weeks, figures in thousands of marks:

	1923.	1922.
July 23	31,834,787,396	176,442,277
July 14	25,401,705,270	172,944,000
July 7	20,241,740,404	172,737,686
June 30	17,291,027,978	169,211,792
June 23	13,091,705,100	167,830,293
June 15	10,905,038,328	153,963,718
June 7	9,309,532,113	153,963,329
May 31	8,963,716,000	150,367,620
May 23	7,496,612,040	142,756,767
May 15	7,132,740,346	141,322,034
May 7	6,723,069,325	141,062,962
Apr. 30	6,545,951,355	139,038,498
Apr. 23	6,000,019,788	131,216,200
Apr. 15	5,837,961,907	132,682,034
Apr. 7	5,624,109,982	130,455,890
Mar. 29	5,317,916,651	12,285,793
Mar. 23	4,655,634,981	121,738,812
Mar. 15	4,272,511,423	120,728,812
Mar. 7	3,971,236,168	120,518,607

On July 31, 1914, at the outbreak of the war, the note circulation was 2,000,422,000 marks; in the week of the armistice on Nov. 7, 1918, it was 10,052,260,000.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Trading Dull and Prices Easy at London—Sterling Against Paris.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Trading was dull and prices were easier on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ¼ lower at 58⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan, 100⅝; 4½ per cent. war loan, 96⅝, both unchanged.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2⅜; De Beers Mining, ¼ lower at 12⅝.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 35 centimes lower at 57 francs 40 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 1 franc lower at 74 francs 50 centimes.

Exchange on London, 94 centimes higher at 79 francs 17 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 17 francs 29 centimes, against 17 francs 13 centimes yesterday.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Date.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1945	77½	78½
Arg. (restor'n)	4	1945	64	66
Belgian Prem.	5	1920	44	47
Belgian (restor'n)	5	Sep., 1925	41	43
Brazil	4	1889	38	40
Brazil	5½	1883	42	44
Brazil	5	1895	45½	47½
Brazil	4	1910	39½	40½
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	92	92
British Fund	4	Mar., 1960	80	83
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1927	97	100
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1947-29	91	94
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1929	95	98
Brit. Exchequer	5½	1929	98	97
Canada	5	1937	100	100½
Canada	5½	1931	102½	103½
Chile 1st	6	1911	69	72
City of Pelotas	6	1911	51	54
Colombia	6	1913	68	71
Costa Rica	8	1911	87	89
Cuba	6	1920	95	97
French Gov. Vic.	5	Jan., 1931	42½	44½
French Loan	4	1917	37½	37½
French Loan	6	1920	50½	52½
French Loan	5	May, 1920	50½	52½
Italian War Loan	5		37	38
Midl. R. R.	6	1920	50	52
Paris-Orleans R.R.	6	1955	51½	53½
Paris-Orleans R.R.	6	1920	50	53
Russ. External	5½	Dec., 1931	10	11
Do (Nat City Bank cfts)		9½	10	11
Russ. External	5½	Dec., 1919	10½	12
Do (Nat City Bank cfts)		9½	10	11
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb., 1958	½	1½
Russ. rentes of 1894			3½	4½
Russ. Ry. Ctfs.			6½	7½
Sweden	6	June, 1939	103¾	105¼
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	98½	99
Uruguay	5	1919	66	69
Uruguay	5	1919	66	68

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 30⅛d per ounce; New York price unchanged at 63½c.

Range for 1923:

	Highest—		Lowest—	
London	32 3-4	Apr. 30	30 1-4d	Feb. 3
New York	69½c	Mar. 27	62½c	July 30

Range for 1922:

London	37¾d	May 22	30⅝d	Dec. 15
New York	73½c	May 22	62¾c	Dec. 15

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

French and Belgian Francs at New Lows—Swiss Bills Up on Success of Loan Here.

Belgian francs went to a new record low in yesterday's foreign exchange transactions and French francs went to a new low for this year and within 3½ points of their low for all time. Other European bills were under some pressure except kronen, which held steady, and Swiss francs, which on the strength of the successful flotation here of a $20,000,000 three-year issue for that Government, advanced 3 points. This movement, in direct contrarity with the rest of the foreign exchange market, was as a result especially interesting. Besides francs of France and Belgium there was another year low recorded yesterday, when Spanish pesetas gave way 6⅜ points to 14.08 cents.

Sterling reacted in sympathy with other European bills of the allied countries and at one time showed a loss for the day of 9-16 point. In the later dealings buying became somewhat stronger and the quotation recovered part of its decline, closing at a net loss of ⅜ cent. Marks held as nearly steady as that currency can hold, but transactions were limited throughout the day and trading was lifeless.

South American bills were firm.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 1, 1923.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	4.57¼	4.54⅜	4.56⅝	4.57
PARIS	5.72½	5.72½	5.72½	5.72½
ROME	4.34	4.22½	4.32¾	4.31⅝
AMSTERDAM	39.33	39.25	39.25	39.31
BERLIN	.000095	.000090	.000091	.000105
MADRID	14.17	14.06	14.08	14.19
STOCKHOLM	26.60	26.50	26.50	26.50

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Wednes. day.	Tues. day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.8665 per sovereign.				
Demand	4.56⅝	4.57	4.56⅛	4.44¾
Cables	4.56⅞	4.57¼	4.56⅝	4.44¾
Com., 60 days	4.53⅞	4.54	4.56⅛	4.42
Com., 90 days	4.53¼	4.53⅝	4.55⅛	4.41¼
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.73⅜	5.85½	5.92	8.16¼
Cables	5.74¼	5.84	5.92½	8.17
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.34¼	4.34¼	4.37⅜	4.53½
Cables	4.33¼	4.35¼	4.38¼	4.54
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.62¼	4.70¼	4.80	7.71½
Cables	4.63	4.80	4.80¼	7.72
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.000105	.000103	.000125	.123⅛
Cables	.000091	.000105	.000165	.123
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0018
Cables	.0014¾	.0014¼	.0014¾	.0064
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.93	2.96	2.95¼	2.49
Cables	2.93	2.96	2.95¼	2.44
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	18.10	17.85	17.70	21.45
Cables	18.13	17.88	17.72	21.50
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.71¼	2.77	2.77½	2.12
Cables	2.77	2.77	2.77½	2.13
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.90	1.97	2.50	3.22
Cables	1.93	2.00	2.53	3.25
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.25	39.31	39.28	38.57
Cables	39.33	39.37	39.32	38.62
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0050	.0045	.0060	.0414
Cables	.0050	.0045	.0060	.0424
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.00	16.02	16.21	17.05
Cables	16.03	16.05	16.24	17.10
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.00045	.000475	.0006	.014
Cables	.00045	.000475	.0006	.016
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.50¾	.51	.52¼	.74
Cables	.50⅝	.51	.52¾	.74¼
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	14.10	14.37	15.40	
Cables	14.08	14.21	14.29	15.51
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.59	26.40	26.53	26.00
Cables	26.62	26.62	26.56	26.00
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	17.86	17.87	17.90	19.02
Cables	17.89	17.87	17.92	19.02
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.05¼	1.05	1.06¾	1.22
Cables	1.05¼	1.05	1.06¾	1.22

FAR EAST.

	1923.	1922.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.		
Hongkong: Demand	51.75	51.75
Cables	51.875	51.875
Peking: Demand	72.375	72.25
Shanghai: Demand	69.63	69.75
Cables	69.75	69.875
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling. Demand	36.50	20.53
Cables	36.625	36.65
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso. Demand	49.25	49.25
Cables	49.50	49.50
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin. Demand	38.625	38.625
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen. Demand	48.75	48.73
Cables	48.875	48.85

	1923.	1922.
73.23	73.25	80.125
51.875	51.875	52.25	58.375
72.375	72.25	73.25	80.25
69.63	69.75	70.13	77.25
69.75	69.875	70.25	77.50
36.50	20.53	30.78	29.125
36.625	36.65	30.87	29.25
49.25	49.25	49.25	50.00
49.50	49.50	49.50	50.25
38.625	38.625	38.625	38.50
48.75	48.73	48.71	47.75
48.875	48.85	48.83	47.875

SOUTH AMERICA.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar. Demand	33.90	33.70	33.95	38.40
Cables	34.00	33.80	34.05	38.45
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis. Demand	10.25	10.25	10.35	13.70
Cables	10.30	10.30	10.45	13.75
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso. Demand	12.35	12.35	12.45	13.87
Cables	12.40	12.40	12.50	13.90
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound. Checks	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.09
Cables	4.24	4.24	4.24	4.10
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso. Demand	76.62	76.33	77.51	81.96
Cables	76.87	76.62	77.86	81.99
CANADA. MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar. Demand	97.02	97.82	97.5	99.5

RUSSIAN CURRENCY.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

Par, 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.03	.03½
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.02	.02⅜

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Continued from Page Nineteen.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

U S Hoffman M deb 8s 1933 2 ....102⅜	10s7f....80 f conv. 7½s, 1967. ser A, w w 1.... 64½ 2.... 64 1.... 64¼ 1.... 63⅜ 1.... 63 2.... 62¼ 6.... 62 3.... 61⅜ 1.... 61 1.... 64¼	1st 7s, 1946 1....105⅛ 2....104⅝
U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s, 1947 6....86⅝ 3....87 2....87⅛		West Shore 4s, 2361 registered.... 78
7½s, 1930. 6....102 3....102⅜		W U T col tr 5s, 1938 2....93½
U S Steel Corp 7 s f 5s, 1963 8....102⅛ 2....103 2....103⅛	Va Ry & Pwr 5s, 1934 2.... 84⅜ 2.... 84⅝	6½s, 1936 2....103⅝
U S Gin. Ref & M conv 6% notes, 1936 ....90½	Va So Wn com 5s, 1958 2.... 77¼	Westinh E & M 7s, 1931 3....107⅛ 1....107¼

BUSINESS FAILURES DECREASED IN JULY

Total Number Was the Smallest In Any Month Since November of 1920.

LIABILITIES UP, HOWEVER

Troubles in Manufacturing Lines Caused Considerably Large Volume of Indebtedness.

Business failures in the United States for the month of July were the smallest in number of any month since November, 1920, according to records compiled by Dun's Review. From the standpoint of liabilities, the total was somewhat larger than was reported in June, which was the smallest of any month in the last two and one-half years. Insolvencies in July numbered 1,331, with liabilities of $35,721,183. These figures contrast with 1,858 defaults in June, with an indebtedness of $28,678,276 and 1,763 owing $49,010,313 during July, 1922. The number of large failures in manufacturing lines caused a considerably larger volume of indebtedness for the failures reported last month, according to the statement.

The number of failures each month during three years are shown herewith:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
January	2,126	2,738	1,605
February	1,808	2,351	1,641
March	1,982	2,463	1,536
April	1,820	2,167	1,457
May	1,530	1,960	1,506
June	1,356	1,740	1,320
July	1,231	1,733	1,444
August		1,711	1,562
September		1,636	1,713
Oct.		1,706	1,713
November		1,747	1,988
December		1,814	2,444

The compilation continues:

"Of manufacturing defaults in July there were 330, with $19,138,503 of liabilities; of trading failures, 826, having an indebtedness of $10,701,900, and agents and brokers, 53, owing $5,881,-085. The number of manufacturing defaults comprised 28.4 per cent. of the total, but the liabilities in manufacturing lines were 53.6 per cent. of the total indebtedness.

"There were 32 insolvencies during July of manufacturing concerns, owing $14,102,013—1 per cent. of the total number of manufacturing defaults, but 74.3 per cent. of the total manufacturing liabilities. Including all classes, the larger defaults in July numbered 56, and the liabilities reported in such insolvencies amounted to $21,963,166, leaving for the remaining 1,175 mercantile defaults which occurred in July, $13,730,-022 of indebtedness, an average of $11,-685 for each failure, which contrasts with $12,804 the average for July, 1922, and $14,120 for the corresponding month of 1921."

RECEIVER TO RAISE $30,000.

Put in Permanent Control of Philadelphia Flour House.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—Federal Judge Dickinson today made permanent the appointment of David H. Birr as receiver in bankruptcy for Shane Brothers & Wilson, flour merchants.

The Court granted authority to the receiver to borrow $30,000 on receiver's certificates to meet the company's payroll and to purchase materials required in the manufacture of flour.

At the preliminary hearing stockholders placed the liabilities of the concern at more than $1,000,000. Officers said the assets were in excess of the liabilities.

Complains of Holeproof Hosiery Co.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The Holeproof Hosiery Company of Milwaukee was named in a complaint announced today by the Federal Trade Commission, charging it with employment of a system of standard resale prices through co-operation with distributers and agents. The complaint alleged that the company's acts had a tendency to constrain dealers in the handling of its products and to suppress competition. The company has thirty days in which to answer the complaint.

Beacon Named D. & R.G.W. Receiver

DENVER, Col., Aug. 1.—Thomas H. Beacon, former Vice President of the Rock Island Railroad, today was appointed receiver of the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad by Federal Judge J. Foster Symes. Mr. Beacon succeeds Joseph H. Young, resigned.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	20¾	21¼
Adirondack Power & Light pf	97	
American Gas & Electric	34	35
American Gas & Electric pf	40¼	42
American Light & Traction	114	116
American Light & Traction pf	99	
American Power & Light	163	166
American Power & Light pf	81	83
American Public Utilities	90	
American Public Utilities pf	60	
Appalachian Power	29	30
Appalachian Power, new, pf	83	88
Arkansas Light & Power	23	27
Carolina Power & Light	63	66
Cities Service	131	133
Cities Service pf	64¾	65
Cities Service pf. B	6	6¼
Cities Service, bankers' shares	13	13¼
Colorado Power pf	103½	104½
Columbia Elec. & Power	106	
Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf	100	
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	92	
Commonwealth Power, Corp.	98	98
Commonwealth Pow. Ry. & Lt.	27	28¼
Consumers' Power pf	85	88
Connecticut Power pf	94	
Eastern Texas Electric	100	101
Eastern Texas Electric pf	81	84
El Paso Electric	122	126
Electric Bond & Share	96	97
Federal Light & Traction	68	70
Federal Light & Traction pf	67	70
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	86	91
General Gas & Elec. pf A	94	100
Galveston-Houston Electric	8	
Galveston-Houston Electric pf		45
Lehigh Power Sec.	20¼	20¾
Mississippi River Power	18	20
Mississippi River Power pf	82	85
National Power & Light	45½	50
National Power & Light pf	82	84½
Northern Ohio Electric	10	12
Northern Ohio Electric pf	24	26
Northern Ohio Traction	17	19½
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	63	65½
Northern States Power	09	96
Northern States Power pf	82	86½
Northern Texas Electric	68	70
Northern Texas Electric pf	71	75
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf	80	82
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	80¼	80½
Pennsylvania Edison pf	100	102
Puget Sound Power & Light	46	46
Puget Sound Power & Light 6% pf	80	82
Republic Railway & Light	14	14
Republic Railway & Light pf	48	50
Southern California Edison	109	109
Southern California Edison pf	113	116
Standard Gas & Electric	23¾	26¾
Standard Gas & Electric pf	47¾	50¾
Tampa Electric Power	140	143½
Tennessee Electric Power	11	12¼
Tennessee Electric Power 7% pf	89	90
Tennessee Electric Power 6% pf	77	78
Tennessee Electric Power 2d pf	41	45
United Light & Railway	138	140
United Light & Railway pf	78	81
Western Power	82	87
Western Power pf	70	73

BONDS

Adirondack P. & L. 5s, 1936	99	100¼
American Gas & Electric 5s, 2014	92	93
American Pow. & Lt. 6s	91½	93
Appalachian Pow. 1st 5s, 1941	87	85½
Cities Service deb 6s	97	
Cities Service deb C	85	
Cities Service deb D	88½	90¾
City Light & Traction 5s, 1952	65¾	67
Columbia Elec. & P. 5s, 1947	102	
Col. Power 1st 5s, 1953	86¼	86½
Connecticut Power 5s, 1965	87	87
Cons. Cities El. P. & Lt. 5s, 1962	60	60
East Texas Elec. 7s, 1942	90	
El Paso Electric 5s, 1932	90	93
Galveston-Houston 5s, 1954	90	94
General Gas & Electric 7s, 1953	98	99
Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1953	90	90
Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, 1951	92	92¾
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	91¾	93
Mississippi River Power 6s, 1996	100	102
Nebraska Power 1st 5s, 1947	93¼	93¾
N. Mexico Ry. & Ry. G. & E. 6s, '46	70	70
Northern States Power C, 1928	93¼	100
Northern Texas Elec. 5s, 1940	82	85
Puget Sound Pow. & Lt. 5s, 1949	70¾	70¾
Savannah Elec. & P. 5s, 1941	105	105
Seattle Electric 5s, 1929	93	96
So. California Edison 5s, 1951	93¼	97
So. California Edison 6s, 1944	100¾	101¾
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, 1926	85	86
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, 1935	87	89½
Tampa Electric 5s, 1952	78	80
Utah Light & Traction 5s, 1944	102	107
Western States G. & E. 5s, 1946	86	88

ATLANTA BROKERS QUIT.

Doremus, Daniels & Co. Say a General Depression is Coming.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 1.—Doremus, Daniels & Co., a stock brokerage firm with offices in Atlanta, Augusta, Savannah, Jacksonville and Birmingham, announced today that the concern would discontinue business. Frank Doremus, senior member, declared that the firm's finances were more than ample to pay off all outstanding obligations.

"We have decided to close out," Mr. Doremus said, "because of an anticipated depression in general business. Stocks of all descriptions are way off and I can see no prospects of an improvement. As soon as all accounts are liquidated we will close all our offices."

The firm holds memberships on the New York Cotton and Produce Exchanges, the Chicago Board of Trade and the New Orleans Cotton Exchange.

UNITED LIGHT SHOWS GAINS.

Earnings for June Indicate $70,000 Increase Over Last Year.

The United Light and Railways Company's report for June issued yesterday shows gross earnings, including subsidiaries, of $978,480, against $908,618 in June last year; net earnings, $308,180, against $264,584, and surplus available for depreciation, debt discount and common stock dividends, $240,688, against $54,506. In June, 1923, $22,725 was paid in dividends on the participating preferred stock. No such payment was made in June last year.

The Associated Gas and Electric Company's June report shows gross earnings of $259,845, against $154,169 the preceding June, and net income of $33,822, against $19,157.

FRANCE PAYS US $10,000,000

Semiannual Interest on Purchase of War Materials.

The French Government yesterday paid to the United States Government $10,000,000 as semiannual interest on an obligation assumed by France through the purchase from the War Department of this country of war materials left in France. Payment was made by J. P. Morgan & Co., representing France, to the Federal Reserve Bank of this district.

The semiannual interest of 2¼ per cent. applied solely to the war materials contract and had no connection with the government loans obtained by France during the World War.

New Jersey Zinc 1922 Net is $2,077,010.

The New Jersey Zinc Company, for the quarter ended June 30, 1923, reports total income of $2,117,010, after ordinary taxes, maintenance, depreciation and depletion reserves. This compares with $1,637,181 in the same period last year. After allowing for interest charges, there was reported net income of $2,077,010, against $1,596,645 last year.

Objection to Rail Receiver Ends.

The interests which have been opposing the appointment of W. H. Bremner, former President, as receiver of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Company will enter no objections when the case comes up in Minneapolis today, it was said yesterday. The plan to form another stockholders' committee is still under consideration.

North Texas Oil Deal Reported.

Reports were current in the financial district yesterday that American and foreign oil interests were negotiating a plan for development of a large tract of potential oil land in Northern Texas. Efforts to confirm the report, which originated in London, were unsuccessful in local oil trade circles.

Ohio Copper Production Report.

The Ohio Copper Company of Utah yesterday reported for the first six months of this year a copper production of 1,229,435 pounds and operating profits of $88,915. The average cost per pound, according to the report, was 7.28 cents, and the average price per pound realized was 15.33 cents.

CAR LOADINGS SET A NEW HIGH MARK

Total for Week of July 21 Is 1,028,927, Exceeding Previous Record 7,157.

MERCHANDISE SHOWS GAIN

Live Stock and Coal the Only Groups in Which Decreases Are Reported.

A new high record for car loadings was established for the week of July 21 with a total of 1,028,927, according to the figures made public yesterday by the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. This exceeds by 7,157 cars the previous record established the week of June 30. It is also the seventh week this year in which the total loadings have exceeded the million mark. Barring the weeks containing holidays million-car loadings have been maintained consistently for the last nine weeks.

This record makes the third time this year that the high mark of 1,018,539 cars established on Oct. 14, 1920, has been exceeded. Loadings for the week of July 21 also exceeded the corresponding week of last year by 183,379 cars, and the corresponding week of 1921 by 240,880 cars. Compared with the previous week of this year it was an increase of 9,269 cars.

Loadings of merchandise and miscellaneous products, which slumped during the first two weeks of July, increased 7,293, bringing the total for the week to 584,407 cars. Compared with the corresponding week of last year this was an increase of 28,065 cars, and with the corresponding week in 1921 it was an increase of 115,584 cars.

A comparison of the weekly loadings for the last four weeks with those of the last four years follows:

	1923	1922	1921	1920
June 30	1,021,770	863,745	774,808	691,691
July 7	854,748	707,025	639,606	796,191
July 14	1,019,658	840,548	787,815	845,383
July 21	1,028,927	835,546	700,348	668,418

Record loadings for the year 1922 were 1,014,480 cars loaded in the week of Oct. 28, while the highest loadings this year were made during the week of June 30, when 1,021,770 cars were loaded.

Divided into groups the loadings for the week of July 21 indicate increases in grain, forest products, ore loadings and coke, and decreases in live stock and coal, when compared with the report of the previous week.

Live stock loading totaled 32,454 cars; 872 under the preceding week, but an increase of 5,076 over the corresponding week of 1922, while coal loadings were 190,788 cars, a decrease of 3,043, when compared with the week before.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at auction at the salesroom, 14-16 Vesey Street, A. H. Muller & Sons, Auctioneers, yesterday:

For account of whom it may concern:

20 shares Great Neck Realty Co. common, $100 each, $830 lot.

$8,000 Hudson County Consumers' Brewing Co. 20-year renewal first mortgage 6 per cent. ten-year gold bonds due November, 1930; interest, May and November. 70 per cent.

500 shares Henry Lindenmeyr & Sons common, $100 each, $5 per share.

60 shares Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Co., $212 per share.

50 shares certificate of beneficial interest in certain assets formerly owned by Columbia Trust Co., $25.75 per share.

$7,000 Illinois Electric Power Co. first sinking fund 6 per cent. bonds, due 1943; interest, April and October. 91½ per cent.

$8,000 Lowell, Greene & Co., Inc., ten-year collateral trust sinking fund 7 per cent. notes, due 1933; interest, March and September. 94¼ per cent.

$4,000 Southeastern Gas and Electric Co. general 6 per cent. bonds, due 1957; interest, May and November. 77¼ per cent.

$3,000 Union Traction Co. of Indiana first general 6 per cent. bonds, due 1932; interest, January and July. 64¾ per cent.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-American Oil Co	14	14¾	13¾
Atlantic Refining Co	98	102	100
Atlantic Refining Co., pf	114	116	113
Borne-Scrymser Co	130	135	130
Buckeye Pipe Line Co	85	90	90
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. Cons	225	230	225
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. pf	109	113	108
Continental Oil Co	22	24	24½
Crescent Pipe Line Co	17¼	18	17½
Cumb. Pipe Line Co., Inc.	105	108½	100
Eureka Pipe Line Co	100	102	100
Galena-Signal Oil pf. old	110	112	110
Do. new	104	106	104
Do. com	59	61	57
Humble Oil & Ref. Co	30	31	30½
Illinois Pipe Line Co	136	138	136
Imperial Oil, Ltd	93½	94½	93
Indiana Pipe Line Co	96	97	96
International Petroleum Co	14¾	15	14¾
Magnolia Petroleum	130	134	130¾
National Transit Co	23½	24	23½
New York Transit Co	100	101	100
Northern Pipe Line Co	104	105	104
Ohio Oil Co	60¾	62	60
Penn. Mex. Fuel	15	16	15
Prairie Oil Co	174	175	170
Prairie Pipe Line Co	99¼	100	98¾
Solar Refining Co	175	182	175
Southern Pipe Line Co	84	87	84
South Penn Oil Co	104	105	104
Southwest Penn. Pipe Lines	77	83	77
Stand. Oil, California	47¾	48	47¾
Stand. Oil, Indiana	59¾	60¾	59¾
Stand. Oil, Kansas	40	42	39
Stand. Oil, Kentucky	87½	88	87
Stand. Oil, Nebraska	215	220	215
Stand. Oil, New Jersey	51½	51¾	50¾
Stand. Oil, N. Y. pf	117	117½	117
Stand. Oil, New York	37	37¼	36¼
Stand. Oil, Ohio	350	360	375
Stand. Oil, Ohio, pf	115	118	115
Swan & Finch Co	28	30	32
Tidewater Oil Co	97	100½	95
Union Tank Car Co	97	98	100
Union Tank Car Co., pf	105	106½	104
Vacuum Oil Co	40¾	41¼	40¾
Washington Oil Co	32	33	33

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
Amalgamated Leather	16	17	14
Do pf	57	60	60
American Type Founders	71	73	71
Do pf	99	100	99
Archer Daniels Midland	25	26	20
Do pf	90	92	92
Babcock & Wilcox	100	103	102
C. F. Bline	19	21	20
Borden	116	118	118
Campbell Soup pf	105	107	103
Celluloid Corp	100	111	85
Do pf	105	111	103
Chiles Co	134	136	134
Do pf	100	107	107
Consolcum Co	317	320	315
Do pf	99	100	98
Cushman Sons	40	42	40
Do 7% pf	97	101	97
Gillette Safety Razor	243	247	240
Hercules	100	100	100
Do pf	103	104	105
Do pf.	121	122	122
Ingersoll-Rand	105	107	
Do pf	97	98	97
Merck pf	77	82	77
Munsingwear, Inc	34¼	35¼	35¼
New Jersey Zinc	147	151	148
Nipissing Mines	30	33	30
Royal Baking Powder	123	130	122
Safety C. H. & L	84	86	
Scovill Mfg. Co., new	154	160	154
Singer Mfg. Co	113	113	110
Standard Screw Co	160		160
United Bakeries Corp	23	27½	
Victor Talking Machine	153	155	153
Yale & Towne	63	64	62

*Ex dividend.

COMPARATIVE TABLE NEW YORK CITY BANKS

FROM JUNE 30, 1922, TO JUNE 30, 1923

Compiled for THE NEW YORK TIMES by Park & Walbridge, 14 Wall St.

Name.	Capital.	Surplus and Undivided Profits. June 30 '23.	Surplus and Undivided Profits. June 30 '22.	Deposits. June 30 '23.	Deposits. June 30 '22.	Book Value. June 30 '23.	Book Value. June 30 '22.	Bid. June 30 '23.	Asked. June 30 '23.	Dividends. Aug. 1 '23.	Bid. Asked. Aug. 1 '23.
America	$5,000,000	$4,453,900	$3,623,100	$22,902,300	$116,529,600	183	243	207	210	12 Q-J	225 255
American Ex. Nat.	5,000,000	7,783,400	7,450,000	141,746,000	141,746,000	255	275	275		15 Q-J	255
American Union	200,000	118,700	94,300	2,153,200	1,861,200	159	147				
Battery Park	1,500,000	1,108,900	1,190,000	9,277,800	10,813,500	174	179	150	157	6 J-J	185 190
Broadway Central	200,000	115,500	104,900	3,586,600	3,400,300	158	153	140	150		120 140
Baltic States	200,000	84,600	64,800	1,159,200	704,300	117	132				
Bronx Borough	150,000	368,400	289,600	5,101,300	4,706,700	342	280	225			
Bank of Europe	450,000	392,100	288,900	7,198,800	7,085,000	187	163				
Bowery	250,000	600,000	534,000	5,086,300	5,215,700	400	356	430	450	(1) 32 Q-J	440
Bryant Park	200,000	220,500	196,300	2,202,000	2,344,200	210	196	145	155	6 J-J	160 170
Bank of U. S	2,000,000	752,200	652,900	44,681,000	57,372,100	138	132	160	170		160 170
Bronx National	500,000	98,700	84,700	4,094,300	3,435,600	149	127	140	150	10 J-J	130 150
Butchers & Drovers	500,000	141,600	171,700	3,837,200	4,558,800	128	134	130	135	8 Q-J	130 140
Capitol National	2,000,000	685,300	342,500	10,807,300	2,704,500	154	128				
Central Mercantile	200,000	85,700	90,200	5,430,000	2,662,600	143	145	195	205	(2) 5 J-J	
Chase	(4) 20,000,000	22,991,200	21,503,700	386,896,900	423,536,500	215	208	317	322	(12) 20 Q-J	240 245
Chatham & Phenix	10,500,000	9,275,900	9,965,800	156,608,000	154,202,800	168	164	265	270	16 Q-J	267 268
Chelsea Exchange	1,000,000	150,900	178,300	10,816,700	7,631,000	115	118	68	78		70
Chemical	3,500,000	16,467,200	15,067,200	121,948,800	144,762,200	468	482	506	515	24 Bi-Mo-J	525 535
City	(6) 50,000,000	51,326,500	49,786,300	1540,583,700	647,058,500	229	224	329	353	(15) 20 Q-J	340 350
Coal & Iron	1,500,000	1,267,200	1,811,000	16,008,500	14,343,800	184	187	190	200	12 Q-J	215 225
Colonial	500,000	2,027,700	1,715,300	21,318,700	19,039,200	362	314	300		(15) 12 Q-J	313
Columbia	2,000,000	3,020,200	1,906,200	29,178,500	20,151,700	190	160	190	200	(10) 12 Q-J	300
Commerce	25,000,000	38,374,300	36,953,800	344,780,700	448,217,300	253	246	263	266	(10) 12 Q-J	268 291
Commonwealth	(4) 600,000	979,700	884,100	10,224,500	9,171,400	263	221	215	225	10 J-J	233 245
Corn Exchange	(2) 9,075,000	12,868,800	11,147,100	191,880,000	211,900,000	236	232	415	422	20 Q-F	430 435
Continental	1,000,000	954,700	887,700	5,280,000	13,026,400	195	188	130	145	8 F-A	135
Cosmopolitan	200,000	87,100	83,600	4,023,800	3,546,100	143	142	75	85		105 120
East River	1,000,000	903,800	778,900	18,118,600	16,106,800	180	178	170		12 J-J	200 210
Franklin National	774,700	357,400		1,206,600		180					
Fifth Avenue	500,000	3,488,100	2,273,400	21,488,900	22,614,900	568	555	1000		(1) 44 Q-J	1200
Fifth National	1,200,000	1,097,700	973,600	11,218,900	15,068,700	191	181	160	170	8 Q-J	220 240
First National	10,000,000	35,318,200	43,993,300	268,801,500	295,102,400	633	597	1070		(15) 40 Q-J	1260
Gotham	1,000,000	1,500,700	1,500,000	16,032,500	17,702,800	165	167	180	185	(10) 12 Q-J	190
Garfield	1,000,000	1,627,400	1,575,000	16,128,900	15,965,000	262	257	230	240	(15) 12 Q-M	260 270
Greenwich	1,000,000	2,347,600	2,027,600	19,022,500	20,218,700	325	303	250	260	(20) 12 Q-J	250 310
Hamilton National	1,000,000	264,000		2,701,700		136					
Harriman	1,000,000	1,797,900	1,547,500	25,107,700	24,005,000	229	205	285	295	(10) 10 J-J	295 345
Hanover	5,000,000	21,394,400	20,160,600	149,794,000	181,270,000	528	505	615	24 Q-J	675 685	
Lebanon National	250,000	57,300		718,300		128					
Mech. & Metals	10,000,000	16,843,200	17,326,500	186,348,000	227,200,000	258	273	498		(12) 20 Q-J	557 802
Mutual	(2) 800,000	598,200	528,100	12,668,200	12,483,500	220	518	500		(20) 12 Q-M	525
Manhattan	(1) 10,000,000	13,140,600	17,217,800	192,568,600	198,444,700	231	223	255	265	8 Q-J	145 150
National American	1,000,000	525,800	511,900	3,679,400	3,129,300	153	152	150	160		130 145
New Netherlands	600,000	482,500	483,900	8,774,900	7,626,800	181	181	132	135	9 Q-J	150
Park	10,000,000	23,444,700	22,230,000	185,068,000	190,273,000	234	233	425	432	24 Q-J	417 425
Pacific	1,000,000	1,748,600	1,718,200	27,382,800	27,382,800	276	271	300		16 Q-F	300
People's Commerc'l	100,000	96,200	96,200	2,160,400	1,538,000	156	156				
Public	(2) 3,500,000	5,864,200	4,819,200	85,824,700	74,182,800	253	246	250	260	16 Q-J	250 254
Seaboard	4,000,000	7,174,300	6,768,500	89,812,900	93,785,000	270	260	285	295	12 J-J	280
Seventh Av. Nat.	(2) 400,000	29,500	19,200	2,434,300	1,716,600	107	103				55 65
State	2,000,000	4,735,600	4,381,400	59,806,300	82,354,000	259	271	290	300	16 Q-J	320
Standard	(12) 200,000	80,400	147,700	3,413,300	2,468,000	130	148	230	280	8 Q-J	175 180
Twenty-third Ward	250,000	274,300	263,600	1,067,900	3,385,300	210	206	150	270	(20) 10 F-A	250
Washington Heights	200,000	315,600	315,600	2,177,100	2,441,500	258	258			20 J-D	303
Yorkville	500,000	1,098,200	963,000	25,014,300	20,170,800	453	398	425		30 J-D	400

(1) Capital increased from $1,346,000.
(2) Figures do not include Chase Sec. Co.
(3) Figures do not include Nat. City Co.
(4) Capital increased from $25,000,000.
(5) Capital increased from $8,250,000.
(6) Capital increased from $200,000.
(7) Capital increased from $3,000,000.
(8) Capital increased from $5,000,000.
(9) Name changed from Progress.
(10) Capital increased from $100,000.
(11) Includes extras.
(12) 5% extra, December, 1922.
(13) Includes dividends Chase Sec. Co.
(14) Includes dividends Nat. City Co.
(15) 2% extra, January, 1923.
(16) 5% extra, January, 1923.
(17) 4% extra, January, 1923.
(18) 10% extra, January, 1923.
(19) 6% extra, January, 1923.
(20) 1% extra, January, 1923.
(21) 4% extra, January, 1923.
(22) 2% extra, January and July, 1923.
(23) 5% extra, January, 1923.
(24) 3% extra, January, 1923.

TRUST COMPANIES

Name.	Capital.	Surplus and Undivided Profits. June 30 '23.	Surplus and Undivided Profits. June 30 '22.	Deposits. June 30 '23.	Deposits. June 30 '22.	Book Value. June 30 '23.	Book Value. June 30 '22.	Bid. June 30 '23.	Asked. June 30 '23.	Dividends. Aug. 1 '23.	Bid. Asked. Aug. 1 '23.
American	(2) $2,000,000	$1,130,300	$763,300	$34,294,800	$22,500,500	157	151			6	
Bk. of N.Y. Tr. Co.	(b) 4,000,000	12,017,200		91,654,300		400				20 Q-J	465 472
Bankers	10,000,000	34,135,600	24,003,800	181,254,400	216,220,600	316	257	265		20 Q-J	272 278
Brooklyn	1,000,000	3,340,000	3,022,000	42,985,100	26,738,400	347	320			24 Q-J	360
Central Union	12,500,000	21,588,000	18,945,200	267,047,200	254,451,000	272	253	375	380	24 Q-J	463 475
Commercial	1,000,000	346,200	330,000	11,462,700	8,576,200	134	133	100	110	10 J-J	115
Equitable	(c) 25,000,000	9,501,200	10,302,700	301,213,500	240,224,000	140	172	260	265	12 Q-J	198
Empire	2,000,000	3,042,800	2,311,800	50,831,500	34,505,500	202	202	295	305	15 Q-J	305 315
Farmers' Ln. & T.	5,000,000	15,999,900	14,624,700	129,985,500	137,264,400	419	392	440	445	24 Q-J	522
Fidelity Internat'l	2,000,000	1,154,900	1,758,200	22,402,200	21,179,300	184	215	205	210	10 Q-J	195 205
Fulton	500,000	772,700	716,000	9,447,500	9,533,900	264	248	245	255	10 J-J	240
Guaranty	25,000,000	18,399,100	19,400,100	483,561,400	587,045,500	173	170	215	217	12 Q-J	252 255
Hudson	(4) 500,000	1,250,500	994,700	9,266,900	6,551,200	229	230	170	180	10 Q-J	205 215
Irv. Tr. & Col. Tr.	(a) 17,500,000	10,675,000		139,246,000		120				10 Q-J	117
Kings County	500,000	3,645,900	3,146,200	30,476,700	27,022,000	628	720	700		40 Q-F	900
Lawyers Title & T.	(f) 5,000,000	6,306,900	5,440,800	19,440,900	19,268,700	190	201	125		8 Q-J	160 170
Metropolitan	2,000,000	1,727,600	1,554,200	23,707,700	23,582,700	183	183	200	250	16 Q-J	215 300
Manufacturers	(g) 7,000,000	8,206,400	7,824,100	62,641,600	65,110,700	264	261	190		12 Q-J	300
Midwood	200,000	324,400	288,800	2,039,100	1,735,700	195	158			10 J-D	
New York	10,000,000	27,703,400	17,073,800	179,880,300	216,110,200	277	271	540	545	20 Q-J	535 545
Sanitas	1,000,000	2,971,000	2,576,100	31,192,300	36,526,900	296	281	525		20 Q-J	405 415
Title Guar. & Tr.	(h) 10,000,000	12,736,900	12,794,400	42,534,900	42,736,900	227	284	288	293	12 Q-J	292
U.S. Mtg. & Tr. Co.	3,000,000	4,251,400	4,140,800	56,872,800	54,490,900	242	237	305	315	16 Q-J	305 315
United States	10,000,000	12,628,800	16,081,800	55,885,700	61,941,900	1000				50 Q-J	1295 1325

(a) Capital increased from $1,500,000.
(b) Combination of Bank of N.Y., N.B.A. and N.Y. Life Ins. & Tr. Co.
(c) Capital increased from $12,000,000.
(d) Capital increased from $500,000.
(e) Combination of Irving Bank and Columbia Trust Company.
(f) Capital increased from $4,000,000.
(g) Capital increased from $2,500,000.
(h) Capital increased from $7,500,000.

STATEN ISLAND LIGHT PLANS

Pardee Tells of New Financing for Power and Rail Properties.

The following statement was issued yesterday by J. H. Pardee, President of the J. G. White Management Corporation, which has taken over the administration of the lighting, power and railway properties of Staten Island, which were taken out of the hands of the receiver on Tuesday.

"The earnings of the properties, which had been increasing, were not sufficient to furnish all the funds necessary for development purposes and to meet the current obligations. The properties are perfectly solvent and have never failed to earn and pay interest on outstanding bonds. Now that these properties are to be adequately financed by the Staten Island Edison Company, the outlook for the future is very bright. The development of light and power has been very great, and it is expected that the company will be able to furnish adequate service for all demands."

NEW YORK CURB E

ORDERS FOR STEEL GROW IN VOLUME

Consumers Regard Present Prices as Conservative and Stable Basis.

EFFECT OF A SHORTER DAY

Elimination of 12-Hour Standard Expected to Add to Production Cost.

Confidence in the outlook for the iron and steel industry is being restored, according to the weekly trade reports. There has been noticeable improvement in the past week and the broadened buying volume of the previous weeks has been sustained. According to the Iron Trade Review consumers appear inclined to accept present prices as a stable basis for conservative trading and put less faith in expectations of reductions. Much of this change of feeling, it is added, is attributive to increased costs of production certain to result from the movement toward elimination of the twelve-hour day. Apparently this agitation, it is said, is tending to stabilize the present market. The Iron Age takes a more conservative view of the outlook. This paper says:

"Prices for finished steel continue to mark the diverse influences affecting pig iron and rolled products. Deliveries can be made in shorter times, but replacement orders are more numerous and the marked infrequency of suspensions and cancellations testifies to the large volume of consumption, in spite of the moderate slowing down in production. It is still true that the test of prices is yet to come.

"Pittsburg mills have found plates, strips and tin plate the lines in which order books have held up best of late. The Pacific Coast and Hawaii will require food containers beyond early estimates. Specifications for cotton ties indicate an increase over the early season estimates of requirements.

"The oil industry has contributed largely to the week's business. Sixty tanks bought for the Sinclair Company will take 18,000 tons of steel and those for three other companies 3,350 tons. A Pittsburg independent pipe maker will supply twenty-five miles of 6-inch pipe in Louisiana for the Atlantic Refining Company.

"In connection with business expected to be placed shortly, The Iron Trade Review says:

"Preliminary estimates place steel requirements for the new Cleveland Union station at 75,000 tons. A 10,000-ton bridge at Perth Amboy, N. J., and 20,000 for the Philadelphia-Camden bridge are pending. New York this month will buy 18,000 tons of cast iron pipe and up-State cities 10,000 tons. Los Angeles is taking bids on 8,000 and 10,000 and Cleveland on 7,000 tons. July fore shipments take the Superior district close to the high record, totaling 10,200,000 tons. The highest month on record was July, 1918, with 10,659,000 tons."

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 1.—Fifty-eight new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $6,241,000, were chartered today. They include:

Marden Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; G. Galiani, T. Michaels, F. Lynch. (Attorneys: Kramer, Bourke & Galgano, 130 West 44th St.)

Aero Co., Manhattan, make hosiery and underwear, $50,000; A. M. Raubitschek, P. Cohen. (Attorney, D. Cohen, 132 West 90th St.)

C & V Bakery and Restaurant, Manhattan, $10,000; S. Cooper, W. Trachtenberg. (Attorney, W. Schwartz, 233 Broadway.)

Nicholas Manhattan, confections, $10,000; W. C. Mepperis, C. A. and W. L. Birchfield. (Attorney, H. J. Griston, 217 Broadway.)

George Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $25,000; L. Lipsch, B. Jaffe, J. Rosenzweig. (Attorney, S. Fiserhut, 200 Broadway.)

Lubin Bros. & Schwalb, Manhattan, make dresses, $15,000; H. and P. Lucks, J. Schwalb. (Attorney, H. J. Block, 277 Broadway.)

Esther Hosen, Manhattan, embroidery business, $10,000; A. Podell, J. F. Sullivan, J. Cooper. (Attorney, M. Rothman, 51 Chambers St.)

Hayden Pulp & Paper Co., Manhattan, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital $50,000. D. J. Hoffman, J. G. T. Lang. (Attorney, L. B. Wehle, 111 Broadway.)

Vosse & Stern, Manhattan, laces and embroideries, 10,000 shares preferred stock, $100; 10,000 common, no par value; active capital, $850,000; P. and E. and M. Voss. (Attorneys, Davidson, Moses & Richter, 200 Broadway.)

Park Row Realty Co., Bronx, $20,000; B. and F. Ezrail, A. Williams. (Attorney, D. B. Geis, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Bay-Signal Corp., Manhattan, electrical devices, $600,000; V. Taylor, J. F. Hughes, J. McCormack. (Attorney, H. H. Meyer, 31 Park Row.)

Fisher & Baker Construction Co., Bronx, $10,000; W. A. Fishaber, F. Baker, W. Fisher. (Attorney, A. H. Meyer, White Plains.)

Standard Organization Corp., Rochester, $50,000; J. Scaccarella, E. A. Cummings, J. Mahaman. (Attorneys, Alphonse Hart, Rochester.)

Bailey Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Stolat, S. Medvin, W. H. Oakes. (Attorney, J. Rosenbaum, 128 Broadway.)

Motor Parts Co., Bronx, $10,000; L. Brent, M. and G. Paine, P. Starr. (Attorney, P. Starr, 61 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Lorimer Shoe Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Miller, W. Berekson, R. Gran. (Attorney, J. E. Rosen, 435 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn).

Improved Order of Redmen's Building Association, Rochester, realty, $100,000; G. V. Vinton, G. H. Brownyard, C. E. Lanning. (Attorney R. E. Westbury, Rochester.)

Philmin Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $25,000; P. L. and M. Jacobson, A. Block. (Attorney, O. W. Muehlbrink, 47 West 42d St.)

Tendler & Sons, Realty Co., Brooklyn, $20,000; L. and S. Tendler, M. Feigelson. (Attorney, I. Wollfson, 160 Nassau St.)

Caledonia Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; M. See, L. Seligson, I. Sobel. (Attorneys, Littau & Seligson, 277 Broadway.)

Main-Greenwood Realty, Buffalo, $75,000; H. Harriton, N. H. Satuloff, S. J. Holender. (Attorneys, Molander & Holender, Buffalo.)

Vandecar Hardware Co., Albany, make iron and metal piping, $100,000; O. C. Vandecar, J. V. Harmon. (Attorney, E. N. Scheiberling, Albany.)

Joseph Koplowitz & Co., Brooklyn, commission merchants in dairy products, $25,000; S. Slonim, A. Kellerman, H. Norman. (Attorney, I. J. Steinberg, 1,476 Broadway.)

Robert Realty Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; L. and D. D. Petchesky, R. Z. Goldstein. (Attorney, N. L. Goldstein, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Sarah Children's Shop, Manhattan, $5,000; L. and M. and J. Stats. (Attorney, H. Koch, L. I. City.)

Staple Fixture Corp., Manhattan, cabinet work and interior decorators, $5,000; F. E. Gerry, E. B. Darrow, J. M. Morrill. (Attorneys, Dawson, Waugh & Dawson, 38 West 44th St.)

Hickory Grove Coal Mining Corp., Rochester, $1,000 shares preferred stock 100 each, 1,000 common no par value; active capital, $20,000; W. O. Boswell, J. M. Floesch, L. B. Fitch. (Attorney, E. B. Millard, Rochester.)

Gabriel Berlenbach, builders, Brooklyn, realty, $25,000; G. and F. G. and M. Berlenbach. (Attorney, H. Bonawitz, 375 Fulton St., Brooklyn.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Sterlip Press, Manhattan, $25,000 to $55,000.

Paramount Amusement Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.

Economical Realty Corp., Rochester, $10,000 to $50,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Perkins-Goodwin Co., Manhattan, $1,500,000 to $1,200,900.

H. Herrmann Furniture Co., Manhattan, $300,000 to $202,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Rosenberg & Smith, Manhattan, to J. Rosenberg & Co.

Sears, Burner Corp., N. J., to W. N. Best Corp.

Pung Chow Co., Manhattan, to Oriental Games.

Taubel-Scott-Kitzmiller Co., N. J., to Taubel-Scott Co.

Campbell, Tilton & Newmark, Manhattan, to Campbell, Katz & Newmark.

Reich & Ross, Manhattan, to Ross & Ross.

MERGERS.

American Contracting Publishing Co., Manhattan, with F. W. Dodge Corp.

Architectural Record Co., Manhattan, with F. W. Dodge Corp.

Record & Guide Co., Manhattan, with F. W. Dodge Corp.

DESIGNATIONS.

Lehigh Corp., N. J. (C. J. Langley, 25 West 43d St.).

K. B. Pulverizer Corp., N. J., 40,000 shares common stock, no par value. (J. K. Blum, 92 Lafayette St.).

Elliott Ticket Co., Pa. (E. Elliott, 101 Varick St.).

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Mayflower Photoplay Corp., Mass.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Montague Floor, Manhattan.

Hakalist Realty Corp., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Aug. 1.—Charters filed today:

Maxndian Petroleum Corp., New York, $5,000,000. (Registrar and Transfer Co.)

American Music Corp., Wilmington, automatic coin-operated phonographs, $1,200,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Affiliated Stocks Corp., Wilmington, $1,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Community Home Builders, Wilmington, $750,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Alaska Coast Coal Co., Dover; mining, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Hohnisehen Manufacturing Corp., Wilmington, $200,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Equity Freight Rates Corp., New York; printers and publishers, $500,000. (Registrar and Transfer Co.)

Champion Motors, Philadelphia, $400,000. (Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co.)

Blue Diamond Co. of Atlanta, Philadelphia, Pa., manufacturers of roofing slate, $250,000. (Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co.)

United States Packing Co., Wilmington, $200,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Barrett Press Corp., Dover, $100,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Switzer & Co., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $100,000. (Delaware Charter Co.)

American Steel Window Co., manufacture, $100,000. Walter F. Smith, A. J. Heafey, George H. Burris, Wilmington. (Charles G. Guyer, Wilmington.)

Gifford Laboratories, druggists, $50,000; Morris Bloomfield, Dora Bloomfield, Joseph J. Cohen, Philadelphia. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

American Music Sales Co., Wilmington, deal in phonographs, $20,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Care Publishing Co., $50,000; Thos. Rochester, Raymond Rossiter, Mary Rossiter, Helen Rossiter. (Registrar and Transfer Co., Wilmington.)

W. Newton Jeffries, Wilmington, manufacture spikes, die plates, $10,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Wilmington Dyeing Co., Wilmington, shoddy grades, $10,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

PIG IRON OUTPUT HAS SHARP DROP

Returns Show Daily Production in July 3,547 Tons Less Than in June.

A sharp curtailment in production of pig iron is apparent from the July statistics gathered by The Iron Age. More furnaces are scheduled for blowing out in August.

On returns from all but seven of 322 blast furnaces the total iron output for July was 3,679,510 tons, or 118,708 tons a day, against 122,250 tons a day for June.

Buying of pig iron in the East has been active, especially in the Philadelphia district, where the estimated sales of foundry iron for July were 125,000 tons. The Pittsburgh market also shows greater activity, and for the most part price recessions seem to have been checked, but quotations are down 50 cents at Chicago, and in the South $24 has become the ruling price. A round tonnage of basic has been sold by a middleman on a $24 basis, Youngstown, but furnaces are still holding this grade at $25. The Iron Age pig iron composite price is now $25.50, compared to $25.63 last week. Eleven weeks of the past twelve have shown a decline, the figure now being $5.41 below that of early May.

Monthly output during the last three years compares as follows, in tons:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
July	3,679,910	2,400,945	864,553
June	3,668,412	2,361,028	1,061,823
May	3,867,694	2,806,979	1,221,221
April	3,540,736	2,673,114	1,198,041
March	3,523,866	2,935,920	1,596,522
February	3,094,187	1,629,991	1,037,267
January	3,239,604	1,644,951	2,416,202
	1923.	1922.	1920.
December	3,066,808	1,649,086	2,703,655
November	2,849,708	1,415,481	2,084,908
October	2,687,844	1,246,676	3,222,597
September	3,033,720	985,520	3,128,823
August	3,396,170	954,196	3,147,402

Average daily output during July makes the following comparison with preceding months, in tons:

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
July	118,706	77,421	27,889	98,987
June	122,290	79,701	35,494	101,461
May	124,794	74,400	39,394	96,418
April	118,024	89,070	39,968	91,827
March	113,673	65,675	51,468	106,900
February	106,935	58,214	69,167	102,720
January	104,181	53,063	77,845	97,364
	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
December	99,571	53,196	87,222	84,944
November	94,990	47,183	97,830	79,754
October	85,092	40,215	106,213	60,115
September	77,701	32,850	104,107	62,982
August	56,586	30,780	101,529	88,496

The May production was the largest on record. As against that month's daily average of 124,764 tons, the highest in wartime was 113,942, in September, 1918; the highest since the war until last March, 108,900, in March, 1920; the smallest since the war 27,889, in July, 1921.

Wool Clip 228,031,000 Pounds.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The United States wool clip this year is 288,031,000 pounds; the Department of Agriculture announced today in its preliminary estimate. The clip was 220,155,000 pounds last year, 228,002,000 pounds in 1921, 235,005,000 pounds in 1920 and 249,958,000 in 1919.

Sears, Roebuck & Co. Sales Gain.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—July sales of Sears, Roebuck & Co. were $14,060,939, an increase of 22.16 per cent. over July, 1922. July's business was somewhat larger than June's although usually there is a seasonal recession in mid-Summer. July sales of Montgomery Ward & Co. were $7,491,908, an increase of 46.61 per cent. over July, 1922.

COTTON RUSHES UP ON LOW U.S. FIGURES

Government's Estimate of Condition of 67.2 a Complete Surprise to Trade.

The Department of Agriculture furnished the cotton market with a surprise yesterday, thus repeating its performance of last year and the year before. Though all private reports had shown an improvement in the crop during July, Washington placed the condition at 67.2 compared with 69.9 on June 25. This was not only a loss for the month, but brought figures below last August with its 70.8. The indicated yield was placed at 11,516,000 bales, which compared with 11,412,000 last month and 11,449,000 last year. The showing proved so entirely out of line with accepted ideas of recent progress that a wild market resulted. Prices rose over a cent and a quarter in four minutes. October sold from 21.10 just as the report was issued to about 22 1/4c, with tens of thousands of bales, October and December, changing hands above 22 1/4c. Professional operators began to supply contracts on this advance, halting the rise and quieting excitement. Prices worked back 30 to 40 points as the afternoon progressed, but encountered such liberal buying orders on a basis of 22c that covering was resumed the last hour. Local traders took back cotton and closed the list at an advance of 123 to 138 points on the day.

Early trading brought further covering following the similiar movement in progress since the opening on Saturday last week. But this caused nothing more than temporary rallies and an erratic series of price changes. Liverpool was evidently influenced by adverse political and financial developments on the Continent, for at one time quotations there receded into new low ground for the season. This left New York under pressure and an early dip in the stock market kept sentiment against the buying side. Some hedge selling in January and March supplied contracts so that prices for those months remained under 21 cents throughout the morning. The weekly weather report again mentioned weevil damage more prominently for the first time this season. Growth has now reached the stage where the question of insect damage will receive an increasing degree of attention.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Oct.	21.25	22.50	21.07	22.41@22.43	21.16
Dec.	21.02	22.43	20.92	22.33@22.39	21.02
Jan.	20.89	22.18	20.73	22.15	20.77
March	20.90	22.30	20.80	22.15@22.23	20.85
May	20.85	22.28	20.77	22.10@22.15	20.81

The local market for spot cotton was steady at 23.65, 120 points advance, for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 23.15, 125 points advance; New Orleans, 22.75, 75 points advance; Norfolk, 22.65, 110 points advance; Augusta, 23.25, 137 points advance; Memphis, 22.75, 25 points advance; Houston, 22.90, 115 points advance; Little Rock, 23.50, 75 points advance.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester-day	Last Week	Last Year
Port receipts	1,404	4,053	2,520
Exports	377	650	2,521
Exports, season	377	4,755,948	6,599,636
New York stocks	45,729	60,488	142,625
Ports stocks	185,879	236,102	446,500
New York arrivals		1,655	134

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, more demand, 32 points decline, 13.25d for middling. Sales, 5,000; American, 3,000. Imports, 7,000. Futures opened steady, 9 to 10 points decline. Closed steady, 25 to 31 points advance. Prices, October, 12:30d; December, 12.05d; January, 12.00d; March, 11.94d; May, 11.88d.

Manchester: Yarns and cloths quiet.

HOGS FEWER AND PRICES UP

Reports of Shortage in Germany Lifts Lard Values, Too.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Unexpectedly light receipts of hogs here and in the West advanced prices 10 and 20 cents, to a top of $7.90. Most killing classes of cattle were up 10 to 25 cents.

Fat lambs were strong to 15 cents higher, with top Westerns $13.

Press cables reporting a shortage of fats in Germany and Holland responsible for an upturn of 40 to 42 1/2 cents in lard.

Monthly report on lard stocks showed a gain of 11,000,000 pounds with a total of 57,343,000 pounds contract against 72,733,000 pounds last year.

Receiver for Well Machinery Co.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 1.—Upon application of creditors, Judge Garvin yesterday appointed receivers for the Lucey Manufacturing Company, makers of well machinery. Captain J. F. Lucey, founder of the firm, and D. L. Grayson were named receivers. It is understood financial difficulties of Lucey plants in other cities caused the move. The firm recently announced a contract for $1,000,000 of oil well machinery to be used by the Barnsdall Corporation in Russia.

EARNINGS.

RAILROADS.

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie—

	1923.	1922.	Increase.
June gross	$4,318,127	$4,204,531	$3,281,158
Bal. af. tax	903,673	891,135	*103,704
Net. op. inc.	954,189	544,325	*178,926
6 mos. gross	23,052,401	19,254,405	19,417,742
Bal. aft. tax	2,966,946	*201,052	*2,818,787
Net. op. inc.	2,949,636	510,322	*2,886,602

*Deficit.

Pennsylvania System—

	1923.	1922.	1921.
June gross	$69,330,977	$55,367,758	$57,184,018
Bal. aft. tax	10,061,514	7,651,956	6,863,537
Net. op. inc.	8,392,512	6,447,868	5,228,810
6 mos. gross	380,428,216	316,679,263	322,884,036
Bal. aft. tax	51,154,663	48,483,139	16,416,192
Net. op. inc.	42,368,706	42,750,287	9,653,808

*Deficit.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

Consumers Power Co.—

	1923.	1922.	Changes. Increase.
June gross	$1,301,990	$1,121,118	$180,872
Bal. af. chgs.	397,041	294,969	102,071
6 mos. gross	6,112,902	5,358,028	1,345,736
Bal. af. chgs.	2,734,200	2,165,481	568,891

Northern Ohio Electric Co.—

	1923.	1922.	Changes. Increase.
June gross	$859,532	$706,618	$84,914
Bal. af. chgs.	$1,749	8,508	*3,241
6 mos. gross	5,281,111	4,496,489	784,622
Bal. af. chgs.	581,624	294,752	86,891

Third Avenue Railway System—

	1923.	1922.	1921.
June gross	$1,280,106	$1,247,120	$1,225,495
Net. aft. tax	288,049	363,481	349,734
†Sur. af. chgs.	80,857	62,018	*35,256
12 mos. gross	14,924,178	14,341,024	18,402,331
Net. aft. tax	2,720,575	2,827,416	1,562,201
†Sur. af. chgs.	810,203	507,474	*376,811

†After allowing full interest on adjustment income 5 per cent. bonds.

*Deficit.

United Light & Railways—

	1923.	1922.	Changes. Increase.
June gross	$823,488	$803,817	$69,671
*Bal. af. chgs.	329,588	305,223	24,365
12 mos. gross	12,402,340	11,243,612	1,158,838
*Bal. af. chgs.	3,098,512	1,540,817	557,695

*Before depreciation.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sears, Roebuck & Co.—

	Sales.	1923.	Increase.
July	$14,060,939	$12,244,961	$2,715,978
7 months	121,138,109	94,748,188	26,990,910

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$7.75	$8.00	$7.75	$8.00
Quicksilver	71.00		67.00	
Aluminum	24.00	27.00	24.00	27.00
Iron, 2X silicon	37.25		37.25	

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 14½ on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	63	15	0	63	5	0
Copper, futures	63	12	6	63	0	0
Tin, spot	188	15	0	190	15	0
Tin futures	184	15	0	188	10	0
Spelter, spot	31	7	6	31	15	0
Spelter, futures	31	7	6	31	10	0
Lead, spot	24	5	0	24	5	0
Lead, futures	24	5	0	24	5	0

PRICES OF WHEAT CONTINUE TO RISE

Weather Conditions and Lack of Selling Send September Close to 99 Cents.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Further unfavorable crop reports from both sides of the international line, low temperatures, with snow in Western Canada and an absolute lack of aggressive selling combined to lift the wheat market out of the rut and advanced prices 1@1 1/4 cents for the day. At the high point September touched 99¾ cents, or 2¾ cents over the low of Monday, and the market taken as a whole has been showing stubborn resistance to pressure.

The farmer shows little evidence of selling freely, and there was aggressive buying of September by Bartlett-Frazer, which absorbed the surplus in "The Pit," and the advance was easily attained. The Bartlett house, turned to the bull side, say that the underlying conditions are becoming stronger daily.

The average of the Snow & Murray reports suggested a total crop for this country of 936,000,000 bushels, or 13,000,000 less than the Government July figures, and compares with 862,000,000 harvested last year, the total supply for the season, including carry-over, on this basis being 909,000,000 bushels, against 942,000,000 last year.

Owing to the fact that the largest reduction this year in the Central West is in States that furnish the bulk of the grain that goes for export, after allowance is made for the durum in the Northwest and for the intermountain and Pacific Coast grain, the territory east of the Rockies has but a small amount of Winter that can be spared over and above actual requirements, while there is no bread Spring wheat that can be spared. Statistically, durum and Far Western wheats aggregate close to 200,000,000 bushels of the estimated surplus of the country.

Pacific Coast mills are estimated to have around 1,000,000 barrels of flour sold for export to the Orient at the present time, the largest amount on the books at this season on record. Export demand continues slow, with 250,000 bushels estimated sold in all positions. Buffalo mills were good buyers of spot hard Winter wheat, and the basis was firmer as compared with September for the No. 2 grade.

Contract grades of cash corn in the sample market sold at 0¾@1 1/4 cents over September and gave shorts in that delivery a chill, the close being 1¾ cents higher for the day, with a lack of aggressive selling. Rains in parts of Iowa and Nebraska may start farmers in the former State selling old corn more freely. Iowa offered corn here during the day, whereas of late it has been going Southwest.

Deferred deliveries were up ¾ cent with the forward months unsettled and cooler weather over the entire corn belt offsetting the Government weekly weather and crop report. Some rain fell in Kansas during the day.

Trade in oats broadened and the close was ¾@1 cent higher.

Rye was in demand and 1@1 1/4 cents higher with the market showing a better undertone.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 3,500,000 bushels; week ago, 2,477,000; last year, 3,175,000. Shipments were 976,000 bushels; week ago, 1,056,000; last year, 2,182,000.

Corn receipts were 1,244,000 bushels; week ago, 812,000; last year, 1,160,000, and shipments, 444,000 bushels; week ago, 573,000; last year, 2,178,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.98¾	.98¼	.98¼	.75¾	1.12
Dec.	1.01¾	.99⅝	1.01¼	.83¼	1.05⅝
May	1.09⅝	1.04¾	1.05⅝@⅞	.89¾	1.11⅛

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.77⅛	.76	.77¼@⅞	.75¾	.62⅛
Dec.	.64⅜	.62¾	.63½@¾	.63¾	.65¼
May	.65⅞	.64⅛	.65¾	.63¾	.62

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.35¾	.34¾	.35⅛@⅜	.41	.36⅝
Dec.	.37⅞	.36¾	.37⅜@½	.34¾	.39⅞
May	.40¼	.39½	.40	.36¾	.40⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Aug.	.63¼	.63	.63¼	.61½	.84⅜
Sept.	.64½	.64	.64½	.63¼	.71⅝
Dec.	.67⅞	.66¾	.67⅛	.66½	.81¾

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	10.55	10.55	10.55	10.42	11.00
Oct.	10.95	10.67	10.95	10.50	11.10
Ribs—					
Sept.	8.25	8.00	8.20	7.95	10.15

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Spot					9.90	9.50
Aug.	4,700	10.05	9.85	9.90	9.90	9.80
Sept.	5,900	9.82	9.42	9.72	9.33	
Oct.	5,300	9.27	8.85	9.15	8.82	
Dec.	3,000	8.75	8.43	8.64	8.32	
Jan.	2,000	8.58	8.23	8.48	8.20	
Jan.	4,000	8.60	8.30	8.52	8.20	
March	100	8.75	8.75	8.55	8.20	
Total	26,000.				8.25	

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July					
Sept.	4.26	4.06	4.06	4.30	3.40
Dec.	4.01	3.83	3.83	4.02	3.44
March	3.81	3.80	3.80	3.97	3.50
May	3.41	3.35	3.35	3.38	3.85

*Closing bid.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (July 31): 15,686 packages. Trading moving along fairly. Prices firm. Plain extras, sound, 44½@45c; extras, 92 score, 42c; firsts, 38@41½c; seconds, 36½@37½c; lower grades, 35@36c; centralised cars, 90 scores, 40@40½c; 89 score, 39@39½c; 88 score, 38½@39c; 85 to 87 scores, 36½@37½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 44½@45c; extras, 92 score, 43½@44c; firsts, 39@40c; seconds, 37@38½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 41@41½c; good to prime, 38½@40c; common to fair, 35@37½c; ladles, current make, extras, 35c; firsts, 33@33½c; seconds, 32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32c; No. 2, 31c; lower grades, 29@30c.

EGGS—Receipts (July 31): 23,978 cases. Prices without material change. Fresh gathered extra fancy, dozen, 31@34c; extra firsts, 29½@30c; seconds and poorer, 27½@28c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 20@22c; New Jersey, henmery whites, closely selected, extras, 44@47c; other henmery, fancy, 40@43c; closely selected, extras, 42@45c; nearby and nearby western henmery whites, average extras, 39@42c; extra firsts, 36@38c; firsts, 32@34c; nearby, mixed colors, fancy, 39@41c; extras, 37@39c; nearby whites, under grades, 36@38c; medium, 32@35c; Jersey, 35@37½c; nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 30@33c; Pacific Coast, fancy, 38@39c; other extras, 36@37c; 45@47c; firsts, 2½@34½c; mediums, 29@31c; pullets, No. 1, 28c; other western and southern, gathered whites, 28@32c; New Jersey, henmery, brownes, fancy, light yolks, 40@41c; other extras and nearby western henmery browns, extras, 34@36c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS		Divide Tonopah	.49
Andes	.03	Extension	.05
Best & Belcher	.06	Harmill	.05
Challenge	.03	Hasbrook	.03
Concordia	.03	Marne	.04
Con. Virginia	.09	Mizpah	.04
Gould & Curry	.06	Operator	.04
Hale & Norcross	.10	Silver King	.03
Justice	.03	Smuggler	.04
Occidental	.10	Northland	.04
Ophir	.03	Wedge	.02
Potosi	.03	GOLDFIELD.	
Savage	.03	Booth	.35
Sierra Nevada	.04	Consolidated	.24
Union	.10	Development	.03
TONOPAH.		Florence	.60
Belmont	.70	Jumbo Extension	.03
Booth	.03	Combination	.03
Halifax	.23	Lone Star	.02
McNamara	.03	Red Hill	.03
Midway	.02	Silver Pick	.03
Montana	.03	Unallotted	.03
Rescue	.03	OTHER DISTRICTS	
Tonopah Extension	1.77½	Boundary Mts.	.10
Tonopah Mining	.06	Cash Entry	.20
West End	.01	Manhattan Consolidated	.03
DIVIDS.		Round Mountain	.25
Aladdin	.03		
Ajax	.03		
Esther Extension	.01		
Sub-Rosa	.01		

COMMODITY PRICES.

Further Decline in Foodstuffs and Metals—Sharp Advance in Spot Cotton.

The local cash commodity markets yesterday experienced another reaction in foodstuffs and metals. In the former group, wheat, corn, sugar and lard were lower, the drop in sugar being equal to ⅝ cent a pound. In the metal group, lead and tin were a shade lower. Spot cotton advanced rather sharply along with the futures market as a result of publication of the Government crop report, which indicated a lower condition and a much smaller crop than had generally been expected. The smallness of the indicated crop for the current season, in view of recent reports, was a puzzle to the local trade.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Wednesday, a week before and a year ago:

	Aug. 1, 1923.	July 25, 1923.	Aug. 1, 1922.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.14¼	$1.16¼	$1.23¾
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.06⅝	1.07⅝	.81¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.35	.34	.48
Flour, Minn. patents	6.60	5.40	7.60
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.10¾	.10⅝	.10
Sugar, granulated	.0700	.0635	.060
Butter, creamery	.42	.41	.54½
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.35½@.37	.24½@.36	.24
Lard, Midwest	11.10@11.20	11.00@11.10	12.80
Pork, mess	25.50	26.50	30.00
Beef, family	17.00	17.00	16.00
METALS—			
Iron, Ex. Phila	27.25	28.25	28.75
Steel billets, Pitts	42.50	42.50	35.00
Lead	6.70	6.35	6.50
Copper	14.50	14.62½	18.75
Tin	38.25	39.12½	52.37½
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	23.65	23.90	21.55
Printcloths	.06¾	.06¾	.06¼

Range of prices year to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.54	Feb. 15	$1.14¼	Aug. 1
Corn	1.06⅝	July 24	.85	Jan. 3
Oats	.57¼	Feb. 15	.40¾	July 18
Flour	7.60	Jan. 2	5.90	Jan. 3
Coffee	.12¾	Feb. 15	.10¼	July 24
Sugar	.10¾	Apr. 25	.06	Jan. 27
Butter	.54	Mar. 15	.37¼	July 27
Eggs	.48	Jan. 2	.22½	June 23
Lard	13.10	Mar. 16	10.95	June 28
Pork	28.50	Jan. 2	25.00	July 12
Beef	22.00	Apr. 12	17.00	Jan. 26
Iron	33.75	Apr. 7	27.00	July 26
Steel	45.00	Mar. 16	36.50	Jan. 3
Lead	8.75	Mar. 5	6.00	July 16
Copper	17.25	Mar. 15	13.87½	July 3
Tin	51.50	Mar. 15	37.87½	June 28
Cotton	31.30	Mar. 17	22.45	July 28
Printcloths	.08¼	Mar. 3	.06¾	July 31

WHEAT FARMERS HARD HIT.

Westerners Must Diversify Crops, Declares Union Pacific Head.

The Western farmer needs to get into dairying, in the opinion of Carl R. Gray, President of the Union Pacific system, who has returned from a tour of the agricultural sections of the West and Northwest.

"Doll

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. *Rate 15 cents per word.*

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

YOUNG MAN with capital join established firm; box line preferred; references exchanged; write confidentially, giving full particulars to insure reply. F 42 Times.

ENGINEER, good mechanic, electrician, steamfitter, age 28, good appearance, hard worker, will invest $1,500 and services established business. Shore Road 2665J.

WILL invest $1,500 and services in established retail business; state particulars. C 150 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, business experience, will invest in legitimate business. Z 2350 Times Annex.

WILL invest $5,000 to $10,000 with services; an experienced advertising salesman. F 878 Times.

HAVE $1,600 to $1,500 for purchase of good paying business; must stand investigation. E 845 Times Downtown.

ESTABLISHED dry goods store wanted, out of town; write all particulars. J., Room 403, Park Row Building.

TO INVEST $2,500 with services. C. 169 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

CHAIN STORE SYSTEM
SEEKS TREASURER.

Capable man with $10,000 wanted to join well-established and profitable chain store organization that seeks to expand on national scale. This is an unusual opportunity that will bear strictest investigation. S 544 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.

Partner wanted to invest in going business established over twenty years, net profits averaging over $20,000 per year. No limit to possibilities.

Cash required $2,500, equal interest, with or without services. Fullest investigation; prompt action urgent. A 717 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN with executive ability for corporation organized for manufacturing building material successfully introduced, and for selling the patented equipment under royalty arrangements; investment necessary. E 245 Times.

WILL SELL 50 per cent. interest to party who finances initial advertising for popular priced correspondence course; $4,000 necessary; test copy showed enormous demand. S 565 Times Downtown.

PARTNER, active or inactive, for reliable financial proposition; must invest $20,000 to $25,000; must have clear, good record; investment exceedingly profitable. Communicate Z 2316 Times Annex.

OLD established musical instrument business offers opportunity for investment to a man with selling and business ability. Z 2232 Times Annex.

FIRM desires loan on first-class accounts receivable; only offers stating detailed terms can be considered. G 857 Times Downtown.

SPLENDID opportunity for man with capital to buy outright or controlling interest in lithograph concern. G 679 Times Downtown.

BEAUTIFUL Summer resort on Lake Champlain seeks capital and services. Z 2315 Times Annex.

PARTNER with $15,000 to invest in established pawnbroking business; exceptional opportunity; good location. S 251 Times.

FINANCING AND LOANS.

READY CASH
IS AVAILABLE TO YOU
QUICKLY AND CONFIDENTIALLY
ON THE LAWRENCE PLAN.

Special rate for short term loans. Any amount loaned for a year or less on jewelry, silverware and furs.

LAWRENCE'S,
118 3d Av., near 14th, N. Y. C.
On this spot since 1880.

EMERGENCY FINANCING
BUSINESS AND PERSONAL LOANS
From $5 to $5,000 on diamonds, jewelry and silverware; monthly repayments accepted. Prompt, confidential service. You are cordially invited to consult
J. E. LEMON & CO.,
213 6th Av. (at 20th St.). Estab. 1879.
TELEPHONE LACKAWANNA 5080-5081.

LOANS to AUTOMOBILE OWNERS, CAR REMAINING IN YOUR POSSESSION; LOANS GRANTED WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. PEERLESS SALES CORPORATION, 126 WEST 53D. CIRCLE 5743.

LOANS on outstanding accounts, notes, acceptances, merchandise and other collaterals; liberal terms, lowest rates. Standard Trading Co., 401 Broadway, Canal 7540.

CASH CASH CASH
Immediately on accounts or other good collateral; confidential. Astna Finance, 38 West 32d.

CASH on accounts, rents, mortgages, marketable stocks, bonds, other collateral. Service (25 years' experience). 27 William. Broad 4945.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS obtain loans while using car; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2886.

AUTOMOBILE loans made quickly and confidentially, lowest rates; representative calls. Longacre 8158.

APPROVED unlisted securities accepted as collateral on loans. Z 2227 Times Annex.

WILL advance money to established corporations. V 682 Times Downtown.

CASH on accounts, rents, mortgages and other collateral; lowest rates. C 155 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

WE ARE in the market for a live shirt line for Chicago territory, on commission basis; we have 400 active accounts on our books, among which are the largest in the city. Prices must be right and ability to deliver promptly assured. Troy Chicago Company, Inc., 430 So. Green St., Chicago, Ill.

SUCCESSFUL corporations, manufacturers of staple commodities, who can use suburban plant, good railroad accommodations, contest labor, financial assistance from banks, and help from Board of Trade to sell bonds or their corporation stock, Weber, 25 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED, throughout the States and Canada, dealers in furnaces, building materials, greenhouses, gardener's chemicals, woodworking machinery, flat irons and other special articles, to represent old established manufacturing company. C 194 Times.

YOU DO WANT A BUSINESS of your own! $125 upwards invested in a universally used article will establish you; substantial profits; both wholesale and retail; call and let us prove it. PERRY, MALIN & SCHOYER, 1008 Knickerbocker Building.

HAVE Leo M. Waldman renew your insurance policies; you can then pay the premium in six equal instalments. 30 days apart; any insurance company you want. Call him at 3 Cedar St. Phone John 2560.

FOR Rent—Space for fur department, popular priced department store, Wheeling, W. Va., wonderful space for live wire; flat rental or commission basis. Box 386, 121 West 36th.

HAVE well equipped suits of offices, Broadway and 42d St.; will consider legitimate sales proposition; profitable line. Phone Bryant 5093 or write F 380 Times.

WOULD you invest $250 in merchandise to start business for yourself with large earnings? Telephone Bryant 0641; ask for Mr. Mall.

SILK MILL, 17-year established firm willing to represent silk mill, can guarantee a million dollars worth of business annually. Write Box 138, 1214 Wilson Bldg.

SALES MANAGER—Employed; technically trained man, with manufacturing, advertising and sales experience, seeks real proposition. S4 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

WANTED—Consignment lines for high-class gift shop located in Miami, Fla.; good references. Owner, 227 S. W. 10th Av., Miami, Fla.

CHEMICAL SERVICING, FORMULAS, ANALYSES, CONSULTATION. LEX CHEMICAL, 218 PEARL ST.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

ESTABLISHED, authorized Ford agency with showroom and service station, fully equipped and located in exceptionally fine territory in Brooklyn, desires man with thorough knowledge of automobiles and experience in the sales department; must have some capital; do not respond to this ad unless you are qualified, as the money investment is not the sole object in view; good opportunity for the right man. Write Box 266, 1,180 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALES PROMOTER—Opportunity for experienced man to organize and direct sales campaign in company to manufacture low priced motor driven agricultural implements with assured market; preference to one having own office and selling force and who has successfully directed a stock selling campaign; liberal participation; references exchanged. "Liberal," 534 Times Downtown.

FOR rent in a popular priced department store in Northeastern Pennsylvania, drawing a population of 80,000 people, third floor space, 50x110, for carpets, furniture, &c., also space 20x30 on second floor for ladies', children's and men's shoes; elevator service; will sublet the above space for rental or commission basis. Box 279, 131 West 33th.

BROKERAGE FIRM.

Established commercial banking concern showing exceptional earnings on present capital desires brokerage firm having organization to distribute large block of preferred and common shares; liberal commission; exchange of references required. C 188 Times.

WANT to get in touch with one or two brokers for the purpose of selling securities in a meritorious publication in a way field, to be launched by a well-known and high-class organization. Z 2261 Times Annex.

MAIL ORDER NEWS, 506 5th Av.; explains mail order business; 25c copy.

FOR SALE.

AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS.

Established several years; sales agency popular car; long term lease on property; excellent location; attractive showroom; for sale to responsible parties only. Address representative, N. Jenkins, 2,024 McGraw Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.

HERE'S a quick buy for a live business man; have a profitable retail and wholesale fruit and vegetable store doing very good business; owner has other interests; price very reasonable; three years' lease and new 3ton truck; you can make appointment by calling Watkins 4790.

FOR SALE—Infants', children's and ladies' shop in one of the fastest growing sections of New York City; reason for selling, other business out of the city. P. O. Box 142, Union, N. J.

GARAGE, 80,000 feet; long lease; rent 58 cents foot, old established business; excellent profits; strictest investigation invited; cash $15,000. Circle 6242.

VALET SHOP, located in large downtown hotel; excellent opportunity; selling price and rent reasonable; guaranteed income. H. D., 62 Times.

BUTCHER SHOP—High-class shop on Broadway for sale, very reasonable; owner going West; wonderful opportunity. Call Melrose 4403, after 6 P. M.

SACRIFICE high-class lingerie-specialty shop, established many years, catering finest clientele; sale cash or terms. Address Plaza Lingerie Shop, 24 West 59th.

DRESS shop on Broadway; good location; low rent; with or without stock; great sacrifice to quick buyer. 2,272 Broadway, between 81st and 82d Sts.

GARAGE, 150th St., off Broadway; will sell plot 100x100 with 3-story permit or build to suit. Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway.

NEW YORK plant of cigar manufacturer for sale; modern equipment; room for 60-80 workers. E 238 Times.

GARAGE, West 90s, highest restricted residential section, capacity 85 cars; $12,000 cash. Garage Realty, 1,457 Broadway.

HAVE many good propositions for those seeking business or capital; investors' advice free. Beresoff, 39 East 42d.

SODA WATER plant, good business; $15,000. 35 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

YES, we can increase your sales! We write result-getting letters, $5. Esser Advertising Co., 1,170 Broadway.

MY LETTERS and booklets sell your goods economically. MELIA, Marbridge Bldg., Fitzroy 0702.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD ESTABLISHED manufacturing company, large fully equipped factory, $200,000 bonafide orders, unusually large profits, wants office manager; good yearly salary; $10,000 cash required; big returns on investment; trial allowed to satisfy both parties; investigation invited those qualifying. Room 407, Bank of Manhattan, Jamaica, N. Y.

BEAUTY PARLOR sublet office and waiting room for chiropodist in good Bronx section; reasonable. Elsie's Beauty Parlor, 969 Fox St. Call Intervale 5596.

FOR RENT—Whole or part of exclusive gown shop; reasonable rental. 10 West 51st St. Circle 2918.

DOCTOR'S, dentist's, 8-room, single, modern apartment; $100. Apply 65 West 106th.

NEW RADIO STATION OPENED AT CAPITAL

'WRC' Begins Broadcasting With Speeches by Roosevelt and General Hines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—WRC, the new broadcasting station of the Radio Corporation of America, was opened tonight with a ceremony, including speeches in which Theodore Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and Major Gen. John L. Hines, Deputy Chief of Staff of the army, thanked the corporation for its extensive development of radio communication and paid high compliments to Major Gen. James G. Harbord, retired, now President of the corporation.

The new wireless station sends out its programs on a 469-meter wave length with a 500-watt transmitting set. There are two of these 500-watt sets in the plant, one to be held in readiness should the other fail. Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and Pennsylvania will hear WRC regularly, while under normal conditions broadcasting from this station should be heard throughout the United States.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt's speech dealt with the navy's attitude toward the field of radio communication. He praised General Harbord highly.

"This is an American company, financed by Americans and serving our country," he said. "The Radio Corporation has arranged to turn over to the Navy Department, at least once a month, its new broadcasting station. On these nights experienced naval officers will tell the story of the navy and our band will play for you."

General Harbord formally opened the new station with a message. Other addresses were made by David A. Sarnoff, Vice President of the Radio Corporation; Dr. Alfred N. Goldsmith, director of research of the organization, and S. B. Davis, Acting Secretary of Commerce. A musical program included Charles L. Tittmann, Elias Breeskin, Ruth Peter, Victor Guilbert and Claifa Florayanti and the United States Marine Band.

WRC is situated on top of the new branch of the Riggs National Bank at Fourteenth Street and Park Road, one of the highest points in the city.

PUTS COTTON CROP AT 11,516,000 BALES

Government Forecast Increases Estimate 116,000 Over July Figures—67.2% Normal.

RISE OF $6 AT NEW ORLEANS

Smallest Carryover, 947,000 Bales, Recorded in Many Years Announced by Exchange There.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—A cotton crop of 11,516,000 bales in 1923 was forecast today by the Crop Reporting Board of the Department of Agriculture. This is 116,000 bales in excess of the forecast of 11,400,000 bales which the Board made on July 1.

Based on reports from its correspondents and field statisticians the Board estimates that the condition of the cotton crop on July 25 was 67.2 per cent. of normal, as compared with 69.9 on June 25, 1923, 70.78 on July 25, 1922, 64.7 on July 25, 1921 and 72.4, the average on July 25th of the last ten years.

"A condition of 67.2 on July 25," the Board announced, "forecasts a yield per acre of about 143.9 pounds and a total production of about 11,516,000 bales of 500 pounds gross. The final outturn may be larger or smaller than this amount as conditions developing during the remainder of the season prove more or less favorable to the crop than in an average year."

Last year's production of cotton was 9,761,817 bales. Two years ago the production was 7,953,041, three years ago 13,439,603, four years ago 11,420,763 and five years ago 12,040,532. The farm price for cotton on July 1, 1923, was 20.4 cents a pound and on that basis last year's crop was worth approximately $999,600,000. The farm price of cotton on July 1, 1923, was 26.2 cents a pound and on that basis the yield of 11,400,000 which was predicted on July 1 by the Department of Agriculture would have been worth $1,493,400,000, while the crop of 11,516,000 bales now forecast would be worth $1,508,596,000 on the basis of the farm price of 26.2 cents a pound on July 1.

Comparison of conditions, by States, follows:

	July 25, 10 yr. av.	1922.	June 25, 1923.	July 25, 1923.
State.				
Virginia	80	90	80	83
North Carolina	77	78	80	82
South Carolina	73	60	64	64
Georgia	70	64	56	48
Florida	69	65	65	52
Alabama	69	70	68	65
Mississippi	73	74	67	65
Louisiana	70	70	69	66
Texas	74	72	77	71
Arkansas	77	81	68	62
Tennessee	77	85	67	63
Missouri	81	90	62	70
Oklahoma	76	75	64	63
California	95	95	91	88
Arizona	89	86	92	91
New Mexico		85	90	87
Total	72.4	70.8	69.9	67.2

The States in which cotton conditions have improved since June 25 are North Carolina, where it is 2 per cent. better; Arkansas, 2 per cent. better; Missouri, 8 per cent. better and New Mexico, 5 per cent. better. The States where cotton is not in as good condition as on June 25 are Virginia, where the condition is 2 per cent. lower; Florida, 13 per cent. lower; Alabama, 2 per cent. lower; Mississippi, 2 per cent. lower; Louisiana, 1 per cent. lower; Texas, 6 per cent. lower; Oklahoma, 1 per cent. lower; California, 3 per cent. lower, and Arizona, 1 per cent. lower. The condition in South Carolina was the same on July 25 as on July 25.

The crop as a whole was 2.7 per cent. lower in condition on July 25 than on June 25. The Crop Reporting Board stated that previous July 25 final yields per acre were below the forecast six times, range 4 per cent. to 16 per cent., average 9.3 per cent.; two times above the forecast, range 3 per cent. to 5 per cent., average 4 per cent. The average yield of the last eight years was 6 per cent. below the July 25 forecast of yield. The yield equivalent used by the Crop Reporting Board this August is 3.7 per cent. below that of August a year ago.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1.—The Government cotton crop condition report of 67.2 per cent. of normal with an indicated yield of 11,516,000 bales resulted in a rise of $6 a bale in futures on the New Orleans Cotton Exchange today soon after 10 A. M., sending the October position to 21.77 cents a pound. The trade had looked for a condition report of 70 per cent. and a crop forecast of 12,000,000 bales.

The smallest carry-over of cotton into a new cotton year since the South became an important producer of the staple was announced in the annual report of Aug. 1, issued today by the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, through its secretary, H. G. Hester.

The total carry-over in the cotton belt was put at 947,000 bales, compared with 1,906,000. The total quantity held on plantations and uncounted towns was estimated at 194,000, against 906,000.

Mr. Hester announced that the commercial crop of the year just ended amounted to 11,253,000 bales, compared with 11,653,000 last year. Actual growth was counted at 10,424,000 bales, against 8,442,000.

The world's carry-over of American cotton was placed at 2,673,000 bales, against 4,870,000 a year ago, the report added. Consumption of American cotton during the year ending yesterday was placed at 12,631,000 bales, against 12,829,000 during the preceding year.

Condition of the cotton crop in the United States monthly during a series of years has been as follows:

	May 25.	June 25.	July 25.	Aug. 25.	Sep. 25.
1923	71.0	69.9	67.2		
1922	69.2	71.1	70.8	67.0	60.0
1921	66.0	66.2	64.7	49.2	42.2
1920	62.4	70.7	74.1	67.5	59.1
1919	78.9	70.0	67.1	61.4	54.4
1918	82.3	85.8	73.2	64.7	54.4
1917	69.5	70.5	70.5	67.6	60.4
1916	77.5	81.1	72.3	61.2	56.2
1915	80.0	80.2	73.4	60.2	60.8
1914	74.3	79.6	70.6	60.3	72.2

Condition of the crop on July 25 in the principal producing States compared with the same date in previous years was as follows:

State.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
Virginia	83	80	83	74
North Carolina	82	78	75	77
South Carolina	64	60	64	67
Georgia	48	64	50	68
Florida	52	65	60	64
Alabama	65	70	55	61
Mississippi	65	74	46	71
Louisiana	66	70	50	71
Texas	71	72	62	74
Oklahoma	63	75	60	73
Arkansas	62	81	70	78
Tennessee	66	85	75	76

The Government's estimate of the size of the crop, based on the condition as of July 25, together with the actual harvest in previous years, is as follows:

	Estimate.	Actual Harvest.
1923	11,516,000	
1922	11,440,000	9,761,817
1921	7,900,000	7,953,041
1920	13,619,000	13,439,603
1919	11,016,000	11,420,763
1918	12,815,000	12,040,532
1917	11,302,000	11,302,518
1916	13,916,000	11,449,187
1915	11,970,000	11,191,820

Associated Gas Has Good Year.

The Associated Gas and Electric Company for June reports gross earnings of $250,965, an increase of $103,776 over June, 1922. Net earnings were $97,064, an increase of $41,898. For the year ended June 30 gross earnings were $2,846,612, a gain of $902,940 over the preceding year. Net earnings were $968,093, an increase of $322,856.

ACTOR SEIZED AT SHOW AS A BANK BANDIT

Doctor in Kansas City Theatre Says He Recognizes Buddie Kane as Hold-Up Man.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 1.—Buddie Kane, comedian, was "doin' his stuff" on the stage of the Gayoso Theatre, getting his usual meed of laughs last night.

But Buddie could not see his audience as plainly as his audience saw him. He could not see a smile dissolve into a look of puzzlement, then recognition, on the face of Dr. F. D. Ratcliffe, 705 Westport Avenue.

Dr. Ratcliffe lost all interest in Buddie's performance for he associated his physiognomy with that of one of the bandits who held up the People's State Bank at Dodson, May 29. Dr. Ratcliffe saw those bandits get away with $1,800 loot. The physician and his wife did not leave when the curtain fell. They remained for a second show, moving closer to the stage to get a good look at Buddie, and the doctor was strengthened in his conviction that Kane was one of the robbers.

He told the police so and accompanied Sergeant John Rogers to the theatre, where the comedian was arrested.

E. L. Edwards of Dodson, a depositor of the bank, also said he recognized Kane as one of the hold-up men.

DENIES CUT CAN AID WHEAT.

Rock Island President Says It Would Only Injure Railroads.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—A reduction in freight rates on wheat and flour for export, as requested of the Western railroads by a committee of Omaha business men, would not stimulate exportation of those commodities, said J. E. German, President of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, in a letter to John L. Kennedy, Chairman of the Special Committee of the Omaha Chamber of Commerce.

The letter, explaining the decision of the railroad executives here on Monday against adopting a 25 per cent. reduction as proposed, was made public today by Mr. German. He says:

"Various experienced and well-informed grain dealers take the position that the proposed reduction in American rail rates were actually accomplished and if, as predicated thereupon, lower quotations than otherwise would have been made and appear abroad, these reduced quotations would be immediately met by corresponding quotations from Argentina, Canada and other countries which possess an exportable surplus of wheat, grown on cheaper land and with cheaper labor than is obtainable in the United States.

"Under these conditions we are informed that the effect of the proposed reduction would be to decrease the revenue of the American carriers, which decreases would be absorbed by the European dealer or consumer, which, of course, would not stimulate the movement abroad of American wheat that otherwise would take place."

FARM BLOC TO RESUME.

It Will Seek Farm Aid Laws in Next Congress, Says Capper.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Resumption of the activities of the "Farm Bloc" in the United States Senate, upon the opening of a new session of Congress next December, is predicted by Senator Arthur Capper of Kansas, Chairman of the Senate "bloc" during the latter part of last session.

"Our legislative program probably will not be as extensive as it was at the last session, but still we believe Congress should enact certain measures with a view to aiding agriculture," said Senator Capper.

"The most important of these is to secure a reduction in freight rates through the repeal by Congress of the so-called guaranty provision of the Esch-Cummins Transportation act. Also, while it is not our desire to annul the supervisory powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission over the railroad lines, in hope to obtain a restoration to States of some of the power of jurisdiction over railroads that was lost through the Esch-Cummins act.

"This would pertain, of course, to rates entirely within the State. The present system is too unwieldy. There is an attempt at too much concentration of authority over local affairs in the Federal commission."

HUSBAND AND WIFE DROWN.

Had Gathered for Family Reunion at Waneta Lake Cottage.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 1.—What was to have been the beginning of a family reunion, set for today, at the Wixon cottage on the west shore of Waneta Lake, twelve miles south of Penn Yan, became a tragedy when a boat overturned, causing the drowning of Mr. and Mrs. Ganett Saunders of Elmira last night.

The Rev. Charles S. Saunders, pastor of the Methodist Church at Benton Center, was packing up to join the party for a vacation, when he was notified to come to Waneta Lake to direct the search for his son's body.

The hysterical story of the governess for the two Saunders children is the only account of the twilight lake tragedy. First knowledge of what had occurred came when she swam ashore and told Mrs. Saunders's mother, Mrs. Carrie Pressler of Elmira, that the boat had overturned and that Mr. and Mrs. Saunders were in the lake. Cottagers in the glare of headlights after an hour's search recovered the body of Mrs. Saunders.

EVELYN NESBIT FINED $50.

Found Guilty of Contempt of Court in Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 1.—Evelyn Nesbit, former wife of Harry K. Thaw, who now sings, dances and chats nightly with amusement seekers in a shore cabaret, was fined $50 today by Vice Chancellor Robert Ha Ingersoll, who adjudged her guilty of contempt of court in connection with a charge made against her several months ago.

Miss Nesbit, appearing with having appeared at the cabaret in which she was a partner, after an injunction had been issued as a result of a quarrel between two cabaret proprietors as to who had the legal right to Miss Nesbit's professional services.

GERMAN RAIL CRASH DEAD 47

Berlin's Revised Lists Show Also That 37 Persons Were Injured.

BERLIN, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Forty-seven persons were killed and thirty-seven injured in yesterday's railway accident at the Krelenzen station when the Hamburg-Munich Express ran into a standing train.

The engineer of the express is said to have been unable to see the signals set against him and the locomotive crashed through the other train.

Most of those killed were badly mangled and identification was difficult.

Corinne Griffith Seeks Divorce.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 1.—Corinne Griffith, motion picture actress, announced here last night that she had instructed her New York attorneys to file suit for divorce against Webster Campbell, motion picture director.

THREE LANDS CLAIM VAN ALEN RESIDENCE

America, England and France Reported to Be Eying Expatriate's $25,000,000 Estate for Taxes.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 1.—Which of four cities was the legal residence of James J. Van Alen has become a question to two American States and three countries, America, France and England. Whether Mr. Van Alen's legal residence was in New York, Newport, London or Paris is the issue. He died in a London hospital about three weeks ago, and was the possessor of an estate estimated to be worth up to $25,000,000.

The inheritance taxes will amount to a large sum. Therefore, officials in each of the four cities are reported to be watching with close interest developments in the settlement of the estate.

The question is whether Mr. Van Alen claimed any city as his legal residence at the time of his death. It is believed here that he did not, and therefore Newport considers that it has the clearest claim, because he was last a legal resident of this city, so far as known.

A quarter of a century ago Mr. Van Alen took up Newport as his home and maintained his legal residence here. Soon after the passage of the prohibition amendment, however, he went to France, renouncing his right of citizenship and stating at the time that this country had ceased to be a free country.

So far as is known, however, he did not take up a legal residence anywhere after that, spending his time between Paris and London, but it has been learned that an effort is being made to have the will probated in New York.

When James J. Van Alen quit America for the second time, blaming prohibition, he sold his home in East Sixty-fifth Street, adjoining the Astor home, and announced that he was through with his country for good. Nothing has been heard here of attempts to probate his will in this State.

BIND COLLECTOR, LOOT SAFE

Three Men Get $1,790 in Morning Raid in Brooklyn.

Two men stole $1,790 from a safe in Rosen Brothers news agency, 173 Seigel Street, Brooklyn, yesterday, after they had held up, bound and gagged Max Hellman of 279 Kosciusko Street, a collector for the concern. Hellman told the police he opened the office on the ground floor, deposited Monday's and Tuesday's collections, and sat down to read a newspaper. The safe door was left open.

Hellman said he suddenly felt what he believed to be the barrels of two pistols pressed into his back, while a voice whispered:

"Keep quiet and obey; we won't shoot unless we have to."

He then was bound and gagged and carried into a rear room, where he was placed face downward on the floor. He heard the men walk to the safe and a moment later a third person came in and admonished them to hurry. The three men left together. Hellman said he heard no automobile.

Ten minutes later a passerby, attracted by shouts, liberated Hellman, who had succeeded in working the bandage from his mouth, but had not been able to untie himself. He notified the police.

OPENS CITY SEASIDE CLINIC.

Heat and Submersion Case to Be Treated at Coney Bungalow.

In the presence of city officials and members of the Mayor's Committee of Women, Dr. Frank J. Monaghan, Health Commissioner, at 3 P. M. yesterday opened the municipal clinic at Seaside Park Beach, near the east end of the new Coney Island Boardwalk. It is the first clinic of its kind in this country, and is located in a bungalow.

Dr. Monaghan told the gathering the clinic, established on the recommendation of the women's committee, will be open from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. daily as an emergency station for the treatment of heat prostration cases and bathers suffering from submersion. Serious cases will be removed to the Coney Island Hospital, he added.

He said two physicians, one of them a woman, and four nurses will be in attendance, and if the clinic proves a success, similar clinics will be established at other beaches in the city. Mrs. Nelson H. Henry, widow of General Henry, thanked Commissioner Monaghan in behalf of Mrs. William R. Hearst, Chairman of the Women's Committee, who is in California.

HURT BY CAR; GETS $20,000.

Railway Settles With Woman of 58 Without Trial.

One of the largest amounts in settlement of personal injuries agreed to without trial ever recorded in the Queens Supreme Court was entered yesterday in the office of the Clerk of Court against the receivers of the Steinway lines of the New York & Queens County Railway in Long Island City and in favor of Mrs. Margaret Cone, 58, a widow, of 151 Walnut Street, Lynbrook, L. I.

The settlement was for $20,000 and was for personal injuries Mrs. Cone received a year ago when knocked down by a car of the receivers. She sustained a fracture of the skull and a fracture of both legs. She was in the hospital until May 17 last.

The action was to be tried at the coming term, but the attorneys for the parties effected a settlement.

2 YOUTHS HELD IN SLAYING.

Brooklyn Pair Accused of Robbing and Killing Jersey Farmer.

NEWTON, N. J., Aug. 1.—Two Brooklyn youths, suspected of having been implicated in the death of Samuel B. Van Stone, farmer, of Swartswood, N.J., after robbing him of $100 and a gold watch last Saturday, were arrested at Glen Lake, near Harrisburg, Pa., today, it was learned here. They are Martin Smith, 19 years old, and Howard Edgar, 22. Their Brooklyn addresses are not known here.

They accused a third youth, whose home is in Flatbush, Brooklyn, of the actual shooting, the police said. The third youth drove the car in which the three youths were riding, according to the prisoners.

The police said that they have found the automobile used by the three youths and expect soon to arrest the third one.

MELLON IN BRIDGE PLAN.

Company Says That He Backs Project for Detroit-Windsor Span.

WINDSOR, Ontario, Aug. 1.—Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, is financially backing the Detroit-Windsor bridge, it was learned today when a letter coupling Mr. Mellon's name with the project was issued to shareholders by the American Transit Company.

Mr. Mellon has been mentioned several times as being an interested party, but today's was the first definite announcement.

In its letter the company stated that it was negotiating with the McClintic-Marshall Company of Pittsburgh for financing the project, and that a definite agreement awaited only the return of Mr. Mellon from Europe about Sept. 1.

Mellon to Call on Poincare.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—It was announced this evening that Premier Poincare would receive Ambassador Herrick and Andrew W. Mellon, American Secretary of the Treasury, Friday morning.

AGAIN DISCUSS 12-HOUR DAY

Steel Officials Resume Conference Today at Judge Gary's Offices.

Officials of the United States Steel Corporation and Directors of the American Iron & Steel Institute will resume conferences today for the purpose of discussing plans calling for the elimination of the twelve-hour day in the industry. The conferences were begun last week.

The meeting of the subsidiary companies of the steel corporation, it is understood, will be held during the morning in the offices of Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman, while the Directors of the American Iron & Steel Institute, of which Judge Gary is also the head, will meet this afternoon at the Metropolitan Club. If a plan calling for the elimination of the twelve-hour day is agreed upon, it is expected that Judge Gary will make a public announcement. If no agreement is reached today, it is expected that the conferences will be conducted before the week-end.

KARDOS PLEADS NOT GUILTY

Says He Will Prove Himself Innocent of Bucketing.

Louis Montgomery Kardos Jr., the broker, who was indicted on Tuesday on charges of bucketing and trading against the orders of customers of his firm, Kardos & Burke, which failed for upward of $2,000,000 eighteen months ago, pleaded not guilty when he was arraigned yesterday before Judge McIntyre in General Sessions. Bail of $15,000, which was furnished after the indictments were returned, was continued.

Kardos, who was a partner of John Burke, formerly United States Treasurer and thrice Governor of South Dakota, gave his address as 2,707 Marion Avenue, the Bronx. He said that he was certain that he would establish his innocence at his trial on five indictments.

CARPET WORKERS' BONUS.

$441,000 Is Divided Among 6,742 Employes of Smith Concern.

Checks amounting to $441,000 were distributed yesterday among its 6,742 employes by the Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Company of 285 Fifth Avenue, according to an announcement by the company. The checks represented the twenty-fifth semi-annual distribution, covering the six months ended June 30, 1923. The total amount distributed since the establishment of the system in June, 1911, is approximately $4,597,000.

The first distribution on June 30, 1911, was $50,000, divided among 1,450 employes. Yesterday's distribution was the largest.

Public Funds Not Hit by Strike.

The Public Service Corporation of New Jersey will feel no serious effects from the strike of employes of the Public Service Railway Company, so far as finances or dividends are concerned, according to President McCarter, who said yesterday the corporation had received no dividends from the railway company for the last five years.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

Men's Wear.

FURS wanted—Beaver, viatka, platinum wolf, manchurian dogs; for cash. Schneider & Miller, 39 West 32d.

BUYERS' WANTS.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—All colors, up to $2.75 yard, any quantity. Aronow Bros., 133 West 36th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 10070, 09218, 09213; color 375. Victor Everett, Watkins 2620.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Right price; 1383 kit fox, 21371 brown, navy. Madison Square 2195.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0453 or similar, navy. Kaplow & Bros., 18 West 27th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—1838 and all other numbers. 104 West 27th, 12th floor.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Goff's reindeer and gray. Miller Bros. Chelsea 4097.

CANTON Crepe Wanted—Quantity, black, navy and brown; under $2 a yard. Louis Bertsein, 242 West 38th.

CANTON Wanted—Also heavy crepe de chine; cash. Morgenstern, 18 West 27th.

CHARMEUSE, Georgette or any other silks wanted—Any shade; spot cash. Stavitsky & Grunstein, 497 4th Av.

CHARMEEN Wanted—Any quantity bunny gray; cash. Canaday Dress, 120 West 32d.

CHINCHILLA Wanted—Hug 331, 339 or 335. Gramercy 3280.

CLOTH Wanted — Quantity heavyweight cheap velour; also Goff's 1000. Right Made Cloak Co., 100 West 26th.

CLOTH, Continental Mills, Wanted—Shetland 34, shade 910. Gramercy 2389.

COATS Wanted — Exclusive jobber placing orders on better grade junior and small misses' coats. 3d floor, 31 East 32d.

COATS Wanted—Exclusive jobber will place stock orders on stout, sport and dressy coats. 33 West 35th, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Cash for 5,000, large or small lots; entire stocks bought; jobs. Emanuel, 43 West 27th. Watkins 8154.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better coats; call with samples. 1,204 Broadway, Room 200.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on snappy misses' coats; all week. 16 West 32d, 3rd floor.

COATINGS Wanted—Striped polaire. Hirsch & Bro., 155 West 27th.

CREPE Wanted—Large quantity flat crepe; state price. Booth Bregman & Sumbert, 129 West 27th.

CREPE de Chine Wanted—Black, brown, navy, heavy grade; spot cash; must be cheap. Hickson Mfg., 156 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for lots, large or small, in canton crepe, crepe de chine and silk dresses in all other materials; Samples Date Mfg., 131 West 25th, 9th floor, or phone Pennsylvania 6268.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors with samples cloths, silks; quantity orders given on right styles. Gold Dress Co., 142 West 24th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing quantity orders on new Fall models; chiffonette, satin canton, canton, 46 West 25th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing quantity orders on polrets, $6.75 to $13.75. 50 West 29th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open to buy dresses in cloth and silk. Call Pennsylvania 1096.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on snappy polret and silk dresses. 26 West 32d, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash, highest prices paid for jobs silk and cloth. Phone Watkins 2910.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy 3,000 silks, spot cash; no lot too large or none too small. Williams, Longacre 0828.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on new Fall silk styles, mornings only. Goldman Bros., 264 West 38th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders of misses' snappy dresses, silk, and all other new Fall materials. 46 West 25th, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Silk and cloth, new styles; large jobber placing stock orders. 263 7th Av., 15th floor (36th St. side).

DRESSES Wanted—Open for 1,000 to 2,000 dresses at a price; will pay cash. Women's Wear Stock Exchange, 15

BUYERS STILL BUSY AT MERCHANTS' FAIR

Activities Are Expected to Continue Until Its Close Tomorrow Night.

TO REPEAT ONE-HOUR DRESS

Visitors Are Invited to Join an Excursion to Atlantic City on Saturday.

One of the busiest buying days of the Second National Merchandise Fair at Grand Central Palace and the 165th Regiment Armory was yesterday. Those watching the fair thought that the buying would continue up to the close tomorrow night.

In response to many requests from visitors the Woman's Institute of Domestic Arts and Sciences has arranged to repeat this afternoon in its space on the main floor of the palace the making of a "one-hour" dress. The first demonstration was on last Thursday, when Miss Lenore MacCormack made a dress of cotton material in thirty-four minutes. This is said to be seven minutes less than the time consumed in any other attempt.

In today's demonstration, satin back metallic cloth, a much more difficult fabric with which to work, will be used. Miss MacCormack again will do the work beginning at 3 o'clock. The "one-hour" dress is adaptable, with slight changes, to almost any occasion. Many women buyers have expressed the desire to watch and study the simple process of manufacture.

An invitation to all participants in the Merchandise Fair to take part in a pilgrimage to Atlantic City by motor omnibus on Saturday has been issued by the Sesqui-Centennial Commission of New York, which has a booth at the fair, presided over by Dr. Winifred Sackville Stoner. The purpose of the New York Commission is to promote the erection of a New York building at the celebration of the 150th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence, to be held in Philadelphia in 1926.

The party will leave the Waldorf-Astoria at 7:30 o'clock on Saturday morning and return at night, after dinner at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel in Atlantic City. Twenty veterans from Hospital 81, the Bronx, will be guests of the commission and will assist in the presentation of a flag to the American Legion of Atlantic City. The price for the round trip will be $4.50 and the dinner will be $2.50.

J. H. Nixon, business manager of the Merchandise Fair, issued detailed instructions yesterday concerning the method and time of removal of exhibits. The earliest hour for removal will be 5 o'clock tomorrow evening, and the work may be extended until noon of next Monday. On Saturday the Palace will be open until 6 P. M. for the removal of exhibits.

Dr. A. Lundquist, Chief of the Electrical Equipment Division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in Washington, who visited the fair yesterday, said that it had stimulated export business to some extent, but added that lack of established export was the weak link in American international trade relations. Too many American manufacturers were "fair weather sailors," he commented, being aggressive abroad only when domestic buyers were scarce.

The second silver "Key to the City" contest was decided yesterday. The holder of the lucky number and those holding numbers immediately above and below, win a round of entertainment at the expense of the fair. This includes dinner at the Ritz-Carlton, a box party at The Follies and supper at the Biltmore. The winners were John F. Cole of Cole Bros., Junction City, Kas.; Miss Helen M. McGinness, Wilkes-Barre Dry Goods Company, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., and F. H. Gallagher, also of Cole Bros.

PETITIONS STIR OYSTER BAY

One Is for Purchase of Water Works System, the Other Against.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Aug. 1.—Public opinion in regard to the water and sewer system of this township, first aroused in favor of purchasing the plant and assets of the Nassau County Water Company, seemed today to have been swayed to opposition to such action.

For some time residents of Oyster Bay have been dissatisfied with their water works. In consequence a petition to buy the present plant for $525,000 and increase its facilities to include service in the district from Bayville Bridge to Cold Spring Road was circulated. It was said that 51 per cent. of the residents signed. The petition was filed yesterday at the Town Hall. It was not presented to the Town Board, however, because of rather unexpected opposition from a group in which John Slade, New York banker, was a leader.

Mr. Slade declared he was thoroughly in sympathy with the idea of improving the water system, but objected to having the people go into a proposition with their eyes shut and not knowing how the money was to be raised, was to be spent or who was to have charge of its disbursement. An opposing petition then was circulated. Many who had signed the first petition also signed the second. Tonight Mr. Slade said he expected to get 51 per cent. to sign the second document, which would automatically void the first. It is then expected that a committee will be appointed to draft other plans of improvement.

CHILD LABOR INCREASES.

General Average Rises 57 Per Cent., —Children's Bureau Reports.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Child labor in the United States is increasing, judging by late reports received by the United States Children's Bureau, Grace Abbott, chief of the bureau, stated in an address before the American Home Economics Association last night. She urged a constitutional amendment giving to Congress the power to prohibit and regulate labor, a power which, according to Supreme Court decisions, she said Congress apparently did not now possess.

One million children between the ages of 10 and 16 were employed in January, 1923, she said, of which one-third were from 10 to 13 years old. Owing to industrial depression in 1921 the number diminished, but since then reports received by the bureau from twenty cities out of thirty-one reporting indicated increases; five cities reporting 100 per cent.

In the first quarter of 1923 in Baltimore, Bridgeport, Detroit, Hartford, Indianapolis, Jersey City, Manchester, New Britain, Newark, New Haven, New York, Paterson, St. Louis and Waterbury the percentage of increase over 1922 was given as 24 by Miss Abbott. June of the present year saw sensational increases, especially in Connecticut, where, in Waterbury, 900 per cent. more receiving work permits than in June, 1922, and a general increase of 57 per cent. was reported.

California Oil Price Reduced.

The Standard Oil Company of California yesterday announced a reduction of two cents a gallon in the wholesale price of gasoline. At the same time the company reduced the price of San Joaquin Valley crude oil to the level which prevails in the Los Angeles and Orange County fields of Southern California. The price for crude of from 14 to 19.9 degrees gravity is unchanged at 65 cents a barrel.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—A. Polsky Co.; K. F. Fodderson, general mdse.; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill Co.; Miss A. Mc-Ibben, Miss C. M. Seywall, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 36th (B. M. Gostman).

ALBANY—W. M. Whitney & Co.; Miss M. Hall, art goods; Miss J. W. Carpenter, gloves; T. S. Bellin, underwear, hosiery; 1 to 4 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.).

ALBANY, N. Y.—The Little Co.; Miss M. Goldstein, infants', children's wear; Pennsylvania.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Hess Bros.; F. J. Hallenbeck, toys; Mrs. E. Knouse, boys' dept.; Miss E. J. Wright, muslin underwear; T. W. Leibmel, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Hess Bros.; Miss D. F. Anerheim, ribbons; Pennsylvania; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Hess Brothers; A. F. Snyder, woolens, dress goods; J. P. Diefenderfer, silks, velvets, woolens; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins); McAlpin.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Hess Bros.; G. D. Seil, domestics, white goods, wash goods; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

ANDERSON, S. C.—Lesser & Co.; S. Lesser, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.

ANTIGO, Wis.—F. Krom & Sons; S. Goldberg, jobs knife pleated skirts; 334 5th Av. (J. R. Feldenberg).

ANTWERP, Belgium—John B. Verhoeunen, all lines; 525 W. 47th.

ARKANSAS CITY, Ark.—Newman D. G. Co.; L. E. Budges, hosiery, fancy goods; Pennsylvania.

ASBURY PARK, N. J.—Steinbach Co.; A. Cyndrod, men's furnishings, umbrellas; Miss K. V. Gilleece, art goods; Miss Mc-Murray, silverware, gift shop; J. Killock, representing; Mrs. M. Sellsbury, books, stationery; 100 Grand (Fox).

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—Hirsch Stores; Miss E. Binder, children's wear; 117 W. 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

ATLANTA—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; R. G. Thoeaer; notions, fancy goods; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer); Breslin.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Smith & Higgins; F. J. Brennan, underwear, ready-to-wear, millinery; Imperial.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—Andrews Bros. Co.; G. W. Andrews, gen. mdse. mgr.; Mrs. G. H. Lotz, coats, suits, waists; Gregorian.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—The Fashion; C. Morrin, ready-to-wear; 1,319 Stebbins Av.

AUSTIN, Minn.—West D. G. Co.; Miss V. A. West, gen. dry goods; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—The Oriole Dept. Store; J. L. Millo, gen. mdse.; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; Miss K. Baker, muslin underwear, children's wear; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Eisenberg's; J. H. Childs, domestics, linens, linings; 22 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; G. Freundlich, jewelry; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman Co.; C. A. Reinhardt, upholstery, rugs; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

BALTIMORE—T. M. Smith, furniture; Collingwood.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; J. Gutman, handkerchiefs; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros.; H. Oppenheimer, coats, suits, furs; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros. Co.; Mrs. Minnigerode, art goods; 353 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BALTIMORE—S. Schleisner Co.; S. Schleisner, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—T. W. Walsh, women's apparel; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—O'Neill &Co.; Mrs. E. Meers, millinery; 370 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

BALTIMORE—I. Schwartzman & Co.; H. N. Schwartzman, twills, fox, wolf collars; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros. Co.; Miss L. Frey, neckwear, veilings; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BATESVILLE, Ark.—Arkansas D. G. Co.; Fewell, women's, misses' ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BEAUMONT, Texas—E. I. Greenberg Co.; I. Miller, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.

BEAUMONT, Texas—The Fashion; J. E. Jones, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BERWICK, Pa. — Jos. M. Schain; S. L. Schain, J. M. Schain, gen'l mdse.; Waldorf-Astoria.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Hills, McLean & Haskins; D. J. Guy, woolen goods; Le Marquiste.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Caun Co.; H. Hillard, general mdse.; McAlpin.

BISBEE, Ariz.—Frankenberg Bros. & Newman; P. A. Mosier, piece goods, notions, fancy goods, women's hosiery, silks, woolens; B. Frankenberg, gen. mdse.; Breslin.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind.—The Wicks Co.; O. Rott, gen. mdse.; Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss Bunton, suits (9 Eastern Av.); M. Bernstein; 36 4th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. Adams, basement, bathing suits; Miss M. Goodwin, silverware, jewelry; Miss McHugh, assistant to Miss E. Softley, Miss Healey, corsets; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; upstairs—Mr. Hurley, women's inexpensive dresses; Miss Golding, misses' inexpensive dresses; Mr. Kaufman, misses' dresses; Mr. Goodman, misses' suits; Miss Joyce, negligees and kimonos. Basement—Mr. O'Brien, women's, misses' Spring and Summer coats, suits; Mr. Searv, silk and muslin underwear; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Sigman & Co.; M. Sigman, Fall dresses, better grade; 1,225 B'way (Jobbers Market).

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; J. Canty, underwear; Miss G. Wortman, corsets; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Washington Leather Goods; I. Yer'es, leather goods; Grand.

BOSTON—M. Blumberg; A. A. Blumberg, jobs infants' knit goods; M. Blumberg, millinery; Imperial.

BOSTON—Broude Bagran; S. B. Broude, ready-to-wear; 308 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—Berman Tailoring Co.; L. H. Berman, woolens; Aberdeen.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; V. D. Zimnisky, div. mgr.; Gotham.

BOSTON—MacDonnell's; Miss M. Manning, waists; 182 B'way; Vanderbilt.

BOSTON—MacDonell's; MacCabe, Arthur C. Rhedes, ready-to-wear; Chas. R. Hendrer, genl. mdse.; 1,182 B'way.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; J. G. Allen, asst. mdse. mgr.; Gotham.

BOSTON—Freedman & Hornstein; A. Freedman; F. Shuiman, ready-to-wear; Brostell.

BOSTON—Brown, Durrell Co.; C. M. Canniff, dry goods; E. Scott, knit goods, yarns, children's yarn; Commodore.

BOSTON—Shepard Stores; Miss M. Mullurn, girls' wear; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

BOSTON—Evelyn Shop; C. Austin, representing; 605 W. 177th.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss M. F. Withers, gloves; 200 5th Av., Room 602.

BOSTON—Max Dichter; A. B. Dutner, M. Dichter, general mdse.; McAlpin.

CLINTON, Pa.—John H. Shapik; E. M. Shapik, dry goods, furnishings; Grand.

BOSTON, Mass.—C. F. Hovey Co.; Miss D. Shine, Miss L. Lerman, upstairs, popular priced handkerchiefs; 225 5th Av., Room 811.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—Greenspan Bros. Co.; S. Greenspan, gen'l mdse.; Pennsylvania.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt.—J. R. Mann; Miss L. Young, millinery; J. R. Mann, gen. mdse.; J. R. Mann, dress goods; Commodore.

BRIDGEPORT—D. M. Read Co.; C. R. Atkins, decorations; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

BRIDGEPORT—D. M. Read Co.; C. H. Faribuurt, silverware, china, glassware, &c.; 315 4th Av. (Dry Goods Alliance).

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—D. M. Read Co.; F. E. Blake, notions, candy, art goods, ribbons; 315 4th Av., Rm. D. (Dry Goods Alliance).

BRISTOL, Conn.—Brown's Stationery Store; H. G. Brown, stationery, gifts, notions; Grand.

BUFFALO—Cloakey Bros.; Mrs. N. Lichtenberg, knit goods; 1,722 Caton Av., Brooklyn.

BUFFALO—Given's; T. Callahan, basement, jobs dollar-day mdse.; 1,361 B'way (S. Solomon).

BUFFALO—L. L. Berger, furs, ready-to-wear; 370 7th Av. (H. C. Lyon).

BUFFALO—H. Adler Co.; L. Adler, millinery, coats, suits, dresses, aprons, petticoats; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

BUTTE, Mont.—Symons D. G. Co.; H. Symons, ready-to-wear; 141 5th Av. (J. Slugo).

CALI, Colombia—Vergara & Co.; J. H. Vergara, hosiery; 78 5th Av.

CANTON, Ohio—W. E. Horner & Co.; W. E. Horner, coats, suits; Breslin.

CAMDEN, Ark.—Lide & Bros.; O. L. Lide, ready-to-wear, accessories; 1,182 B'way.

CEDAR RAUIDS, Iowa—Dergecke Co.; A. C. Torgeson, mdse. manager; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Boston Store; H. Oransky, coats; Pennsylvania.

CHARLESTON, Ill.—Parker D. G. Co.; J. A. Parker, gen. mdse.; Pennsylvania.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—D. B. Loveman Co.; C. E. McDonald, art needlework, linens; W. H. Sportberg, merchandise manager all stores; Miss E. Softley, Miss Healey, corsets; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; upstairs—Mr. Hurley, women's inexpensive dresses; Miss Golding, misses' inexpensive dresses; Mr. Kaufman, misses' dresses; Mr. Goodman, misses' suits; Miss Joyce, negligees and kimonos. Basement—Mr. O'Brien, women's, misses' Spring and Summer coats, suits; Mr. Searv, silk and muslin underwear; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Sigman & Co.; M. Sigman, Fall dresses, better grade; 1,225 B'way (Jobbers Market).

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; J. Canty, underwear; Miss G. Wortman, corsets; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Washington Leather Goods; I. Yer'es, leather goods; Grand.

BOSTON—M. Blumberg; A. A. Blumberg, jobs infants' knit goods; M. Blumberg, millinery; Imperial.

BOSTON—Broude Bagran; S. B. Broude, ready-to-wear; 308 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—Berman Tailoring Co.; L. H. Berman, woolens; Aberdeen.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; V. D. Zimnisky, div. mgr.; Gotham.

BOSTON—MacDonnell's; Miss M. Manning, waists; 182 B'way; Vanderbilt.

BOSTON—MacDonell's; MacCabe, Arthur C. Rhedes, ready-to-wear; Chas. R. Hendrer, genl. mdse.; 1,182 B'way.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; J. G. Allen, asst. mdse. mgr.; Gotham.

BOSTON—Freedman & Hornstein; A. Freedman; F. Shuiman, ready-to-wear; Brostell.

BOSTON—Brown, Durrell Co.; C. M. Canniff, dry goods; E. Scott, knit goods, yarns, children's yarn; Commodore.

BOSTON—Shepard Stores; Miss M. Mullurn, girls' wear; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

BOSTON—Evelyn Shop; C. Austin, representing; 605 W. 177th.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss M. F. Withers, gloves; 200 5th Av., Room 602.

BOSTON—Max Dichter; A. B. Dutner, M. Dichter, general mdse.; McAlpin.

CLINTON, Pa.—John H. Shapik; E. M. Shapik, dry goods, furnishings; Grand.

BOSTON, Mass.—C. F. Hovey Co.; Miss D. Shine, Miss L. Lerman, upstairs, popular priced handkerchiefs; 225 5th Av., Room 811.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—Greenspan Bros. Co.; S. Greenspan, gen'l mdse.; Pennsylvania.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt.—J. R. Mann; Miss L. Young, millinery; J. R. Mann, gen. mdse.; J. R. Mann, dress goods; Commodore.

BRIDGEPORT—D. M. Read Co.; C. R. Atkins, decorations; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

BRIDGEPORT—D. M. Read Co.; C. H. Faribuurt, silverware, china, glassware, &c.; 315 4th Av. (Dry Goods Alliance).

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—D. M. Read Co.; F. E. Blake, notions, candy, art goods, ribbons; 315 4th Av., Rm. D. (Dry Goods Alliance).

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BUFFALO—Cloakey Bros.; Mrs. N. Lichtenberg, knit goods; 1,722 Caton Av., Brooklyn.

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BUFFALO—L. L. Berger, furs, ready-to-wear; 370 7th Av. (H. C. Lyon).

BUFFALO—H. Adler Co.; L. Adler, millinery, coats, suits, dresses, aprons, petticoats; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

BUTTE, Mont.—Symons D. G. Co.; H. Symons, ready-to-wear; 141 5th Av. (J. Slugo).

CALI, Colombia—Vergara & Co.; J. H. Vergara, hosiery; 78 5th Av.

CANTON, Ohio—W. E. Horner & Co.; W. E. Horner, coats, suits; Breslin.

CAMDEN, Ark.—Lide & Bros.; O. L. Lide, ready-to-wear, accessories; 1,182 B'way.

CEDAR RAUIDS, Iowa—Dergecke Co.; A. C. Torgeson, mdse. manager; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Boston Store; H. Oransky, coats; Pennsylvania.

CHARLESTON, Ill.—Parker D. G. Co.; J. A. Parker, gen. mdse.; Pennsylvania.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—D. B. Loveman Co.; C. E. McDonald, art needlework, linens; W. H. Sportberg, merchandise manager all stores; Miss E. Softley, Miss Healey, corsets; 432 4th Av.

CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros.; S. L. Deakins, lace goods; 323 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins, Inc.).

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Schwartz Bros.; D. A. Shumacker, furs, children's wear; Pennsylvania.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Miller Brothers Co.; Mrs. G. Newton, draperies; 323 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins); Gregorian.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; J. G. Munro, domestics, linings, dress goods; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Chas. A. Stevens & Bro.; A. H. Winkler, sweaters, blouses; 141 W. 36th.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. W. Gilson, men's handkerchiefs; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—The Fair; Miss P. Beaty, children's, juniors dresses; Miss M. Jackson, stout coats, suits, dresses; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—The Fair; Miss M. McGrath, millinery; 44 E. 23d.

CHICAGO—Koenigs & Green Co.; J. A. Roth, wash dresses; 1,182 B'way, Room 1409 (Jos. Lewis).

CHICAGO—Aarons Mareas; M. Michelsohn, ready-to-wear; 467 B'way.

CHICAGO—Boas Hatoway, silverware; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; T. E. Neel, draperies; W. F. Carter, upholstery dept.; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Glucklin Co.; G. Glucklin, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—Sopkin Bros.; B. Sopkin, coats, suits, waists, dresses; Pennsylvania.

CLEARFIELD, Pa.—F. W. Leonardson Co.; A. F. Leonardson, ready-to-wear; 362 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

CHERAW, S. C.—Adolmgo Dept. Store; S. A. Khoury, gen'l mdse.; 231 Henry St., Brooklyn.

CINCINNATI—Big Store Annex; S. Adler, popular-price stout dresses, Fall coats; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

CINCINNATI—Rothman & Sons; C. Margolis, boys' clothing; jobs, men's furnishings; 36 W. 32d (Littman & Gorch).

CINCINNATI, Ohio—John Shillito Co.; F. B. Lissenden, representing; 422 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—Rosenthal, Castor & Plaut; H. Cantor, fancy goods, notions; Pennsylvania.

CINCINNATI—The Paris; A. Rosenberg, dresses, coats, suits; Pennsylvania.

CINCINNATI—Reiss & Meiss Co.; Max Levi, silk shirt waists; 140 5th Av. Room 402.

CINCINNATI—Norwood Specialty Co.; J. Tieman, handkerchiefs; Imperial.

CINCINNATI—Mahler & Carew Co.; Miss R. Levy, gifts and neckwear; F. H. Weiss, toilet goods, trimmings, notions; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss C. B. Munger, wash goods, white goods; 240 Madison Av.; Commodore.

CLEVELAND—Cleveland Household Supply Co.; M. Kenner, E. Simon, household specialties, chinaware; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co.; Miss K. Tiernan, undermuslins, corsets, basement; 225 5th Av., Room 514.

CLEVELAND—Galvin Bros.; M. S. Galvin, house dress materials; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; A. Ahrens, jobs silk dresses, sport coats; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

CLEVELAND—S. Korach, waist, dress materials; 303 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.

COHOES, N. Y.—H. L. Shorer & Co.; G. Merron, infants; Prince George.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Roberts's Cloak House; H. L. Roberts, dresses, coats; 121 W. 35th (Hart-Flanagan Co.).

COLUMBUS—The Fashion; Jaharun & Co.; R. Lazarus representing; Mr. Bellamy, mdse. mgr.; J. F. Haskins, silks, dress goods; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Fashion Co.; Miss M. Hauck, jobs linen dresses; 36 W. 29th (Feohman & Altman).

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Max H. Reiser Co.; Miss E. Zeitsman, children's apparel; 1,170 B'way.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Ohrbach Stores Co.; I. G. Hillman, coats, suits, dresses; 370 7th Av. (A. Levy).

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Hicker Toy Novelty Co.; Mrs. J. B. Owens, toys; Hotel Anderson.

CORNING, N. Y.—Julia P. Hart Specialty Shop; Mrs. P. H. Smits, women's ready-to-wear; Commodore.

CUMBERLAND, Md.—Cumberland D. G. and Notion Co.; C. V. Roby, dry goods, notions; W. H. Geare, general mdse.; Commodore.

DALLAS, Neiman, Marcus Co.; E. Haven, small wares; Mrs. F. S. Miller, gloves; McAlpin.

DALLAS, Texas—W. A. Green Co.; T. F. Crowley, laces, hosiery, men's furnishings; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; J. K. McMahon, dresses, silks; 19 East 24th.

DALLAS, Texas—Titche, Goettinger Co.; Miss G. Kaufman, children's wear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

DALLAS, Texas—Arthur A. Everts Co.; A. A. Everts, jewelry; Waldorf-Astoria.

DAYTON, Ohio—Vale Trimmings and Bead Shoppe; G. L. Grove, novelties, accessories; Breslin.

DAYTON, Tenn.—Mrs. E. B. Arnold, general mdse.; Breslin.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; J. A. Donnenfeld, basement, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n.).

DETROIT—Klein, Gordon Co.; A. Gordon, underwear, hosiery; 246 B'way (Napier & Herrick).

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; A. W. Krening, trimmed hats; Miss M. Wenzenaer, hosiery; Miss Jacobs, gloves; 225 5th Av (Retail Research Ass'n.).

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; W. H. Myers, jobs sweaters, waists; Miss E. Williams, jobs, skirts, costume slips; C. W. Greenberg, jobs, women's full-fashioned silk hosiery, men's underwear; H. Konzer, toilet articles, drug sundries; C. H. Gainsley, men's trousers, odd coats and vests, khaki trousers, overalls; M. Taxe, assisting; B. Cluney, mill-end specials, boys' clothing; 38 W. 32d, Room 1512.

DETROIT, Mich.—Ernst Kern Co.; Miss Searles, Philippine underwear; 276 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

DETROIT—Milton Herman; G. M. Nathanson, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

DETROIT—The Gray Shop; J. P. Gray, ready-to-wear; Commodore.

DILLON, S. C.—Elfenbein Co.; E. M. Fay, dress goods; 212 5th Av.

DUBUQUE, Iowa—Roaher Bros. Co.; M. A. James, ready-to-wear; 145 W. 30th.

EDENTON, N. C.—The Quality Shop; Mrs. A. M. Casen, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

EL DORADO, Ark.—Eli Dado D. G. Co.; H. Wade, general mdse.; 1,182 B'way.

EPSTON, Mass.—J. S. Sheinfein, draperies; Elk's Clubhouse.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—The Baby Shop; Miss M. J. Schluner, infants' wear; Ansonia.

FINDLAY, Ohio—A. F. Jackson Co.; F. E. Minuth, silks, dress goods; McAlpin.

FLINT, Mich.—M. S. Barnes; Mrs. A. M. Barnes, jobs children's gingham dresses, children's coats, jobs women's dresses, junior dresses, blouses; A. M. Barnes, fur coats, fur chokers; 16 W. 27th, Room 605.

FLINT, Mich.—Robert Kostoff, gen. mdse.; Pennsylvania.

FORT SMITH, Ark.—M. H. Marks; M. H. Marks, coats, dresses; 1,182 B'way.

FT. WAYNE, Ind.—Wm. Habh Co.; M. Hess, dresses; Pennsylvania.

FT. WAYNE, Ind.—J. Stillman, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

FORT WAYNE—Wolf & Dessauer; J. R. Broughton, children's wear, house dresses, waists, sweaters; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fisher).

FORT WORTH, Texas—Singer Bros.; J. W. Zanger, general mdse.; Majestic.

FORT WORTH, Tex.—Herman Segal; ready-to-wear, hosiery, underwear, millinery; Breslin.

FRANKFORT, Ind.—The Herts D. G. Co.; A. Levy, dry goods, carpets, ready-to-wear; H. Hertz, dry goods, carpets; Pennsylvania.

FRESENO, Cal.—E. J. Gottschalk Co.—W. R. McCormick, men's shirts; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

GALESBURG, Ill.—The N. P. Nelson Co.; John Olson, ready-to-wear; Prince George.

GENEVA, Ala.—R. Wallace, ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,182 Broadway (J. A. Goldman).

GLOBE, Ariz.—W. V. Hamilton, ready-to-wear; Elks' Club.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.—Argersing & Co.; Miss L. B. Dostic, laces, trimmings, neckwear; Commodore.

GREAT FALLS, Mont.—J. A. Berger Co.; W. A. Berger, gen'l mdse., ready-to-wear; 1,404 Broadway.

GREENSBURG, Ind.—Minear D. G. Co.; E. A. Bonney, gen. mdse.; Pennsylvania.

GREENSBURG, Pa.—W. Rose, ready-to-wear; 117 West 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

GREENFIELD, Mass.—The Womens Shop; J. L. Hanley, representing; Algonquin.

GREENVILLE, S. C.—Meyer-Arnold Co.; J. McManus, suits, coats, dresses; Pennsylvania.

GUERO, Texas—Bass Bros. Co.; J. L. Bass, gen'l mdse.; 1,270 B'way, Breslin.

HALIFAX, N. S.—Mathl's, Ltd.; Miss E. Grace Millin, ready-to-wear; Commodore.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Fenning Mfg. Co.; H. Rosenbaum, representing; Hotel de France.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown-Thomson & Co.; H. B. Strong, cloaks, suits; 240 Madison.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; H. Ashein, ready-to-wear; 32 West 35th (Jay & Co.).

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; Miss E. Zimmerman, fancy linens; 116 W. 32d (A. Fant); Commodore.

HARTFORD, Conn.—The Atkins Co.; H. Atkins, notions; Commodore.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; A. Hutter, general mdse.; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; J. L. Chesick, fancy goods, art needlework, madeira linens, gift shop novelties; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

HAZLETON, Pa.—P. Deiroth's Sons; W. F. Baker, H. J. Thomson, dry goods; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

HAZLETON, Pa.—Wear's, Inc.; Ben R. Wear, ready-to-wear; Florence A. Wear, corsets, blankets; McAlpin.

HELENA, Ark.—Frank & Metsler; I. Frank, low-end dresses; 1,140 Broadway (Davison Co.).

HERSHEY, Pa.—Hershey Dept. Store; Miss N. Rich, ladies' infants' wear, muslin underwear; McAlpin.

HERSHEY, Pa.—Horshey Dept. Store; Miss N. Pick, underwear, corsets; McAlpin.

HILLSBORO, Texas—Martin Dandrige Co.; J. W. Martin, ladies' ready-to-wear, millinery; Breslin.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—A. Steiger & Co.; C. A. Steiger, mdse. mgr.; Commodore.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—T. S. Childs, Inc.; H. J. Connors, hosiery; Commodore.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—George's; Miss I. D. Gurvitt, dress goods; Miss M. D. Robin, silks; Prince George.

HONOLULU—Max Basker, gen. mdse.; Clarridge.

HURON, S. D.—J. C. Dexter; Mrs. A. B. Stowell, novelties, millinery; Prince George.

HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; E. Hirsch, small wares; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

HOUSTON—Foley Bros. D. G. Co.; H. G. Meyer, small wares; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

HOUSTON, Texas—Schepe; B. Schepe, E. Schepe, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

INDIANA, Pa.—S. W. Rose; S. Reppiogel, ready-to-wear; 117 W. 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

INDIANAPOLIS—Three Art Shop; Miss R. Gelson, gen. mdse.; 8 W. 54th.

INDIANAPOLIS—The Home of Silks; Maurice Selko, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

INDIANAPOLIS—Griffin-Hosmer Shop; Miss M. E. Griffin, exclusive ready-to-wear; Waldorf-Astoria.

IRON MOUNT, Mich.—A. Saskim Co.; E. Beamont, ready-to-wear, dry goods; 22 W. 21st.

IRON RIVER, Mich.—Krom's Dept. Store; B. Krom, jobs knife pleated skirts; 334 5th Av. (J. R. Feldenberg).

JONESBORO, Ark.—Weinstman D. G. Co.; J. Heinsman, ready-to-wear; Latham.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Geo. B. Peck D. G. Co.; Mrs. S. F. Ellis, ribbons, handkerchiefs; Miss M. Lee, novelties, muslin underwear; 240 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery, Bird & Thayer; H. C. Johnston, men's wear; 23 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY—Emery-Bird-Thayer Co.; W. Fleisher, millinery; 23 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—The Alder Milly Co.; Miss Fleisman, millinery; Pennsylvania.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—The Frank Shop; J. P. Gormley, jewelry; 106 W. 27th.

KANSAS CITY—Liberty Garment Co.; A. S. Pasquina, dresses; Commodore.

KENTON, Ohio—D. E. Nourse & Son Co.; Miss H. Marrod, J. O. Nourse, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

KENTON, Ohio—D. E. Nourse Son & Co.; Miss H. Hanna, millinery; Latham.

LA CROSSE, Wis.—Geo. Krause & Co.; H. Krause, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

LAKELAND, Fla.—Rimette Gift Shop; M. E. Wasser, gen. mdse.; McAlpin.

LANCASTER, Pa.—M. T. Garvin & Co.; Miss B. E. Herr, corsets, muslin underwear; 116 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

LANCASTER, Pa.—M. T. Garvin & Co.; A. A. Cauller, men's furnishings; 113 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

LANCASTER, Ohio—McFee & Miller; M. Leavy, ladies' and children's wear; McAlpin.

LANCASTER, Pa.—M. T. Garvin Co.; A. H. Smith, hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, jewelry, leather goods; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis); Imperial.

LAWRENCE, Kan.—A. D. Weaver; Mr. Decker, piece goods; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins, Inc.).

LIMA, Ohio—Feldman & Co.; H. M. Kamerer, mdse. mgr.; infants', children's wear, art goods, lamp shade trimmings, gift novelties; Seymour.

LIMA, Ohio—Gus Holstine D. G. Co.; S. Holstine, mdse. mgr.; J. Levy, men's furnishings; Pennsylvania.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Gold & Co.; H. C. Caulfield, mdse. mgr.; 21 E. 22d; Imperial.

LITTLE

Wholesale Only.

THE LARGEST KNITTING PLANT in the United States

Here's Another NAVY-KNIT Garment that Ought to Sell Like Sixty!!

Style B. 2154

A most attractive all-wool Coat Sweater for women. A garment of substantial weight distinguished by its shawl collar, belt, and two side pockets. To be had in Buff, Brown, Navy, Maroon, Black and White in sizes from 36 to 46.

To Retail at $4.95

Of Course

You Save Money By Buying Direct!

Especially does this hold true when the mill from which you purchase happens to be the largest of its kind in the country. Our tremendous production enables us to offer NAVY-KNIT Outerwear at prices which are invariably lower than others.

The ever-widening popularity of Knitted wearables offers you an opportunity for big business. The Navy-Knit line can be sold at attractive prices—give you a good fair profit and can be safely recommended.

VISITING BUYERS In our showrooms we will be glad to show our latest productions to every good merchant who likes to sell fine things and who recognizes the profit in a fast-moving line. If you're in that class you'll come in to see us.

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Attractive Prices!

$5.50 to $13.50 each

is the range of the immensely popular new

BARSAROY

ROBES and BREAKFAST COATS lined with Seca or Jap SILK.

Beautifully made up and richly styled.

Fashioned for both comfort and smartness, they are really extraordinary values.

Ladies' sizes 36 to 44

Stouts 46 to 56

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Max Mayer Inc Tops for Tots 352 Fourth Av. at 25th St.

Wholesale Only

LEADERS in DRESSES for the JUNIOR MISS

Only 2 Prices. $16.75 to $19.75

Immediate Delivery.

SUNNY MAID DRESS CO. 48-54 W. 25th St., N. Y.

BROOKLYN-JERSEY FERRY LINE URGED

Riegelmann Will Aid Plan of Bush Terminal Merchants for Direct Service.

RELIEF FOR BRIDGE TRAFFIC

Help in Street Improvements Also Promised by Borough President at Luncheon.

The establishment of a direct ferry service between Thirty-ninth Street, South Brooklyn, and Jersey City was one of the projects urged yesterday upon Borough President Edward Riegelmann of Brooklyn by the Merchants and Manufacturers Association of Bush Terminal. Louis Niebanck, President of the association, told Mr. Riegelmann that such a water route would not only benefit the Borough by lessening vehicular traffic on the main arteries of truck travel to the bridges, but also would go far toward relieving conditions in downtown Manhattan.

Mr. Riegelmann said the idea of a ferry service with New Jersey was new to him, but that he could see it was of importance when it was considered that one-sixth of the industrial enterprises of Brooklyn are in the Bush Terminal section. If the association would draft a letter to the Board of Estimate, outlining the plan, he said he would promise to push the project "with vigor."

The Borough President was guest at an informal luncheon given by the Directors of the association at Lipton's restaurant, Thirty-sixth Street and Third Avenue, Brooklyn. The proposed ferry line was one of several projects for the betterment of the Bush Terminal section advanced by the association. Mr. Niebanck pointed out that such a service by the city would not only attract labor to Brooklyn, but would give a host of workers a real five-cent fare to and from their work. Also, he said, there is such a demand for the service by private automobile owners that he was sure it could be made a source of profit to the city.

The association also asked the Borough President to use his influence to have a park and playground established on the vacant tract of city-owned land in Thirty-ninth Street, between Second Avenue and the Municipal ferry. This tract adjoins Federal-owned land in the rear, and is about 1,000 feet long by 200 to 300 feet wide. At present it is used as a city dump. Mr. Riegelmann said that he had in mind the use of this land for the new State arsenal, provided the State decides to build it in Brooklyn. He asked the association whether it preferred an arsenal or a park there. The unanimous answer was for a park.

Street improvement was discussed, and Mr. Riegelmann said he would have experts in his department make a survey and report on conditions in the Bush Terminal section. He asked that Frederick W. Rice, Secretary of the association, write a report on the needs for street improvement. He referred a request for better policing of South Brooklyn to Police Commissioner Enright.

Among those present at the lunch were County Clerk William R. Clark, John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Brooklyn; Deputy County Clerk William J. Heffernan, Democratic leader of the Seventh Assembly District, in which Bush Terminal is located; Henry Hesterberg, Superintendent of the Brooklyn Bureau of Highways, and David Germaine, secretary to Mr. Riegelmann.

FOR SEIZURE OF MINES.

Bacharach Urges Federal Operation If Hard Coal War Continues.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 1.—Government seizure and operation of the anthracite mines in the event of the continued failure of the operators and miners to get together on a new wage scale was urged here today by Representative Isaac Bacharach, Republican, of New Jersey, a member of the Ways and Means Committee, in a speech at the Lions' Club.

Mr. Bacharach also urged some form of public regulation of coal mining similar to that exercised over the railroads by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"That is very interesting," was all the comment John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers of America, would make when informed of Mr. Bacharach's plan. Lewis is still here following the breaking of negotiations between the operators and miners last week, when the operators refused to grant the demand of the miners for complete recognition with the "check-off." He was non-committal when asked whether there had been any developments which lessend the possibility of a strike in the hard coal fields one month from today, when the present wage agreement expires.

From statements made here by both operators and miners during the progress of the wage negotiations, it is certain that both sides are bitterly opposed to Government operation of the mines.

FOR BRITISH EXHIBITION.

Officials Move to Keep Hotel Rates Down.

The question of hotel and boarding-house accommodations for overseas visitors to London next year is already engaging the attention of the British Empire Exhibition authorities and hotel men of that city, according to John B. Renwick of Easton, Pa., who has just returned from London and is at the Hotel McAlpin.

"The exhibition officials have been in negotiation with the association of hotels and restaurants, and with the help of this body and others interested in providing temporary accommodations for the visitors a committee has been formed," said Mr. Renwick. "It is proposed to index a list of available accommodations within a ten-mile radius and, in conjunction with the transport authorities, to see that travel facilities are available until after midnight. Only such hotels and lodging houses as are prepared to adhere to their usual scale of prices for the Summer season will be included in this list, the exhibition committee desiring to forestall any rumors to the effect that prices will be increased or that there will be a scarcity of accommodations for visitors.

"The exhibition at Wembley is expected to be the greatest thing of its kind ever attempted."

Cheaper Jewelry Novelties.

A bracelet made of celluloid, with engraved silver bands, is supplanting the glass bracelet now on the market, according to a leading manufacturer of popular-priced jewelry. These retail at 50 cents, and in general appearance are said to rival any dollar bracelet put out heretofore. A silver filagree bracelet, engraved and set with stones in various colors, to retail at from $2 to $5 each at wholesale, is also going well. Another manufacturer has a somewhat more expensive line, retailing up to $10, in galalith set with stones in brilliant colors. They come in the new lacquered, straight bangle shape, and in various shades of amber, with filagree gold bands. Earrings shown by this manufacturer follow the foreign designs and are longer than ever, often four and half inches, like the bracelets, they are set with multi-colored stones. Large Spanish combs, brilliant with stones of various colors, are among the most striking novelties at this house.

ADDITIONAL CLOTHS PRICED FOR SPRING

Fancy Worsteds and Other Fabrics Offered by the American Woolen Company.

Showing of its Spring, 1924, fabrics was completed yesterday by the American Woolen Company, when lines of semi-staples, fancy and standard worsteds and gaiter cloths for the men's wear trade were opened. There was no official information given out as to the advances represented in the new prices made. It was the comment of some in the trade, however, that the extent of the increases on the fancy worsteds was not quite as marked as those made on the staples. Several estimates placed the advances on these goods at from 5 to 12 per cent. In expressing these opinions, the idea was suggested that the proportionate advances were probably smaller in order to make up for any backwardness that has developed in the buying of the staple goods. The company, in giving out the new range of prices, maintained there was no basis of comparison, owing to changes in weave and styling.

The range of prices for semi-staples in Department 1, comprising fancy weaves piece dyes and mixture suitings, is indicated in the subjoined table:

Mill.	Piece Dyes.	Mixtures.
Washington	$1.55 @$4.35	$1.80 @$4.15
Wood	$1.85 @$4.95	$1.95 @$4.75
Ayer	$1.82½@$5.52½	$1.85 @$4.55
Shawsheen	$2.60 @$5.00	$2.57½@$3.25
Fulton	$2.87½@$4.37½	$2.70 @$3.72½

The price range of fancy worsteds in Department 2 was from $1.70 to $4.85 per yard. The initial figure at which these lines begin for the new season is only slightly higher than that of the Fall on last Spring. Other fancies in Department 1 ranged to $5.55 per yard, the latter being fabrics of the Puritan mill. The range by individual mills was as follows:

Department 2—National and Providence, $2.55½@$4.85; Saranac, $2.32½@$5.00; Arden, $3.25@$4.15; Champlain, $3.25@$3.65; Riverside, $2.15@$4.10; Slater, $2.57½@$2.90; Manton, $2.27½@$3.03; Anchor, $1.87½@$3.57½; Chase, $1.97½@$3.77½; Westbosset, $1.70@$2.85, and Moosup, $2.27½@$2.85.

Department 7—Beoli, $2.67½@$4.92½; Globe, $2.87½@$5.05, and Puritan, $3.90@$5.55.

Standard worsteds in Department 8A, Washington mill, were priced from $2.42½ to $5.37½, and gaiter cloths, Brown mill, from $4.05 to $4.12½.

Darker colors seemed to predominate in the lines of fancy worsteds. Many silk mixtures were shown, with a large assortment of slender stripe effects and checks. The vigoureux fabrics of the recently acquired Slater Mills, priced at from $2.57½ to $2.90, were deemed especially attractive.

The attendance of the men's wear trade at the opening was again moderate. Out-of-town buyers were in the majority of those who attended, the local trade being apparently disposed to await further developments. Buyers continued to flock to the showing of women's wear fabrics by the company, and it is thought very likely that these lines will be sold up by the end of this week or the early part of next. Allotments of some fabrics will probably be resorted to.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Hoffman & Harthday, resident buyers, 117 West Thirty-third Street, now represent Leon Segall & Co., 154 Sutter Street, San Francisco, in this market.

C. C. Bohn, electrical contractor, 820 Sixth Avenue, yesterday celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of the establishment of his business. During this period Mr. Bohn has had a considerable part in the transformation of Broadway from a gas illuminated street to the present "Great White Way," having been one of the pioneers in installing electric signs.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Commercial Paper.

Yesterday, 5@5¼% for the best names.
Tuesday, 5@5¼% for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Use of Pile Fabrics.

Velvets and other pile fabrics are being used in greater variety than for several seasons, according to one large manufacturer of staple merchandise of this class. In millinery, sport coats and dresses, three-piece suits, negligees and formal gowns, velvets are much employed. The printed corduroys, put on the market last year, are selling in large quantities and are used extensively as trimmings for lounging robes and kimonos. They come in a Paisley design, in a wide range of popular colorings. Printed twill-back velveteens are also among the leading novelties of the season with this house. They are used principally for jaquettes and for the three-piece suits. The "King Tut" design, put out recently, is going well. The small white polka dot pattern on a solid color, which comes in all the popular shades, is much used. Solid color velveteens, especially in the high evening shades, are selling well for sport models.

Relative Prices Again Stressed.

Judging from the frequent remarks of retailers from certain sections of the country now in the market, the relation of prices of various commodities is a leading factor in the shaping of their Fall buying policies. This is caused mainly by the recent slump in the price of wheat, but buyers from the metal-producing States are also giving attention to the matter. Their attitude is that, as far as they are concerned, high prices for apparel and dry goods do not fit in well with declining prices for basic products. While the disparity exists it will be a influence in making their buying of a cautious nature. Even if the general domestic situation has another spurt, according to one retailer, it will not have the beneficial result that might be expected, as the prices of most of the basic products depend on the export trade.

Styles in Men's Hats.

Pearl grey will be a popular shade in men's hats this Fall, according to a leading manufacturer. The rime will be bound in the same shade, with the band in black or dark slate. Other shades of gray will also be much used, browns being less popular. Various shades of taupe, however, with contrasting bands, are selling well, especially the dark mixtria known as "Belgian back." The effort to popularize green has not been successful, according to this manufacturer, except for the "Moselle" shade, a neutral sage tone, which is taking fairly well. There is little change in the general shape. Indications are that the stiff hat is coming back slowly but surely, although there has been but a small increase in actual sales to date. Velours are going somewhat better, especially in the lighter, livelier colors, sage, green, light nutria, &c. No change in retail prices is indicated.

Stiffening in Gray Goods.

With the Government cotton condition and acreage report coming as a surprise to the trade, values of gray goods yesterday were stronger. Little in the way of actual business developed, however. There were some early morning sales reported of 39-inch 68-72s at 10 cents, and it was said to be possible to "do" the same price in the afternoon for spot goods, but most sellers were asking an eighth higher for forward delivery. The same was true of 39¼-inch 64-60s, which were held at 8¾ cents at the close. For 38½-inch 60-48s 7¼ cents was asked. Little was done in the sheetings end, although this division was also firmer. For 37-inch, 48 square, four-yard goods the prices were from 9⅞ cents to 10 cents. Little of interest was shown in the rest of the market.

Period Influences in Millinery.

From present appearances, period influences will dominate in Fall millinery. The inspiration of the styles of the 1830, Victorian, Garvarni, Louis Phillipe and 1850 periods are those most guiding the designers, according to the current issue of the Millinery Bulletin. Rather absolute duplication seems to be the rule, tiny brims, high round crowns, turned-up sides and protruding trims being stressed. Some of the popular priced merchandise will be made of duvetyn while those of Lyons velvet are described as good for early sale. The "best buy for the conservative consumer is said to be the velours trimmed with napped panne or hatters' plush. In colors, the trend is said to be swinging away from the Egyptian to the Chinese and Japanese. Navy is expected to be very popular. Off shades of red, such as burgundy and lacquer red, are looked upon to succeed the bright tones of this color.

Mama Doll Still Favored.

From many accounts, the talking and walking "mama doll" will again be a leading item in the holiday business. Some retailers have been disposed to feel a little uncertainty about the matter, but the bulk of the stores, as evidenced by the orders placed with manufacturers thus far, are of the opinion that it will "take" just as strongly as it did last season. They point out that the attractions of the doll are such to the child that it has virtually become the staple in the doll line. This is further shown by the action of some manufacturers in giving up their other doll numbers in order to concentrate production on the "mama" type. Some in the trade look for further improvements in the voice mechanism, both as to the quality of sound and durability and also to more words being spoken. If such an improved product is placed on the market it will command the attention of the entire trade, it is said, and further solidify the postion of the doll as a large seller.

Oriental Rugs for Fall.

Buyers are showing considerable interest in Oriental rugs, for which the Fall season is generally the biggest period of the year. Store representatives are inclined to believe the consumer purchases of these rugs will be satisfactory, owing to the increasing number of homes that are to be fitted out. They recognize there may be some difficulty in the matter of price, but to purchasers of this kind of floor coverings, they point out, this element does not figure so largely, provided the quality is good. Wholesalers here have fairly well assorted stocks and report a strong market in the rug centres of the Far East, particularly in Constantinople, where prices are moving higher.

Beaded Handbags Still Favored.

Beaded handbags are still a leading feature with a large novelty house, and various causes have contributed to bring about a sharp reduction in the price of the cheaper importations of these goods. A style now selling at $5 wholesale, and even less in quantity lots, rivals in appearance bags heretofore retailing up to $20. They come in a large variety of colors, most of them brilliant, and in many new shapes, the most popular being the pouch, with filagree metal frames set with multi-colored stones. In the more expensive lines, beaded bags of glass are falling off, although fine hand-made bags in metal beads are still going well. Old-style vanity cases are not selling, although new designs in odd shapes, with a swinging mirror the full size of the box, are popular.

An Accessory and a Tea Apron.

Among the more expensive novelties just put out by a leading manufacturer in an automobile accessory, consisting of a combination ash-tray, match box, and cigarette case, with a patent cigarette ejector manipulated with a lever. The three articles are enclosed in a leather case, and the whole sells for $25. They also come separately, the cigarette case being equipped with a dry flint lighter. The same house is featuring a tea-apron, made entirely of thin rubber, in a wide range of brilliant colors. It comes in different models, some with bibs and shoulder straps, and all are trimmed with shirred bands in white or a contrasting color, also of rubber. They retail at $1.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against

BOOK PUBLISHERS PRESS, INC., 227-39 West Seventeenth Street, by Henry Lindenmeyer & Sons for $290, Bingham Brothers Company, Inc., $116, Charles Eneu Johnson & Co., $169.

MORRIS ORNSTEIN, doing business as Princely Manufacturing Company, clothing, 21 East Tenth Street; by Della Harrison on a claim of $900. Charles C. Fenno was appointed receiver, under $5,000 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, about $70,000; assets, about $100,000. A petition was also filed against him by these creditors: R. B. Schiff for $900, Fannie Wald $352, Apollo Worsted Co., $126.

Petitions Filed—By

HUGO WALDVOGEL, salesman, 611 West 141st Street. Liabilities $28,252, no assets. Principal creditors are Hamilton Credit Union $2,825, Packard Motor Car Company $1,627, Glasberg Brothers $3,750, A. Silverman $2,000, Julius Kalodin $2,386.

ISIDOR ARONIN, superintendent of building construction, 2,065 Creston Avenue—Liabilities $18,204, no assets. Principal creditors are Equitable Trust Company $5,000, Travelers Insurance Company $1,190, Rialto Contracting Company, $1,070.

LOUIS CUMMINGS, contractor, 240 East 104th Street—Liabilities $3,389, no assets.

CHARLES R. RUBINS, trunks and suitcases, 2,467 Broadway—Liabilities $8,639, assets $1,016. Charles Shongood appointed custodian, under $230 bond, by Judge Winslow.

Assignments.

ARTHUR FIELDS and LOUIS A. DUHAN, dealers in musical instruments, records and sheet music, at 2,064 Seventh Avenue, to Jesse S. Libien of 920 Eighth Avenue.

MURRAY EISENBERG, trading as Weiner Biscuit and Confectionery Company, at 1,066 Kelly Street, to Max Delbaum.

PIRICUS SCHWARTZ and ARON FISHER, leather skin manufacturers, to Louis Halperin, 305 Broadway, New York.

Receivers Appointed.

KEVELSON & SON, dress manufacturers, 14 East Thirty-second Street—W. Bindschaedler appointed receiver, under $10,000 bond, by Judge Winslow. Petition in suit filed by Jeannette Schwartz. Liabilities, about $30,000; assets, about $61,000.

EARNETT GOLDSTEIN JEWELRY CO., INC., 5,587 Broadway—Clifford G. Ludvigh appointed, under $5,000 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, about $30,000; assets, about $5,000.

BRADLEY, INC., cafeteria, 60 Beaver Street—Joshua M. Flero Jr., appointed, under $2,000 bond, by Judge Winslow. Liabilities, not stated; assets, over $5,000.

KNICKERBOCKER BOND CORPORATION, 152 West Forty-second Street—Joshua M. Flero Jr. appointed, under $250 bond, by Judge Winslow.

Schedules Filed.

SAM CITRON, house furnishings, 400 East 174th Street.—Liabilities, $5,729; assets, unknown.

L. J. SCHOENER, INC., leaf tobacco, 169 Water Street.—Liabilities, $38,290; assets, $6,195, main items being accounts, $3,500; stock, $1,800. Principal creditors are Key Cigar Company, $5,810; Weil & Sons, $5,500; Max Wedeles Leaf Tobacco Company, $5,000; Pennsylvania Tobacco Company, $1,858.

Compositions Confirmed.

Leopold Ansig, doing business as Republic Trimming Company, 170 Fifth Avenue, 30 per cent.; Rialmore Bedding Company, manufacturers of mattresses, 216 West Twentieth Street, 25 per cent.

Bankruptcy Discharges.

Henry Huber, manager, 521 West 144th Street; Key Holding Corporation, films, 209 East 124th Street; Magnus Zimmerman, dealer in butter, 664 Forest Avenue; Leon Kronold, salesman, 746 St. Nicholas Avenue; David Horowitz, 629 West 167th Street; Israel Herman, 254 Fourth Avenue; Philip Unger and Jacob Schoenwald, composing firm of Unger & Schoenwald, jewelry, 150 East Fourteenth Street; Jacob and Rose Salinger, doing business under the style of Salinger, Salinger & Co., 30 East Fifty-fourth Street; Athletic Wear Manufacturing Company, 177 West End Avenue, Manhattan Beach, N. Y., and them in Brooklyn; O'Neill Furniture Company, 3,042 Fifth Avenue; Bodosh & Kaufman, 223 Franklin Avenue; Emanuel Greenfield, 2,892 Eastern Parkway; D. Arthur Graves, 1,250 Bedford Avenue; Cyrus Drago, 1,671 Seventy-second Street; Max M. Hoffman, 1,196 Fifty-ninth Street; Hasker Lighting Fixture Company, 1,542 Flatbush Avenue.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, Aug. 1.—William W. Shapero, trading as Bon's Shop, furnishings, of Syracuse, filed a petition in bankruptcy here with liabilities of $10,051 and assets of $4,586.

Special to The New York Times.

MACON, Ga., Aug. 1.—The D. Hollander Furniture Company, against which an involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed a few weeks ago today filed schedules in the Federal court showing liabilities of $30,000 and assets of $122,000.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 1.—Vice Chancellor Backes has appointed Nicholas La Vecchia receiver of the Saltzbach Clothing Company, which conducted a large business at 807 Broad Street under the title of "Georges." Its outstanding debits are said to amount to $350,000, and according to the bill of complaint the assets, while not definitely known, are "considerably less." An offer of 25 per cent. has been declined. The Vice Chancellor will hear argument Aug. 6 on the question whether the receivership should be made permanent.

JUDGMENTS

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Medical Products Co., Inc., Joseph C. Tollman and Frank T. Hunter—M. H. Mann $1,528.50
Acme Transport Co.—Gotham Advertising Co. $560.96
Atlasette Gloves, Inc., Elias Breath and Bernard S. Kahn—Fisk, Clark & Flagg $1,661.68
Beaudet, Corine—A. Holsman et al. $384.10
Bowles, Dwight W.—P. F. Fink $250.40
Berlin, Isidore—United Naval Stores Co., Inc. $700.39
Block, Leon and Leon Bloch Dress Corp.—S. Liebowitz $1,246.26
B. Burstein, Inc.—H. Weismann et al. $244.86
Chaab, Andrew B.—C. Bunkin $152.50
Chotinsky, Charles—Onondaga Milk Produce Co-op. Assn. $134.20
De Costa, Leon—Deposit & Trust Co. $456.87
Beehtenberg, Ephraim and Benjamin Brand—People, &c. $500.00
Dillon, James J.—E. Diser $1,000.00
Davis, Geo. W.—Lawyers Co-op. Pub. Corp. $196.65
Efficiency Heating Co., Inc.—F. W. Dodge Corp. $151.40
Engineering Iron Works—Linde Air Products Co. $162.30
Fischer, Hugo and Themelis Bros. Co., Inc.—H. Vanta et al. $518.01
Flear, Joseph—East River Nth. Blk. $1,040.40
Friedman, Bernard—J. V. Conlen $491.16
Friedman, Max—F. Luks et al. $128.24
Fischer, Hugo—Vanta Bros. $513.90
Friedman, Jonas (Universal Service Assn.)—Snyder Hosiery, Inc. $135.55
Goldstein, Michael and Charles Cornetoff (M. Goldston Co.)—S. Brustein et al. $160.19
Harding, Nelia K.—Tero Realty Corp. $654.30
Jung, Martin, Inc.—I. Fried $350.24
Jacobs, Jerome A.—D. H. Jasey $1,980.25
Johnson, Gustav—Atlantic Stevedoring Co., Inc. $100.30
Kent, Arthur D.—A. B. Delth et al. $237.00
Kahn, David—Columbia Graphophone Co. $5,406.16
Lebendinger, Chas.—B. Shapiro $188.95
Land Improvement and Building Corp.—New Jamaica Lumber Co., Inc. $715.40
Leonard, John G.—H. M. Greist et al. $204.35
Levy, Abraham L. and Ray—Hoisting Engineers' Corp. of N. Y. $475.87
Lindsay, Frank B.—Lawyers' Co-operative Publishing Co. $251.31
Mecquers, Leopin, and May F. Mecquers—G. Rice $877.96
Nissenshall, Abraham or Abe—A. Futterman $1,086.91
Same—Same $61.80
Norman Specialty Co., Inc.—Webster Cleary Sales Corp. $257.14
Parker, Clarence E.—Lawyers' Co-operative Publishing Co. $175.85
Prior, Daniel H., and Bertram Anfenger—Same $124.75
Pridean, Thomas G.—B. Altman & Co. $254.21
Parsons, Robert F.—Dreicer & Co., Inc. $1,790.81
Rangavis, Demetrius, and Basil Alexandrides—G. Rosenthal et al. $116.66
Rosenberg, Maurice (Army Underpayment Co.)—G. Angelowitz $1,805.20
Same—Same $1,198.00
Robert Masters, Inc.—E. A. Laboratories, Inc. $1,207.00
Reich Samuel, Charles Reich and Joseph M. Cohen—People's Trust Co. $12,770.41
Same—Same $8,531.46
Rida, Fred O.—I. Solomon et al. $150.66
Scullard, Charles V.—Royal Eastern Electric Supply Co. $194.55
Sherman, David—W. Miller et al. $186.35
Schlossberg, Max, and Joseph Probst (Probst & Schlossberg)—Leader Button Co., Inc. $158.41
Seaton, John W.—Rogers Peet & Co. $158.25
Sutton, Woodruff, and Travel Exposition Co., Inc.—Rowland Advertising Co. $1,125.30
Standard Furnaces, Inc.—Kinsler Co., Inc. $551.71
S. W. S. Cloak Co., Inc., and Samuel Borge—H. Kanter $167.70
Schwartz, Louis—Same $700.39
Sabah, George A.—New Jamaica Lumber Co., Inc. $104.34
Silberstein, Meyer, Meyer Glatzer, S. Silberstein & Son, Inc., and Benjamin Weiss—N. Y. Rayon Co. $1,000.10
Tompkins, Joseph, and Edna L. Lansley—Holding Corp., Inc. $346.07
Tritschler & Sons, Inc.—American Contractor Pub. Co. $194.90
Tenney, Dudley L.—West 46th St. Studios, Inc. $1,000.00
Union Rubber Products Corp., Henry F. Schrader, Harry F. Clark, Augusta Schrader and Emil von Maur—C. E. C. Schrader. $3,141.25
Vox Bearn, Paul S.—L. Greene $245.20
Wahlen, Oliver A.—Inc.—American Printing & Co., Inc. $6,589.80
Wood, Leland S., and Eugene A. H. Watson—J. R. Clarke et al. $35,522.80

In Bronx County.

Berg, Isaac—J. Nussbaum $81.00
Dunaif, Hetty—L. Rothman $1,579.10
Finn, John—Eagle Savings and Loan Co. $1,137.60
Gaudio, Martin, John Gaudio and Graceno Pastigini—G. Rees et al. $429.15
Mugler, Dorothea E.—H. Newmark $35.16
Pelle, Angelo—National Surety Co. $294.20
Stark, Herman—Equitable Trust Co. $90.44
Sobel, John—J. Katz $60.97
Shapiro, Harry—A. Miller $120.80
Welsberg, Louis—Ganis Hld. Corp. $240.45

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Hall, Harry D.—S. F. Saloom, Feb. 7, 1923 ..... $120.21
Buckley, Richard H.—B. Rettenberg, Jan. 27, 1922 ..... $391.91
Hanna, Wm. E.—Commercial Travelers Mutual Accident Ass'n of America, June 14, 1923 ..... $147.35
Sklamberg, Hyman—S. Gibbis, July 19, 1923 ..... $235.37
Same—C. Gibbis, July 19, 1923 ..... $178.07
Same—S. Gibbis, Oct. 26, 1922 ..... $103.07
City of N. Y. and William Brady—E. Osborn et al., May 16, 1923 ..... $472.39
Benson Building Co. et al.—I. Horowitz, April 13, 1923 ..... $235.37
Same—W. M. Hughes, May 16, 1923 ..... $834.27
Broad Transport Corp. et al.—M. V. Benton (reversed) $1,095.20
Sklamberg, Hyman—S. Gibbis, Oct. 26, 1921 ..... $5,138.57
Strassburger, Samuel M.—Combined Industries, Inc., Feb. 19, 1923 ..... $1,040.04
Bender, Frederick W.—Pure Oil Co., June 14, 1923 ..... $2,246.45
Sklamberg, Hyman—C. Gibbis, Oct. 14, 1921 ..... $20,148.47
Greenberg, Jacob M. et al.—Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, Inc., July 18, 1923 ..... $5,695.20
Hanna, Wm. E.—Commercial Travelers Mutual Accident Ass'n of America, Jan. 2, 1923 ..... $606.05
Collins, Matthew G.—F. T. Sabs, April 17, 1918 ..... $1,648.97
Same—Same, April 17, 1918 ..... $1,645.34

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Filed yesterday:

In New York County.

PARK PLACE, 68 and 70; Keller & Levine against Columbia College, owner; Robert W. Grange, contractor $1,543.00
ST. MARK'S PLACE, 75; Louis G. Miller against Harry Reinstein, owner and contractor $284.59
14TH ST., 304 EAST; Sam Dunowitz against Anna H. Herrmann, owner; Max Grubler, contractor $200.00
EIGHTH ST., 9 WEST; Rubin Zerman against Stanislaw Cyganiewicz, owner and contractor $386.49
WARREN ST., 22; Elevator Repair & Supply Corp. against Horsecope Realty Co., owner; Spero Semaya, contractor $1,000.00
BROADWAY, 3,783; John L. Knight against Adolph Lewisohn Sons, Inc., owner; Phoenix Wood Working Co., contractor (renewal) $645.96

In Bronx County.

WARING AV., e s, 25 ft. w of Fenton Av, 23x100; Francis J. Lewis against Ray and Eva E. Evens, owner and contractors $611.76
156TH ST., s e corner of Kelly St; West Brox Street, Samuel Greenstein, owner; Herold Bldg. Co., contractors $600.00
HILL AV, 2,832; Julius Watsky against Matthew Maxwell, owner; Fred De Filippo, contractor $263.00
ARLINGTON AV., n w corner of 231st St, 23.9x97.9; Joseph McIlwain against Theresa and Jean Li Perentees and Corentin Le Jeou, owners; Joseph Williams, contractor $660.14

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 504; Louis Eichwald against Park Realty Corp; July 5, 1923.. ..... $325.65
9TH AV, 504-506; George A. Dugan Co. against Arpina Tavhanjian et al., Aug. 1, 1922 ..... $36,347.65
84TH ST, 149 West; Felix Construction Co. against Israel C. Palefski et al; Nov. 1, 1922 (cancelled) $7,770.00
SAME PROPERTY; Abraham Rubner against Same; Nov. 28, 1923 (by bond) ..... $280.
SAME PROPERTY; Max Wolgemuth against Same; Nov. 14, 1923 (by bond) $764.00
SAME PROPERTY; Felix Construction Co. against Same; Jan. 9, 1923 (by bond) $8,851.13
SAME PROPERTY; Mutual Plumbing Co. against Same; Nov. 1, 1922 (by bond) $1,036.00
SAME PROPERTY; John A. Philbrick & Bro. against Same; Jan. 11, 1923 (by bond) $287.71

In Bronx County.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 218 ft n of Longwood Av; 50.1x50.1; Moe Silbert against Sam Zucker, Silbert Const. Corp., et al.; Nov. 1922 ..... $12,000.00

SOUTHERN BANKERS OFFER CHECK PLAN

Tell Federal Reserve Board It Will Mean Actual Collections at Par.

NOT VIEWED WITH FAVOR

Proposal Provides for Par Clearance on a Voluntary Basis in Each District.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—A new plan for handling bank checks, described by its proponents as one that will mean "actual and not theoretical" collection at par, was submitted today to the Federal Reserve Board.

The suggestion, offered by Charles Claiborne of New Orleans and L. R. Adams of Atlanta, representing the National and State Bankers' Protective Association, was made when the board met to give further consideration to its own plan for enforced par clearance, the effective date of which was postponed indefinitely last week.

The Claiborne-Adams program contemplates the use of par clearance on a voluntary basis within each of the twelve Reserve districts, but would permit a collection charge on inter-district transactions. It would take the place of the recently promulgated order of the Reserve Board, later withdrawn, prohibiting the Reserve banks from receiving on deposit or for collection checks drawn on banks which are not members of the Reserve System and which, at the same time, do not remit the face value of checks.

It was contended by its sponsors that while the check collection proposal of the protective association would allow banks to make the collection charge if they saw fit, there would be such an inducement for banks to remit at par that the number handling checks without the service fee would increase.

The belief prevailed in some quarters, however, that the scope of the program was so broad as to make the checks equal to currency within the Federal Reserve district, with a result that the burden of expense in handling the checks would be placed on the reserve system. The expense, according to those of this view, ultimately would come out of the Government's franchise tax from the Reserve banks.

The special committee of Reserve Bank Governors, which acts in an advisory capacity with the board, participated in today's deliberations. While no official statement was forthcoming, it was reported that the Governors did not look with favor on the Claiborne-Adams suggestion. It was said, however, that two and possibly three board members were inclined to support the proposal.

Name Bituminous Coal Committee.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—A National Policy Committee of bituminous coal operators has been created, it was announced here today, to represent the industry in public matters. John C. Brydon, President of the National Coal Association, will act as Chairman. Membership includes representatives of all sections of the country. The committee, Mr. Brydon said, will seek to put the industry "into closer contact with the public's interest and the public's mind."

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A New Pile Fabric that has won Instant Favor

COATS WRAPS of Matoria and Kirensky Crush Plush

Distinctively different; Elegantly fashioned garments, plain and fur trimmed. Kolinsky, Jacquard, crepe lined. Materials are Black, Beaver and Taupe.

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Trimmed with large Beaver and Squirrel Collars, also some with Platinum Wolf Collars and Cuffs.

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The finest Bolivias and Kitt Lastre Materials obtainable. Plush and Fur trimmed. Featuring all popular furs, such as Lynx, Red Fox, Squirrel, Beaver and Platinum Wolf.

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Also An Unusual Large Assortment of

Sport Coats

In all new desirable Cloths

Immediate Delivery

S

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Sites Purchased by Investors for Commercial and Residential Improvements.

NEW GARMENT CENTRE LOFT

Builders Buy Large Site for Two Apartment Houses Opposite St. Nicholas Park.

Sites for new commercial and residential building projects in Manhattan and Brooklyn aggregating several million dollars were purchased yesterday.

In the new garment centre, where there has been unusual speculative activity of late, Zoltan Friedman sold for the 332 West Thirty-seventh Street syndicate the property at 333 and 335 West Thirty-seventh Street to C. Kahn. It consists of two five-story tenements on a plot 50 by 100 feet. The buyer plans to demolish the old buildings and erect a twelve-story commercial loft, designed especially to meet the requirements of the cloak and suit trade.

This new structure will be one of the first buildings of its type to be erected between Eighth and Ninth Avenues, and shows the westward trend of the trade.

Buys Apartment Site.

On the upper west side, in the heart of the apartment house section, the plot on the southeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 128th Street, opposite St. Nicholas Park, and owned for many years by members of the Corney family, has been sold to building interests to operate under the name of the Ilion Holding Corporation, represented by Gold & Morah.

The site, which has an avenue frontage of 99.11 feet, is to be improved with two five-story apartment houses, thereby completing the development of the entire block.

The adjoining southeast corner of Convent Avenue and 128th Street was recently improved with a one-story taxpayer, and the balance of the block is covered by apartment houses.

SUES FOR SALE OF ESTATE.

Albert J. Appell Seeks Disposal of Thirty-Four Parcels of Realty.

A suit for the sale in partition of thirty-four parcels of realty, owned by the late Jacob Appell, who died in 1907, was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by his son, Albert J. Appell, against his mother, brother and four sisters. One parcel is in Bedford Hills and all the other holdings are in Manhattan. The list follows:

284 Seventh Avenue, 282 Eighth Avenue, 267 West Twenty-third Street, 271 West Twenty-third Street, 214-216 Seventh avenue, 264 West Twenty-third Street, 470 West Twenty-third Street, 466 West Twenty-third Street, 404-406 West Twenty-third Street, 402 West Twenty-third Street, 400 West Twenty-third Street, 489 West Twenty-second Street, 469 West Twenty-second Street, 227 Tenth Avenue, 507 West Twenty-third Street, 309 West Twenty-third Street, 519 West Twenty-third Street, 505 West Twenty-third Street, 215, 217 and 219 West Twenty-third Street, 506 and 508 West Twenty-third Street, 207 Tenth Avenue, 505 West Twenty-second Street, 209-205 Tenth Avenue, 189, 191 and 193 Tenth Avenue, 505 West Twenty-fifth Street and 185 Tenth Avenue.

BUYING IN BROOKLYN.

Small Properties in Good Demand by Investors.

A client of Louis W. Osterweis sold to Michele Farrento the vacant plot on the east side of Union Hall Street, 339 feet south of Cumberland Street, 87 by 15. Morris Neuwirth was the broker.

Henry L. Nielson Company sold the eight-family flat at 826 Bergen Street for C. D. Tabinski.

Bulkley & Horton Company sold the four-story building at 611 Nostrand Avenue, between Dean and Bergen Streets, on a lot 25 by 110, for Hajain Brothers.

J. Lacov has sold for F. B. Halter to Asher Dann Sons a plot on the northwest corner of Ryder Avenue and East Ninth Street, 207 feet on Ninth Street by 105 feet on Rider Avenue. The purchaser will improve the property with nine houses with garages.

The Rossel Realty Corporation purchased from the B. M. P. Realty Company, Inc., the five four-story apartment houses, on a plot 240 by 102, at 19 Parade Place and 7, 15, 19 and 25 Woodruff Avenue, held at $425,000. David S. Lavin represented the purchaser.

The Brighton Line Homes Company sold for Minnie Silverman a two-family house at 1,170 East Fourteenth Street to Ruth Harris, held at $18,500. The same brokers sold for Miller Berge Construction Company to the Blythebourne Realty Company a plot, 120 by 131.6, on the southwest corner of Avenue P and East Seventh Street. The purchasers will erect five two-family houses. The price paid for the plot was $12,500.

KENLON CHIEF FOR 12 YEARS

Veteran Firefighter Celebrates His Anniversary by Working.

John Kenlon celebrated his twelfth anniversary as Fire Chief yesterday at his desk, attending to official business. Chief Kenlon has been in the department for thirty-seven years and has been Chief longer than any one of his predecessors.

Chief Kenlon declared that the fire hazard today is relatively less than it was years ago. He attributes this to modern methods of fire fighting and improved equipment. During his regime the entire department has been motorized and is completely new and modern alarm system developed.

In his youth Chief Kenlon's one desire was to be a sailor, and to an extent his wish was fulfilled, for he organized and commanded the Marine Division of the Fire Department for many years and brought it up to such a state of efficiency that it is today the model for this branch of the service throughout the world.

SEEK MISSING PHYSICIAN.

Police Asked to Find Dr. Weinstein, Gone Since July 4.

The police have sent out a general alarm for Dr. Julius Weinstein of 639 West End Avenue, who disappeared July 4 from the home of his brother-in-law, Phillip Levine, 1,334 Forty-eighth Street, Brooklyn.

According to Levine, Dr. Weinstein suffered a nervous breakdown due to hard work. After a long rest and discharge from a sanitarium, he said, Dr. Weinstein went to live at his home. The missing man is described as 40 years old, height 5 feet 3 inches, weight 125 pounds; gray eyes, gray hair, light complexion. He wore a gray suit with a light stripe, white bow tie, black low shoes and a straw hat.

Hungarian Coming to Lecture.

Dr. Alexander L. Kristics, professor of history at the University of Budapest, has accepted an invitation from the National Catholic Welfare Council to deliver a series of lectures in important American cities on Hungary's history, present conditions and national aims. Dr. Kristics will arrive in November and will remain in this country until February.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Operator Sells Webster Avenue Building to Investor.

Harry Cahn, operator and builder, sold to Adolph Hollander, for investment, the two-story brick business building at 2,759-61 Webster Avenue, on a plot 50 by 127. Ludwig Marx negotiated the sale.

Max Roth sold for the King-Ebb Realty Company to the H. & H. Realty Company 131 Kingsbridge Road, a six-story flat, held at $160,000.

Joseph Sager resold to S. Bloom a five-and-a-half-story apartment at 953 Rogers Place, on a plot 60 by 73, held for $125,000. S. Kushner negotiated the sale.

The five-story flat at 3,826 Third Avenue, southeast corner of Claremont Parkway, on plot 34 by 100, has been purchased by the Price Holding Corporation from Irving Nagle and others.

The State Bank has sold the dye and knitting plant on 183d Street, between Prospect and Clinton Avenues, formerly owned by Rudolph Schreiber, to the Nathan Novelty Company. The plot is 207 by 150 feet, and was held at $190,000.

BROOKLYN BLOCK SOLD.

Chanin Construction Co. to Build Warehouse on Blackburn Plot.

The Chanin Construction Company, Inc., has purchased from the Blackburn estate the block front on the west side of Jay Street, between High and Sands Streets, Brooklyn, occupied by seven three and four story buildings and aggregating about 21,000 square feet in area.

The plottage is 102 feet on High Street and 206 feet on Jay Street and 102 feet on Sands Street. The property has been in the hands of the Blackburn family for eighty-five years.

The company is preparing plans for a ten-story concrete fireproof warehouse and factory building, and negotiations are about completed to rent it to one company for a period of twenty-one years with renewals.

The property was held for $175,000 and the cost of the building, excluding the land, is estimated to cost about $1,200,000. William Orpen was the broker in the transaction.

CAR BARN SITE TITLE.

Fourth Avenue Property Passes to New Corporation.

The Parlex Holding Corporation, representing Frederick Brown and the Mandel-Ehrich Corporation, acquired title to the Fourth Avenue car barn property at Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets yesterday, subject to a purchase money mortgage of $1,200,000.

The Mandel-Ehrich Corporation and Frederick Brown, together with Charles A. Newmark, purchased the property at the auction on May 4 conducted by Senator Nathaniel A. Elsberg, under the receivership of the New York Railways Company.

The Mandel-Ehrich and Brown interests are having plans prepared for improvement of the plot with a commercial building.

The Parlex Holding Corporation have taken over the interests of Charles A. Newmark and the property is controlled by Frederick Brown and the Mandel-Ehrich Corporation.

LOANS PLACED.

$115,000 5½ Per Cent. Loan on Riverside Drive Corner.

J. C. Heugh & Co. have placed for the Janem Realty Company a loan of $115,000 for ten years at 5½ per cent. on the six-story apartment house 860 Riverside Drive, corner of 146th Street.

Lawrence, Blake & Jewell have placed for J. J. Schnurmacher a first mortgage of $20,000 on the south side of 137th Street, 115 feet west of Southern Boulevard, for Meyer Felstein; $40,000 on 1,643-45 Lexington Avenue, a four-story tenement, and for Joseph Breslof $19,000 on 1,716 Crotona Park East.

Mulvihill & Flores, Inc., have placed a first mortgage for $76,000 on a 75-foot front apartment house known as the Goldenrod at 810 West 178th Street with the Harlem Savings Bank.

The City Mortgage Company has made a building loan of $250,000 to the 75 St. Nicholas Place, Inc., for the erection of six-story apartments 104.4 by 77.10 at the northwest corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 133d Street.

Private House Buyers.

The four-story dwelling at 60 Edgecombe Avenue has been purchased by H. M. Kenney from Mrs. Cora Benny-Ryan. The broker was V. T. Martin.

Shaw & Sanford sold for Angelina M. De Quesada 18 West 131st Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 15 by 55, to an operator.

The three-story residence at 206 West 131st Street, 17.8 by 99.11, has been sold by Joseph Goodman to T. L. Redd. The broker was W. L. Smith.

The five-story house, with stores, 25 by 100, at the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and 100th Street, has been sold by the J. T. Realty Company to Frank Karp.

Suburban Sales.

Stephen C. Millett has purchased the Mrs. John S. Larkin property at Glen Head, L. I., through the Worthington Whitehouse firm.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the Estates of Tappen Zee, Inc., a plot on Riverside Drive, in the Philipse Manor section of North Tarrytown, N. Y., to Mrs. Kathryn Newman.

Ralph Ward sold through Thomas S. Burke a plot at 247 Elm Street, Yonkers. The purchaser was Michael Cieslimski.

Frank A. Walker sold the plot, 40 by 110, at the corner of Dalrymple and Boyd Avenues, Woodhaven, for Miss Mary Murphy.

East Side Deals.

The six-story building with stores at 173 Orchard Street, plot 25 by 87.6, has been purchased by the Niven Realty Corporation, H. R. and H. J. Nivenberg, Directors. It was held at $52,000.

The two five-story buildings at 100 and 102 Pitt Street, 50 by 100, have been purchased by William Lipschutz from the Nigdal Realty Corporation.

Morris Gold has bought from Lawrence Weiss the five-story tenement at 214 East Eighty-fifth Street, on lot 25 by 100. It was held at $37,000.

Madison Avenue Purchase.

Irene B. Wilson has purchased from the central Union Trust Company, as executor, the six-story building at 164 Madison Avenue, on a lot 24.8 by 85, near Thirty-third Street. The price paid for the property was $90,000.

Tenant Buys $85,000 Dwelling.

The Irving Bank and Columbia Trust Company, as trustees, sold to Mrs. Lida Feeley 38 West Fifty-second Street, a five-story dwelling on a lot 22 by 100 feet, held at $85,000. The buyer is the present tenant. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. negotiated the sale.

Staten Island Brewery Sold.

The Monroe Eckstein Brewing Company, represented by Max Silverstein, attorney, has sold its brewing plant on Staten Island, valued at $250,000. The property comprises twenty-one acres, and is under negotiations for a resale.

Auction Results.

By BRYAN L. KENNELLY.

West 126th St, 345 and 345 n e, 275 ft s of 8th Av, 26x100, 6-story warehouse; Kate Halk against Agnes C. Geoghan et al; Hausauer & Taylor, attorneys; due, $2,111.34; taxes, &c., $2,268.60. Adjourned to Aug. 15.

45 to 3,550 Third Avenue.

By JAMES J. DUNOVAN.

East 170th St, 310, s e s, 50.1 ft e of College Av, 75.1x102, 3-story dwelling and vacant; Lena Readnis against Lillian Walden et al; Irving R. Finell, attorney; amt. due, $4,-[illegible]; taxes, &c., $4,500. Sold to Owner at Foreclosure for $12,000.

TENEMENT DEALS.

Investor Buys Amsterdam Avenue Apartment House.

Rose Hammerschlag has purchased from Leopold and Julius Buchsbaum for investment the five-story building with stores Nos. 2,088 Amsterdam Avenue on a plot 27 by 100.

Harry J. Schum sold for Sophie Boyle a four and five story tenement on a plot 50 by 96.9 at 438-440 West Thirty-ninth Street to Louis I. Wexler. The property was held for $45,000.

David Lion and Theo. Yankauer have purchased the four-story building with stores at 336 East 115th Street on a lot 25 by 100.

Ernest T. Bower sold for the estate of John H. Meyer to a client the five-story flat with stores at 1,932 Park Avenue, southwest corner of 132d Street. This is the first sale of the property since 1906.

Thayer, Saunders & Co. sold for Lillian Morris to McLaughlin Corporation the five-story triple flat at 228 East 123d Street, near Third Avenue, on a plot 25 by 100.

Charles A. Rosenthal has sold the building at 164 Sherman Avenue for Louis Leiser to Abraham Krulewics. It was held at $125,000.

Morris Flores and Theodore Krilioff sold 510 St. Nicholas Avenue, a five-story building on a lot 25 by 87, for a client to Charles Bakal. Also 164 East 112th Street, a five-story building, 33 by 100, to Rose Epstein.

Max Roth sold for the Harill Realty Company to a client 526 West 173d Street, a five-story new law building held at $55,000. Negotiations are pending for resale.

Buys Apartment From Plans.

Pease & Elliman have sold the first co-operative apartment in the apartment house to be erected on the block front on the east side of Park Avenue, between Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Streets, to be known as 655 Park Avenue. The builder is the Dwight P. Robinson Company, the builder of 485 and 580 Park Avenue. The buyer of the first apartment is Frank D. Waterman, Chairman of the Committee of One Thousand, which is seeking to hasten action on new subways.

Realty Notes.

The H. A. R. Company is the buyer of the apartment house at the northwest corner of Northern Avenue and 181st Street.

Brown, Wheelock, Harris, Vought & Co. were associated as brokers in the lease of 48 East Fourteenth Street, running through to Thirteenth Street.

Leopold and Herbert Weil were the brokers in the recent sale of 27 to 35 West Twenty-fourth Street.

The eleventh floor at 460 Fourth Avenue has been leased by J. Nash Webb & Co. for Coxstein & Linnekin, agents to Thomas B. M. Gates, dealer in notions.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Ready Cash Makes Opportunities

The man with cash gets the plums. He can swing deals when the opportunity comes.

If your capital is tied up in rent income release it and take advantage of opportunities. Let me show you how. Prompt action, liberal terms. Phone Fitzroy 3916.

Jacob Rubinstein
Columbia Trust Building
N. W. Cor. 8th Ave. & 34th St., N. Y.

1st—2nd—3rd MORTGAGES
Our Policy:

To give the borrower the LARGEST reasonable loan.

To give the buyer a SAFE loan at a fair price.

To deal with both at the SMALLEST COST possible.

"Largest Loans—Quickest Decisions"

SAFE DEED CO

KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING,
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4th Floor. Bryant 0283-0285

For Sale at Discount
Two Conservative 1st Mortgages

My client is obliged to dispose quickly of two gilt edge first mortgages on beautiful improved Westchester County property adjoining New York City; one of $35,000, another of $18,000, at 6% interest. These loans are legal investments for trust funds.

APPLY
Bennett E. Siegelstein
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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REAL ESTATE.

MORTGAGE BROKER WANTED

A New York City mortgage brokerage house, long established, with wide experience and exceptionally strong financial connections, has an important opening for an able man round 30 to 40, with substantial mortgage or real estate experience and capable of handling large transactions with Manhattan and Bronx owners in co-operation with the organization; commission basis, with drawing account commensurate with ability and experience. B 913 Times Downtown.

FOR LEASE FIVE YEARS

Fine large house, West 78th St. SPECIALLY FITTED FOR DOCTOR. RENT $4,800. SECURITY REQUIRED. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES APPLY TO E. H. Peck care R. Osgood Pell & Co. 17 WEST 44TH ST., N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New York. In the Matter of ALPHEN, INC., Bankrupt. CHARLES SHONGOOD, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy sells on Thursday, August 2, 1923, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 461 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, samples of the above named bankrupt, consisting of sweaters, bathing suits, belts, caps, clamping clothes, casual hats, shirts, middies and bloomers, garments, socks, bandalls, leather fillets, basket balls, tennis equipment and other sporting goods and wares. As well as office furniture, fixtures, safe, Elliott-Fisher machine, wool jackets, etc.

FREDERICK F. BARTROP, Receiver.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York City.
Goods on exhibition from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. three days prior to date of sale.

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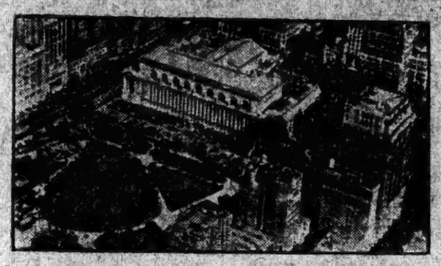
We are offering to build for a responsible tenant on the last available building site facing Bryant Park ON WEST 40TH STREET, or will sell upon very reasonable terms any part of about 11,000 sq. ft.



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373 4TH AVE.
With L to 26th St.
12-story fireproof building.
8,000 sq. ft. per floor
2nd & 4th FLOORS FOR RENT
Open floors, no columns; 100% sprinkler; possession of 4th floor at once. 2nd floor Feb. 1. No manufacturing.
Wm. H. WHITING & CO.
41 PARK ROW. TEL. CORTLANDT 5900.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Acreage Wanted
Queens, Flatbush, Bronx or Westchester

I want 20 to 40 acres for development. Must be well located, close to transportation, with price and terms satisfactory. See me at once. R. B. Pendergast, 1 West 34th St., N. Y. C. Phone Fitzroy 5797.

I WILL BUY

between 42nd Street and 86th Street, good income property. Have large capital to invest immediately in first-class proposition.
LAZARUS, 741 Lexington Ave. Plaza 1681.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

We are looking for an experienced
Real Estate Broker
preferably one experienced in mortgages
Excellent opportunity for the right man.
HUGHES & HAMMOND
34 Pine St.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Home in the Country

COLONIAL house, 12 rooms, 6 baths, 6 open fireplaces, electric light; 10 acres of land; lawn, gardens, large assortment of trees and shrubs, several acres in apple orchard, berries and fruit; 3 car garage, greenhouse, stable, sheds, etc. Located 1 hour and 20 minutes from Grand Central Terminal; splendid train service. Price $40,000; furnished; immediate possession. Further particulars of OWNER, P 34 TIMES.

ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BIRKENHEAD DOCKS

FOR SALE—BUILDINGS ON IMPORTANT waterside site of approx. 34,000 sq. yds., situated on the West Float, Birkenhead, with deep water berth and long quay frontage of 400 ft. and quays about 1,000 feet in length for the use of barges and light-drafted vessels. The buildings consist of Ferro concrete grain silos and Receiver House, Factory Buildings, with Engine and Boiler House, commodious Warehouse on Waterside, all built in red brick on piled foundations; further extensive areas are piled for additional buildings, railway lines are laid across the property connecting with the Dock Railways, the whole property being held on a lease from the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board for a term of 60 years from January 1st, 1915.

By the courtesy of the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board, plans of the buildings may be seen and particulars of conditions of tenancy obtained at their offices, Liverpool, on application. Full particulars may also be obtained and plans seen by applying to the Secretary, Spillers Milling and Associated Industries, Ltd., Broad Street House, London, E. C. 2, England.

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EXCELLENT LOCATION.
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New, very select building. Elevator
LOFT
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Lex. Ave. At 59th St.
For Lease on Long Terms
748 Lexington Ave.
Opposite Bloomingdale's
Telephone Mr. H. Weiss
Bloomingdale's, Plaza 5900
59th to 60th St. and Lex. Ave.

5,000 Square Feet
corner office, exceptional light, 20 windows. $10,000.

1,000 Square Feet
corner office, 5 large windows. $3,250.

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3 windows. $1,500.

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corner office, 4 windows. $2,100.

300 Square Feet
partly furnished. $1,200.

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THROUGH TO
27 East 27th St.
New 7-Story Loft Building. Absolutely Fireproof. 100% Sprinklered. Ready for possession Sept. 1.
Store & Basement
Floors & Show Rooms
Especially adapted for the Silk, Ribbon, Lace and Embroidery and kindred lines.
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8th Avenue and 23d Street
Suitable for any business, 15x24; rent $5,500. Straight lease.
MERCER, 286 West 23d St.

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Kew Gardens
16 Minutes via Long Island R. R.
4-5-6-7 Rooms
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50 feet, tax exempt. Threes and fours. Direct from builder.
Rental $22,000
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Choice apartment with rental of $11,000 at $9.00 per room.
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Many other attractive purchases requiring from $10,000 to $60,000 cash. Apply to
WELD & SUYDAM,
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ADJOINING 5TH AVE.
New High Class Elevator Apartments.
1 & 2 ROOMS
Also Studio Apartments and Sun Parlor. Attractive Rental to Those Leasing Now. Manager on Premises, or Ph. Forest, 1600.

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Two and six rooms and 1 bath; immediate possession. Also apartments 3 to 5 rooms for Oct. 1. Reasonable rents.

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Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

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251 W. 89th St.
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New Fireproof Apartment
2 & 3 ROOMS
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Attractively situated behind grass and trees in the most beautiful part of the Drive, this house has unusual view and light. Perfect floor plan, with rooms of unusual size and finish. Plenty of large closets. Apartments 10 rooms and 3 baths. $5,500 to $6,500.
Owner Management

789 West End Av.
S. W. Cor. 96th St.
Modern 12-story Apartment Building.
SIX ROOMS; 3 BATHS
Southern exposure; every conceivable improvement.
Also a very desirable ground floor apartment suitable for
DOCTOR OR DENTIST
now ready for occupancy; may be conveniently used by two physicians or dentists.
Apply Supt. on premises or
WINFIELD REALTY CO., 1478 Broadway
Cor. 43d St. Tel. Bryant 7879.

High-Class Fireproof Apartments
At Very Reasonable Rentals
Terrace Court
202 Riverside Drive
10 Rooms & 3 Baths
Apply on premises or
ROBERT P. ZOBEL,
145 West 69th Street.

THE ROGER MORRIS
Elevator Apartments
FOUR AND FIVE ROOMS
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
400 WEST 160TH ST.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS.
Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations.
PHONE WADSWORTH 6700.

58th, 200 WEST
Now leasing, from Oct. 1, unfurnished apartments, from 6 to 9 rooms and 3 baths. Available (for immediate possession) one four-room apartment. Inquire Supt.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

1ST, 2D, 3D MORTGAGES; MONEY IN ANY AMOUNT; LARGEST LOANS, QUICKEST DECISIONS. SAFE DEED COMPANY, 152 West 42d St., cor. Broadway, 4th Floor, Bryant 0282-0285.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS, Large, small. Quick action. REASONABLE FEES. SPOTTS & STARR, INC., Times Bldg., 42d St. & B'way. Bryant 4000.

6,000 FIRST MORTGAGE wanted, five-story single flat, cold water, 123d st., between 2d and 3d Avs.; appraised, Brown & Wheelock, $9,500; worth $9,500; rent $1,500; brokers protected. C 211 Times.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES, large and small; quick decisions. COLONIAL REALTY CO., 25 West 42d. Vand. 6313-6.

MORTGAGE LOANS and second and thirds; rent assignments or other mortgages. Monroe Discount Corporation, 142 West 36th. Pennsylvania 2823.

MORTGAGES for sale, reasonable discount; New York City, Brooklyn and Jersey property. Joseph Levy, 200 Montague St., Brooklyn.

FIRST and second mortgage money to loan, any amount, on all types of property; reasonable charges. Alliger & Buck, 180 Broadway, Cortlandt 3191.

MONEY to loan on second mortgages on improved property New York City; $3,000 to $25,000; very low charges. 15 Park Row, Room 532.

MORTGAGE LOANS, 1st, 2d, 3d, building loans, rent assignment or any good collateral. Room 1604, 366 Fifth Av.

PRIVATE party loans second mortgage money and heirs; any amount, anywhere; very low charges. C 372 Times Downtown.

SECOND MORTGAGES, income property; rent loans. Wolowitz, Attorney, 1,540 Broadway. Bryant 8294.

PRIVATE party will buy second mortgages; reasonable charges. G 372 Times Downtown.

UNLIMITED funds available for second and third mortgage loans; building loans; rent assignments. Arco Service, 1,200 Broadway.

SECOND and third mortgages; quick action. MORRIS MORTGAGE CORPORATION, 51 CHAMBERS ST. WORTH 3480.

SECOND mortgage money loaned; sums about $5,000; reasonable. M. Weiss, Room 1202, 1,540 Broadway. Bryant 6779.

FIRST and second mortgages; reasonable charges. Duross Co., 261 Broadway, Barclay 6784.

FUNDS available, 1st & 2d, city & country. Burke Stone, Inc., 41 E. 42d. Vand. 8918.

MORTGAGES, first, second, third; placed or bought; promptly. Sacks, 1,514 2d Av.

MORTGAGES wanted any amount. Mortgages, 305 South 2d St., Brooklyn.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

FIRST mortgage of $100,000 wanted, on commercial building; Grand Central zone; rental $35,000; principals only. B 487 Times.

WANTED, the best business building that $60,000 cash will purchase; co-operation of brokers solicited. George Neiman, 322 5th Av.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale.

SECOND AV. BARGAIN.
Fine corner, near 59th St. bridge, 3-story building with large store; three 2s on floor; size 20x75; 10-year first mortgage; price $36,000.
D. KEMPNER & SON, INC.,
522 5th Av. (at 44th St.) Murray Hill 4018.

SECOND AV., NEAR 25TH ST.
Good business section; 423 and 425 2d Av. Two old 3-story dwellings, with stores; size 34x97 each; possession soon. Price $31,000 each. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

12TH ST., 79 WEST—3-story H. & dwelling, 22x100.5; price $26,500; easy terms. H. J. SACHS & CO., 32 West 31st St.

24TH ST., ADJOINING LEXINGTON AV. Two-story brick stable, covering lot 20x98; can be used for garage or other business. Sixty days' possession. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

26TH ST., 338 WEST — Four-story Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0825.

91ST, 120 W.—Four-story dwelling; garage; rear; electric light; excellent condition; big bargain, $25,500; easy terms. Caretaker.

98TH ST., 309 WEST—Dwelling, 16 rooms, 4 baths; price $35,000. Caretaker.

127TH, 210 WEST—Three-story and basement; price on application. Joseph A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th St. Bryant 0825.

187TH, WEST—12 rooms, electricity, garage, steam plumbing; possession; must sell immediately; bargain to other brother. A. O'Meara, 103 West 42d.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Manhattan For Sale.

95TH, WEST—12 rooms, electricity, garage; open plumbing; possession; must sell immediately; bargain. A. O'Meara, 103 W. 42d.

106TH (NEAR 2D AV.)—FOUR-STORY BRICK TENEMENT, WITH STORES; TERMS TO SUIT. ALPINE, 12 HARCLAY ST.

110 WEST 56TH ST.
(near 6th Ave.)—Two-story garage, 25x100; also suitable for other business. Forty possession. Wm. D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

150TH, 513 WEST—3 or 4 family house; all improvements; inspection 10 to 3. Murray Hill 9451.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (Jane St.)—Beautiful private garage for five or six automobiles; 3-room apartment, all improvements; also a two-room office, large spaced roof that could easily be converted into garden. Geo. N. Bruns & Co., 37 Thompson St. Canal 0100.

WEST END AV., nos. and 11 East 82d St.; two 5-story dwellings, must be sold; bargain. M. Rosenthal, owner, 50 East 42d St.

WEST SIDE PRIVATE HOUSES
For Sale and Rent.
S. L. A. W. S. T. O. N. & M. O. R. R. S. 142 W. 73d St. Tel. End. 7240.

BARGAIN—Two adjoining 4-story and basement dwellings; high-class boarding, 26 rooms, 11 tiled bathrooms, steam heat, electricity, parqueting; established; select clientele; convenient to 81st St. elevated, near Central Park; property furniture and business; low price; easy terms. M. H. Gaillard & Co., 2,280 Broadway.

DOCTORS' ATTENTION.
Opportunity to purchase, on West 81th St., between 9th and 10th Avs., 4-story and basement dwelling; price $25,000; excellent terms; quick action necessary.
D. KEMPNER & SON, INC.,
522 5th Av. (at 44th St.) Murray Hill 4018.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
$81,500 will secure a four-story and basement, 20-foot residence, 17 rooms and 3 baths, on 83d St., near 5th Av.; steam heat, electric light; about $15,000 cash required, balance mortgage. Gramercy Co., 79 Irving Place.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
257TH ST., 10 AND 14 WEST—3-story private houses; each fitted with elevator; for prices and terms consult owner. Securities Acceptance Corporation, 516 5th Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 7880, or your broker.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
MADISON AV., 222—For price and terms consult owner. Securities Acceptance Corporation, 516 5th Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 7880, or your broker.

YOUR HOME ON THE WEST SIDE.
Attractive three-story and basement houses in residential neighborhood; we offer several attractive homes at your price. W. B. Bast & Co. Cortlandt 3638.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN.
MADISON AV.—20-foot dwelling; far below market valuation. See Mr. Porter, Room 730, 41 East 42d. Murray Hill 3377.

REAL BARGAIN.
Columbia College section; rent $33,050; fine condition; excellent return; 5½ times rent. Harris Eschange, Times Bldg. Bryant 0310.

20% NET guaranteed; quick action. George W. Royall, 119 West 129th.

Manhattan For Rent.

49TH ST., between 5th and 6th Avs., remodelled house; $6,300 net. Miss Lewis, 17 West 47th St.

50TH, 410 EAST (near Beekman Place)—Newly altered into two duplex apartments and studio; open for inspection 10-2.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (165 West 10th St.)—3-story converted into apartments of 5 rooms, all improvements; opportunity for tea room or restaurant; immediate possession; rent $4,000. R. TELFAIR SMITH, 11 East 10th St.

LEXINGTON AV. CORNER
in the sixties to lease 21 years. Apply Samuel Hoffman, 1476 Broadway.

LEXINGTON AV. (near 60th)—Large house, $3,500 net. Apply 660 Madison Av.

TIMES SQUARE.
21-year lease, 5 story, 30x100, very active block. Apply Samuel Hoffman, 1,476 Broadway.

Bronx For Sale.

DOCTOR, ATTENTION!—Mansion with all accommodations for your profession; 13 large, airy rooms, 3 tile baths, showers, parquet floor, sun parlors and two-car garage; situated in one of five corner lots; cash $10,000. Write for appointment, enclosing telephone number, to 2,157 Arthur Av., Joseph Moorsels, owner.

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN.
$4,000 cash will purchase 4-story brick and frame house; electric garage; lot 22x146; price $8,500. Messenger & Wirtenberg, 137 4th Av. Stuyvesant 5080.

TAX EXEMPT, 2-family brick, 11-room, all improvements; lot 50x100; garage; $14,500; Unionport. JOHN M. SMITH, 1,319 Beach Av.

Brooklyn For Sale.

FLATBUSH—Two-family, corner, 14 rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat, 2-car garage; plot 60x100; express station, Brighton Line. Owner, Henry L. Nielson, 23 Court St. Main 8284.

Queens County For Sale.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Price $12,000, cash $2,000, beautiful new stucco hom

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale.

HOUSE—Fifteen rooms, two baths, good income; good location; corner 117th St. and 90th Av., Richmond Hill; L. I. Owner has left town; asking $24,000. Paul Schaad, 170 Pearl St., New York City. Phone John 0970.

Long Island For Rent.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Beautiful 8-room, all-year brick house, sun parlor, 2 baths; corner; wonderful location. Telephone Pennsylvania 0783 or Far Rockaway 0062W.

Westchester County For Sale.

PELHAM—Solid brick, pre-war constructed home; quarter acre, 9 rooms, 2 baths; sun parlor, sleeping porch, double garage, hardwood trim, many extras; must sacrifice, $23,500. Thomas J. Good, Pelham Manor, N. Y. 2042 Pelham.

AT PELHAM MANOR.

Immediate possession of finely and conveniently located dwelling of 7 rooms and 2 tiled bathrooms; sun and sleeping porches; hardwood floors; garage; price $15,500. Wm. D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway, New York. Cortlandt 2405.

OSSINING, N. Y.

Beautiful old estate, century-old trees, over 24 acres; Southern Colonial house; gardens and only all vegetables, every variety of fruit; rose and rock gardens, greenhouse; one hour Grand Central; near Sleepy Hollow and other clubs; suitable for home, private school or sanitarium; could be divided into villa sites; price, quick sale, $65,000; easy terms; could sell furnished. D. E. Herrick, 134 Broadway, New York City. Rector 4885.

PELHAM MANOR—Owner will sell beautiful new stucco house, 7 rooms, 3 baths. Telephone 3742M Millrose.

TARRYTOWN—14-room house, brick, dining, living room, library 30 ft.; all improvements, thirty-five minutes Grand Central, near station, schools, large grounds, view Hudson River; address Gould estate, fireplaces; rent $200 month; sell $23,000, $5,000 cash. Mrs. Reinberg, Phone Academy 1484.

WHITE PLAINS, $11,500.

A home complete in every detail; 6 rooms, bath, enclosed porch; all modern conveniences; corner plot, 80x100; improved streets; 5 minutes from schools, station and shopping district. Can buy

WITH ONLY $1,500 CASH.

ADDA & BRUCE,
9 Depot Plaza, White Plains. Tel. 3851.

AN 8-room modern house in finely restricted section of Mount Vernon; convenient to school and station; hardwood floors, white trim, tiled kitchen; garage; a bargain at $13,000. Phone Fenimore 2-0 daytime.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.,
(Near New Haven station).
Mount Vernon, N. Y. Tel. 3890 Oakwood.

CENTRALLY LOCATED in first-class residential section of Mount Vernon, a 12-room house, slate roof, 2 baths, electric light; 50-foot lot; suitable for two families; price $14,000.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.,
(Near New Haven station).
Mount Vernon, N. Y. Tel. 3890 Oakwood.

New York State For Sale.

ORANGE COUNTY—Private residence, set amid beautiful wooded hills; fresh eggs, fruit and vegetables; rooms (8) are light and airy; screens; modern in every respect; electricity, bath, hot and cold water, &c.; two-car garage; acre ground; nights are cool and conducive to refreshing sleep. Gorham V. Moore, 26 Court St., Brooklyn. Triangle 6191.

New York State For Rent.

ADIRONDACK BUNGALOW—Fourth Lake; $50 for August, canoe included. Morningside 3077. Caswell.

ADIRONDACK CAMP, furnished, 11 rooms, bath; bargain balance season. Post, 8400 Longacre.

FURNISHED cottage on Delaware River, with boat; about 95 miles New York; furnish particulars. Address Jennie Griffin, 3 Bruce St., Port Jervis, N. Y.

New Jersey For Sale.

MINIATURE COUNTRY ESTATE.

Port-ad-peck on the Shrewsbury; about ¼ acre plot; open water front; house contains seven rooms, two baths; 50-foot living room with open fireplace; fruit trees, flowers and shrubs all planted; immediate possession; good commutation; price only $12,500; rare bargain. Phone Pfeiffer Corp., 7090 Madison Square, or Long Branch 1750.

New Jersey For Rent.

DEAL, N. J.—Furnished large and small apartments, near beach (bathing); reduced. Telephone 1140. Guerin, 56 Poplar Av.

HOUSE, furnished, five rooms, bath; all improvements; best neighborhood; near beach; $190 until Sept. 15; $450 May 1. Address 408 4th Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

Connecticut—New England For Rent.

BARGAIN—For six weeks, from Aug. 4, attractive home in real country, all modern improvements; 5 minutes from station by auto; express commuting, 50 minutes from New York; exceptionally cool; beach 15 minutes; $280 to right parties. Rector 5700, Ext. 15, or 1635 Ring 3, Stamford, Conn.

SUMMER HOMES.

Long Island For Rent.

SEA CLIFF—Several left-over cottages, also housekeeping apartments; rent reasonable. Miss Everitt, 4.

OCEAN BATHING.

Cottagette and log cabin camps, studios, porches, comfy furnished; $14 weekly up; leasing term two weeks up; spend ideal vacation any length; ocean bathing, lake boating, fishing, tennis, dancing, refined; references. HILLS COLONY, Southampton, L. I.

A Charming Summer Home
ON THE GREAT SOUTH BAY.

A 6-room house at Amityville, L. I., in excellent condition; handsomely furnished, with every convenience; large tiled bathroom, fireplace, closets, screen porch; three acres, flower and truck garden, lawn, fruit and shade trees; chicken, tennis court; 1,000 feet of water front (700 feet of bulkhead); 2-car garage with 4 rooms for gardener and servants; easily reached from New York by car; good train service; price $25,000; terms. Write or telephone owner, Spear & Company, 1261 Broadway. Pennsylvania 6520.

Westchester County For Rent.

DOBBS FERRY—For rent, furnished, August and September, nine-room house, overlooking Hudson River; garage; 3 minutes from station; 30 minutes from Times Square. Phone H. Dunlop, Hastings 726M, Longacre 7100.

RYE—For rent or sale; unusually beautiful furnished house. Phone Rye 3004. Forest and Elmwood Ave.

New York State For Sale.

COLONIAL HEIGHTS—4 beautifully situated; less half cost. 8 819 Times Downtown.

Other Sections.

BUILDING lots, 200x150, best residential section; highest elevation; 45 minutes to Grand Central. George Schleicher, 37 West 14th. Chelsea 4270 or 174 Lawn Av., Stamford, Conn.

LOTS AND LAND WANTED.

GARAGE PLOT WANTED,
in New York City; purchase or lease. Delta Construction, 15 East 40th St.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

8D AV., 218—Vacant 5-story and basement; immediate possession; 16x60; near 125th St., "L," and subway stations; price $28,500; cash $7,000, balance mortgage. Apply on premises.

80S, WEST (near Broadway)—5-story walk-up, rents $6,000; price, $61,000; 1st mortgage 5 years standing; cash, $15,000. Frederic Zittel & Sons, 2,211 Broadway.

90S—Eight-story, fireproof, 75x100x125, irregular, includes adjoining private house for light protection; rent, 156,000; 1st mortgage $268,000, 5½ per cent., 10 years; sacrifice; one; nets $20,000 a year; price right; an ideal investment.
FREDK. ZITTEL & SONS,
2,211 BROADWAY.

169TH ST., EAST—1-fm., 2-fm., four-story; rents $6,500; cash, $10,000; bargain; no brokers. A. W. O'Meara, 153 W. 42d.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE CORNER.

Rent, $51,200; cash $35,000; 8-story, elevator; 3 and 4 room apartments; good mortgages; large rooms; excellent location. Harris Exchange, Times Bldg. Bryant 0810.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS (near St. Nicholas Av.)—4-story, new law, walk-up, 62x100, 1st mortgage, $47,000 to 5½ years; standing; rent $10,000; price $107,000.
A. P. SWEET,
47 West 42d St.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS CORNER.

100x100; 6-story, elevator; tile baths; parquet floors; rent $20,000; only $35,000 cash required 10-year mortgage.
Harris Exchange, Times Bldg. Bryant 0810.

FORSYTHE—5-story, walk-up, 97x100, 2-fm. 3-fm. Hot water supply only, rent $4,000; price $41,000; cash $12,000.
A. P. SWEET,
47 West 42d St.

TAX EXEMPT—WEST BRONX.

Corner 170th Street and Concourse, 5-story; rent, $110,000; cash, $100,000. Price 9½ times Rent.
Also
124x120; 5½ story; rent, $40,000; Cash, $40,000. Price 9½ times Rent.
Also
Building plots 81 West Av.
and Concourse; 100 ft. frontage.
Mr. Fox, care of Solis, 110 West 40th St.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

TAX-PAYER—100x54; 3 stores with three-year leases; rent $6,900; price $54,000; cash $7,000.

SIX-STORY, new law, walk-up, 75x100, 4a and 5s; rent $30,000; price $116,000.

East Bronx, TAX-EXEMPT, 5½-story, walk-up, 125x100; 5-3s, 3-4s on a floor; 1st mortgage: $120,000 at 5½ per cent. for 5 years, standing; rent $28,500; price $325,000.

East Bronx, TAX-EXEMPT, 5½-story, walk-up, 50x100; 3-3s on a floor; rent $31,000; price $190,000 and cash $35,000.

West Bronx, TAX-EXEMPT, 5½-story, walk-up; corner; 3s, 4s; rent $36,000; price $195,000.
A. P. SWEET,
47 West 42d St.

INVESTORS' OPPORTUNITY.

Heart of garment centre; on West 41st St., near 5th Av., two 5-story buildings with stores in perfect condition, size 50x100; excellent terms; wonderful future; price $85,000.
D. KEMPNER & SON, INC.,
522 5th Av. (at 44th St.) Murray Hill 4015.

READ BARGAIN—33 PER CENT. ON INVESTMENT; $10,000 CASH BUYS
A 5-STORY $7.9x100;
1-7—1-8—ALL IMPROVEMENTS;
RENTS $10,700; PRICE $41,000.
EAST TREMONT SECT.
EDWARD WOLFE, 286 BROADWAY.

5 TIMES RENT.

West 100s (Central Park West)—Walk-up, rent $17,100; price $85,000; all improvements. Harris Exchange, Times Bldg. Bryant 0810.

INVESTMENT—We have a large number of desirable cold water tenements which are paying propositions; prices and cash to suit your capital. W. B. Baer & Co., Cortlandt 2625.

BEST BUY in New York; 50x100, 6-story, all improvements, on West 14th; rent $24,200; expenses $11,505; price $185,000, no more, no less; lease with security; good mortgage. Meller, 28 24 Av.

50% ON THE INVESTMENT of $3,000 cash; 10-family house, West 118th St.; rents $6,000; price $33,500. John Acito, 175 East 116th. Harlem 5311.

BARGAINS for sale or lease. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0953.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Sale.

BEDFORD AV.—35 families, 100 ft. front, very attractive; rents close to $35,000; price $145,000; cash $43,000. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150 Nassau St., Beekman 4211.

Other Sections For Rent.

ROSEVILLE AV., 220 (Newark)—Three, four, five room outside apartments, all modern improvements; block Lackawanna station; one sublet.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED

WASHINGTON and University Heights apartment houses, elevator and walk-ups; have up to $80,000 cash; owners only. Stanley Jahoda, 1,328 Broadway, N. Y. Pitrov 8392.

WANTED—Bronx 5, 10, 20-family apartments; principals only; cash to $20,000. Watkins, 375 East Fordham Rd., Bronx.

CASH to purchase your properties for sale. Send full particulars. A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0953.

$35,000 CASH to invest in walk-up apartment. Principals only write Suite 1226, Woolworth Building.

WANTED—Cold water flat, Bronx; good neighborhood. Particulars, Gessner, 150 East 116th.

HAVE $15,000 to invest in 5-story new-law walk-up. A. S., 101 Times.

TOP price for six-story colored tenement, without steam; particulars. G 264 Times.

HOTEL PROPERTIES.

All Sections For Sale.

QUAINT CAPE COD HOMES.

For sale, a charming little 7-room house, pleasantly located on the main highway; corner has just painted and renovated it; it is nicely furnished, with coal range, grand piano, beds and dishes, &c.; price $2,500. Col. S. de Mosein, Harwichport, Mass.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

WANTED FOR CUSTOMERS.

City property that will show good income, such as alteration jobs, apartment houses, avenues, corners and side streets; amounts waiting for investment $5,000, $10,000 and larger sums; good equities quickly sold. Ames & Company, 36 West 31st.

UP-TO-DATE, well-built 2-family house; suburban; latest improvements; garage; no triflers; I mean business; state particulars in first letter. Address Doctor, 529 East 161st St., N. Y. C.

SMALL house with garage in Forest Hills, $125 per month for one year. Please write S 760 Times Downtown.

HOUSE, suitable clubs, wanted; between 42d and 59th Sts., 6th Av. and Lexington. G 273 Times.

SIX, seven rooms, convenience; commuting; good location; with or without option to buy. Berthoud, 604 West 163d.

SUMMER HOMES.

Long Island For Rent.

SEA CLIFF—Several left-over cottages, also housekeeping apartments; rent reasonable. Miss Everitt, 4.

OCEAN BATHING.

Cottagette and log cabin camps, studios, porches, comfy furnished; $14 weekly up; leasing term two weeks up; spend ideal vacation any length; ocean bathing, lake boating, fishing, tennis, dancing, refined; references. HILLS COLONY, Southampton, L. I.

A Charming Summer Home
ON THE GREAT SOUTH BAY.

A 6-room house at Amityville, L. I., in excellent condition; handsomely furnished, with every convenience; large tiled bathroom, fireplace, closets, screen porch; three acres, flower and truck garden, lawn, fruit and shade trees; chicken, tennis court; 1,000 feet of water front (700 feet of bulkhead); 2-car garage with 4 rooms for gardener and servants; easily reached from New York by car; good train service; price $25,000; terms. Write or telephone owner, Spear & Company, 1261 Broadway. Pennsylvania 6520.

Westchester County For Rent.

DOBBS FERRY—For rent, furnished, August and September, nine-room house, overlooking Hudson River; garage; 3 minutes from station; 30 minutes from Times Square. Phone H. Dunlop, Hastings 726M, Longacre 7100.

RYE—For rent or sale; unusually beautiful furnished house. Phone Rye 3004. Forest and Elmwood Ave.

New York State For Rent.

ADIRONDACK BUNGALOW—Fourth Lake; $50 for August, canoe included. Morningside 3077. Caswell.

ADIRONDACK CAMP, furnished, 11 rooms, bath; bargain balance season. Post, 8400 Longacre.

FURNISHED cottage on Delaware River, with boat; about 95 miles New York; furnish particulars. Address Jennie Griffin, 3 Bruce St., Port Jervis, N. Y.

New Jersey For Sale.

MINIATURE COUNTRY ESTATE.

Port-ad-peck on the Shrewsbury; about ¼ acre plot; open water front; house contains seven rooms, two baths; 50-foot living room with open fireplace; fruit trees, flowers and shrubs all planted; immediate possession; good commutation; price only $12,500; rare bargain. Phone Pfeiffer Corp., 7090 Madison Square, or Long Branch 1750.

New Jersey For Rent.

DEAL, N. J.—Furnished large and small apartments, near beach (bathing); reduced. Telephone 1140. Guerin, 56 Poplar Av.

HOUSE, furnished, five rooms, bath; all improvements; best neighborhood; near beach; $190 until Sept. 15; $450 May 1. Address 408 4th Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

Connecticut—New England For Rent.

BARGAIN—For six weeks, from Aug. 4, attractive home in real country, all modern improvements; 5 minutes from station by auto; express commuting, 50 minutes from New York; exceptionally cool; beach 15 minutes; $280 to right parties. Rector 5700, Ext. 15, or 1635 Ring 3, Stamford, Conn.

FARMS, GROVES and RANCHES.

Connecticut—New England For Sale.

A 400-ACRE FARM, located in the centre of the Berkshire Hills, 3 miles from Pittsfield, Mass.; this farm, considered one of the best in Berkshire County, is unsurpassed for farming purposes, or for a gentleman's estate; the property is exceptional. George Brookman, Pittsfield, Mass.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

APARTMENT house in Utica, 117 suites; rent $80,000; will exchange for improved or vacant property. Stanley Jahoda, 1,328 Broadway. Pitrov 8392.

LOTS AND LAND.

Manhattan.

BRICK HOUSE, tax-payer, on "key" lot, 25x98; 508 West 166th; $10,500. John Dolan, 280 Broadway.

Bronx.

JEROME AV. (1824)—Bargain, 50x100; $7,000 if sold immediately; $3,000 cash; mortgage 5 per cent. D. E. Williams, 335 Broadway.

CORNER plot 77x100, in Hunt's Point section; very good opportunity; no reasonable offer refused. Apply S. Zuckerman, 1,182 Broadway, Madison Square 8900.

Long Island.

BOROUGH OF QUEENS, MASPETH.

Most desirable factory site, approximately 61,000 square feet and building; for sale at sacrifice to settle estate; make offer. Carter, 184 Chestnut St., Montclair, N. J.

Westchester County.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.
MURRAY HILL 6788.

California style stucco bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, sun parlor, open fireplace, oak floors and trim, bedrooms white enamel, cellar under entire house; large plot; splendid shade trees; 25 minutes New York; $500 cash, balance monthly, less than rent. W. F. Ross, 35 West 42d St., New York.

LOOK HERE

At West Englewood Park section, corner, 100x130; beautiful 8-room house, all modern improvements, lawn shade trees, flowers, double garage; bargain for quick sale; $13,000; terms. Owner, 44 Rutland Av. Telephone Englewood 2080 W. Take taxi at station.

NEW JERSEY HOMES—All kinds, all prices, all sections; Englewood, Ridgewood, Rutherford, Lyndhurst, Ridgewood, &c.; many beautiful estates. Home-Seekers Service Company, 254 Nassau St., New York. Phone Beekman 4626.

INVESTMENT OR SPECULATION.

Group of 50 dwellings, all rented to Americans; fine permanent investment; or purchaser can sell separately at big profit; $35,000 cash required; no brokers. Particulars from H. L., Box 137, Times.

A VERY desirable home; wonderful location; hills Northern Jersey; 42 minutes; 8 rooms, bath, sleeping porch, hot water heat; every improvement; garage; moderate price, easiest terms. Asahel Chapin, 52 Broadway.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUE—Artistic bungalow of six attractive rooms and bath; every improvement; large plot; 45 minutes to heart; express depot 6 minutes; owner will sacrifice. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

$300 CASH buys a six-room and bath house; all improvements; at River Edge, N. J.; 20 trains daily; stores, schools, churches; delightful surroundings. Westerfield, 507 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5082.

New Jersey For Sale.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

Other Sections For Sale.

A VERY FINE MODERN COUNTRY HOUSE, which cost 470,000 to build, and is in every respect in perfect condition, also an 18 HOLE golf course, stable, farm and creation. Both MANSIONS have capital outbuildings in good order, with choice Residential Sites of 10 ACRES; beautiful state of 200 acres; an important station on the north end of New Rochelle gives its advantages as a PRIVATE RESIDENCE it is suitable for institution, school or Hotel. For quick SALE or LEASE, FURNISHED, PARTLY FURNISHED or Vacant on completion of purchase; $37,000 accepted. Purchaser will have option of purchasing the adjoining Farm and Golf Course, now let at $800 a year until 1926 for $3,000.

WEST & ESTATE AGENCY,
Great Greenwich, England.

CHARMING OLD CHARLES II. HOUSE, 20 miles Marble Arch; Great Country Estate; fine Adams mantelpiece in drawing room; in the midst of the Surrey Hills, four miles from Edenbridge, about 11 acres, lovely gardens and orchards, gravel soil, double frontage, two cottages, co.'s water, electric light, gas, main drainage; vacant possession on completion of purchase; price for quick sale £4,000. WEST & ESTATE AGENCY, Great Greenwich, England.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

8D AV., 218—Vacant 5-story and basement; immediate possession; 16x60; near 125th St., "L," and subway stations; price $28,500; cash $7,000, balance mortgage. Apply on premises.

80S, WEST (near Broadway)—5-story walk-up, rents $6,000; price, $61,000; 1st mortgage 5 years standing; cash, $15,000. Frederic Zittel & Sons, 2,211 Broadway.

90S—Eight-story, fireproof, 75x100x125, irregular, includes adjoining private house for light protection; rent, 156,000; 1st mortgage $268,000, 5½ per cent., 10 years; sacrifice; one; nets $20,000 a year; price right; an ideal investment.
FREDK. ZITTEL & SONS,
2,211 BROADWAY.

169TH ST., EAST—1-fm., 2-fm., four-story; rents $6,500; cash, $10,000; bargain; no brokers. A. W. O'Meara, 153 W. 42d.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE CORNER.

Rent, $51,200; cash $35,000; 8-story, elevator; 3 and 4 room apartments; good mortgages; large rooms; excellent location. Harris Exchange, Times Bldg. Bryant 0810.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS (near St. Nicholas Av.)—4-story, new law, walk-up, 62x100, 1st mortgage, $47,000 to 5½ years; standing; rent $10,000; price $107,000.
A. P. SWEET,
47 West 42d St.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS CORNER.

100x100; 6-story, elevator; tile baths; parquet floors; rent $20,000; only $35,000 cash required 10-year mortgage.
Harris Exchange, Times Bldg. Bryant 0810.

FORSYTHE—5-story, walk-up, 97x100, 2-fm. 3-fm. Hot water supply only, rent $4,000; price $41,000; cash $12,000.
A. P. SWEET,
47 West 42d St.

TAX EXEMPT—WEST BRONX.

Corner 170th Street and Concourse, 5-story; rent, $110,000; cash, $100,000. Price 9½ times Rent.
Also
124x120; 5½ story; rent, $40,000; Cash, $40,000. Price 9½ times Rent.
Also
Building plots 81 West Av.
and Concourse; 100 ft. frontage.
Mr. Fox, care of Solis, 110 West 40th St.

LOFTS AND LOFTS.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

SUBLEASE (40th St., near B'way)—265 foot, every light space for office or light manufacturing. Telephone Stuyvesant 3706.

FIRST LOFT (6 Greene St.)—5,000 feet, $70; immediate possession. Canal 6852.

LOFT, 40x90; exceptional light; 144 to 146 Front St. Phone 2061 Greenpoint.

STORES

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

46TH, 104 WEST.

Store, reasonable rent; suitable any business. Arthur R. Cohen. Chelsea 2342.

32D ST., 223 WEST (near Broadway)—Large store, temporary or long lease. Bryant 4144.

BROADWAY, 2,462 (92d St.)—Store to lease desirable for gowns; completely furnished and decorated; reasonable.

FEW desirable stores, thickly populated section, suitable for hardware, housefurnishings, dry goods, ladies and children's ready-to-wear, music store, laundry or beauty parlor, 135-145 West Kingsbridge Road near Sedgwick Av., or phone Chelsea 3978, Mr. Greenberg.

LEASE FOR SALE.

84 Av. and 168th St.; size of store 18x26.
SHAW & SANFORD,
1 West 125th St.

STORE with factory space in rear, suitable for manufacturing purposes, on Allen St., best wholesale block; reasonable rent. Inquire Shakin Bros., 27 Allen St.

TEA ROOM or any high class business; new building, 57th St. and Lexington Av.; 3,000 square feet available. Owner, Arthur R. Cohen, Chelsea 2342.

STORE, 150 West 49th St.; also parlor floor, recently remodeled. Canal 1919. Trainer, 226 Lafayette St.

CIGAR STAND, busy office building, Romax Realty, 245 West 47th St., near Broadway.

Other Sections For Rent.

NEWARK, N. J.

Small store, Broad St., good for jewelry, optical, &c.; long lease; immediate possession; second floor one of city's busiest corners on Broad St.; 40x150; long term; immediate possession.
JOS. L. FEIBLEMAN & CO.,
738 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Phone Market 8921.

STORE, 1,270 Washington St., Hoboken; rooms in rear; renovated; rent $75.

OFFICES

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

57th AV. (near 42d St.)—Elegant large, furnished office, suitable showroom, brokers, real estate; responsible firm only. Murray Hill 5260.

57th AV., 200 (Room 402)—Light, cheerful office, with phone and typewriter service for rent; very desirable to person of refinement; desk space also.

57th AV., 200—Desirable office space for rent; references required. Room 420.

38TH, 118 WEST—Private office and desk room, with or without service. Room 909. Telephone Madison Square 8742.

39TH, 18 EAST—Large, small, light offices, fireproof building; high class service.

34TH, 1 WEST (Room 512)—Completely furnished office for rent.

40TH, 58 WEST—North light; 2,300 feet; partitioned, burlapped, linoleum; sub-lease; 9th floor, front. See Mr. Terry.

42D, 51 EAST—Private office, desk room; exceptional service. Suite 308.

44TH ST., 25 West (near 5th Av., Berkeley Bldg.)—196 square feet; very desirable; $75.

56TH, 58 EAST—Physician's office, parlor floor, 4 rooms, also kitchenette apartment.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST CO. BLDG.

Offices of 1,255 sq. ft., exceptionally light, attractive space consisting of 3 rooms; may consider less space; lease to be taken for term to suit at very fair rental. CHAS. F. NOYES CO., 118 William St. John 2000.

BROADWAY, 1,393 (38th)—Wonderful location; reasonable; suitable real estate broker; private; includes Broadway window; one flight up.

BROADWAY, 2,000-2,010 (northeast corner 68th St.)—Beautiful sunny offices, 200 sq. ft.; very cheap rental. Apply Joseph & Zeaman's, 1,834 Broadway. Columbus 5240.

BROADWAY, 790—Office, light and airy, completely furnished; immediate occupancy; reasonable rent; suitable for young lawyer or accountant. Apply Room 610.

BROADWAY, 1,123 (CORNER 25TH).

Small, light office, sublease for $50 month. Baumeister & Baumeister, 11 East 45th. Vanderbilt 10323.

GANDLER BLDG. (220 West 42d)—Unusually desirable, 3 connecting furnished offices; reception room; independent entrance; switchboard, four trunk lines; rent separately or together. Room 1905. Bryant 9872, 9875.

CEDAR ST., 140—Completely furnished light office, 600 feet, finest office building; big bargain. Apply mornings, F Carpenter

CHURCH ST., 50—Desirable single office in suite to sublet; daylight 2 sides. Room 1805.

EQUITABLE BLDG. (1042), 120 Broadway—Space, 500 sq. ft. or part thereof, completely furnished.

KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING—Share private office with service. Bryant 5044. Room 1106, Fischler.

MADISON AV., 345 (Room 802)—Will sublease furnished or unfurnished, airy, light office; 12x15 feet; two rooms, floors covered linoleum and carpeted; new equipment; mahogany furniture, glass tops, very attractive; excellent location; rent reasonable; will sell furniture; short term lease. Inquire Bellamy-Neff Co., Room 805.

NASSAU ST., 154—Mahogany furnished private office; telephone, stenographic service. Room 2000.

OBTHODONTIST, periodontist or dental specialist wanted to share office in the new Alamac Hotel, Broadway and 71st; excellent location; rent reasonable; exceptional opportunity. S 834 Times.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE BROKERS, Builders, Accountants or Contractors, your business requires 5th Av. office; $15 month gives you office, reception room, telephone, secretary in 5th Av.'s finest suite. Stenographic exchange, Inc., 353 5th Av. Vanderbilt 7746-7.

LIGHT, airy offices in newly remodeled building; elevator; 106-108 Liberty St.; nominal rentals. Inquire on premises or Securities Acceptance Corporation, 516 5th Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 7080, or your own broker.

FINELY FURNISHED OFFICE, TELEPHONE INSTALLED, TIMES BUILDING, 42D ST. AND BROADWAY, UNFURNISHED PRICE.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG.

Knickerbocker Building, singles and in suites, fully furnished; phones; also unfurnished offices and desk room. Apply Room 917, 152 West 42d St.

OFFICES.
Low rents.
236 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

EXCEPTIONAL 57TH AV. OFFICE, furnished in mahogany and gray; switchboard, reception room; secretary; private office; $75 a month; smaller office, $25 month. Sinclair, 553 5th Av.

STUDIO—Exceptional opportunity; 46th St. and 6th Av.; good light; suitable for any business; rent $55 monthly. Mr. Kay, care of Hudson Bay Fur Co., 563 6th Av.

SMALL OFFICES, furnished, phone, typewriter; best location; to lease for three months; $35. Longacre Bldg., 1,466 Broadway, Room 610. Railroad.

FOR RENT—Desirable office 15 ft. x 30 ft., overlooking Hudson River; downtown section. Call Cortlandt 1201, S 854 Times Downtown.

GOOD opportunity; daylight office to sublet; responsible party only; rent reasonable; must act quick. Chasanow, 15 Park Row.

PRIVATE office in magnificently furnished suite; switchboard, stenographer, bulletin and phone listing; $60. Shaw, 185 5th Av.

FOR RENT—Daylight office, 156 Nassau St.; stenographic service and telephone; rent very moderate. S 936 Times Downtown.

TO RENT, high-class offices and desk room, with or without services. Room 1007, 500 5th Av.

DOWNTOWN office, size 11x15, convenient to subways; price $35. Address Park Place, G 317 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED OFFICES, desk room; mail, telephone privilege, $8 monthly. Dunne, 299 Broadway.

OFFICE, suitable for doctor, been occupied by doctor for 40 years. Chelsea 3200 and Chelsea 0424.

PHYSICIAN will share equipped office and waiting room, nurse's service, morning hours. 253 West 75th. Endicott 3864.

WILL sublet private corner office. Room 622, Hudson Terminal Building, 30 Church St. Telephone Cortlandt 6561.

ATTRACTIVE furnished office financial district; river view; very reasonable. Helm, 52 Broadway.

JUST off 5th Av., furnished offices, large and small, to sublet for executive purposes only. 13th floor, 16 West 46th St.

AEOLIAN Building—Furnished, 3 connecting rooms; own entrance; telephone; $125. Mezzo, 1924.

DESIRABLE thousand feet, architects' building; sublease. Inquire Room 804, 101 Park Av.

LARGE office, north light, phone; references required. Suite 1109, 25 West 43d St.

LIGHT, airy private office, mahogany furnished; reasonable. Suite 401, 2 Rector St.

OFFICES—Desk room and mailing space; reasonable. Call, 22 East 57th.

OFFICE, 600 feet; elegantly furnished; reasonable rent; telephone. Call Cisola 8150.

OFFICE, desk room and similar space, Benson Co., 116 West 39th St.

DESK ROOM.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

1ST ST., 99—Desk room, mail and telephone privileges; $ 276 Drydock.

1ST ST., 5 WEST—Large skylight, quiet, select; switchboard service; $8 up; phone. Chelsea 3637.

54TH, 53 EAST, FIRST FLOOR—ROOM, MAIL PRIVILEGES $2 MONTHLY.
Desk room; complete service; $5-$15.

BROADWAY, 2,525 (cor. 95th St., Room 9)—First floor front, desk for desirable party; $20 month; stenographer, telephone, quiet office.

BROADWAY, 1,170 (suite 301)—Private office, telephone service, reasonable; mail service $3.

BROADWAY, 1,658—Desk space, private office or stock room, reasonable. Sherwood.

CHURCH ST., 50, ROOM 286—3 DESKS; REASONABLE.

FOURTH AV., 215 (Corner 18th St.)—Stock and desk room, telephone service. Z 2317 Times Annex.

GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL—Desk room; very desirable. Phone Vanderbilt 10147.

MAIL AND TELEPHONE SERVICE WITH USE OF DESK, $5.
RIDE, 309-311 47TH AV.

DESK ROOM, furnished, Room 6558, Grand Central Terminal Building. Call or phone, Vanderbilt 4276. George Quayle.

NEATLY furnished, all service; very reasonable. Room 618, Tribune Building, 154 Nassau.

DAYLIGHT desk room—Mail privilege, service; moderate. 200 Fifth Av. Suite 716.

DESK ROOM, 103 Park Av., Room 1003. Very bright.

DESK SPACE, bright office, rent reasonable. Room 703A, 15 East 40th St.

DESK ROOM, telephone and stenographic service. Room 1278, 50 Church St.

DESK ROOM, $15, with full service, mailing privilege, $5. Kerfut, 321 Broadway.

DESK ROOM or mail privilege; ideal location; see us. 1 Union Sq. W. Gramatan.

DESK ROOM, telephone, stenographic service, reasonable. 165 Broadway, Room 1101.

DESK ROOM, $10; office furnished, $20; mail privilege, $2. Nelles, 27 Warren.

DESK ROOM in private office, 1006 Times Building. Phone Bryant 9208.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Rent.

43D, 122 WEST—Two floors; formerly club-rooms; suitable for business or apartments. Phone Bryant 8500.

515T, 343 WEST—Large parlor floor; ideal doctor, dentist; all modern conveniences.

55TH (bet. 6th and 7th Avs.)—Doctor's office to physician or dentist, with waiting room, in high class apt. Phone Circle 5550.

7TH, 955 WEST—Parlor music studio for rent, 3 rooms, hourly. Harvey.

B'WAY (Broome St.)—Office, show room, stock room; low rate; also desk room for use to party answering telephone. Canal 9315.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (137 Macdougal)—Cheerful parlor floor, 3 large rooms, open fireplace; suitable club, tearoom; immediate possession.

DENTIST—Floor in the best spot in Mt. Vernon. J. Blank Realty Corp. 2 So. 5th Av., Mt. Vernon. Tel. Hillcrest 5718.

STORE and large balcony; 6th Av., corner 22d St.; long lease, reasonable rent. Klein's Rapid Shoe Repair Co., 113 Nassau St. Cortlandt 0985.

TO LET—Office or storage space, 385 Hudson—Reade Bldg., reasonable. Edmonds Shoe Co., Milwaukee.

PARLOR FLOOR, large, light, remodeled; suitable office or studio. 148 East 53d.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

WANTED, fireproof building, 50,000 to 60,000 square feet, not less than 175 feet frontage and with 5-ton freight elevator; location, west side between 14th and 42d Sts.; suitable for garage, stable and office; quite full particulars, price, location, size and when available. S 423 Times.

INVESTOR desires outlet for fund of $300,000 in several small properties below Canal St.; equities not exceeding $25,000 preferred, or free and clear property up to $40,000; broker protected; not after interest. Investor, V 687 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Office or part, for advertising and multigraphing, between 40th and 45th Sts.; moderate rent; can keep office open, answer calls. A. G. 2172 Times.

LARGE furnished office, with sufficient storage space, between 42d St. and Battery, for about $100. E 219 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

8TH ST., 24 EAST—Large studio apartment, 4 rooms and bath, furnished; immediate occupancy; $250. Tel. Spring 9630, 9-16:30 A. M.-5:30-10:30 P. M.

52D ST., 7 EAST—Two rooms, bath; entirely redecorated, refurnished; hotel service.

55TH, 36 EAST—Handsomely furnished 2 rooms, large bathroom; non-housekeeping; reasonable.

40TH, 19 EAST—2 ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE. BABCOCK.

51ST ST., 40 EAST.

August and September, 2 rooms, $100; 3 rooms, $175; also apartments for Fall.

56TH ST. AND 5TH AV. (NETHERLAND HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM, BATH TO SUBLET; $45 PER WEEK.

60TH ST., 18 EAST—Single, double, two rooms, bath; day week, month, year; special rates. San Jacinto Hotel.

90TH ST. (Lexington Av.)—Six rooms and 2 baths, beautifully furnished; new elevator apartment; will sacrifice; $300 monthly rental; $300 monthly, until Oct. 1; and will rent unfurnished thereafter. Phone Lenox 6900, Apt. 65.

65D ST., at Madison Av. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service, Benellks rooms with bath, $15 up; without, $12 up; suites consisting of bedroom, sitting room and bath, at rates in proportion; exceptional service; convenient to all transportation; close to park.

MADISON AV., 60a—Entire floor, 2 rooms, bath, kitchen; telephone; reasonable; month August. Madison Square 6806.

West Side.

29TH WEST (off 5th)—Attractively furnished studio, bedroom, bath; gas; $65 month until Oct. 15. Phone Chelsea 5479.

51ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM, BATH, TO SUBLET; $35 PER WEEK.

51ST—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano; $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

8TH ST., 39 WEST—Two-room furnished apartment, bath, kitchenette, all improvements; maid service; moderate rent. Hageman, 67 West 96th St. Fitzroy

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Continued From Preceding Page.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
Apartments on Tennis Place.
Phone Fitzroy 0631 or Boulevard 6545.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

LUDLOW-ON-HUDSON.
6 outside rooms; 8 minutes' walk to station; $100; occupancy August 1. Miss Lewis, 17 West 47th St.

Unfurnished—Miscellaneous.

STAMFORD, Conn.—Echo Lawn and Hamilton Apartments; just completed; unfurnished; 3-acre estate; best residential section; surrounded by numerous shade trees; sleeping porches; steam heated; modern improvements; garage; highest elevation; 30 minutes to Grand Central; three rooms and bath, $60; four rooms and bath, $65; four rooms and bath, $50; five rooms and bath, $80; seven rooms and bath, $100; nine rooms, two baths, $125. George Schleicher 37 West 14th St., New York, Chelsea 4370 or 174 Lawn Av., Stamford, Conn.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

APARTMENT Wanted—Couple want to rent for long or short term, in Flatbush or Bedford sections of Brooklyn, 2, 3 or 4 room thoroughly modern apartment, kitchen, or kitchenette, with bath, furnished or unfurnished; occupancy Oct. 1.; best references. Phone Whitehall 2140 between 10 and 5.

APARTMENTS wanted immediately, furnished and unfurnished; waiting list; subs. bath; details. Houghton Co., 123 West 72d. Endicott 0280.

RESPONSIBLE clients wanting furnished apartments east, west side, long, short leases, from $120 to $1,000 month. Realty Co., 547 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

WANTED — Large and small apartments. Rhoades Leasing Organization, 2,025 Broadway. Endicott 6200.

SMALL, reasonable apartment, Columbia section; best references; state particulars. B 1125 Times Harlem.

IMMEDIATELY—Furnished and unfurnished. All sizes. All locations.
Smith-Gibbons, 505 5th Av. Vand. 0420.

Unfurnished.

OCT. 1, wanted, three rooms, bath and kitchen, near Washington Square; must have extra large living room with fireplace; one large and one smaller bedroom; if above two flights must have elevator; not over twenty-one hundred dollars ($2,100). Write size and description. S 535 Times.

LIST with me for select tenants desirable large and small apartments in Washington Square and Greenwich Village. Ryan, 60 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3748.

TWO business girls desire apartment, two rooms, kitchen or kitchenette, between 76th and 120th West; airy, light; rent reasonable. Dowling, 1,197 Grand Concourse.

RESPONSIBLE family three require seven rooms, bath, $1,450 year. Post, 3400 Longacre.

TWO young couple Oct. 1, two-three rooms, kitchenette, bath; below 120th St.; $75; references. E 225 Times.

LIGHT ROOMS, modern conveniences; will pay $70 to $75; state particulars. Castrechi, G 205 Times.

LIGHT ROOMS, Yorkville section; $1,500-$1,800. Murray Hill 8892.

ALL sizes; send full particulars. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0253.

7-8 ROOMS, 2 baths, east side, 50th-96th. Murray Hill 4656.

TWO rooms, kitchenette, bath, west side; $75; couple. E 230 Times.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE

AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 247 West 69th—Stores furniture, also moving, at lowest rates in city. Telephone Endicott 2187.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

36TH ST., 123 EAST—Large and small furnished rooms; Summer rates. Kelly.

39TH, 106 EAST—Furnished rooms, all improvements; board optional.

41TH AND MADISON AV. (Hotel Madison)—Beautiful outside rooms, bath, $14-$18 weekly; use of bath, $10.50-$12; block to Grand Central subway; Summer rates. Madison Square 1794.

39TH ST., 29 EAST—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $12 PER WEEK FOR ONE PERSON, $18 FOR TWO; LARGE OUTSIDE DOUBLE ROOMS WITH BEDS, $18 FOR TWO; ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH $21 UP. MARTHA WASHINGTON HOTEL, FOR WOMEN ONLY.

39TH, 33 EAST—LARGE ROOMS FOR ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN; $12 PER WEEK FOR ONE, $20 FOR TWO. APPLY MANAGER, 29 EAST 29TH ST.

39TH ST., Lexington Av. (Hotel Rutledge)—Women exclusively; newly decorated room, private bath, from $15 weekly; also room, use of bath, $12 weekly; restaurant conveniences; big reduction for two persons.

40TH (146 Lexington Av.)—Single, double rooms, running water; $8-$0; references.

40TH, 132 EAST—Attractive suite, parlor, bedroom; electricity, phone, water; $12.

42D ST., 11 EAST (Hotel Stratford)—A floor for women only; single rooms, running water, telephone; complete hotel service; $3 a day; $12 weekly.

42D, 15-18 EAST—New branch, Vanderbilt Studios, $35 to $100; delightful, distinctive dining room on premises; small furnished rooms $25 monthly at 30th St. branch; apply 38th St. office; lease vacancies, 41 West 9th. Vanderbilt 6998.

42D ST., 114 EAST (Murray Hill)—Rooms with private baths; an ideal home for discriminating people.

44TH, 140 EAST—Single rooms for refined business people, $8; references.

45TH, 66 EAST—Large, light basement; other rooms; high-class house; references.

45TH, 50 EAST—Double rooms, private bath, and others; kitchenette privileges.

46TH AND 5TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND)—SUITE OF PARLOR, BEDROOM, $17.50 WITH PRIVATE BATH, $28 PER WEEK.

46TH, 55 EAST—Excellent location; desirable large or small room; Summer concessions.

46TH, 18 EAST—Room, adjoining bath, $30-$40 monthly. San Jacinto Hotel.

46TH, 55 EAST—Charming room, bath, open fireplace; furnished, unfurnished.

47TH, 219 EAST—Pleasant rooms; all improvements; gentlemen; subways to all points.

48TH, 223 EAST—Front parlor and bedroom; business couple; select family; all improvements; references; no other roomers. Ring Gregory's bell.

72D, 57 EAST—Reservation may be made in home school for students who expect to be in New York for special study; practice room for music students, living quarters available Aug. 15. Telephone Secretary, Rhinelander 2561.

74TH, 28 EAST—Large, comfortable, handsomely furnished room, bath, electricity; private house.

80TH, EAST, AND MADISON AV.—Newly furnished; private family. Lenox 1907.

IRVING PLACE, 56—Centrally located, all traveling conveniences; charmingly furnished rooms; references.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR MEN.
The rates for the newest of the Allerton group, a 17-story fireproof building, just completed, containing compartments, club conveniences, are from $9.50 to $18.50 per week for permanent residents only. 45 East 85th St.; 149 East 39th St.

LEXINGTON AV., 615 (corner 53d)—Pleasant outside room; private family; electricity; telephone; lavatory. Kelley.

MADISON AV., 307—Unusually large rooms, bath; service; phone; kitchenette.

BEAUTIFUL rooms for two, with private bath; in elegant private house; near subway in Yorkville. Tel. Rhinelander 7576.

West Side.

4TH TO 236TH ST, ROOMS TO MEET YOUR NEEDS—SERVICE FREE. Rooms inspected. Endicott 2126 or 5339. GREATER N. Y. ROOM EXCH., 2,025 B'WAY.

57TH, 11 WEST—Cool room, with running water, adjoining bath; references.

11TH, 35 WEST—Comfortable rooms, suitable one or two persons; select house.

11TH ST., 68 WEST—Two rooms; telephone; everything furnished; kitchen; $60; seen 2-7.

14TH, 138 WEST—Young man who wants real home; all conveniences, telephone. Call evening, Apartment 37, Gaw.

32D ST., 222 WEST.
SUBWAY AT DOOR; COMFORTABLE OUTSIDE ROOMS, ADJOINING BATH, $15 PER WEEK FOR ONE, $20 FOR TWO; ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED; ALL HOTEL SERVICE. HOTEL CHELSEA. TELEPHONE WATKINS 6200.

31ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, FOR ONE, $14 UP; FOR 2, $17.50 UP; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 PER WEEK UP.

32D ST., 111 EAST—Two large rooms and shower, well furnished; housekeeping privileges.

32D ST., 111 EAST—Under new management; single and double rooms, well furnished; all conveniences.

32D ST., 49 WEST—Large studio, kitchenette; private bath; piano; $10. Libby.

32D ST. (JUST WEST OF BROADWAY). HOTEL CLAMAN.
A distinctive residence for women.
2,000 white cool rooms with Bath.
New fifteen-story exceptionally located fireproof hotel having every convenience; most attractive rates in town; $12-$18 weekly.

33D ST., 139-4 WEST, EAST OF B'WAY. PALACE HOTEL.
Under one of two new management, with bath; attractive weekly rates from $14 up.

33D ST., 27 WEST—Large and small connecting rooms (private house); suits $25 up. Entrance, Circle 5182.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

47TH ST., 106 WEST (RALEIGH HALL). RESIDENCE FOR MEN.
Attractive furnished rooms, with, without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations with hotel service.
RATES FROM $10 WEEKLY.

50TH ST., 8 WEST—Elegant room with bath, $10 per week, single, for refined party. Apply Albert H. Stout, 21 West 50th St.

53D, 54 WEST—Large room, private bath; single room; Summer terms.

54TH, 34 WEST—Attractive single room, superior building; no rooming house; $40.

55TH (1,730 Broadway)—Attractive room for gentleman; large bath; private phone, use grand piano. Apartment 6D. Circle 6686.

55TH ST., 200 WEST—Business woman; a cheerful outside room adjoining bath; exclusive building awaits inspection.

56TH ST., 109-111 WEST—A FEW ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER—ON EACH FLOOR; SHOWERS AND BATH; HOTEL SERVICE; $14 PER WEEK.

57TH ST., 118 WEST (GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL)—ROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET, $24 PER WEEK.

63TH (northwest Broadway)—Hotel Sidney, new, fireproof, newly furnished; excellent accommodations for transients; single room, $10 per week; double rooms for two, $15 up.

69TH, 14 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE TILED BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SUMMER RATES.

69TH, 1 WEST—REAL HOME.
Beautifully furnished sitting, bedroom, overlooking Central Park; private family; gentlemen. Endicott 8750.

69TH, 231 WEST—Business man; real clean, comfortable room; homelike; convenient. Werner.

69TH, 66 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, $10 UP; SINGLE, $5.

70TH ST., 202 WEST.
GEORGIA HOTEL.
$8 WEEKLY UP. TWO PERSONS; NEWLY FURNISHED, MODERN ROOMS. FACING BROADWAY.

70TH ST., 229 WEST.
One room only in our private house; all conveniences; gentleman. Endicott 8790.

70TH, 59 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12 UP; SINGLE, $7.

70TH, 155 WEST—Beautiful, cool rooms, with bathrooms; single, lavatory; cleanliness; reasonable.

70TH, 38 WEST—Newly furnished, twin beds, private bath; also front basement.

70TH, 23 WEST—Attractive room with complete private bath; also other rooms.

70TH, 130 WEST—Large room, bay window, complete bath, refined, phone connections.

70TH (2,025 Broadway)—Nicely furnished cool room, adjoining bath, shower. 2F.

71ST, 57 WEST—Attractively furnished, large cool rooms; complete; sanitary bath-rooms; cleanliness.

71ST, 56 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM; LUXURIOUS BATH; OTHER ROOM.

71ST, 31 WEST (HOTEL JOYCE)—ONE TWO ROOM SUITES; $12.50 TO WEEKLY UP.

71ST, 29 WEST—Newly decorated residence, large rooms, adjoining bath; $10, $12.

71ST, 29 WEST—Furnished rooms, private bath, kitchenette, telephone, electric, $16 up.

72D, 18 AND 20 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, LARGE DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE TILED BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

72D, 163 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

72D, 322 WEST—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; opposite the Drive.

72D, 314 WEST—SINGLE ROOM; CLEAN, NEAR BATH.

73D, 140 WEST — BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ALSO SINGLE.

73D (West End Av., 290)—Newly decorated residence, large rooms, bath, twin beds; also single; $8, $10, $12.

73D ST., 168 WEST—Handsomely furnished, large, airy rooms; bath, electricity; references.

75D, 153 WEST (corner Amsterdam)—Large room, suitable 1-2; references. Thurber.

74TH, 159 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; REDUCED RATES.

74TH, 8 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12 UP.

74TH, 45 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, $10 UP; SINGLE, $5 UP.

74TH, 43 WEST—MEDIUM ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $8.

76TH, 327 WEST.
76TH, 305 WEST
Double, single; with, without bath; reasonable.

76TH, 2 WEST.
DOUBLE ROOM, $10; SINGLE, $5.

76TH, 25 WEST—Beautiful room for refined business lady; elegant home.

76TH, 116 WEST—Large room, first floor, private bath, $15; small, $5.

75TH, 149 WEST—Newly decorated large rooms, electricity, telephone; $10, $12.

75TH, 112 WEST—Large rooms, bath and kitchenette; singles and medium.

76TH, 149 WEST—Immaculate, large, private bath; street entrance; $12; exclusive; gentleman.

76TH, 319 WEST
Desirable room, well furnished house; references.

76TH, 30 WEST—Exclusive rooms, gentlemen only; must use to appreciate; references.

76TH—Nice independent room, kitchen privileges; refined business girl; $8. Endicott 1756.

76TH, 237 WEST—Cool room, private bath; large closets; electricity; phone; $15.

76TH, 123 WEST—Large, beautiful front room, kitchenette, $14; large room, $11.

76TH, 182 WEST—Exceptional second floor front, one, two rooms. La Fond.

76TH, 44 WEST—Front parlor; rooms, twin beds, with, without private baths.

77TH, 10 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIVATE TILED BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOMS; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

77TH, 111 WEST—Attractive large and small room; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

77TH, 150 WEST—Attractive double room, private bath; also medium room; references.

78TH, 136 WEST—Unusually attractive, large rooms; private bath; modern appointments; reception room available.

78TH, 206 WEST.
Large room, electricity, bath, private house; gentleman; $10; near Broadway. Endicott 4024.

78TH, 325 WEST—Nicely furnished double room, private bath, kitchenette, piano; reasonable.

78TH, 168 WEST—Attractive double, front, kitchenette, steel-ceiling, phone, $12.

78TH, 164 WEST—Large single rooms, nicely furnished; reasonable; telephone.

79TH, 125 WEST—Really different; beautifully furnished; private baths; single, en suite.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, USE OF BATH, $12 PER WEEK; LARGE DOUBLE ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 PER WEEK.

81ST, 114 WEST—Just opened, newly furnished, decorated rooms; baths; all improvements.

81ST, 124 WEST—Large, comfortable room in refined, private house; references essential.

81ST, 118 WEST—Rear, large room; private bath; all conveniences; Summer rates.

81ST, 310 WEST—Large room, every convenience; also parlor floor; kitchenette.

82D ST., 156 WEST—Room hunting simplified. Why waste time and energy hunting? Clean, respectable rooms—just what you want. Service free. Schuyler 5759. Metropolitan Room Exchange.

82D, 250 WEST (Apt. 2W)—Large, clean, comfortable, homelike room; all conveniences. Schuyler 2317.

84TH, 3 WEST—Newly decorated double rooms adjoining baths; electricity; $10-$12.

84TH ST., 268 WEST—Clean, excellent rooms; running water; $9-$12. Apartment 5.

86TH, 307 WEST—Two-room suites, with piano; also single rooms; newly furnished; all modern improvements. Supt.

86TH (Near Broadway)—Exceptionally clean room, running water; private family. Schuyler 6952.

86TH, 206 WEST—Parlor, connecting bedroom; suitable two gentlemen; $60 monthly. Rittner.

85TH, 59 WEST—Large, small rooms, connecting bath; all modern conveniences.

86TH, 49 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SUMMER.

86TH, 202 WEST (Broadway)—Immaculate, small room; $7; charming private apartment. Rooms.

86TH, WEST (Broadway)—Attractive, cool room, running water, shower; elevator. Schuyler 7810.

86TH, 43 WEST—Comfortable, large room, with bath; also single; reference; reasonable.

87TH ST., 70 WEST—Beautiful large front room, with kitchenette; also single.

87TH, 36 WEST—Unusually large rooms, with, without bath, kitchenette. $11 up.

87TH, 247 WEST (Drive)—Large room; private bath; housekeeping facilities; price reasonable.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

87TH, 245 WEST—Beautiful large room; Summer rates; all conveniences.

87TH, 60 WEST—Beautiful, large, medium rooms, with or without bath; gentlemen.

88TH, 36 WEST—Unusual newly furnished large rooms, private baths, kitchenettes; refined.

89TH, 306 WEST—Beautiful rooms, twin beds, baths; front basement, bath, kitchenette, small room, $6; references.

89TH, 310 WEST—Large rooms, running water, adjoining bath; suitable 2; reasonable.

89TH, 310 WEST—Large rooms, running water, adjoining bath; suitable 2; reasonable.

90TH, 311 WEST—Large, attractive room, bath adjoining; select; references; gentleman preferred.

90TH, 60 WEST—One, two rooms, with or without private bath, kitchenettes.

91ST, 63 WEST—Single; running water, telephone; with cultured family; $7. McCollum.

91ST, 6 WEST (near park)—Large, comfortable room; $7; gentleman; reference. Schnarendorf.

91ST, 63 WEST—Front parlor, with bedroom (room kitchenette); $12.50 Summer. McCollum.

92D, 131 WEST—Large, front, kitchenette, continuous hot water, adjoining bath; reasonable.

92D ST., 206 WEST—Light modern, suitable one-two; reasonable. Apt. 8A.

92D, 8 WEST—Light rooms, adjoining bath, running water; $7 up. Martin.

93D, 307 WEST—Attractively furnished room, valor apartment; reasonable. Mrs. Edmunds.

94TH ST. (corner, 2,621 Broadway)—Complete list of good rooms in all desirable localities; courteous, efficient service; no charge to you. Metropolitan Exchange.

94TH, 54 WEST—Newly decorated, well furnished rooms for 2 refined gentlemen; breakfast optional; private family; telephone. Anderson.

94TH, 107 WEST—Outside attractive front parlor, adjoining bedroom; phone; $10. Le Roux.

94TH, 203 WEST—Neatly furnished room for respectable gentleman; reference. Riverside 7221.

96TH, 330 WEST—Clean, comfortable room; Riverside; references; gentleman; $7. Apt. 43.

96TH, 251 WEST (Apt. 2W) — Beautiful large room, lavatory; suitable two; also single; corner Broadway. Riverside 3976.

96TH 310 WEST (near Riverside) — Light room, shower bath, $10. Riverside 0800.

96TH, WEST (near Central Park)—Nicely furnished large, airy room; private family; elevator, shower; gentleman; references. Riverside 2939.

96TH, 226 WEST—Light modern, suitable one-two; reasonable. Apt. 8A.

97TH, 8 WEST—Beautiful, large, medium rooms, with or without bath; gentlemen.

97TH, 36 WEST—Unusual newly furnished large rooms, private baths, kitchenettes; refined.

97TH, 306 WEST—Beautiful rooms, twin beds, baths; front basement, bath, kitchenette, small room, $6; references.

97TH, 310 WEST—Large rooms, running water, adjoining bath; suitable 2; reasonable.

97TH, 310 WEST—Large rooms, running water, adjoining bath; suitable 2; reasonable.

97TH, 311 WEST—Large, attractive room, bath adjoining; select; references; gentleman preferred.

97TH, 60 WEST—One, two rooms, with or without private bath, kitchenettes.

97TH, 63 WEST—Single; running water, telephone; with cultured family; $7. McCollum.

97TH, 6 WEST (near park)—Large, comfortable room; $7; gentleman; reference. Schnarendorf.

97TH, 63 WEST—Front parlor, with bedroom (room kitchenette); $12.50 Summer. McCollum.

97TH, 131 WEST—Large, front, kitchenette, continuous hot water, adjoining bath; reasonable.

97TH, 206 WEST—Light modern, suitable one-two; reasonable. Apt. 8A.

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97TH 310 WEST (near Riverside) — Light room, shower bath, $10. Riverside 0800.

97TH, WEST (near Central Park)—Nicely furnished large, airy room; private family; elevator, shower; gentleman; references. Riverside 2939.

97TH, 231 WEST (corner Broadway—Attractive suite, living room, bedroom, piano; breakfast privilege; elevator. Apt. 6-D.

97TH, 251 WEST (off Broadway) — Single and double rooms. Apt. 16.

99TH ST. (2,626 Broadway)—Large outside room, bath and real kitchenette.

100TH (near Riverside Drive)—Newly furnished, next to bath, in modern high-class apartment building; no other rooms; kitchen privileges (lady). Riverside 7720.

101ST, 215 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large room, three windows, bath, box springs; gentlemen; evenings. Apt. 2D.

102D, 320 WEST (one door from Drive)—Delightful large double front room, $10; kitchen privileges also front, double, private bath and cool skylight, $4.

102D, 1 WEST—Outside rooms, pleasantly situated; very comfortable. Apt. 6W.

103D, 244 WEST—Private house; pleasant front room, large dressing room; running water; near bath; refined home; gentlemen.

103D, 2 WEST—Front room, $6; court, $4; gentleman; reference; phone. Robinson.

106TH, 206 WEST—Room, $6, use kitchen; cleanliness, good home. Apt. 41.

108TH, 328 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE; MEDIUM, SINGLE ROOMS; SUMMER RATES.

108TH, 330 WEST—All windows face Drive, delightful single rooms, $5 up; also large double rooms, overlooking river, $12 up, kitchen privileges; ideal Summer.

108TH, 215 WEST—Outside room; phone, electricity, shower; $6. Kane, Apt. 10.

110TH, 509 WEST—Desirable front room, adjoining bath; gentlemen; reasonable. Apt. 12D.

111TH ST. (272 Manhattan Av.) — Attractive, cool, outside room, with running water; specially convenient for business person; four transportation lines; gentleman. Cathedral 8880, Apt. 44.

113TH, 530 WEST—Beautifully furnished room, high class elevator apartment; private family.

114TH, 622 WEST — Large, well furnished, double; kitchen privileges if desired. Superintendent.

114TH, 417 WEST—Light, airy room for one desiring quiet; elevator. Kellogg.

121ST, 420 WEST (Apt. 64)—Large, light, attractive double and single room; hot and cold water; private kitchenette.

125TH (3,180 Broadway)—Clean, light, airy room with private family; reasonable. McGovern.

136TH, 607 WEST—Desirable, clean room; private family; gentleman only. Thomas.

158TH, 612 WEST—Large room, kitchen, with bath, electricity; private house; phone; near Riverside, subway; also single room.

141ST, 611 WEST (4D)—For business lady; nice, large, light room; homelike; breakfast optional; elevator. Phone Bradhurst 2798.

146TH, 607 WEST—Pleasant, airy room; private house; near Riverside, subway; reasonable.

150TH, 509 WEST—Large, comfortable room; private family; reasonable. Apt. 3A.

158TH, 611 WEST (APT. 9C)—2 ELEGANT FURNISHED OUTSIDE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER; SEPARATE OR ENSUITE.

130TH, 609 WEST—Attractive front parlor, use kitchen, $8; smaller, $6. 4A.

BROADWAY (northwest corner 104th)—Beautifully furnished room, running water; $8; men. Conway.

BROADWAY, 3,117 (124th)—Large outside room; all conveniences; elevator; reasonable. Apartment 41.

CLAREMONT AV., 180—Outside sitting-bedroom, $12; medium, $7. Morningside 4775, Apartment 46.

MADISON AV., 202 (35th)—Room, bath, kitchenette elegant; conveniences; privacy; single, double.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (Corner 109th)—Magnificent room, 10th floor; wonderful Hudson view; private bath; references. Apt. 10B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 293—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $15 UP.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (145th)—High-class elevator building; nice front room, $12; single, $8.50; electric grill. Apt. 7E.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 321—Beautiful large front studio, one flight; all conveniences, service; smaller.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 151 (67th)—Large front room; private bath; meals optional; elevator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 315 (104th)—Single rooms, $12, $7; also double; owner's home.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 325—MEDIUM AND SINGLE ROOMS, $7.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 285 (cor. 124th)—Front parlor, bedroom; suitable two; all conveniences. Apt. 2, Keane, 3078 Morningside.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION (82 Washington Place)—Cool room; elevator; private family; gentleman.

WEST END AV, 870—Large front room, beautifully furnished; kitchenette. Subway 103d.

WEST END, 617—Beautiful parlor floor; also elegant room, private bath; service.

BEAUTIFUL room suitable one or two, elevator; breakfast if desired; private family. Apartment 4 West. Phone University 0759.

EXCEPTIONALLY attractive double room, adjoining bath; private home; reasonable. C 202 Times.

EXCLUSIVE APARTMENT (86TH).
Front room, private bath. Schuyler 1700.

Bronx.

COMPANIONABLE young man wanted to share comfortable home of two brothers; parents deceased recently. G 045 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 133—Desirable furnished parlor; electricity, telephone; 5 minutes subway; references.

Long Island.

KEW GARDENS—Two attractively furnished rooms, bath and kitchenette; beautiful private residence; reasonable; references. Telephone Richmond Hill 3012W.

KEW GARDENS — Attractively furnished large bedroom; suitable two; all conveniences; quiet, private residence. Telephone Richmond Hill 3961W.

New Jersey.

TWO furnished rooms, light housekeeping privileges, with private family; located mountains Northern New Jersey; suitable all year; $30 monthly; 2 miles from station, 1 hour to New York, Lackawanna Railroad. S 871 Times Downtown.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

39TH, 15, 18 EAST—Delightful, not cheap, Vanderbilt Studios. Skylight studios; $35 to $100; lease vacancies, 41 West 9th.

MADISON AV., 250 — Studios, small, $35 month; larger, $38; also roof studio.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

YOUNG LADY, Canadian, seeks accommodations quiet family, Manhattan, Bronx. E 233 Times.

COUPLE want furnished room, private bath; state rate. A 716 Times Downtown.

ROOMS WANTED.

Room Renting Agencies.

REGISTER YOUR ROOMS
with the oldest and largest agency in New York City. Our six months' service insures you against vacancies. We rent rooms every day.

WHY WAIT. REGISTER NOW.
METROPOLITAN ROOM EXCHANGE,
156 West 23d St. Schuyler 8760.
2,531 Broadway (cor. 94th). Riverside 7487.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

MADISON AV. (212 36th St.)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; summer rates; references.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST—Attractive rooms with or without board; Summer rates.

57TH, 351 WEST—Large, small rooms, private baths; piano; French cooking; electricity.

72D, 318 WEST (Riverside)—Beautiful rooms, private bath; single rooms; superior table.

72D, 269 WEST—Attractive room with bath; also single room; excellent table.

73D, 65 WEST—The Little House; attractive rooms, bath; delicious home cooking.

75TH, 84 WEST—Attractive rooms, with, without baths; excellent table; table guests.

76TH (59 Riverside)—Handsomely furnished double rooms, private bath; also single, overlooking Hudson; home cooking; excellent elevator residence; weekly guests; Summer rates. Endicott 2129.

79TH ST., 114 WEST.
79TH ST., 122 WEST.
82D ST., 124 WEST.
Attractive homes, unique in a city like New York; group capacity 250, permitting us to furnish service and convenience found only in the residential hotel; moderate accommodations moderately priced; booklet.

80TH, 143 WEST—Desirable rooms, private baths; board; cool, comfortable, homelike; references.

84TH, 53 WEST—Rooms, private bath, also single; excellent meals; reference. Gans.

93D, 128-130 WEST—Rooms; superior cuisine and service; electricity; parlor dining rooms; few more table guests accommodated.

99TH, 254 WEST (Apartment 5)—Two attractive rooms, with piano, running water; two single rooms; excellent home cooking.

123D ST., 157 WEST—Large room for one or two; best home cooking; good home. Call or phone Herman, Morningside 3786.

NURSE, graduate; elderly people, semi-invalids or children; own home. Cathedral 7290.

REFINED lady will board child over 6; $15 weekly. Academy 5423.

Staten Island.

HUGUENOT PARK — The Willows, on the beach; boating, bathing, fishing; bus meets trains; modern accommodations; excellent cuisine; references.

Westchester County.

GREYSTONE.
226 Corlies Av., Pelham Heights, N. Y.
Exceptionally attractive accommodations; one and two rooms, bath; excellent cuisine; one block from station; 28 minutes from Grand Central. Phone Pelham 1216.

HARRISON and Rye, New York, Southern lodge, elegant in all details; delicious food, modern conveniences, bathing, golf and tennis. Rye 643.

HIGHLAND MANOR INN,
TARRYTOWN-ON-HUDSON.
Escalante, Spanish, boarding, music, dancing, gym, bathing; reasonable rates; ideal for week ends. Phone Tarrytown 1506.

MOTOR INN FARM (Mt. Kisco, N. Y.)—Attractive rooms, home cooking, fresh vegetables, poultry and milk; beautiful surroundings, outdoor sports; easy commuting. Phone 292.

Other Sections.

BERKSHIRE HILLS—Two children accepted for board; 8 to 10 years; refined family. Z 251 Times Annex.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN—Superior resort, splendid table; families accommodated; boats, canoes; reasonable. Glendyle Club, South Hero, Vt.

ON beautiful private estate, room to semi-invalid, with excellent doctor and trained nurse's attention; $300 per month. Address E. B., Oak View, 36th and Macomb St., Cleveland Park, Washington, D. C.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

LADY and boy 9, Christians, in private family; improvements; reasonable. J. Van Loan, 464 West 152d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT bookkeeper, typist, knowledge stenography, thoroughly experienced; $18. B 904 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, correspondent, thoroughly experienced, conscientious, energetic, college student, understands credit checking, collection; full charge. G 190 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, knowledge of stenography, thoroughly experienced double entry, trial balances, take complete charge. G 340 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' experience; double entry, balances, controls; $25. Kuskin, Schuyler 5120.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer's assistant; references given; two years' experience. B 927 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, correspondence, credits; salary $35. F 376 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, several years' experience; full charge; $25. B 908 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 9 years' experience; trial balance; entire charge. E 243 Times.

CLERICAL WORKER refined, highly educated, ambitious; knowledge shorthand, French; excellent handwriting; first-class references; interview solicited. G 264 Times.

CLERICAL-TYPING Sabbath observer, high graduate. Simon, 1,210 40th St., Brooklyn. Berkshire 0256.

CLERK, care phone, books; small office; $30. Box 126, 219 7th Av.

COMPANION, Christian young woman, educated, congenial, capable, obliging, desires position in country for balance Summer; elderly lady or half-grown children. G 270 Times.

COMPANION—Young lady with education, speaking English and Spanish, companion to lady. 64 West 107th St.

DRESSMAKER, newest cut; draping, perfect fit; afternoons, evening; street gowns; by day; no objections country. Phone 9-5-30, Longacre 8172. Fredericks, 600 5th Av.

DRESSMAKER, absolutely competent; also remodels cut; $5; reference. Miss Fairbanks, Clarkson 1260.

DRESSMAKER, expert fitter; home or out; $5 a day. Telephone after 6, Endicott 1982.

DRESSMAKER—Exclusive styles, by day and home. Bannon, Harlem 5078.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

GIRL, German, 18 years, well recommended, desires a position with an American family who would be willing to advance passage from Germany; best of references. Communicate Weehawken Post Office Box 114, Union Hill, N. J.

HOUSEKEEPER—Young woman with baby wishes position as working housekeeper; best reference; country, all year preferred. Call or write Susan Reilly, 136 Cochrane Av., Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y. Phone 868M.

HOUSEKEEPER-SECRETARY, cultured, refined young lady; references. 538 West 124th, Apartment 46.

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined widow (daughter 10); handy; capable; languages; country. C 306 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, chambermaid, waitress; respectable light colored girl; private family preferred. Bradhurst 1965.

HOUSEWORKER—Colored, experienced girl seeks position, full or part time. South 1726.

HOUSEWORKER, cook, chambermaid, waitress, nurse; part, whole days, hours. Audubon 1126. Vera.

HOUSEWORK, general, colored, wants connection with good family; efficient; references. Audubon 6160.

HOUSEWORKER, chambermaid, waitress; whole, part time; city, country; honest, reliable. Audubon 5174.

HOUSEWORKER (colored), half time, day, laundry, home cleaning. Paschal, Morningside 7412.

HOUSEWORKER—Part time, day's work; colored; references. Audubon 8396.

INTERIOR DECORATING—Young lady desires position interior decorating firm; experienced typist, general office work. B 885 Times Downtown.

LADY teaches bridge; thorough instruction auction. Huter, 511 West 112th. Cathedral 7626.

LAUNDRESS, colored; washing taken home; open air drying; clean home. Bradhurst 1965.

NURSE, registered, with five years' tuberculosis experience as head or charge nurse in a tuberculosis hospital, wishes position; can furnish the best of references as to character, ability, &c. Z 2330 Times Annex.

NURSE, European training, assisting in light housework; best references; for invalid couple or lady. Audubon 1965. Apt. 84.

NURSE, graduate, wishes private or institutional position, mountains or seashore. 1,262 Lexington Av.

NURSE, practical, wishes position in doctor's office. C 199 Times.

NURSE, practical, for mental or nervous cases. Stardman, 24 East 94th St.

OFFICE assistant, file clerk, 2½ years' experience; $16. B 903 Times Downtown.

SALES CORRESPONDENT,
capable conducting campaigns and managing department; seven years' experience. F 373 Times.

SECRETARY refined Christian, experienced, desires position as physician's office assistant; tactful, reliable; typing, filing. Monitor writing, typing, stenography, fil

Closing Hours for Advertisements
Sunday Edition

TODAY, THURSDAY, NOON.—Schools, Financial, Hotels, Resorts, Automobiles.

TODAY, THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT.—Display Advertisements and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.

TOMORROW, FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Dadaptation classifications of Real Estate.

TOMORROW, FRIDAY, 4 P. M.—Advertisements for Editorial Section.

SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplay classified advertisements. (Business Opportunities 10 A. M. Saturday.)

Daily Edition

As received after 5 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified advertisements for all editions are subject to omission. Final closing time 5 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line.

(Minimum space two lines.)	Agate Line
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	45c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	45c
Real Estate, &c.	45c
Lost and Found	45c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	45c
Country Board	45c
Mortgage Loans	45c
For Sale	45c
Automobile Exchange	45c
Agents Wanted	45c
Employment Agencies	70c
	Per Word
Business Opportunities (Caps 20c)	15c
Buyers Wants—Offerings to Buyers	15c
Bank Exchange (Sundays)	15c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MODELS — MODELS
SIZE 16.

Tall, attractive young looking ladies in high class dress house; highest salaries; long season.

MACK, KANNER & MILIUS,
486 7th Ave.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
TALL, STYLISH.
HIGH-CLASS DRESSES.
SALARY $50.
MANNIE SOLOMON CO.,
542 WEST 30TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
HIGH-CLASS; LONG SEASON.
SIEGEL-LEVY CO.,
205 WEST 39TH ST.

MODELS.
TALL, STUNNING, 16.
FOR HIGH-CLASS DRESSES.
BEN D. ABRAHAME,
229 WEST 36TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
ATTRACTIVE, EXPERIENCED, FOR DRESSES.
LONG SEASON.
WECHSLER-RHEINSTROM
470 7TH AV.

MODEL for corsets, experienced in demonstration; wearing sizes 33 and 34; call 9 to 4, Thursday. Bon Ton Corset Company, 34 East 34th.

MODEL—SIZE 16; ATTRACTIVE, TALL YOUNG LADIES FOR A HIGH-GRADE DRESS HOUSE, H & W. KATZ, 242 WEST 36TH.

MODEL, attractive, size 16; experienced in dress house; steady position. Wietty & Strauss, 19 West 30th.

MOON HOPKINS Operator; call Room 3360, Woolworth Building.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for child 3 years old; highly recommended. Apt. 42, 203 East 58th St.

NURSE, experienced young German or Hungarian girl for boy 3 years and girl 2 months, to go to Huntington, w. Va. Write Box 2, Second St., New York City.

NURSE wanted, experienced, colored, to look after child 1½ years old; first-class references required. Days, 15 Prospect Av., Montclair, N. J.

NURSE, graduate, to take care of child 6 years and baby one week old; no Sundays off; $70 per month. 602 Times Downtown.

NURSES, graduates and undergraduates, for day duty. Call Brownsville and New York Hospital, Rockaway Parkway and Av. A, Brooklyn.

NURSE and assistant housekeeper, white, for lady recovering from operation; country. Room 301, 126 West 32d St.

NURSE, graduate, for general duty. Apply St. Bartholomew's Hospital, 217 East 42d St.

NURSE to do nursing. Apply Physio Therapeutic Sanitarium, 294 Madison Av.

NURSE for dentist. Dr. Goldstein, 120 West 80th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, knowledge stenography and typewriting, steady worker only; state experience, age, salary. Box 33, 2,119 3d Av.

SALESLADIES — Thoroughly experienced saleslades in ladies' specialty shop; unusual opportunity and high salary to right party. Phoenix Women's Shops, 107 West 42d St.

SALESLADIES EXPERIENCED ON BLOUSES AND SWEATERS; SALARY. EMILY BLOUSE SHOP, 800 6TH AV.

SALESLADY for needlework store with experience in this line. Dodger & Co., 26 West 46th.

SALESWOMEN

WITH EXPERIENCE IN SELLING

FURS
CORSETS
AT
WANAMAKER'S.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, with following, for better grade tailored suits, coats and dresses; to work with city trade. Also incoming buyer; salary and commission; apply with full particulars; give telephone number. S. 537 Times.

SALESWOMEN, thoroughly experienced ladies' dresses; salary and commission. Apply Lillian Shop, 2,231 Broadway.

SECRETARY, stenographer and office assistant, experienced in dress line; good opportunity. Apply Sara C. Posner, 246 West 38th St.

SECRETARY, rapid typist, executive ability; give full details of your experience. S 503 Times.

STATISTICAL CLERK—Capable by training and experience to keep group of records to date; also compile from records statistical reports; personnel and filing experience essential. V 690 Times Downtown.

STENO.-SECRETARY—BANKING EXECUTIVE WILL PAY GOOD SALARY TO COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST HAVING THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF ENGLISH AND CAPABLE OF EDITING DICTATION WHEN NECESSARY. ADDRESS, STATING EXPERIENCE, SALARY AND REFERENCES, H. A., BOX 38, STATION D.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, competent, with experience in law office work; references required; applicants must state age, whether married or single, and refer to former employment; also salary expected. Address Martin Carabello, Attorney-at-Law, Tampa, Fla.

STENOGRAPHER for secretarial work in office of a newspaper advertising executive; substitute for a period of from two to four weeks, with chance for permanent connection; a real opportunity for a capable worker with thorough experience. S 540 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent, neat appearing young lady in small office; must be rapid typist willing to address circular letters when not engaged in stenographic work; rapid advancement to beginner with ability. Apply Hanson Place Hotel, Main Box Theatre, stage door, West 46th St. Apply Thursday, Friday and Monday, between 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER, Act as assistant purchasing agent for firm in Long Island City; hours 9 to 5:30; must give personal satisfaction; salary $30. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary, R. D., 105 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST for one month's temporary work in public accountants office; must have previous experience; typing department's necessity; must not necessarily be able to take dictation. Room 600, 103 W. 49th St.

STENOGRAPHER to take dictation in English and Spanish in large export house; position temporary, but may become permanent; in applying state age, nationality, experience and salary desired. Address Merchants, L. K., 619 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady, between 18-20; good appearance and personality; work consists of meeting customers and keeping records of sales; permanent position; salary $18. Call Mon., Tues., Wed., 9 to 12 A. M. Room 712, 114 5th Ave., 20th St. Subway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate, for scientific department, Kny-Scheerer Corporation of America, 119 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, not over 25 years old; permanent position; large house; state salary expected; replies confidential. V 426 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, some knowledge of bookkeeping, wanted for accountant's office; salary to start $19. Call 903, Times Building.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large manufacturing corporation; opportunity for advancement; one living in Manhattan. V 682 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, inexperienced beginner preferred; excellent opportunity for one who is looking ahead; state age, education, &c. S 541 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, commercial experience, for two weeks, beginning Aug. 6; importing; apply personally, Jardine, Matheson & Co., 44 Wall St., city.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; permanent position. Optical Products Corp., 43 West 16th St.

STENOGRAPHER in carpenter and builder's office; permanent; salary to start $22. 528 East 185th St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experience necessary. Apply Julius Schmid, 423 West 55th St.

STENOGRAPHER in wholesale dry goods house; state age, experience, references, salary expected. S 532 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good opportunity for bright girl. Room 1004, 1,482 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; must be able to take technical dictation. Ophuts & Hill, 12 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, some bookkeeping knowledge; age, experience, reference; $16. E. 204 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, permanent position; state experience, religion and salary. S 873 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian firm, position, permanent, to young girl of refinement. United States Music Co., 122 5th Av. Call mornings.

STENOGRAPHER, must be rapid; good speller, neat appearance, knowledge office routine. Oldman Bros., 114 West 29th, 12th floor.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced young lady, good appearance; $16 to start; call between 12 and 1 o'clock. Belfelden Mills, 390 4th Av., near 28th St.

STENOGRAPHER—An interesting position with a future for girl of refinement and education; ideal surroundings. Telephone Schuyler 9065 for particulars.

STENOGRAPHER, typist and general office worker; must be thoroughly experienced; excellent opportunity for right party; state qualifications, experience, &c. S 554 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young, thoroughly experienced, knowledge bond investment work preferred; salary $20. Suite 603, 152 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping and general office detail; at least 3 years' experience; state salary and experience in own handwriting. S 539 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptional position; highest class Christian office; for exceptional beginner, with some experience. B. C. Ernest, Room 1706, 111 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, inexperienced beginner preferred; excellent opportunity for one who is looking ahead; state age, education, &c. S 541 Times.

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STENOGRAPHER.—Large manufacturing corporation; opportunity for advancement; one living in Manhattan. V 682 Times Downtown

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ESTIMATOR—Exp. electrical construction work, law of generating; $30-$35.
DICTAPHONE OPER.—Expd.; fine opening; $35.
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COLLECTION CLERK—Able to write good, snappy letter; $30.
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BOOKKEEPER—Burroughs posting machine; 4 in bank; up to $2,000.
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STYLISTS CLERKS (12)—Accurate; some knowledge of bills desirable; not essential, however; advancement assured; $20-$25.
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9 Church St., bet. Cortlandt-Liberty.
BANKING: Pay, teller, executive, 35-40, $2,500-$5,500; head transit, $1,800-$2,200; asst. teller, $1,600; collection teller, $1,600; bkpr., $1,800-$2,000; bkprs., $1,800-$1,650; rack, general clerical, &c., $1,200-$1,500.
STENOGRAPHIC: Financial, $40; to chemist, Elizabeth, $30; knowledge Italian or French, $33; publishing, $30.
CLERK, Y. M. C. A., $10, room, board.
TOPOGRAPHICAL DRAFTSMAN, South Amer., American, single, $2,400, maintenance.

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TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
MECHANICAL ENGINEER, steam power plant design, $250; civil engineer, industrial plant design, $250; electrical engineer, computing theorist, railway, $225; architects, hotel apartments; draftsmen, hydroelectric, structural steel; sub station.

THE BRENTON COMPANY,
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MERCHANDISING MAN, small ware; must have dept. store experience; position in N. Y.; will have two trips to Europe each year; salary open. Many other openings in various banks and commercial houses at good salaries.

MUTUAL BUSINESS SERVICE,
18 Park Row. Opp. Gen'l P. O.
Appraiser, office furniture, $60; sales engineer, electrical equipment, speak Spanish, $4,000; salesman, power transmission, $3,000; writer, house organ, $30-$40; mech. draftsman, N. J., $35-$40; college grad., $90-$35; collection corresp., $28; clerk, tariff and foreign exch., $25; boys, 18 years, $15.

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No Registration Fee. 128 Liberty St.
Traveling Auditor; Single, experience...$2,400
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Collection Corres.; Young, experience...$1,500
Secty.-Stenog., exp. $1,500
Bank Bookkeeper, $1,600; Asst. Bkprs.$1,200
Clerk-Steno.; Beginner, $20; Juniors.....$12

RADCLIFF,
20 East 42d St. 304 Madison Av.
Stenographers, $15-$22-$25-$30; proofreaders, librarian, draftswomen, other office clerks.

SASSE AGENCY, 110 NASSAU ST.
Mech., draftsmen, detailer, $180-$150 mo.; receiving teller, $125; clerks, banking, insurance, commercial, $17-$25; Boston ledger clerks, $22-$25; boys, $10-$12.

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EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, INC.
Bookkeeper, S. S. exp., $1,500; bank bookkeeper, $1,800; asst. bookkeeper, $20. Other openings.

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EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, INC.
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Positions that pay well are available immediately in banking and commercial lines.
CLERKS—Clean-cut Americans, good writers, $25; stenographers and bookkeepers, $30-$40; electrical designers, power plant. Other positions. Free registration. American Male Personnel Service, 45 Beaver St.

OWEN'S AGENCY,
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STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS, CLERKS; NUMEROUS POSITIONS; GOOD SALARIES.

BROADWAY EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
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Specials: Steno., corresp., electrical knowledge, $175; Elliott-Fisher oprs., $25; bkprs., cable, general and junior clerks; boys.

SANTEE AGENCY, 192 NASSAU.
Clerks, bank, no experience .....$20-$25
Rack and statement clerks .....$20-$25
Stenos., downtown .....$20-$25
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HOUSE ORGAN EDITOR for large industrial corporation in Buffalo; splendid future; $5,000 yearly. REGISTRATION FREE. WALL ST. AGENCY, 20 BROAD ST.

JUPP AGENCY, 112 FULTON.
Stenographers, Brooklyn, $30; numerous Manhattan positions; excellent salaries; fine boys' positions.

JAPANESE Employment Bureau; cooks, butlers, housekeepers; references. 100 West 46th. Bryant 7767.

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While others are taking it easy, now is your chance to forge ahead.

A worth-while suggestion: Let us send information how you can invest your time this Summer and receive a higher salary quicker than you can hope to earn it by hard, endless, even though conscientious, service.

From the moment you begin your spare-time work in our accountancy training you grow better and better fitted for the higher jobs. In two or three months you begin enjoying the benefits. Many have earned advancement long before their training was completed, and so can you.

We know the time is right because our placement bureau has placed more men the past month than any other month this year. This increase we believe to be an indication of the opportunities which Fall will bring.

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113 West 42d St., New York.
Bryant 8600.
Brooklyn office: 26 Court St. Triangle 8513.

Please write, telling me how I can receive the benefits of your accountancy training and placement bureau service this Summer.

Name .....

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When an ambitious man strives hard to make good but sees other men promoted over his head, he knows something is wrong. Yet the trial reader, "looked over" for many years and 14 employed and endorsed by banks, industrial concerns, sales managers, employment executives, &c. Are you a "square peg"? Let Morton Martin Method has accomplished for others it can do for you. Call in person for particulars.
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TENTS ..... $1.95 up | Rifles ..... $1.95 up
Cots ..... 2.95 | Knife bag ..... .95
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New York's Original Army-Navy Store.
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Cats, Dogs and Birds.

POLICE DOG, female puppy 6 months old; exceptional pedigree; must sacrifice; full particulars. Phone Elizabth 901R.

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COMPLETE apartment, new last Fall; 2 bedrooms, one walnut, other mahogany; STICKLEY living room, REFECTORY dining room; SACRIFICE all for $750; value $2,500. R. S. Monger, 109 Morningside Drive. Tel. Morningside 7274.

BARGAIN—Must sell 6-rooms beautiful furniture; dining, living room and 3 bedrooms, piano, silver and linen; apartment with or without lease; near subway and bus. Phone Billings 1004.

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Special bargains; beautiful Oriental and Chinese rugs; room size, $125; $150; smaller, $20, $25, $45; hall runners, $25. Tatosian Bros., 800 Lexington Av. (61st).

ANTIQUE secretary, grandfather's clock, antique twin beds, large poster bed, chest drawers; living suite, Oriental rug, colonial lanterns. 1234 Irving Place (East 194th).

REED and willow furniture, direct from factory; lowest prices, largest selection; single pieces or sets. Call for catalog. LONG BEACH WILLOW CO., 131 Park, 4178.

MAHOGANY bed (double), almost new; immaculate; reasonable, or exchange Maple. Riverside 1346.

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BRACELET, made to order, stout, durable flexible platinum, 46 blue white perfect diamonds; cost $11,280; sell very cheap; great bargain. 9 to 5 Times Downtown.

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STEINWAY & SONS MIN. GRAND. $750
MASON & HAMLIN BABY GRAND. $750
KNABE BABY GRAND. $450
WEBER BABY GRAND. $450
KNABE AMPICO GRAND. $1,000
STEINWAY DUOART GRAND. $2,000
STEINWAY BABY GRAND. $600
Above pianos made from time to time.
Pianos for rent, purchase or exchange.
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S. Gertz, 1466 Lexington Av., 125th St.
STEINWAY, Mason Hamlin, Knabe, Behning, Weber, also excellent upright; small payments. Kranz, 2717 Ocean Av. at Ave. H, Brooklyn.

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Cadillac "61" 5-pass.
Pierce Arrow Limousine.
Pierce Arrow, 1922, Sedan.
Lancia Sedan.
Lancia Roadster.
Packard Touring.
Packard Roadster.
Mercedes Roadster, like new.
Rolls-Royce, 4-pass.
ROLLS-ROYCE OF AMERICA, INC.
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1918 BERLIOT Limousine $150
1921 HAYNES Touring $650
1919 CADILLAC Limousine $685
1921 FAIGE Touring $985
1919 CADILLAC Touring $900
1922 ROAMER Touring $1,000
1919 PEERLESS Sedan $1,000
1921 CADILLAC Town Brougham $1,350
1923 PEERLESS 4-passenger Coupe $3,000
1923 PEERLESS Touring $2,500
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ALL PEERLESS cars rebuilt, repainted and sold with a new car guarantee.

YOUR CAR IN TRADE.

ATTRACTIVE TIME PAYMENTS.

PEERLESS MOTOR CARS,
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BUICK 1923 Sport Roadster.
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CADILLAC 1923 Phaeton.
Above cars run less than 1,000 miles.
CADILLAC "61" Cabriolet.
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CADILLAC "61" Victoria.
CADILLAC "61" Imperial.
CADILLAC "59" Victoria.
CUNNINGHAM 1923 Suburban Sedan.
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WILLS ST. CLAIRE 1922 Sedan.
LAFAYETTE Spec. Holbrook Suburban.
F. F. JACOD & CO.
1,800 Broadway. Columbus 7541.

BUICK 1922 sedan; excellent condition and appearance; priced very reasonable; carries 90-day guarantee by factory branch Reo Co., 1,630 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

BUICK 1923 sport; run 3,700 miles; looks nearly new; attractive price. F. W. Wright, Inc., 223 West 57th St. Phone 4840 Circle.

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BUICK, 1923, seven-passenger sedan, like new; very reasonable. 236 West 58th.

BUICK 1922 sedan, 5-passenger; like new. Oberweger, 136 West 52d St.

BUICK 1922, red sport roadster; also 1923 coupe; must sell. Bryant 0900.

CADILLAC 1923 phaeton; limousine.
CADILLAC 1921 sedans, 5 and 7 passenger.
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CRANE SIMPLEX—Latest type touring & chassis.
PACKARD 1923 6-cylinder imperial; new.
PACKARD 1923 coupe, single 6.
PACKARD—Latest model imperial limousine.
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PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
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WINTON 1923 Town Car.
LANCIA Town Cabriolet.
REO Touring.
LINCOLN USED CAR DEPT.,
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CADILLAC 57DD Town Brougham.
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Used Car Dept., 233 West 54th St.
Also 236 West 59th St.,
JUST EAST OF BROADWAY.

CADILLAC—SPECIAL $10,000 CABRIOLET, HEALEY BODY, ROLLS-SADLATOR; LIKE NEW; REASONABLE. CALL CHESTER. BROAD 7060.

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GEORGE LAMBERTY.
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CADILLAC coupe, 57 M.M., special paint; Westinghouse shock absorbers; mechanically perfect; good tires. Park Central Motors, Inc., Park Av. and 60th St.

CADILLAC USED CARS—ALL MODELS
Uptown Cadillac Corporation,
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CADILLAC (1921) Victoria, $700; balance $700 easy payments, 1,739 Broadway. Circle 2476.

CADILLAC "59" R victoria, late type; like new; perfect condition; fully guaranteed. International Warehouse, 128 West 54th.

CADILLAC 59, 7-passenger touring, magnificent condition; sacrifice. Bronx Jordan. Kellogg 10002.

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CADILLAC "61" MODELS.
D. C. BURRELLE, 1,900 B'way, Col. 2000.

CADILLAC limousines, cabriolet, town cars; all A1 cheap. Jandorf, 1,739 Broadway. Circle 2476.

CADILLAC 1923, suburban sedan; run less than 4,000 miles. L. F. Jacod & Co., 1,860 Broadway, Columbus 7541.

CADILLAC 1923 sedan, 5-passenger sport. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC, Model 61, coupe; condition like new; must be sold. Bryant 0900.

CADILLAC 1920 CARRIOLET, SACRIFICE. Like new; make offer. 240 West 59th St.

CADILLAC 1923 5-passenger coupe; like new. Kramp, 20 Central Park West.

CADILLAC, late model, runabout, like new; sacrifice. Bouchard, 16 West 63d St.

CASE 1921 sedan; overhauled, repainted; cheap. F. W. Wright, Inc., 225 West 57th St. Phone 4840 Circle.

CASE—1923 J. I. C. special sport; every equipment; like new. F. W. Wright, Inc., 225 West 57th St. Phone 4840 Circle.

CHANDLER SEDAN.

$437.90 cash and $63.67 monthly for 16 months. Has been completely reconditioned, repainted and carries our guarantee.

HULETT MOTOR CAR CO., INC.,
1,868 Broadway. Columbus 1611.

CHANDLER 1918, seven-passenger touring; fair condition; cheap; owner selling; no dealers. A 711 Times Downtown.

CHEVROLET 4-90 SEDAN $220 CASH,
and $44 monthly; upholstery, body and motor all first-class; has spare tire and bumper.
Also a Ford sedan cheap.
WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
1,787 Broadway, at 58th Street.
Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.

CHEVROLET, 1923 sedan, disc wheels; new car; guaranteed; bargain, $725; time payments arranged. Bronx Chevrolet Sales Co., 381 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0611.

CHEVROLET, large model touring; being own mechanic for demonstration. Call Vanderbilt 9084.

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CUNNINGHAM 1919 suburban sedan de luxe. Rolls-Royce lamps; very wonderful condition; sacrifice. Bronx Jordan Co., Kellogg 10002.

CUNNINGHAM 6-pass. sport; latest type; button starter; make offer. International Warehouse, 128 West 54th. Open evenings.

DAIMAR 1923 SEDAN.
Run 1,900 miles; big discount.
GEO. LAMBERTY, 1,866 B'way. Col. 9810.

DODGE touring, 1920; just overhauled; good rubber; good paint. Endicott 2600.

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DODGE ROADSTER $151 CASH
and $39 monthly. An exceptionally fine car with many extras. See this quickly for it won't last long.
Also an Oakland touring cheap.
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1,787 Broadway at 58th Street.
Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.

DODGE roadster, 1921; private owner; make offer. Westcott Express Co., 24th St. and 11th Av.

EARL & NATIONAL bargains—Late models. EARL & NATIONAL DISTRIBUTORS,
1,866 Broadway (61st St.) Col. 7622.

FRANKLINS, GUARANTEED RIGHT.
A VISIT TO US WILL PAY.
WE HAVE SOME USED CARS.
OPEN AND CLOSED MODELS.
AT VERY ATTRACTIVE PRICES.
YOU WILL BE SURPRISED TO KNOW HOW LITTLE CASH YOU NEED TO PUT A CAR FROM US.
ALSO
BUICK TOURINGS, 1920 AND 1921.
1922 NASH SEDAN, 4 CYL.
1921 SCRIPPS SEDAN.
1920 STEARNS TOURING AND COUPE.
1920 LIBERTY COUPE.
FRANKLIN N. Y. CO., INC.,
Used Car Dept. E. G. Kuh, Mgr.
1,832 B'way, 60th St. Columbus 7556.

HAYNES, late 1922 sedan, 5-pass.; 7,000 miles; sacrifice for quick sale. Haynes, 1,715 Broadway.

HAYNES brougham, 5-pass., 1921; new car, fine storage; full guarantee; sell less than $2,000, quick sale. Haynes, 1,715 Broadway.

HAYNES 2-passenger sport, 1922, excellent, $975. Hudson Exchange Car Department, 1,771 Broadway, Circle 5630. Open Evenings.

HUDSON 21 SPORT, $675.
Most attractive 2-passenger in city; special paint, new top, nickel radiator, &c.; fully guaranteed 6 months; payments arranged. 806 Southern Boulevard. Intervale 6045.

HUDSON touring, 1921, new 1922 Winter top; also one-man top; perfect condition; best offer takes it. M. Diskin, 48 Boerum Place, Brooklyn.

HUDSON, 1923, like new; best offer takes it. Oberweiger, 136 West 52d.

LAFAYETTES and a few other high-grade used cars now on display. Exceptional values while they last; at reasonable prices.
PORTER LAFAYETTE CORP.,
1,763 Broadway. Circle 8760.

LANCIA sedan and town car; exceptionally cheap. Jandorf, 1,739 Broadway. Phone Circle 2476.

McFARLAN Special 1922, six-passenger touring; like new; perfect. Bernah. Rector 1562.

MARMON 1923 Sedan
MARMON 1923 Town Car
MARMON 1923 Coupe
MARMON 1922 Sport
MARMON 1922 Touring
MARMON 1921 Town Car
MARMON 1921 Sedan
MARMON 1919 Touring
MARMON 1920 Touring
MARMON 1919 Touring
Prices lowest on record. All above mentioned cars are rebuilt and are sold with Regular New Car Guarantee.
MARMON COMPANY, 1880 BROADWAY.

MARMON 1920 4-passenger coupe; wire wheels; great sacrifice. F. W. Wright, Inc., 225 West 57th St. Phone 4840 Circle.

MERCER RACEABOUT,
present series 5, practically new; painted a robin's egg blue and all shoes like new, at an attractive price. Brighton Auto Exchange, 1,077 Atlantic Av., B'klyn, 8 to 6 daily.

MERCER, private car, perfect condition, like new; series 4 sport model, four-passenger; price reasonable. Owner, 9746 Vanderbilt.

MINERVA, 1921, six-cylinder chassis, used for demonstrating; complete with six wire wheels, tires, lamps; sold with same guarantee as new car.
MINERVA AUTOS, INC.,
155 West 72d. Endicott 5403-5589.

NASH SPORT, $400 CASH
and $81 monthly; painted a rich maroon and carries our complete guarantee; equipped with every modern motor car luxury; practically new; latest 1923 model.
WARREN-NASH IS THE SAFE PLACE TO BUY YOUR CAR.
WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
1,787 Broadway, at 58th Street.
Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.

NOMA speedster, latest type; like new; guaranteed. International Warehouse, 128 West 54th.

OAKLAND LATE MODEL SEDAN.
This car has been thoroughly reconditioned in our own shops, is newly painted and fully equipped; sold at a very reasonable price and easy terms, and with a worthwhile guarantee.
OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO.,
225 West 58th St. Circle 4300.

OAKLAND COUPE BARGAIN.
Car is like new in every way; nothing needed; is reconditioned, repainted and guaranteed; a real opportunity; easy terms.
OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO.
225 West 58th St. Circle 4300.

PACKARD single six, 126 sedan, fully equipped, practically a new car; only driven 4,700 miles. Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway. Columbus 8900.

PACKARD 20, TOURING, 8075.
Twin six, 7 passenger; like new; guaranteed; 8 months' payments accepted; trades considered. 806 Southern Boulevard. Intervale 6045.

PACKARD twin six, Fleetwood body; can be seen in Mineola Garage, 59th St.; privately owned.

PACKARD 1918 limousine; condition wonderful; will sell at sacrifice price. Chickering 8536.

PACKARD, current series imperial sedan; like new. 20 Central Park West.

PACKARD twin 6, price $400. Commodore-Biltmore Garage, 322 East 44th.

PACKARD, 1923, single six, 7-passenger, touring. 804 7th Av., Circle 7183.

PACKARD coupe twin six; must sacrifice. Particulars, telephone Decatur 8353.

PIERCE-ARROW USED CARS, ALL MODELS.
PIERCE-ARROW DISTRIBUTORS,
Used Car Dept. 233 West 54th St.
ALSO 236 WEST 59th St.
JUST EAST OF BROADWAY.

PIERCE-ARROW 1920 series, 32 H. P., 5-passenger touring, in good condition. Pierce-Arrow Distributors Used Car Dept. 233 West 54th; also 236 West 59th, just east of Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919, 48 H. P., runabout; finest condition; made 16,000 miles. Hess Bros., 212 West 42d.

PIERCE-ARROW 1920-35 landaulet; beautiful; bargain. Powers, 20 Central Park West.

PIERCE-ARROW, French brougham; 48 H. P.; best condition. Hess Bros., 212 West 42d.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine; very good condition. Hess Bros., 212 West 42d.

ROAMER, almost new, 4-passenger sport; excellent condition; privately owned; accept best cash offer. Plaza 8770.

ROLLS-ROYCE, English, cabriolet, account owner going abroad; completely done over, reupholstered and painted this Summer; price $7,500. Apply Feldman, S. S. Garage, 153 West 54th St.

STEPHENS touring, seven passenger; new tires; going abroad; sacrifice. G 216 Times.

STUDEBAKER, 1922 special six runabout, just out of paint shop. Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway, Columbus 8900.

STUTZ sport touring, first-class condition; sell sacrifice; owner abroad; all new tires. Apply 327 East 64th St.

STUTZ 1922 sport touring, condition like new; must be sold. Bryant 0900.

WILLS-ST. CLAIRE, 1922 coupe; very reasonable. 804 7th Av. Circle 7183.

$300 BUYS "21" Stutz Bearcat, balance $600 easy payments. Jandorf, 1,739 Broadway.

Motor Trucks.

PIERCE ARROW, five-ton dump truck, ready to work, $900. James Devine, 197th Street—Audubon Park. Wadsworth 7902.

Unused cars.

CHEVROLET, new, 1924, touring and sedan; small cash payment; balance small notes; free instructions. Bronx Chevrolet Sales, 381 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0311.

McFARLAN sedan; unused; $6,200; valued $8,400. 220 Canal St. Franklin 1212.

MERCEDES — 7-PASSENGER TOURING, LATEST MODEL, NEVER USED; COMPELLED TO SELL; DEMONSTRATION; REGULAR PRICE $6,800, MUST BE SACRIFICED AT $4,000. THOMPSON, BROAD 2315.

MERCER.
Brand new; liquidating for M. & M. bank, at a $1,500 reduction.

WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
1,787 Broadway, at 58th Street.
Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.

BRAND NEW CARS
at used car prices.
Hupmobile roadster, Oldsmobile touring, Standard 8s.
Gardner's Warehouse,
517-519 West 19th St. Chelsea 2084.

Automobiles for Rent.

APPERSON, Cadillac, 7-passenger touring; $2.50 hourly; why look further? Morningside 5460.

CADILLAC, beautiful late 7-passenger touring; beaches, road houses, anywhere; reasonable. Columbus 6061.

CADILLAC, late, limousine; long trips; hour, week, month; owner drives. Morningside 2924.

CADILLACS FOR HIRE; DAY AND NIGHT. ENDICOTT 0692.

PACKARD limousine, like new; day, week month; reasonable. T. Campbell, Columbus 5076.

PACKARD; classy; twins; touring; $2.50; Coney Island $10, Rockaway $12. Morningside 4961.

PACKARD 7-passenger touring; excellent condition; reliable chauffeur; rent Aug. and Sept.; private owner. Ashland 7844.

RENT a new Ford; drive it yourself, by hour, day, week. $1.00 hour up; cars delivered. Drive Yourself Co. Phone Astoria 4961.

CLASSY Pierce-Arrow limousines, Packard tourings; $3 hour; weekly, monthly. Endicott 0121.

Automobiles Wanted.

BUICK 1923, four passenger, six cylinder, sport model; must be in A-1 condition and a bargain. B 526 Times.

BUY OR SELL your automobile (passenger or commercial) to Van Emmell, a Kearney's sales ring at auction; Tuesdays and Fridays; 12 o'clock noon. 129 East 13th St.

AUTOMOBILES, 1,000 WANTED.
HIGHEST PRICES PAID.
806 SOUTHERN BLVD. INTERVALE 6045.

HAVE cash for late model sedan or coupe; Cadillac preferred; must be bargain; particulars. Z 2204 Times Annex.

Automobile Bodies.

NEW AND USED SEDAN
bodies for all chassis, $275 to $1,250; also used limousine, roadster, cabriolet and touring bodies; attaching and painting. The Clayton Co. 427 West 42d.

Automobile Accessories.

TIRES. TIRES. TIRES.
The best standard makes only and new, fresh stock guaranteed. Name your make. Best prices ever quoted. I will reduce your line exactly to zero for the year to ZERO, if you buy through me, by reducing the operating expense of ANY CAR that much. Telephone or write for appointment. Columbus 2749. J. N. KIRK, Room 33, 137 West 66th St., New York.

Garages.

GARAGE or suitable storage space wanted; must house thirty cars; rent or lease; Manhattan preferable. S 493 Times.

Loans on Automobiles.

LIBERAL automobile loans quickly arranged; your possession or storage; confidential. Circle 9040.
LOANS to automobile owners while in your possession; strictly confidential. Fearless, 136 West 52d St. Circle 5745.

FOR SALE

Censorship endeavors to exclude misleading or fraudulent advertisements
Rate 65 cents an agate line.

Musical Instruments.

KNABE Ampico parlor grand piano. Phone Great Neck 953. No dealers.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

ADDING MACHINES, $38 up; rebuilt; guaranteed one year; rentals, time payments; Monroe calculators and Comptometers. Elliott-Fisher, Dictaphone, Burroughs and Underwood bookkeeping and billing machines, mimeographs, addressographs, multigraphs, typewriters.
OFFICE APPLIANCE & EQUIPMENT CO.,
19 Park Place. Barclay 4815-7811.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, addressographs, time clocks and safes. Nathan's, 485 Broadway.

BIG REMOVAL Sale—$250,000 stock; desks, office furniture, filing cabinets, leather sets, typewriters, adding machines, sacrifice prior to moving. 682 Broadway.

DESKS, chairs, filing cabinets; new 60-inch desk, mahogany finish flat desk, $37; double flat desk, mahogany finish, $60. Davidman, 835 Broadway and 29 Broad St.

SELLING OUT.
5,000 pieces of new and used office furniture at a saving of 25 per cent.
Dalleb Sales, 160 Broadway. Canal 0761.

SURPLUS office furniture, highest grade mahogany, desks, chairs, Oriental rugs, everything; bargains 25 Park Row, 39th St. Room 902.

LOCKERS—Several hundred manufacturers' surplus; wonderful values; 417 State St., N. Y. Exchange Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 6535.

LARGE flat mahogany office desk; desk, one side and typewriter; one-third cost. 40 East 30th St. Plaza 4535.

PICTURES of high-class lingerie and specialty shop for sale. Address Plaza Lingerie Shop, 24 West 56th.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

FURNITURE WANTED.
Highest cash prices; contents houses, apartments; pianos, rugs, works of art, &c. Henry, 178 University Pl. Stuyvesant 5571.
WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, rugs, paintings, bronzes, &c. Jonas, 161 East 125th. Harlem 9761.
WANTED—For full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, rugs, paintings, bronzes, &c. Jonas, 161 East 125th. Harlem 9761.
GRAND piano wanted; new or good price; no objection to age or color. Student, B 1128 Times Hall.
DIAMONDS, gems, jewelry purchased from private owners and jewelers. Lewis, 1 Broadway (4th). Longacre 8164. Room 310.
HIGHEST price paid for furniture, rugs, pianos, bric-a-brac, &c. Jonas, 161 Columbus Av. Schuyler 8811.
PRINTING PRESS, HAND, TYPE, &c. 822 Times.
STEINWAY Baby Grand piano; perfect condition; particulars. Cash, 425 6th Av.

Police Department.

Commissioner Richard E. Enright issued this order yesterday:

Pensioned.

SERGEANT—John T. Horan, Shield 427, 30th Precinct, at $1,320 per annum.
PATROLMEN—Julius J. Leck, 6131, 23d Precinct; at $1,140 per annum; Edwin M. Burns, 681, Detective Division, 4th Detective District, at $1,140 per annum.

Transfers and Assignments.

To take effect 8 A. M. Aug. 1:
LIEUTENANTS to Thomas F. O'Connor, from 69th Precinct to Headquarters Division, Health Squad, assignment to desk duty discontinued; Percy L. Quackenbush, from 9th Inspection District to 12th Inspection District, assigned to clerical duty, assignment to desk duty discontinued; Thomas J. McCormick, from 15th Inspection District to 9th Inspection District, assigned to desk duty, assignment to clerical duty discontinued.
To take effect 8 A. M. Aug. 2:
PATROLMEN—Nicholas Pomponelli, from 21st Precinct to Traffic Precinct B; George L. Corson, 66th Precinct, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; John Powers, from 123d Precinct to Traffic Precinct A.

Temporary Assignments.

SERGEANT.
James F. Donnelly, 18th Precinct, to Headquarters Division, office of Police Reserve, for 15 days, from Aug. 1.

PATROLMEN.
George E. Dalsell, 46th Precinct, excused from reserve duty for 30 days from Aug. 1; John J. O'Connor, 46th Precinct to Detective Division, Bronx, for 15 days, at office District Attorney, Bronx, to Aug. 3; Edward Phillips, 100th Precinct to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Queens, to Aug. 7; Elwin J. Coonley, 2d Inspection District to Headquarters Division, Bureau of Telegraph, Bronx, for 18 days from Aug. 6 during absence of patrolman on vacation.
From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, training school, to Aug. 16: Jeremiah J. Coneannon, 3; Frank Grillo, 4; Edward Brigtte, 5; Edward O. Jungtinger, 5; Thomas F. Flanagan, 13; John W. Breidenbach, 15; William J. Hauk, 23; John W. Donaldson, 22; Wilky R. Kosinsky, 26; John S. Griffin, 28; George Monahan, 53; Robert J. Hyland, 37; Hugh Browne, 42; Martin M. Gill, 42; John A. Schulz, 47; Herman D. Glander, 49; Thomas H. Hampson, 50; Walter E. Ehmann, 56; Louis E. Erickson, 67; Bernard J. McArdle, 67; John J. MacDonald, 72; John S. Leonard, 74; Michael E. Leffler, 74; Edward J. McFadden, 76; Robert A. Solitto, 89; Herbert Elder, 89; Nicholas Abbruzzenti, 101; Frank G. Tekoly, 112; John Schreiner, 120; John H. Dawson, Traffic A; William L. Mott Jr., Traffic A; Charles A. Van Amburg, Traffic A; Richard A. Wallander, Traffic A; Frank Adams, Traffic B; William J. Foley, Traffic D; Charles Doach, Traffic D.
From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, training school, for 30 days from Aug. 1: William J. Garvey, 33; Louis J. Erbacher, 46; William A. Justy, 47; William F. Beecher, 47; Joseph F. Myers, Traffic A; James G. Hynes, Traffic A; Edward A. Aylward, Traffic A; William R. Berwick, Traffic D; Eulic F. Gomeringer, Traffic D.
For 15 days from Aug. 1:
James J. Boland, 37th Precinct to 4th Inspection District, assigned to duty in plain clothes; Henry P. Hunters, 63d Precinct, assigned to duty inspecting vacant houses in uniform.
From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, Bureau of Public Safety: Charles J. Kiernan, 62; James A. Swain, 25; Daniel C. Murphy, 33.

Leave With Full Pay.

DEPUTY INSPECTOR—William J. McGrath, 1st Inspection District, for 3 days from Aug. 3, to be deducted from vacation.

Sick Leaves Granted.

LIEUTENANT: William H. Ammon, 10th precinct, for 15 days, from 12:01 A. M., Aug. 2.
PATROLMAN—Edward Blank, 26th precinct, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 4.

Pay on Sick Report Approved.

PATROLMEN—William H. Harrington, 5th precinct, from June 14, to June 18; George W. Gelien, 21st precinct, from March 31, to March 24; Thomas F. Gleason Jr., 26th precinct, from June 12, during disability; William A. Lyons, 21st precinct, from June 7, to June 10; John Hamilton, 22d precinct, from June 15, during disability; Joseph W. Finnigan, 37th precinct, from Jan. 23, to Jan. 26, and from Feb. 5, to Feb. 10, and from Feb. 16 to Feb. 19; Eugene J. Sullivan, 39th precinct, from June 6 to June 18; Dennis J. Sullivan, 46th precinct, from June 10, during disability; James J. Barrett, 46th precinct, from June 8, to June 15; John J.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Showers and thunderstorms have occurred within the last twenty-four hours over most of the East Gulf and Middle Atlantic and South Atlantic States, also from the western upper Great Lakes region southwestward across the Mississippi and lower Missouri Valleys to the Middle Rocky Mountain region and over a few scattered areas elsewhere. In the remaining portions of the country the weather has been fair. Since Tuesday night the temperature has fallen throughout the northern and central Rocky Mountain region and the Plains States and in the upper Mississippi Valley and nothern upper Great Lakes region. Readings Wednesday night were as much as 30 degrees below the seasonal normal in Southeastern Montana. Temperatures have remained below normal over most of the Atlantic Coast, but at the same time have shown a rising tendency.

The outlook is for cloudy to partly cloudy weather in the States of the Washington forecast district during the next two days, also local and thunder storms are probable Thursday in the lower lake region, Tennessee and the Ohio Valley and in most of the lower Gulf and South Atlantic States, and they will probably continue in the two last named districts on Friday. The temperature will be somewhat higher Thursday in the North Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States and it will fall Thursday night in the lower lake region and the Ohio Valley. Elsewhere the changes will not be of consequence.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours ending 8 P. M. yesterday:

Stations.	Temperature-Barom-Rain- High.	Low.	eter.	fall.	Weather.
Abilene	100	70	29.74	..	Clear
Albany	78	60	29.98	..	Clear
Atlanta	84	66	29.94	.01	Cloudy
Atlantic City	68	66	30.02	..	Cloudy
Baltimore	72	64	30.00	..	Cloudy
Bismarck	78	48	30.16	..	Cloudy
Boston	64	56	30.06	..	Clear
Buffalo	84	66	29.90	..	Cloudy
Charleston	84	74	29.85	..	Clear
Chicago	88	74	29.96	.04	Cloudy
Cincinnati	88	66	29.86	..	Clear
Cleveland	84	64	29.96	..	Clear
Denver	78	60	29.82	.01	Cloudy
Detroit	88	66	29.86	..	Cloudy
Galveston	96	80	29.92	..	Cloudy
Helena	82	44	29.98	..	Clear
Jacksonville	86	72	29.98	.01	Cloudy
Kansas City	94	74	29.80	.10	Cloudy
Los Angeles	82	64	29.84	..	Clear
Milwaukee	86	70	29.86	.08	Cloudy
Minneapolis-St. Paul	72	66	29.94	..	Cloudy
New Orleans	90	76	29.90	..	Cloudy
New York	67	60	30.05	..	Cloudy
Oklahoma	106	76	29.72	..	Clear
Philadelphia	70	66	30.06	..	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	84	66	30.08	..	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	66	54	30.08	..	Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	72	54	30.00	..	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	88	64	29.74	.01	Cloudy
San Antonio	78	74	29.94	..	Clear
San Diego	74	66	29.86	..	Clear
San Francisco	60	54	29.92	..	Cloudy
Seattle	70	52	30.04	..	Clear
St. Louis	90	72	29.84	..	Cloudy
Washington	70	64	30.02	.28	Cloudy

Northern New England—Partly cloudy Thursday, probably showers Thursday night. Friday warmer Friday generally fair. Thursday on the coast; cooler Friday in interior.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Thursday, probably showers at night; somewhat warmer Thursday. Friday probably fair.

Eastern New York—Generally fair Thursday, except probably showers in extreme northern portion; warmer in south portion. Friday somewhat unsettled, cooler in north and central portions.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday; somewhat warmer Thursday.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Partly cloudy Thursday, probably local thunder showers; cooler at night. Friday generally fair.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

8 AM	62	12 M	68	6 PM	66
9 AM	61	1 PM	65	7 PM	67
10 AM	62	2 PM	66	8 PM	64
11 AM	62	3 PM	64	9 PM	63
12 AM	62	4 PM	65	10 PM	63
1 AM	63	5 PM	65	11 PM	65

Average temperature yesterday, 64.
Average same date last year, 72.
Average same date for 48 years, 75.

Barometer, 30.11 at 8 A. M.; 30.05 at 8 P. M.
Humidity, 90 at 8 A. M.; 90 at 8 P. M.
Winds at 8 A. M. east, velocity 7 miles; at 8 P. M., southeast, velocity 10 miles.
Weather, cloudy at 8 A. M.; cloudy at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Illinois—Local thunder showers, cooler south, cloudy and cooler, probably followed by clearing north Thursday; Friday fair, moderate temperature.

Indiana—Showers and probably thunderstorms, cooler; Friday generally fair, moderate temperature.

Lower Michigan—Mostly cloudy; cooler Thursday, showers southeast; Friday fair.

Upper Michigan, Minnesota—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, rising temperature Friday.

Wisconsin and Iowa—Fair Thursday and Friday, cooler southeast Thursday; rising temperature Friday.

Missouri—Generally fair, cooler north; cloudy and cooler with local thunder showers south Thursday; Friday fair, moderate temperature.

North Dakota—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; slowly rising temperature.

South Dakota—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, except possibly showers southwest Thursday; warmer Friday.

Nebraska—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, except probably local showers west Thursday; warmer Friday.

Kansas—Generally fair Thursday and probably Friday; cooler southeast Thursday; warmer north Friday.

Montana—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Thursday and southeast Friday.

Wyoming—Partly cloudy, possibly scattered thunder showers Thursday, warmer northeast; Friday generally fair, warmer.

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama—Somewhat unsettled Thursday and Friday, probably local showers and thunderstorms.

Mississippi—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday.

Tennessee—Local thunder showers Thursday, slightly cooler in extreme west. Friday generally fair.

Kentucky—Local thunder showers Thursday, somewhat cooler. Friday generally fair.

Ohio—Local showers and thunderstorms Thursday, cooler. Friday generally fair.

Eastern Texas—Partly cloudy in south Thursday; probably local thunder showers and cooler in north. Friday, partly cloudy.

Western Texas—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; cooler in north Thursday.

Fire Record.

P. M.—Tuesday.

11:35—125 St. and 2d Av.: Second Av. car. Loss. Not given

A. M.—Wednesday.

12:10—207 W. 17 St.; vacant lot; N. Y. Central R. R. .....No damage

2:25—61 E. 109 St.; Louis Fleischer. Not given

6:55—760 E. 160 St., Bronx; E. Liberman .....Not given

P. M.

12:15—2,230 5th Av., wagon in lot; Vincent. White. Slight

12:30—174 E. 10 St.; horse on sidewalk; Richard Winfield .....Not given

1:15—104 Pearl St.; Construction Supply Co. of America. .....Not given

1:25—537 E. 15 St.; not given .....Not given

2:15—130 W. 117 St.; Sam Broad—Not given

3:25—648 E. 9 St.; not given. .....Slight

4:05—32 W. 20 St.; Strand Garment Co. $200

4:50—34 E. 8 St.; not given .....Not given

5:00—Boston Road and Eastchester Road, Bronx; F. Onattrone. Not given

5:25—98 Columbia St.; Seitz Steamboat Co. Pier 45, East River, foot of Jackson St. .....Not given

Estates Appraised.

Kings.

BAILEY, EMMA J. (Feb. 12, 1922). Gross estate, $66,097; net, $27,250. Assets include money in banks, $14,833; personal, $450; Liberty bonds and inheritance, $14,814. To Sands Universalist Church, $500; Katherine E. Sedgers, $5,000; Mary E. Slover, $500; Mary Witherbee Foster, $500; Annie L. Hall, $1,000; Mrs. Alma M. Bailey, $1,000; Jane N. Baker, niece, $5,334; Nellie May Bailey, niece, $3,064; James P. McManus, nephew, $3,000; Francis H. Bailey, nephew, $3,000.

CLOSE, THOMAS M. (Sept. 25, 1922). Estate, $6,718, to Kate W. Close, wife.

HERBALE, ANTON (Nov. 9,). Gross estate, $12,000, made up of real property, 128 Boynton Street, Brooklyn; net estate, $11,400, which passes in equal shares to the two children.

KARSTENS, CHARLES J. (Jan. 16, 1922). Gross estate, $6,918; net, $6,668. To Dora Karstens, wife, $2,000; Charles H. and Fred. erick L. Karstens, sons, $2,000, each.

PEVERETT, JOHANNA (Feb. 12, 1922). Estate, $6,500, in equal shares to three children.

POHL, EDWARD C. A. (Jan. 14, 1922). Gross estate, $12,475; net, $11,255. To Mary C. Pohl, wife, $7,585; to two sons and a daughter, $3,456.

RUTTER, JOHN T. (June 15, 1923). Estate, $2,500, to Sarah M. Fox, cousin.

WEGNER, ALFRED (April 30, 1923). Estate, $5,300, to Augusta Wegner, $750.

Wills for Probate.

New York.

AUERBACH, LOUISE (April 27)—Estate, over $5,000, to children share and share alike.

HAFFERBERG, REGINA (June 23)—Estate, not over $8,500, to daughters, Fanny Eisentrager and Olga Kauder, and son-in-law, Henry Eisentrager, equally.

INNIS, EDITH DONALDSON (July 28)—Estate, over $10,000. To Janet B. White, my diamond bar pin; to Elizabeth W. Innis, my diamond horseshoe pin; other articles of jewelry to Maud D. Innis, Dorothy B. Bromfield, Katherine H. Clark, Katharine S. O'Rourke and Donaldson Clark; to husband, all other jewelry and $25,000; to son, Donaldson Clark, $20,000; to daughter-in-law, Katharine H. Clark, $10,000; to granddaughter, Katherine H. Clark, $10,000, to brother, Frank Donaldson, $5,000; to niece, Dorothy Donaldson, $500; to step-son, William B. Innis, $500; residue to son, Donaldson Clark.

SIDDALL, JOHN McALPINE (July 16)—Estate, about $58,000, to wife, Jean Joiner Siddall.

WISE, EDWARD M. (July 19)—Estate, over $6,000 real property and over $6,000 personal property. To Sarah Wise, personal property and one-third of residuary estate; to Henry E. Wise, two-thirds of residuary; to Edith S. Wise, $10,000; to Helena Keyser, $5,000; to Ernest W. Keyser, $1,000; to Edwin A. Weiller, $1,000; to Jane and Ruth Wise, $10,000 in trust.

Kings.

BALDWIN, STEPHEN C. (July 28)—Estate, more than $10,000 real and $5,000 personal, to Edith F. Baldwin, wife, executrix.

BARNETT, ARJEB (July 20)—Estate, about $6,800. To wife, Fannie Barnett, premises No. 1913 West 37th St., Coney Island, which, in the event that she remarry will go to Fannie, Rose and Sylvia Barnett, daughters; to Nathan Barnett, son, $2,000; Hospital for Incurable Diseases, $1,000; Mt. Sinai Hospital, $1,000; Daughters of Jacob, $1,000; Synagogue Shaara Zedek, Coney Island, $1,000; Zion Fund for Rebuilding Palestine, $1,000; Beth Israel Hospital, $500; East New York Hospital, $500; Cemetery Congregation, $500; David Barnett, son, $1,000; Mrs. Jennie Benjamin, $500; grandchildren, $500, and residue to children. A codicil gives Lena and Irene Gottlieb, grandchildren, $3,000 to be deducted from the share of Ida Friedman, a daughter.

CLARK, JOSEPH B. (July 10)—Estate, about $6,000, to Clara N. H. Clark, wife.

McCURRACH, JANET T. (May 16)—Estate, about $12,000, to George McCurrach, husband.

NETLAND, PETER P. (July 22)—Estate, about $12,000. His wife, Andrea B., so long as she remains a widow is to have "the use of my house and all its belongings, also use of money, insurance or anything now in my name." If she remarry before the three children are 21 years of age, she is to receive but one-third of the estate, two-thirds to go to the children; to Jennie Terressa is left $100 and a $50 watch; to Peter Clarence Netland, a son, $100 and "my Masonic gold watch if he does not use intoxicants or smoke cigarettes on any or all occasions before he is 21 years, said items to be received by him on his twenty-first birthday."

SCHLESSINGER, CHARLES (June 6)—Estate, about $6,210, to four sisters, a niece and two friends.

The Civil Service.

United States.

PHARMACOLOGY—Receipt of applications will close Sept. 11 for an examination for medical assistant (pharmacology) to fill a vacancy in Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, at $2,000 to $3,600 a year, and vacancies in positions requiring similar qualifications. The duties will be to carry on pharmacological and toxicological investigations and research in connection with the standardization and physiological assay of certain drugs, such as digitalis, strophanthus, ergot, pituitary, and others required by the United States Pharmacopoeia. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated upon their sworn and corroborated statement. The subjects are general education and medical training 50, practical or professional experience and fitness 30 and publication or thesis 20. Applicants must show they have graduated with the degree of M. D., and that their undergraduate course included a full course in pharmacology and training in physiological chemistry or physiology. In addition applicants must show that they have had at least two years' experience or postgraduate training in toxicology, pharmacology or experimental medicine. Applicants much not have reached their fiftieth birthday.

HYDROGRAPHER—The receipt of applications will close on Sept. 11 for an examination for hydrographer for vacancies in the Reclamation Service, Department of the Interior, Powell, Wyo., at $1,680 to $1,920 a year. The duties involve the tabulation and analysis of hydrographic reports, supervision of the collection of hydrographic data and the preparation of statistics. Competitors will not be required to report for examination but will be rated upon their sworn and corroborated statements. The subjects are education and preliminary training 40 and experience and fitness 60. Applicants must show they have had the equivalent of a four years' high school education and training in mathematics equivalent to that given during the first two years' in a college. Additional credit will be given to those who have specialized in hydraulics. Applicants must also have had not less than two years of practical experience in hydraulic work, including the measuring of the flow of water and compiling hydrographic data. Additional credit will be given for experience in water supply studies. Applicants must have reached their twenty-second but not their seventieth birthday.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Field Artillery.

Capts. Berry, H. B., Sabini, D. J., and 1st Lts. Higgins, A. E., Ring, A. E., Dolan, J. C., Corridon, J. H., all to Ft. Sill.

Infantry.

Lopez, Capt. A., to 5th Inf., from Porto Rico.

Hardee, 1st Lt. D. L., to Langley Fld. for duty at Air Svce. Tactical School.

Miscellaneous.

Winterburn, Lt. Col. G. W., Qm. C., to Sacramento.

Von Gerichten, Capt. W. F. A. T., Fin. Dept., from Philippines to Omaha, Neb.

Brunson, 1st Lt. B. L., Fin. Dept., to Manila about Dec. 6.

Leaves.

Hay, Brig. Gen. W. H., 2 mos. ext.

Donaldson, Col. T. Q., Gen. Staff, 1 mo.

Mason, Maj. C. W., Chem. Wrf. Svce., 1 mo.

Brush, Maj. R., Inf., 2 mos.

Stimmel, Capt. C. O., M. A. C., 4 mos.

Wilson, Capt. M., Inf., 1 mo.

Palmer, 1st Lt. W. B., F. A., 22 days.

Mitchell, 1st Lt. H. C., Qm. C., 2 mos.

Sherrill, 1st Lt. F. G., Fin. Dept., 1 mo.

Lingle, 1st Lt. D. G., Air Svce., 10 days.

Second Army Corps Orders.

Major General Bullard, Commandant Second Corps Army Area, announced these orders yesterday at Corps Area Headquarters, Governors Island:

To Officers' Training Camp.

1st Lt. John R. Irwin (BA), AS-ORC; 2d Lt. Greff Allen, AS-ORC and 2d Lt. Franklin E. Pace, ORC, are ordered to fifteen days training at Mitchel Field, L. I., effective Aug. 1.

To Citizens' Training Camps.

These civilians are ordered to the Citizens' Military Training Camps indicated:

TO PLATTSBURG BARRACKS, N. Y.—Anderson, Clifford; Botnick, Leroy; Connelly, Thomas; Di Trolio, Frank J.; Hilton, Robert D.; Ray, Edward F.; Fischer, Wendall; Friesel, Abraham; Gould, Clarence V.; Harris, Louis A.; Horrowitz, Michael; Kurtz, Waldo E.; Malcuso, Louis C.; Martin, Alfred J.; Murphy, Thomas J.; Norcom, Stanley M.; Ostrowsky, Louis; Parks, Roger A.; Pernal, Raymond F.; Peppis, George E.; Sheehan, Charles F.; Twohig, Harold G.; Ulmer, Edward R.; Walsh, Peter J.; Walters, Thomas W.; Yoskalka, Samuel J.; Allergium, Armando; Cickio, Angelo; Feldman, George; Finkelstein, Henry; Fleming, Saul; Garvey, Thomas S.; Goldberg, Morris, Gottlieb, Joe; Greenberg, Max; Lombardi, Alfred A.; Sheehan, Harold H.; Wylie, David G.

TO CAMP DIX, N. J.—Browne, Russell W.; Whitelaw, Harry F.; Healy, Charles J.; Scattergood, Anthony T.; Frank, Harry J.

TO MADISON BARRACKS, N. Y.—Kelly, Michael J.; Salsman, Alexander.

Orders Revoked.

Those relieving 1st Lt. Kenneth F. Cramer, INF-ORC, from further active duty on July 28; and detailing 1st Lt. Charles R. Gildersleeve, AS-ORC; 2d Lt. Joseph H. Wolverton, AS-ORC and Major Charles D. W. O'Neil, QM-ORC, to active duty for training.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

CAPTAINS.

Hacking, C. H., to Navy Yd., Phila.

MacNair, J. D., to the Wyoming.

COMMANDERS.

Church, A. T., to Navy Dept., Washington.

Chantry, A. J., jr., to Nav. Acad.

LIEUTENANTS.

Merrill, A. S., to new ship at N. Y.

Smith, C. D., to the Raleigh as Asst. Engr. Offr.

Allen, C. D., to Nav. Hosp., Norfolk.

Angel, F., resignation accepted.

Chapman, S. G., to the Oneida.

Errington, T. C., to the Gold Star as Sup. Offr.

Lee, A. L., to the California.

Schwab, F., to the Orion.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 1.—These National Guard orders were published in the office of the Adjutant General today:

COMMISSION.

Fish, 1st Lt. Chauncey T. S., Field Art., 1924 Appropriation Train, commission as of July 30.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times mentioned are under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	P.M.
High water	....	1:15	1:08	12:40	3:06	3:25
Low water	7:02	7:43	1:52	6:34	9:29	10:39

THE SUN.

	A.M.	P.M.
Rises.	5:52	
Sets.		8:12

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Majestic	Southampton	July 26
Orisaba	Havana	July 26
Roumanian	Havre	July 26
Adriatic	Liverpool	July 23
Argentina	Patras	July 12
Bergenstjord	Bergen	July 22
Bremen	Bremen	July 21
Cointe Verde	Naples	July 23
Columbia	Glasgow	July 24
America	Bremen	July 20
Vergie	Buenos Aires	July 8
Franconia	Liverpool	July 22
Drottningholm	Gothenburg	July 24
Lituania	Copenhagen	July 20
Madonna	Marseilles	July 22
President Adams	Queenstown	July 29
America	Naples	July 23
Algeria	Kingston	July 25

DUE TODAY.

Mount Carroll	Hamburg	July 21

DUE TODAY.

Tivives	Colon	July 26
Ft. Victoria	Bermuda	July 31
Ft. Hamilton	Quebec	July 28
Martinique	Savanilla	July 28
Huron	Turks Island	July 24
Constantinople	Constantinople	July 3

DUE TOMORROW.

President Roosevelt	Bremen	July 26
Resolute	Hamburg	July 24
Mauretania	Southampton	July 28

DUE SATURDAY.

Espagnia	Havana	July 31
Belgenland	Antwerp	July 25
Nieuw Amsterdam	Rotterdam	July 24

DUE SUNDAY.

Calamares	Colon	July 29
Celtic	Liverpool	July 28
Philadelphia	San Juan	July 27

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Clan Mathison	Gibraltar	July 9
Betheridge	Colon	July 28
Neuman	Antwerp	July 18
City of Atlanta	Savannah	July 29
Hamilton	Norfolk	July 31
El Sol	Galveston	July 26
Vincent	Tuxpan	July 18
City of Freeport	Tampico	July 23
Phoebus	Kiel	July 13
Mineola	Colon	July 17

DUE TODAY.

Terastia	Glasgow	July 12
Arapeco	Antwerp	July 17
Grace	Haiti	July 21
Aval	Kiel	July 18
Dacre Castle	Gibraltar	July 13
Boswell	Los Angeles	July 14

DUE TODAY.

Kentuckian	Buenos Aires	June 27

DUE TOMORROW.

Liverpool	Rosario	July 4
Eagle	San Pedro	July 19
Schedam	Rotterdam	July 20

DUE SATURDAY.

Algonquin	Cristobal	July 22
Minelo	Genoa	July 10

DUE SUNDAY.

African Prince	Santos	July 9
Calgarolite	Colon	July 27
Italy Maru	Leghorn	July 7
John Worthington	San Pedro	July 16
S B Hunt	San Pedro	July 19
Taxandrier	Delfzyl	July 21

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Manchuria, Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Thuringia, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany. (Specially addressed.)
Giuseppi Verdi, Naples	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Italy.
Heilig Olav, Copenhagen	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Monterey, Vera Cruz	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Yucatan, Campeche. (Cuba and other parts Mexico specially addressed.)
Ponce, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico.
Mary, San Domingo City	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Dominican Republic. (Romana and San Domingo City specially addressed.)
Inca, San Domingo City	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Dominican Republic.
Lake Flattery, Jacmel	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Cape Haitien, Ft. de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc. (Other parts Haiti specially addressed.)
Suffren, Havre	No mails	11 A.M.	France.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Port Antonio, Kingston	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica. (Cuba specially addressed.)
Aconcagua, Valparaiso	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Ecuador, Chile, Bolivia and Peru, except Iquitos. (Honduras and Colombia specially addressed).
Paums, Barbados	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Virgin Islands, West Indies. (Barbados, Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad and Guiana specially addressed.)
Luna, Aquin	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Haiti. (Specially addressed.)

SAIL SATURDAY.

Lafayette, Havre	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	France (other countries specially addressed).
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Irish Free State (other countries specially addressed).
W. Rotterdam, Fort Said	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Egypt (specially addressed).
Gothland, Antwerp	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Belgium and Luxemburg (specially addressed).
President Garfield, London	9 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
America, Bremen	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (Norway, Sweden, Finland specially addressed).
Drottningholm, Gothenburg	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Franconia, Liverpool	No mails.	12:00 M.	
Columbia, Glasgow	No mails.	12:00 M.	
Silvia, St. Johns, N. F.	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Ft. Victoria, Hamilton	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Bermuda, West Indies, Guiana.
Orisaba, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Cuba (specially addressed).
Maracaibo, Maracaibo	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao, Venezuela (Porto Rico specially addressed).
Tolon, Port Limon	9 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica. (Canal Zone, Cuba and Panama specially addressed).
Sallust, Bahia	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	North Brazil, Iquitos (other parts Brazil specially addressed).
Clare, San Juan	9 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, (Virgin Islands, Macoris, San Domingo City specially addressed).
Linnell, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay (specially addressed).
Lassell, Bahia Blanca	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Brazil and Argentina (specially addressed).
Western World, B. Aires	10 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay.
Songely, Barcelona	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Dominican Republic
Pancras, Maranham	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Barbados, Pernambyba, Ceara, Maranham.
Cristobal, Colon	11:00 A.M.	3 P.M.	Haiti, Canal Zone, Panama, Ecuador, Honduras (specially addressed).

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Bolton Castle, Manila	Aug 4	10:00 A.M.
Boston City, Bristol	Aug. 4	1:00 P.M.
Idaho, Hull	Aug. 4	11:00 A.M.
Appomattox, London	Aug. 4	12:00 M.
Vennonia, London	Aug. 4	9:00 A.M.
C. of Hankow, Hongkong	Aug. 4	9:00 A.M.
Anglo-Saxon, Calcutta	Aug. 5	11:00 A.M.

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Independence Hall, Dunkirk	Aug. 8	10:00 A.M.
Kandatar, Melbourne	Aug. 8	11:00 A.M.
Hellenic, Brisbane	Aug. 8	10:00 A.M.
Tarantia, London	Aug. 11	9:00 A.M.
Djambi, Batavia	Aug. 13	1:00 P.M.
Pt Bowen, Sydney, N.S.W.	Aug. 13	12:00 M.

Reported by Radio

SS Belgenland (Red Star Line), incoming from Antwerp, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 61, North River, Saturday forenoon.

SS Nieuw Amsterdam (Holland-America Line), incoming from Rotterdam, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot of Sixth Street, Hoboken, Saturday forenoon.

SS Mauretania (Cunard Line), incoming from Southpton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 54, North River, Friday forenoon.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
France	Plymouth	Aug. 1
Egmont	Hongkong	July 30
Navarra	Liverpool	July 30
City of Norwich	Colombo	July 31
R. Maria Cristina	Vigo	July 31
Eglantine	Dunkirk	July 31
Troubadour	Buenos Aires	July 31
Tartar Prince	Algoa Bay	July 31
Trewenwald	Port Natal	July 31
Dante Alighieri	Naples	July 31
Lafayette	Marseilles	July 29
Exeter City	Bristol	July 31
West Humshaw	Las Palmas	July 31
Durenda	Adelaide	July 30

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Cleveland	Piraeus	July 27
Ramdale	Barcelona	July 27
Reliance	Southampton	Aug. 1

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Potomac	Lisbon	July 27
Sangcate Castle	Beria	Aug. 1
Idomeneus	Genoa	July 30
Genoa Maru	Yokohama	July 27
Hamburg Maru	Yokohama	July 27
Braga	Marseilles	July 28
Sinaisawa	Genoa	July 28
Zeeland	Southampton	Aug. 1
Walter A. Luckenbach	Colon	July 31

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Stations, New York, at 6:00 P. M., daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 8 P. M., Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Japan, Korea and Netherlands East Indies (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Netherlands East Indies	Tenyo Maru	Aug. 2
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Aug. 2
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia	Aug. 3
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Wilson	Aug. 4
Hawaii, via San Pedro, Cal.	Empress of Asia	Aug. 4
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	C. of Los Angeles	Aug. 6
Hawaii, via San Pedro, Cal.		
Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand Tahiti, Society Islands, Samoa, Fiji, Tonga and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Society Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Maunganui	Aug. 19

Post Office Notices

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Korea, July 14; Yokohama, July 16, which arrived per steamer Arabia Maru, were dispatched East from Seattle on July 25, and mails dated: Perth, June 28; Melbourne, July 4; Sydney, July 5; Wellington, July 9; Auckland, July 10; Suva, July 14; Honolulu, July 21, which arrived per steamer Niagara, were dispatched East from Seattle on July 30. These mails are due in New York on the mornings of Thursday, Aug. 2, and Friday, Aug. 3, respectively.

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ZUIDERDAM ..... Aug. 11 Sept. 15 Oct. 20
ROTTERDAM ..... Aug. 25 Sept. 29 Nov. 3
VOLENDAM (New) .. Sept. 1 Oct. 6 Nov. 10
NIEUW AMSTERDAM .. Sept. 8 Oct. 13 Nov. 17
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Fast U. S. Mail SS. Sonoma, Ventura, 16,000 tons. Liberal 1000A. Dependable service. $130 1st class, $90 second. SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA via Suva, $200 1st class, $140 second. Pacific Coast ports. 1st class Honolulu $100 up. San Francisco June 29, July 11, &c. Book now. Apply H. E. Burnett, 441 Battery Place, N. Y.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT DAVID Ullman this day resigned as Director and President of the ULMAN FURNITURE CO., INC., having its principal office in the Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, and that Mr. Ullman is no longer connected in any wise or capacity with the said corporation.

Dated, Brooklyn, July 27th, 1923.

ELIAS L. ROCKMORE,
Attorney for David Ullman.
277 Broadway, New York City.

TAKE NOTICE THAT THE FOLLOWING resolution was duly adopted at a meeting of the stockholders of Trianon Studio, Inc., held the 30th day of July, 1923.

"RESOLVED: That the name of this corporation be changed from Trianon Studio, Inc., to Helen Paul, Inc."

CHARLES H. PAUL, Secretary.
Dated, July 30th, 1923.

Rest in luxury on a short sea trip!

The tang of salt sea air brings a new thrill of health to tired bodies and jaded spirits. Enjoy the pleasure of travel that is refined and clean, luxurious and

PAINT POET, OUSTED, BURNS ARTIN STREET

Childe d'Harcourt Blames New York's Materialism for His Downfall.

OWED RENT, DISPOSSESSED

Finds Marshal a Harsh Critic and Threatens to Withhold His Genius Forever.

Piled up against a small mountain of furniture, rugs and pots and pans of every size and shape, about fifty pictures painted by Childe de Rohan d'Harcourt, were viewed yesterday by hundreds on the sidewalk at Lexington Avenue and Seventy-second Street.

The exhibition was held at the request of William J. Kelly, a City Marshall, and with the forced consent of the artist, who complained that New York's interest in things material rather than artistic has meant his ruin. He admitted that he owed $45, a month and a half's rent, to his landlady, Mrs. Louise A. Cobb. Her refusal to listen longer to his plaints of hard luck caused her to have him dispossessed, d'Harcourt said.

"I'm flat broke," said the "art poet" as he calls himself. "People here are too materialistic. They don't recognize genius, or the spark of genius, or whatever you want to call it, when they see it. So why should we let 'em have it at all? I'm going to burn up my paintings, and every artist in New York who has the same hard luck that I have, and there are many, ought to do the same thing.

"I've given them the opportunity to view my paintings and to buy them. I even sent 500 invitations to the wealthiest people in New York to come to my exhibition up here. But do you think any came? They did not. And I spent $25 for the list of people with their addresses and another $30 for the printing and stamps.

"Look at those paintings," he said, pointing to a few that still adorned the walls, while the others were being carried to the street by two moving men. "They are what I call 'impressionistic color poems.' I tried to emphasize the principle of romance, mystery and poetry in life in my paintings."

Kelly looked up from the dispossess notice in his hand. His eyes rested on a small framed painting which the painter said was worth $500.

"Well," said the Marshal, "if Woolworth was selling that thing for 10 cents I'd think they was profiteerin'."

"Now look at this one," said d'Harcourt, unmindful of Kelly's criticism. "This was always my favorite, but I don't like any of the stuff now. I'm sick of the whole thing. No, I don't think I'm going to paint any more. I haven't done any painting in two weeks. I tried to, but the inspiration was lacking, so nothing came of it. Would you believe I haven't sold a picture in four months?"

One of the last things to leave his top-floor studio at 140 East Seventy-second Street was an old-style music box, which he said he played while painting. A woman photographer gave him $15 for it.

When the last of his property had reached the street, d'Harcourt took some of his paintings and, as he had threatened, set a match to them.

"Nobody wants them," he moaned. "Why shouldn't I destroy them?"

And, news of d'Harcourt's dispossess having mysteriously spread through newspaper offices, still and movie cameras made their record of the blazing pyre, until a policeman kicked out the fire.

The artist received some publicity last December when he and his wife made charges against each other before Magistrate Oberwager in Night Court. His wife, said d'Harcourt, had hit him with an iron. In return he tripped her and she fell. The Magistrate remarked that they both were suffering from artistic temperament, and asked them to try to get along more peaceably.

ROBBERS GET $16,000 IN BALTIMORE BANK

Trio Leave Unconscious Lone Teller Who, Early at Work, Admitted Them.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 1.—Three robbers entered the State branch of the Baltimore Trust Company, Baltimore and Commerce Streets, before banking hours this morning, beat Russell K. Forsyth, paying teller, into insensibility, and escaped with $16,000 in bills.

Forsyth was alone in the bank at the time. He was found a few moments later by the negro janitor lying half in and half out of the open vault.

When he was able to talk, Forsyth said that he had gone to the bank early to get through with a press of work and had opened the vault. One of the robbers, he said, obtained admittance by ringing the bell and asking for a statement of the account of a supposed customer. He invited the stranger in and did not observe that two other men followed the first man inside. He was ordered to throw up his hands, and, facing a pistol, backed across the lobby to the open door of the vault. There the robbers seized the packet of bills. Frightened by the sound of the elevator, which the janitor started at that moment, one of the bandits struck Forsyth on the head with the butt of the revolver.

SHIFTS 258 BUFFALO POLICE

Mayor's Drastic Shake-Up Order Follows Vice Graft Inquiry.

BUFFALO, Aug. 1.—The most far-reaching police shake-up in the history of the Buffalo department was announced by Mayor Frank X. Schwab at noon today, to become effective at 6 o'clock tonight. Every precinct and 258 patrolmen will be affected.

The men transferred to new berths under the Mayor's ruling represent more than one-third of the uniformed personnel of the Buffalo Police Department.

Today's shifts grew out of evidence adduced during hearings in the Mayor's vice and narcotic investigation, which still is under way. Several police lieutenants and detectives had been accused of graft, a number suspended and drastic changes in the make-up of the department had been made before today's order went out.

Mayor Schwab said that he had personally scanned the police lists in the revision of the department and that the schedule had been given to Police Chief Burfeind with orders that it be carried out rigidly.

OSBORNE TO STUDY PRISONS

With Dr. Kirchwey, Will Suggest Reforms in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 1.—Governor Pinchot today announced that Thomas Mott Osborne, former Warden of Sing Sing Prison, and Dr. George W. Kirchwey, widely known prison expert, had been appointed to undertake a study of Pennsylvania prisons "with the special purpose of opening a way for the application of intelligent modern methods of dealing with prisoners and of restoring them to decent citizenship." The appointments were made by the National Society for Penale Reform, which the Governor asked to make a study of the prisons.

"Pennsylvania has an outstanding and very critical prison problem, which extends to practically all of the prisons of the State," Governor Pinchot said. "It is the natural and inevitable result of the low grade political methods which have obtained in the State government. Politics is responsible for this as for so many abuses which afflict our people."

STRAUS WINS PRAISE OF CITIZENS UNION

Committee Awards State Senator Blue Ribbon for His Voting Record.

COMMENDS RABENOLD ALSO

Report on Legislation Denounces Hylan Propaganda at Albany.

Senator Nathan Straus Jr., Democrat, of the Fifteenth New York District, received the highest commendation for his voting record by the Citizens Union in a report made public yesterday on the service of members of the State Senate representing New York City districts, all of whom are Democrats.

"Senator Straus, of all the Senators from the city," said the report, which was drawn up by the Committee on Legislating, "made the best record of votes and introduced legislation of the highest character. Of sixty-six roll calls analyzed by the Citizens Union on bills of importance he was credited with fifty-seven votes in the public interest and nine against it. Allowing for the fact that he was doubtless recorded for some bad bills on short roll calls which he would have voted against had he been present, this is an unusual record."

Senator Ellwood M. Rabenold, representing the Thirteenth District (New York) is credited with the best record among those of first year members of the Upper House.

Others receiving honorable mention by the Citizens Union are Senator James J. Walker, minority leader; Senator Charles E. Russell of the Ninth District (Kings); Senator Benjamin Antin, Twenty-second District (Bronx); while the records of the following are pronounced "less satisfactory but deserving of credit": Senators Henry G. Shackno, Twenty-first District (Bronx); Salvatore A. Cotillo, Eighteenth District (New York); Senator Bernard Downing, Fourteenth District (New York); Michael E. Reiburn, Twentieth District (New York); James A. Higgins, Sixth District (Kings).

"The records of all New York City Senators this year were seriously affected by the fact that the Democrats had but one majority in the Upper House," the report goes on to say. "Because of this Senator Walker, the majority leader, in order to keep his control intact was compelled to agree to the passage of many bills desired by his party colleagues which he would probably have preferred to see killed. With a larger majority at his disposal he might have allowed such measures to take their chances, but under existing circumstances he could not afford to deny "requests" that came to him, frequently coupled with threats of insurgency if he declined. He therefore felt compelled to allow many of these bills to pass the Senate without any real consideration of their merit, assured that a large part of them would never get through the Lower House. The result was that the Senate passed many more objectionable bills than usual, while the Assembly has the credit of killing many bad Senate bills of a sort that usually pass neither House.

"Another thing that lowered the voting record of New York City members, all of whom are Democrats, was the Hylan propaganda legislation. Considerations of party expediency made it advisable for Democrats to stand solidly behind this program. The narrow margin of support resulted also in a more frequent resort to the party roll call on non-partisan bills and it was in the Senate that the evil of the short roll call was most exaggerated. There is little excuse for its use in the Upper House where even a long roll call takes little time. The combination of all these circumstances, together with the general tendency to play politics, with its too frequent use of party pressure, left a black mark on many an otherwise good voting record in the Senate."

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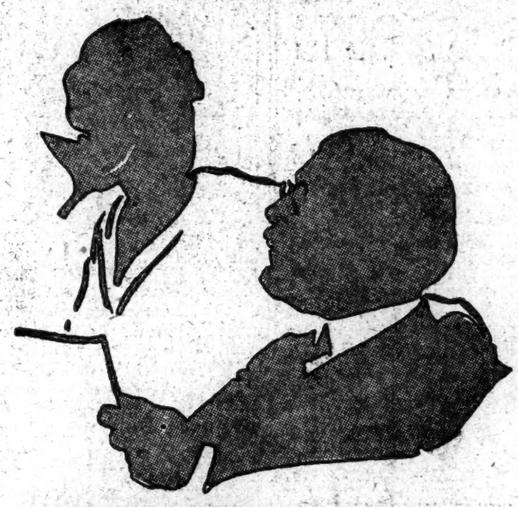

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$5.00 and 4.50 Shirts,	3.65	$6.50 and 6.00 Pajamas,	4.85
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